

United City of Yorkville

800 Game Farm Road Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Telephone: 630-553-4350

www.yorkville.il.us

AGENDA

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE MEETING

Tuesday, March 2, 2021 6:00 p.m.

City Hall Conference Room 800 Game Farm Road, Yorkville, IL

Citizen Comments:

Minutes for Correction/Approval: February 2, 2021

New Business:

- 1. EDC 2021-16 Building Permit Report for January 2021
- 2. EDC 2021-17 Building Inspection Report for January 2021
- 3. EDC 2021-18 Property Maintenance Report for January 2021
- 4. EDC 2021-19 Cox Landscaping (Rezoning and Special Use) 1.5 Mile Review
- 5. EDC 2021-20 Cordero Real Estate (Rezoning) 1.5 Mile Review
- 6. EDC 2021-21 TIF Inducement Resolution Northwest Corner of Van Emmon St. and S. Main St.

Old Business:

Additional Business:

2019/2020 City Council Goals – Economic Development Committee						
Goal	Priority	Staff				
"Southside Development"	4	Bart Olson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Lynn Dubajic				
"Downtown and Riverfront Development"	5	Bart Olson, Tim Evans & Krysti Barksdale-Noble				
"Metra Extension"	7	Bart Olson, Rob Fredrickson, Eric Dhuse, Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Erin Willrett				
"Manufacturing and Industrial Development"	8 (tie)	Bart Olson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble, Erin Willrett, Lynn Dubajic, Eric Dhuse & Brad Sanderson				
"Expand Economic Development Efforts"	10	Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Lynn Dubajic				
"Revenue Growth"	13	Rob Fredrickson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Lynn Dubajic				
"Entrance Signage"	17	Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Erin Willrett				

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

WORKSHEET

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE Tuesday, March 2, 2021

6:00 PM

CITY HALL CONFERENCE ROOM

<u>CITIZEN COMMENTS</u> :		
MINUTES FOR CORRECTION/	<u>APPROVAL</u> : 	
1. February 2, 2021		
Approved		
☐ As presented		
☐ With corrections		
NEW BUSINESS:		
1. EDC 2021-16 Building Perm		
☐ Informational Item		
□ Notes		

□ 3 ₹ :	ional Item			
□ Notes _				
	0.D			
	8 Property Maintenance Report f	or January 2021		
	ional Item			
□ Notes _				_
	9 Cox Landscaping (Rezoning ar	nd Special Use) 1.5 Mile	Review	
EDC 2021-	1 5 \			
	forward to CC			
☐ Moved				
☐ Moved :	forward to CC			
☐ Moved : ☐ Approve ☐ Bring ba	d by Committee			

,	EDC 2021-20 Cordero Real Estate (Rezoning) 1.5 Mile Review
I	Moved forward to CC
I	Approved by Committee
I	Bring back to Committee
	☐ Informational Item
	Notes
_	
•	EDC 2021-21 TIF Inducement Resolution – Northwest Corner of Van Emmon St. and S. Main S
	EDC 2021-21 TIF Inducement Resolution – Northwest Corner of Van Emmon St. and S. Main S Moved forward to CC
	☐ Moved forward to CC ☐ Approved by Committee
	☐ Moved forward to CC
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item
	 Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item



\mathbf{r}	•	1	
· ·	2712	DOLL	Dx7
- 11		wed	130
T.	0 1 10	1100	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}_{j}$

Legal	
Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Community Development	
Purchasing	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

	_		
Agenda	Item	Num	ber

Minutes

Tracking Number

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Minutes of th	e Economic Development	Committee – February 2, 2021
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development	Committee – March 2, 2021
Synopsis:		
Council Action Pre	viously Taken:	
Date of Action:	Action Ta	aken:
Item Number:		
Type of Vote Requi	ired: Majority	
Council Action Rec	quested: Committee Appr	oval
Submitted by:	Minute Taker	
	Name	Department
	Agenda	Item Notes:

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Tuesday, February 2, 2021, 6:00pm City Council Chambers

Note: In accordance with Public Act 101-0640 and Gubernatorial Disaster Proclamation issued by Governor Pritzker pursuant to the powers vested in the Governor under the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, remote attendance was allowed for this meeting to encourage social distancing due to the current Covid-19 pandemic.

In Attendance:

Committee Members

Chairman Jackie Milschewski/remote

Alderman Ken Koch/remote

Alderman Jason Peterson/remote

Absent: Alderman Joel Frieders

Other City Officials

City Administrator Bart Olson/in-person
Assistant City Administrator Erin Willrett/remote
Community Development Director Krysti Barksdale-Noble/remote
Senior Planner Jason Engberg/remote
Code Official Pete Ratos/remote
Alderman Chris Funkhouser/remote

Other Guests

Consultant Lynn Dubajic/remote Al Attorney Dan Kramer/remote Co Abby Property rep/remote

Abel Marin/remote Cesar Cruz/remote

The meeting was called to order at 6:00pm by Chairman Jackie Milschewski.

<u>Citizen Comments</u> None

Minutes for Correction/Approval January 5, 2021

The minutes were approved as presented.

New Business

1. EDC 2021-09 Building Permit Report for December 2020

Mr. Ratos reported 27 single-family detached, 4 single-family attached and 4 commercial permits for the month. There was a total of 1,827 permits issued for the year which translates to over \$2 million of permit fees.

2. EDC 2021-10 Building Inspection Report for December 2020

In December, 512 inspections were completed some of which were outsourced. More outsourcing is anticipated due to the increased number of permits, said Mr. Ratos.

3. EDC 2021-11 Property Maintenance Report for December 2020

Only 1 case was heard which was a building code violation for building a fence without a permit. The property is adjacent to county property that has been filled in and caused a flooding issue for the violator property. Elevation and wetlands issues are also in question. No further discussion.

4. EDC 2021-12 Economic Development Report for January 2021

Ms. Dubajic reported progress is being made at the former Blackstone, now known as Silver Fox restaurant, and they hope to open Valentine's Day weekend.

5. EDC 2021-13 Renewal of Intergovernmental Agreement with Kendall County for Building Inspection Services

Ms. Noble said this agreement has been in place for 7 years and both parties are in support of extending it for another year. This moves to the February 9th City Council consent agenda for approval.

6. EDC 2021-14 Corneils Property Concept Plan

Ms. Noble gave the history on this property and the developer, Abel Marin, is now seeking feedback on his plan to build four, 6-story buildings with 300 rental units. No formal application has been submitted and feedback is desired before more investment. The density allowed there is 8 units per acre and the owner is asking for 300 units per acre. This property is located in a transitory oriented development (TOD) area and is consistent with the Comp Plan. Alderman Koch asked if the fire department could handle the tall buildings. It was confirmed they are capable of doing so and in addition, each unit is fully fire-suppressed.

Attorney Dan Kramer was present on behalf of the owner and said these rental units would be higher end. They would be age-targeted and he encouraged the owner to include some indoor parking. He also said the student yield would be low. Mr. Kramer also inquired about the possibility of a stoplight at Corneils and Rt. 47, however, Mr. Olson said it is not likely at this time based on state studies. Attorney Kramer said anything less than 280 units would not be cost-effective and his client would not move forward with the project. Alderman Peterson had concern for the number of families this project would generate and wondered if the schools have been notified, adding that some of the schools are already overcrowded.

Chairman Milschewski commented that she is not in favor of tall buildings such as the proposed and also said the surrounding tall trees would be taken down. Attorney Kramer said many of the trees are hollow and will come down anyway. Alderman Funkhouser said he had concerns for the density and also height of the buildings.

The committee asked the developers to re-evaluate the proposal and come back to EDC for further discussion, after which it will move to City Council.

7. EDC 2021-15 Parking Regulations – W. Van Emmon St.

Ms. Noble said the business owners at Rt. 47 and Van Emmon had asked for restricted parking near their business one year ago and 4 parking spots were approved for restrictions. The restaurant has changed their hours of operation and city staff is suggesting a repeal of the old ordinance. This will move to the February 9th City Council for approval.

Old Business:

Additional Business: None

There was no further business and the meeting adjourned at 6:44pm

Minutes respectfully submitted by Marlys Young, Minute Taker/remote



Reviewed By:	
Legal Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Community Development	
Purchasing	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #1
Tracking Number
EDC 2021-16

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Building Perr	nit Report for January 2021	
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development Comm	ittee – March 2, 2021
Synopsis: All perm	its issued in January 2021.	
Council Action Pre	viously Taken:	
Date of Action:	Action Taken:	
Item Number:		
Type of Vote Requi	ired: Informational	
Council Action Req	uested: None	
Submitted by:		Community Development
	Name	Department
	Agenda Item N	Notes:



UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

BUILDING PERMIT REPORT January 2021

TYPES OF PERMITS

	Number of Permits Issued	SFD Single Family Detached	B.U.I.L.D Single Family Detached Program Begins 1/1/2012	SFA Single Family Attached	Multi- Family Apartments Condominiums	Commercial Includes all Permits Issued for Commercial Use	Industrial	Misc.	Construction Cost	Permit Fees
January 2021	62	17	0	4	0	9	0	32	4,104,663.00	130,469.45
Calendar Year 2021	62	17	0	4	0	9	0	32	4,104,663.00	130,469.45
Fiscal Year 2021	1502	191	0	98	0	60	0	1153	52,877,347.00	2,415,297.71
January 2020	58	5	0	2	0	14	0	37	1,440,513.00	52,650.13
Calendar Year 2020	58	5	0	2	0	14	0	37	1,440,513.00	52,650.13
Fiscal Year 2020	1919	100	0	32	0	88	0	1699	43,104,963.00	1,301,870.12
January 2019	38	12	0	0	0	10	0	16	2,880,727.00	148,531.75
Calendar Year 2019	38	12	0	0	0	10	0	16	2,880,727.00	148,531.75
Fiscal Year 2019	737	181	0	0	0	85	0	471	42,189,360.00	1,597,354.03
January 2018	43	4	11	0	0	10	0	18	3,329,185.00	223,014.13
Calendar Year 2018	43	4	11	0	0	10	0	18	3,329,185.00	223,014.13
Fiscal Year 2018	740	57	68	12	1	121	0	481	62,792,087.00	2,228,495.07



Reviewed By:	
Legal Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Community Development	
Purchasing	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #2
Tracking Number
EDC 2021-17

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Building Insp	ection Report for January 20	021						
Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – March 2, 2021								
Synopsis: All inspec	ctions scheduled in January	2021.						
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:							
Date of Action:	Action Tak	en:						
Item Number:								
Type of Vote Requi	red: Informational							
Council Action Req	uested: None							
Submitted by:	D. Weinert Name	Community Development						
		Department						
	Agenda It	em Notes:						

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 1

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS LOT DATE 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20191912 1504 CORAL DR 175 05/05/2020 015-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20200025 2086 SOUIRE CIR 180 01/11/2021 EEI Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP PR 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 01/25/2021 _____ 017-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/25/2021 PR 018-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/25/2021 PR 019-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/25/2021 PR 020-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 01/25/2021 EΕΙ Comments1: WINTER CONDTIONS GH 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20200058 2426 SAGE CT 30 05/05/2020 Comments1: ROOF & SIDING PR 017-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20200072 2036 WREN RD 31 01/07/2021 _____ 018-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/07/2021 PR 019-FME FINAL MECHANICAL PR 01/07/2021 _____ 020-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/07/2021 PR 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20200178 202 W KENDALL DR GH 05/05/2020 EEI 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20200253 2508 ANNA MARIA LN 597 01/20/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP ΒF 019-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 01/20/2021 Comments1: FRAMING, ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL DOMINIC Comments2: 225-397-4605 PBF 01/20/2021 022-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ Comments1: DOMINIC 225-397-4605 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20200290 2368 EMERALD LN GH 30 05/05/2020 ВС 005-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 20200317 110 E PARK ST 19 01/04/2021 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20200340 3365 RYAN DR 05/06/2020 14 Comments1: FENCE 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20200426 2065 SQUIRE CIR 213 PR 01/12/2021

INSPECTOR

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

PAGE: 2

COMP.

SCHED.

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

INSPECT		TYPE OF	INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS		LOT	DATE	DATE
PR _		009-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL					01/12/2021
PR _		010-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL					01/12/2021
PR _		011-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH					01/12/2021
BC _		012-INS	INSULATION					01/14/2021
BC _	AM	002-FOU	FOUNDATION	20200843 2034 INGEMUN	SON LN	141	01/29/2021	
PR _		019-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION	20200844 2046 INGEMUN	SON LN	142		01/25/2021
PR _		020-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC					01/25/2021
PR _		021-FME	FINAL MECHANICAL					01/25/2021
PR _		022-PLF	PLUMBING - FINAL OSR RE	AD				01/25/2021
EEI _		023-EFL	ENGINEERING - FINAL INS	PE				01/25/2021
BF _	Comment		FINAL INSPECTION CODE 1234 RICH 224-358-6		AVE	243-2	01/29/2021	
PBF _	Comment		PLUMBING - FINAL OSR RE CODE 1234 RICH 224-358-6				01/29/2021	
BC _	Comment	s1: NOTE	ROUGH FRAMING D: NAIL STAIR STRINGERS L ANCHOR BOLTS IN GARAGE AT INSULATION	•	AVE	2442		01/15/2021
BC _		012-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL					01/15/2021
BC _		013-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL					01/15/2021
PBF _	Comment	014-PLR s1: 847-	PLUMBING - ROUGH 456-8082					01/15/2021
BC _		015-INS	INSULATION					01/20/2021
BC _		016-STP	STOOP 630-330-61705					01/20/2021
BC _	Comment	s1: AS No	ROUGH FRAMING OTED: NAIL STAIR STRINGE TALL ANCHOR BOLTS IN GAR PECT AT INSULATION	·	AVE	2442		01/15/2021

PBF

PR

ВС

ВС

ВС

ВC

ΒF

PBF

ВС

013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH

012-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL

013-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL

008-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH

Comments1: GEORGE 224-234-3616

____ 011-RFR ROUGH FRAMING

PM 014-INS INSULATION

Comments1: JEFF 847-456-8082

Comments1: JEFF 847-456-8082

Comments1: JEFF 847-456-8082

009-INS INSULATION

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE
CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 20200974 2558 ANNA MARIA LN 592

007-FEM ROUGH FRM, ELE, MECH 20201009 1348 HAWK HOLLOW DR 292-1

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 3

01/20/2021

01/19/2021

01/19/2021

01/19/2021

01/19/2021

01/21/2021

01/20/2021

01/20/2021

01/22/2021

INSPECTOR TIM	E TYPE OF INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
BC	012-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL				01/15/2021
3C	013-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL				01/15/2021
PBF	014-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH ents1: 847-456-8082				01/15/2021
BC	015-INS INSULATION				01/20/2021
Comm	AM 016-STP STOOP ents1: JEFF 630-330-61705				01/20/2021
3C	010-RFR ROUGH FRAMING	20200972 2578 ANNA MARIA LN	590		01/22/2021
3C	011-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL				01/22/2021
3C	012-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL				01/22/2021
PBF	013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH ents1: GEO 224-234-3616				01/22/2021
BC	014-INS INSULATION			01/29/2021	
3C	011-INS INSULATION	20200973 2568 ANNA MARIA LN	591		01/22/2021
Gomm	012-FEM ROUGH FRM, ELE, MECH ents1: GEORGE 224-234-3616				01/20/2021

INSPECTOR

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE ID: PT4A0000.WOW

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 4 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

SCHED.

COMP.

LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE 007-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201010 1346 HAWK HOLLOW DR 292-2 PR 01/26/2021 01/26/2021 PR 008-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL PR 009-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/26/2021 010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/26/2021 PR 01/28/2021 ВC 011-INS INSULATION 011-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201050 2002 SOUIRE CIR 202 ВC 01/05/2021 ВC 012-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/05/2021 013-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/05/2021 ВC 01/05/2021 PR 014-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 015-INS INSULATION 01/07/2021 ВC 005-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20201051 2674 PATRIOT CT 223 01/12/2021 PR 4.8 01/07/2021 017-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201140 2032 WHITEKIRK LN PR 018-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/07/2021 PR 01/07/2021 019-FME FINAL MECHANICAL PR 020-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/07/2021 PR 01/07/2021 EΕΙ 021-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS BBOX NOT KEYABLE EEI 022-REI REINSPECTION 01/08/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP ВC 017-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201154 2011 SQUIRE CIR 205 01/05/2021 018-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/05/2021 ВC 019-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/05/2021 ВС 020-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/05/2021 019-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201167 2501 ANNA MARIA LN 712 01/20/2021 ΒF Comments1: FRAMING, ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL DOMINIC Comments2: 225-397-4605

INSPECTOR

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 5 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

SCHED.

COMP.

	TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	DATE
PBF	022-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR RECOMMENTS1: DOMINIC 225-397-4605	EAD			01/20/2021
EEI	023-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INS Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEM				01/20/2021
PR	006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201173 2561 ANNA MARIA LN	718		01/14/2021
BC	007-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR Comments1: JEFF 630-330-61705				01/20/2021
PR	006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201174 2571 ANNA MARIA LN	719		01/14/2021
BC	AM 007-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR Comments1: JEFF 630-330-61705				01/20/2021
PR	007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201175 2581 ANNA MARIA LN	720		01/14/2021
	AM 008-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR Comments1: JEFF 630-330-61705				01/20/2021
	AM 006-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR Comments1: NO WORK PERFORMED	20201176 2585 ANNA MARIA LN	721		01/20/2021
PBF	007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB Comments1: GEO 224-234-3616			01/29/2021	
PBF	006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201177 2591 ANNA MARIA LN	722	01/29/2021	
BC	001-FTG FOOTING	20201182 585 MANCHESTER LN	399		01/13/2021
BF	PM 002-FOU FOUNDATION Comments1: COMEX 847-551-9066				01/14/2021
PBF	004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / W	VAT			01/22/2021
BC	AM 002-FOU FOUNDATION	20201183 2211 FAIRFAX WAY	380	01/29/2021	
PR	007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201214 2372 WINTERTHUR GREEN	183		01/19/2021
BC	008-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR Comments1: AARON 630-364-0224				01/20/2021
EEI	012-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INS	SPE 20201221 2079 SQUIRE CIR MP	215		01/25/2021

Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS-OK TO TEMP

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE PAGE: 6 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021 INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE ΒF 015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201241 1932 WREN RD 01/20/2021 Comments1: FRAMING, ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL DAVE 22 Comments2: 4-301-7609 018-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/20/2021 Comments1: DAVE 224-301-7609 EEI 019-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 01/20/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TEMP 020-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201242 1634 SHETLAND LN ВC 45 01/13/2021 _____ 021-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC ВC 01/13/2021 022-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/13/2021 ВC 01/13/2021 PBF 023-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ Comments1: 224-301-7609 01/13/2021 EEI 024-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP 014-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201243 1610 SHETLAND LN PR 43 01/12/2021 015-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC PR 01/12/2021 01/12/2021 016-FME FINAL MECHANICAL PR 017-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/12/2021 PR 01/13/2021 EΕΙ 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201256 201 WORSLEY ST 0 01/29/2021 ВС Comments1: EGRESS WINDOW EEI 019-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20201275 577 MANCHESTER LN 398 01/11/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITION OK TO TEMP _____ 020-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 01/11/2021 021-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/11/2021 PR PR 022-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/11/2021 023-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/11/2021 PR EEI 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20201277 2251 FAIRFAX WAY 376 01/12/2021

TIME: 10:47:45

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

DATE: 01/29/2021 PAGE: 7 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 019-FIN FINAL INSPECTION PR 01/12/2021 01/12/2021 PR 020-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 021-FME FINAL MECHANICAL PR 01/12/2021 PR 022-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/12/2021 Comments1: POWDER ROOM NOT DONE PR 01/14/2021 023-REI REINSPECTION Comments1: PLUMBING REINSPECTION DUE TO LEAK EΕΙ 016-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20201280 2243 FAIRFAX WAY 377 01/12/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS-OK TO TEMP _____ 017-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 01/12/2021 PR 01/12/2021 018-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC PR 019-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/12/2021 PR 020-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/12/2021 PR 009-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201294 911 GILLESPIE LN 113 01/11/2021 PR 010-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/11/2021 PR 01/11/2021 011-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL PR 012-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/11/2021 PR 013-INS INSULATION ВС 01/14/2021 009-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201295 909 GILLESPIE LN 114 01/11/2021 PR 010-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/11/2021 PR 011-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/11/2021 PR 012-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/11/2021 PR 013-INS INSULATION 01/14/2021 ВC 009-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201296 907 GILLESPIE LN 115 ВС 01/05/2021 010-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/05/2021 ВC ВC 011-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/05/2021

INSPECTOR

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS

PAGE: 8

COMP.

DATE

SCHED.

DATE

LOT

INSPECTIONS	SCHEDULED	FROM	01/01/2021	TO	01/31/2021

PR		012-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH					01/05/2021
ВC	P	M 013-INS	INSULATION					01/07/2021
ВC		004-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION	20201322	111 W FOX ST			01/14/2021
ВC		005-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC					01/14/2021
PR	13:00	002-WAT	WATER	20201326	111 W MADISON ST		01/19/2021	
PR		014-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION	20201327	2024 WHITEKIRK LN	50		01/25/2021
PR		015-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC					01/25/2021
PR		016-FME	FINAL MECHANICAL					01/25/2021
PR		017-PLF	PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ					01/25/2021
EEI	 Commen		ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE ER CONDITIONS ok to temp					01/22/2021
BC		007-RFR	ROUGH FRAMING	20201337	971 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN	31		01/08/2021
BC		008-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL					01/08/2021
ВС		009-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL					01/08/2021
PBF	 Commen		PLUMBING - ROUGH 630-878-5792					01/08/2021
BC		011-INS	INSULATION					01/12/2021
BC		006-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION	20201351	308 WALNUT ST			01/12/2021
BC		007-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC					01/12/2021
PR		016-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION	20201365	1931 WREN RD	16		01/25/2021
PR		017-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC					01/25/2021
PR		018-FME	FINAL MECHANICAL					01/25/2021
PR		019-PLF	PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ					01/25/2021
EEI	 Commen		ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE ER CONDITIONS-OK TO TEMP					01/25/2021
PR		007-RFR	ROUGH FRAMING	20201380	2085 SQUIRE CIR	216		01/21/2021

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 9

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE PR 008-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/21/2021 01/21/2021 PR 009-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL PR 010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/21/2021 ВС 011-INS INSULATION 01/25/2021 015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201381 2001 SQUIRE CIR 203 01/25/2021 EΕΙ Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OKAY TO TEMP 01/04/2021 PR 010-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201384 602 COACH RD 402 01/04/2021 PR 011-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 012-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/04/2021 PR 013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/04/2021 PR 01/06/2021 ВC 014-INS INSULATION 008-FEM ROUGH FRM, ELE, MECH 20201413 562 COACH RD 406 01/28/2021 ВC 009-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/28/2021 PR ВC 011-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201414 574 COACH RD 405 01/08/2021 _____ 012-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/08/2021 ВC ВС 013-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/08/2021 PBF 014-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/08/2021 Comments1: 847-456-8082 015-INS INSULATION ВС 01/12/2021 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201421 808 ALEXANDRA LN 16 01/14/2021 017-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/14/2021 PR 018-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/14/2021 PR 019-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/14/2021 020-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 01/14/2021 EΕΙ Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS EEI 014-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20201439 4477 E MILLBROOK CIR 232 01/25/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OKAY TO TEMP

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

Comments1: MARKER 630-977-1868

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

DATE: 01/29/2021 PAGE: 10 TIME: 10:47:45 ID: PT4A0000.WOW

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE EEI 015-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20201440 4476 E MILLBROOK CIR 237 01/11/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP ВC 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 01/19/2021 017-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/19/2021 ВC 018-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/19/2021 ВC 01/19/2021 PR 019-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 005-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201445 206 W CENTER ST 01/22/2021 ВC 015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201468 801 FREEMONT ST 46 PR 01/28/2021 01/28/2021 019-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE EEI Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP ΒF 015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201481 820 ALEXANDRA LN 30 01/20/2021 Comments1: FRAMING, ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL GARY 63 Comments2: 0-977-1868 PBF 018-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/20/2021 Comments1: GARY 630-977-1868 019-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE EEI 01/20/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP ____ PM 011-SUM SUMP Comments1: DRAIN PIPE REQUIRED PBF 20201491 569 MANCHESTER LN 397 01/25/2021 01/21/2021 PR 11:00 012-SUM SUMP Comments1: 630-387-2001 11:00 001-PHF POST HOLE - FENCE 20201523 451 KELLY AVE 116 01/21/2021 GH EEI 015-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20201527 2832 SHERIDAN CT 197 01/11/2021 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP _____ 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 01/11/2021 017-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 01/11/2021 PR PR 018-FME FINAL MECHANICAL 01/11/2021 019-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 01/11/2021 PR PBF 005-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20201540 807 FREEMONT ST 43 01/06/2021

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 11

COMP. INSPECTOR SCHED. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE PR 006-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 01/07/2021 01/07/2021 PR 007-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL PR 008-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/07/2021 009-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/07/2021 PR 01/07/2021 ВC 010-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR ВC 011-INS INSULATION 01/15/2021 ВС 007-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20201543 2021 WHITEKIRK LN 74 01/08/2021 Comments1: CRAWL 008-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR 01/08/2021 ВC PBF 010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 20201544 1712 CALLANDER TR 55 01/15/2021 Comments1: 224-301-7609 01/15/2021 ВC 011-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 01/15/2021 012-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL PR 013-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/15/2021 ВС 01/19/2021 014-INS INSULATION ВC 010-SEW SEWER INSPECTION 20201545 2051 WHITEKIRK LN 77 01/05/2021 PR 01/05/2021 011-WAT WATER ΒF 012-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 01/25/2021 Comments1: 224-301-7609 PBF 013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/25/2021 Comments1: 224-301-7609 016-INS INSULATION 01/29/2021 ВC 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201547 1702 CALLANDER TR 54 01/07/2021 PR 009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/07/2021 010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/07/2021 PR PR 011-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/07/2021

Comments1: 630-387-2001

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE
CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 12

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE ВС 012-INS INSULATION 01/08/2021 20201581 2089 SQUIRE CIR 217 01/21/2021 ВC 007-INS INSULATION PR 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 01/19/2021 009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/19/2021 PR 01/19/2021 PR 010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL PR 011-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/19/2021 PR 010-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20201582 2786 GAINS CT 187 01/11/2021 011-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 01/11/2021 PR 01/11/2021 PR 012-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/11/2021 PR 01/13/2021 ВC 014-INS INSULATION 006-INS INSULATION 20201583 2798 GAINS CT 184 01/21/2021 ВС 007-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 01/19/2021 PR 01/19/2021 008-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL PR 009-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 01/19/2021 PR 010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 01/19/2021 ВС 011-GAR GARAGE FLOOR 01/15/2021 Comments1: 815-839-8175 GAR, STPS ВC 012-STP STOOP 01/15/2021 003-WAT WATER 20201612 2033 SQUIRE CIR 207 01/07/2021 PR _____004-BKF BACKFILL 01/07/2021 ΒF 01/20/2021 PM 005-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR Comments1: PM INSPECTION MIDWESTERN CONCRETE 815-83 Comments2: 9-8175 PBF 004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WAT 20201628 520 MANCHESTER LN 390 01/08/2021

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

PAGE: 13

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

INSPECTOR TIME	TYPE OF INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
PR	005-SUM SUMP				01/20/2021
PBFComme:	006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLA nts1: 847-456-8082 PROVIDE ACC				01/25/2021
	007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLA nts1: REINSPECTION - NO ACCESS nts2: F 847-456-8082 OVER RODE	ON 1/25/21. JEF			01/27/2021
PR	007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLA	.B 20201645 348 WESTWIND DR	8	01/07/2021	
PR	008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING			01/07/2021	
PR	009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL			01/07/2021	
PR	010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL			01/07/2021	
PR	011-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH			01/07/2021	
BC	012-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR				01/08/2021
BC	013-INS INSULATION				01/14/2021
BC	014-GAR GARAGE FLOOR				01/25/2021
BC	015-STP STOOP				01/25/2021
3C	001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION	20201660 928 N BRIDGE ST			01/11/2021
PBF	010-SUM SUMP nts1: VERUNA 630-387-2001	20201665 2423 WYTHE PL	2		01/15/2021
PBF	005-SUM SUMP nts1: VERUNA 630-387-2001	20201666 2427 WYTHE PL	3	01/15/2021	
PBF	007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLA nts1: JEFF 847-456-2021	.B			01/22/2021
3C	AM 008-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR				01/26/2021
	PM 004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER nts1: LATE MORNING PLEASE VERU		4		01/06/2021
BC	001-FOU FOUNDATION	20201668 2441 WYTHE PL	5		01/06/2021
PR	003-SEW SEWER INSPECTION				01/11/2021
PR	004-WAT WATER				01/11/2021

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

PAGE: 14

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

NSPECTOR TIN	ME '	TYPE OF	INSPECTION	PERMIT	ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
C	_	005-BKF	BACKFILL					01/11/2021
R	_ PM	006-SUM	SUMP					01/20/2021
C	_	001-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC	20201680	0 2759 GOLDENROD DR	235		01/20/2021
C	_	002-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION					01/20/2021
C	_	001-FTG	FOOTING	20201687	7 2049 SQUIRE CIR	210		01/06/2021
C	_	002-FOU	FOUNDATION					01/07/2021
C	_	003-BKF	BACKFILL					01/11/2021
	_	004-WAT 1: AL'S	WATER FAMILY CONST 630-492-7635					01/13/2021
R	_	005-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB					01/19/2021
C	_	007-GAR	GARAGE FLOOR	20201688	3 2007 SQUIRE CIR	204		01/25/2021
C	_ AM	008-STP	STOOP					01/25/2021
R	_	009-RFR	ROUGH FRAMING					01/26/2021
R	_	010-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL					01/26/2021
R	_	011-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL					01/26/2021
R	_	012-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH					01/26/2021
BF	_	009-SUM 1: VERUN	SUMP NA 630-387-2001	20201697	7 2411 WYTHE PL	1	01/15/2021	
C	_	003-BKF	BACKFILL	20201698	3 546 COACH RD	407		01/05/2021
BF			ENGINEERING - SEWER / WAT 387-2001					01/08/2021
	_	005-SUM 1: 630-3	SUMP 387-2001					01/25/2021
R	_ PM	004-SEW	SEWER INSPECTION	20201699	9 2281 FAIRFAX WAY	373		01/04/2021
R	_ PM	005-WAT	WATER					01/04/2021
BF	_	006-SUM 1: 630-3	SUMP 387-2001 NO SUMP LINE					01/25/2021

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 15

INSPE		TYPE OF INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
PBF		007-SUM SUMP tsl: 630-387-2001			01/29/2021	
PBF		006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201708 2045 WHITEKIRK LN	76		01/13/2021
вс		M 007-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR tsl: JEFF 630-330-61705				01/20/2021
вс		007-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR	20201709 2033 WHITEKIRK LN	75		01/13/2021
PR		006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201710 1726 CALLANDER TR	57	01/28/2021	
PR		007-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR			01/28/2021	
PR		011-INS INSULATION	20201713 2810 SHERIDAN CT	202		01/05/2021
PR		007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201734 1198 HAWK HOLLOW DR	2772		01/11/2021
PBF	 Commen	008-SUM SUMP tsl: VERUNA 630-387-2001				01/15/2021
PR		007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20201735 1196 HAWK HOLLOW DR	2772		01/11/2021
PBF	 Commen	008-SUM SUMP tsl: VERUNA 630-387-2001				01/15/2021
PR		004-WAT WATER	20201740 2041 SQUIRE CIR	209		01/07/2021
PR	 Commen	005-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB tsl: 331-223-6615				01/19/2021
BF	Commen	M 006-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR ts1: PM INSPECTION MIDWESTERN ts2: 9-8175	CONCRETE 815-83			01/20/2021
PR		005-FIN FINAL INSPECTION	20201745 702 S MAIN ST		01/28/2021	
PR		006-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC			01/28/2021	
PR		007-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR	READ		01/28/2021	
вс		003-BKF BACKFILL	20201750 2275 FAIRFAX WAY	374		01/05/2021
PBF		004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER tsl: 630-387-2001	/ WAT			01/08/2021
PBF		M 005-SUM SUMP tsl: 630-387-2001 NO SUMP LINE				01/25/2021

INSPECTOR

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

PAGE: 16

COMP.

SCHED.

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

NSPECTOR TIME	TYPE OF INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	COMP. DATE
PBF 11:00 Commen	006-SUM SUMP sts1: 630-387-2001			01/29/2021	
BC	002-FOU FOUNDATION	20201758 1194 HAWK HOLLOW DR	278-1		01/04/2021
BC	003-BKF BACKFILL				01/12/2021
PR	004-SEW SEWER INSPECTION			01/12/2021	
PR	005-WAT WATER			01/12/2021	
PR	006-SUM SUMP				01/20/2021
BC	002-FOU FOUNDATION	20201759 1192 HAWK HOLLOW DR	278-2		01/04/2021
BC	003-BKF BACKFILL				01/12/2021
PR	004-SEW SEWER INSPECTION			01/12/2021	
PR	005-WAT WATER			01/12/2021	
PR	006-SUM SUMP				01/20/2021
3C 11:30 Commer	001-ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT IC	E & W 20201761 320 E WASHINGTON ST		01/07/2021	
GH	002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION				01/19/2021
3C	005-BKF BACKFILL	20201768 1995 MEADOWLARK CT	111		01/04/2021
	002-FOU FOUNDATION	20201773 1922 WREN RD	3		01/06/2021
C F	PM 003-BKF BACKFILL				01/12/2021
BC	003-BKF BACKFILL	20201774 1732 CALLANDER TR	58		01/07/2021
PBFCommer	004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER Ats1: 815-210-3338	/ WAT			01/15/2021
3C A	MM 003-BKF BACKFILL	20201775 1721 CALLANDER TR	73		01/14/2021
C	001-FTG FOOTING	20201776 1962 WREN RD	7		01/07/2021
C	002-FOU FOUNDATION				01/11/2021
C A	AM 003-BKF BACKFILL				01/14/2021
Commer	001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION nts1: 3 BASEMENT WINDOWS	20201782 2444 ALAN DALE LN	168		01/21/2021

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

PAGE: 17

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

NSPECTOR T		TYPE OF	INSPECTION	PERMIT	ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
3C		002-REI	REINSPECTION					01/21/2021
sc		001-FTG	FOOTING	2020178	34 508 MANCHESTER LN	391		01/13/2021
			FOUNDATION X 847-551-9066					01/14/2021
PBF	 mment		ENGINEERING - SEWER / WA NA 630-387-2001	ΔT				01/22/2021
SC	AM	005-BSM	BASEMENT FLOOR				01/29/2021	
BC		001-FTG	FOOTING	2020179	22 1188 HAWK HOLLOW DR	2792		01/19/2021
sc	AM	002-FOU	FOUNDATION					01/25/2021
BC		001-FTG	FOOTING	2020179	3 1186 HAWK HOLLOW DR	2792		01/19/2021
SC	AM	002-FOU	FOUNDATION					01/25/2021
3C 10:0	00	001-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION	2020180	3 2469 WYTHE PL	11	01/28/2021	
SC		002-FEL	FINAL ELECTRIC				01/28/2021	
C		001-FTG	FOOTING	2020181	.9 3175 JUSTICE DR	700		01/06/2021
C		002-FOU	FOUNDATION					01/19/2021
SC	AM	003-BKF	BACKFILL					01/25/2021
SC	AM	002-FOU	FOUNDATION	2020182	0 3178 JUSTICE DR	602		01/13/2021
BC		003-BKF	BACKFILL					01/19/2021
PR	AM	004-WAT	WATER					01/21/2021
PR	AM	005-ESS	ENGINEERING - STORM					01/21/2021
SC		002-FOU	FOUNDATION	2020182	21 3188 JUSTICE DR	600		01/06/2021
PR 13:0	00	003-WAT	WATER					01/14/2021
PR		004-ESS	ENGINEERING - STORM					01/14/2021
sc		005-BKF	BACKFILL					01/14/2021
PBF	 mment		PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 224-234-3616					01/19/2021

INSPECTOR

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE
CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 18

COMP.

SCHED.

INSPECTOR		OF INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	DATE
BC	001-F	IN FINAL INSPECTION	20201822 ROUTE 47 & BOOMBAH BLVD			01/26/2021
BC	001-F	TG FOOTING	20201824 3179 JUSTICE DR	701		01/08/2021
BC		OU FOUNDATION AN UPLAND 630-465-2021				01/20/2021
BC		KF BACKFILL			01/28/2021	
BC	001-F	TG FOOTING	20201825 3174 JUSTICE DR	603		01/05/2021
BC	002-F	OU FOUNDATION				01/19/2021
BC	AM 003-B	KF BACKFILL				01/25/2021
BC	002-F	OU FOUNDATION	20201826 3182 JUSTICE DR	601		01/08/2021
PR 13:	:00 003-E	SS ENGINEERING - STORM			01/14/2021	
PR	0 0 4 - W	AT WATER			01/14/2021	
BC		KF BACKFILL				01/14/2021
PBF		LU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB O 224-234-3616				01/19/2021
BC	005-в	KF BACKFILL	20201832 816 ALEXANDRA LN	28		12/31/2020
BC	AM 001-F	TG FOOTING	20201846 2712 CRANSTON CIR	122		01/12/2021
BC		OU FOUNDATION AN 465-2021 LATE AM PLEASE				01/15/2021
PR	AM 003-W	AT WATER				01/21/2021
PR	AM 004-E	SS ENGINEERING - STORM				01/21/2021
BC		KF BACKFILL AN UPLAND 630-465-2021				01/20/2021
PR	006-P	LU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB				01/26/2021
BC	AM 001-F	TG FOOTING	20201849 1011 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN	35		01/27/2021
BC	003-F	OU FOUNDATION	20201850 1091 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN	43		01/06/2021
PBF		SW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WA B 630-918-2348	Т			01/13/2021

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 19

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE PM 001-FTG FOOTING 20201853 2841 ALDEN AVE 286 ВС 01/27/2021 01/29/2021 ВC 002-FOU FOUNDATION 20201858 1725 CALLANDER TR 72 001-FTG FOOTING ВC 01/11/2021 PM 002-FOU FOUNDATION ВC 01/12/2021 _____ 003-BKF BACKFILL 01/15/2021 ВC 004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WAT 20201859 1742 CALLANDER TR PBF 60 01/15/2021 Comments1: 815-210-3338 _____ 001-FTG FOOTING 20201860 2004 WHITEKIRK LN 53 01/12/2021 ВC ___ PM 002-FOU FOUNDATION 01/14/2021 ΒF Comments1: MIDWEST 815-839-8175 ВС 003-BKF BACKFILL 01/19/2021 Comments1: 7 INSIDE & OUTSIDE CORNERS NOT SEALED TO Comments2: PREVENT DIRT INTRUSION 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20201882 612 WINDETT RIDGE RD 158 ВС 01/20/2021 002-FEL FINAL ELECTRIC ВС 01/20/2021 20201888 3168 JUSTICE DR 604 AM 001-FTG FOOTING 01/20/2021 ВC Comments1: JUAN UPLAND 630-465-2021 AM 002-FOU FOUNDATION ВC 01/25/2021 _____ 003-BKF BACKFILL 01/28/2021 ВC 20201889 3164 JUSTICE DR 605 AM 001-FTG FOOTING 01/20/2021 ВC Comments1: JUAN UPLAND 630-465-2021 ВC AM 002-FOU FOUNDATION 01/25/2021 ____ 003-BKF BACKFILL 01/28/2021 ВC 001-FTG FOOTING 20201890 3185 JUSTICE DR 702 01/21/2021 ВC 002-FOU FOUNDATION 01/28/2021 001-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 20201896 600 E VETERANS PKWY 2 01/21/2021 ВC Comments1: PARTIAL ВC 14:00 002-FTG FOOTING 01/22/2021 DATE: 01/29/2021 UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE TIME: 10:47:45

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

INSPECTOR

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

PAGE: 20

COMP.

SCHED.

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

		TYPE OF	INSPECTION	PERMIT A	ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	DATE
BC _		003-UGE	UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC					01/25/2021
BC _	PM	004-FOU	FOUNDATION				01/28/2021	
BC _	AM	001-PHF	POST HOLE - FENCE	20201899	1123 REDWOOD DR	49		01/08/2021
BC 1	.0:30	001-PHF	POST HOLE - FENCE	20210002	424 SUTTON ST	226		01/13/2021
			POST HOLE - FENCE LE BY ELECTRIC PANEL NOT 3		2292 HIGH RIDGE LN	131		01/19/2021
GH _		002-FIN	FINAL INSPECTION				01/29/2021	
GH 1	0:30	001-ROF	ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & W	20210008	2046 HEARTHSTONE LN	343	01/21/2021	

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE
CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

PAGE: 21

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

SCHED. COMP. INSPECTOR LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE PERMIT TYPE SUMMARY: ADD ADDITION 4 3 CRM COMMERCIAL REMODEL
ESN ELECTRIC SIGN ESN ELECTRIC SIGN FNC FENCE GAR GARAGE REM REMODEL
ROF ROOFING
RS ROOFING & SIDING 5 1 55 319 SFA SINGLE-FAMILY ATTACHED SFD SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED SGN SIGN SOL SOLAR PANELS 1 6 WIN WINDOW REPLACEMENT 3 INSPECTION SUMMARY: BKF BACKFILL 24 BSM BASEMENT FLOOR 15 21 EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPECTION ESS ENGINEERING - STORM ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WATER 9 FEL FINAL ELECTRIC 21 FEM ROUGH FRM, ELE, MECH 3 4 0 FIN FINAL INSPECTION FIN FINAL INCLESS.
FME FINAL MECHANICAL
FOU FOUNDATION 15 27 FTG FOOTING 18 GAR GARAGE FLOOR
INS INSULATION 3 PHF POST HOLE - FENCE PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READY 21 PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 21 1 PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE
REI REINSPECTION PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL KFK KOUGH FRAMING RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL RFR ROUGH FRAMING 2.3 22 ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & WATER 2 SEW SEWER INSPECTION STP STOOP SUM SUMP 16 UGE UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC 1 WAT WATER 13 INSPECTOR SUMMARY: BC BOB CREADEUR 170 13 BF B&F INSPECTOR CODE SERVICE 23 EEI ENGINEERING ENTERPRISES

DATE: 01/29/2021 UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE PAGE: 22
TIME: 10:47:45 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

TIME: 10:47:45 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

REPORT SUMMARY:

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 01/01/2021 TO 01/31/2021

INSPECTOR TIME	TYPE	OF	INSPECTION	PERMIT	ADDRESS		LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
			GH GINA HASTINGS PBF BF PLUMBING INSPE PR PETER RATOS		1				
STATUS SUMMARY	:	С	BC			15			
		С				1			
		С	GH			5			
		С	PR			4			
		I	BC		1	46			
		I	BF			9			
		I	EEI			3			
		I	GH			4			
		I	PBF			40			
		I	PR		1	0 0			
		T	BC			9			
		T	BF			4			
		T	EEI			19			
		T	PBF			5			
		T	PR			48			

412



Reviewed By:	
Legal	
Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Community Development	
Purchasing	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #3
Tracking Number
EDC 2021-18

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Property Main	ntenance Report for January 2021	
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development Committee	ee – March 2, 2021
Synopsis:		
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:	
Date of Action:	Action Taken:	
Item Number:		
Type of Vote Requir	red: Informational	
Council Action Req	uested: None	
Submitted by:		Community Development
	Name	Department
	Agenda Item Not	res:



Memorandum

To: Economic Development Committee

From: Pete Ratos, Code Official

CC: Bart Olson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble, Lisa Pickering

Date: February 3, 2021

Subject: January Property Maintenance

Property Maintenance Report January 2021

There were no cases heard in January 2021.



Case Report

01/01/2021 - 01/31/2021

Case #	Case Date	ADDRESS OF COMPLAINT	TYPE OF VIOLATION	STATUS	VIOLATION LETTER	FOLLOW UP STATUS	CITATION ISSUED	DATE OF HEARING
					SENT			
20210018	1/28/2021	891 Hampton	Unsafe	IN VIOLATION				
		Ln	Structure					
20210017	1/27/2021	706 Heustis St		IN VIOLATION				
			without a					
			Permit					
20210016	1/27/2021	906 Adrian St	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION				
20210015	1/26/2021	1201	Parking	CLOCED		COMPLIANT		
20210015	1/26/2021		Working	CLOSED		COMPLIANT		
		Deerpath Dr	without a Permit					
20210014	1/25/2021	1823		IN VIOLATION				
20210011	• •	Columbine Dr	Trailer ranking	III VIOL IIIOII				
20210013		357 Walsh Cir	Boat/Trailer	IN VIOLATION				
			Parking					
20210012	1/25/2021	288 Walsh Cir	Trailer Parking	IN VIOLATION				
20210011	1/25/2021	211 Walsh Cir	Trailer Parking	IN VIOLATION				
20210010	1/25/2021	257 Walsh Cir	Trailer Parking	IN VIOLATION				
2024222	. /2=/222	10011						
20210009	1/25/2021	1864 Aster Dr		IN VIOLATION				
20210008	1/22/2021	1702	Parking	IN VIOLATION				
20210006	1/22/2021	Cottonwood	Trailer Parking	IN VIOLATION				
20210007	1/22/2021	1415 Chestnut	Boat/Trailer	IN VIOLATION				
20210007	1/22/2021	Ln	Parking	114 41012 (11014				
20210006	1/21/2021	206 Heustis St		IN VIOLATION	1/21/2021			
	· ·							
20210005	1/21/2021	206 River St	Junk, Trash &	IN VIOLATION				
			Refuse					
20210004	1/13/2021	3845 Bailey	Pet Waste	CLOSED		COMPLIANT		

Page: 1 of 2

20210003	1/11/2021		Inoperable Vehicles Parked on			
			Street			
20210002	1/6/2021			CLOSED	COMPLIANT	
		Route 34 near	cleared from			
		Game Farm	walkwav			
20210001			Dumping	TO BE		
				INSPECTED		

Total Records: 18 2/3/2021



Reviewed By:	
Legal	
Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Community Development	
Purchasing	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #4
Tracking Number
EDC 2021-19

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: PZC 2021-01 Cox Landscaping (1.5 mile review)					
Meeting and Date:	Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – March 2, 2021				
Synopsis: Mile and	one-half review of a rezone and	d special use request in Kendall County			
For Cox	Landscaping				
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:				
Date of Action:	Action Taken:				
Item Number:					
Submitted by:	Jason Engberg, AICP	Community Development			
	Name	Department			
	Agenda Item	Notes:			
See attached memora	See attached memorandum.				





To: Economic Development Committee From: Jason Engberg, Senior Planner CC: Bart Olson, City Administrator

Krysti J. Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director

Date: February 9, 2021

Subject: PZC 2021-01- Cox Landscaping 1.5 Mile Review (Rezone & Special Use)

SUMMARY:

Staff has reviewed a request from Kendall County Planning and Zoning Department along with the subsequent documents attached. This property is located within one and a half miles of the planning boundary for Yorkville, allowing the City the opportunity to review and provide comments to Kendall County. The petitioner, Cindy Gates, on behalf of Cindy Gates Trust, who currently leases the subject property to Mark Cox of Cox Landscaping, LLC is requesting to rezone a part of the property and receive a special use permit to conduct the existing landscape business.

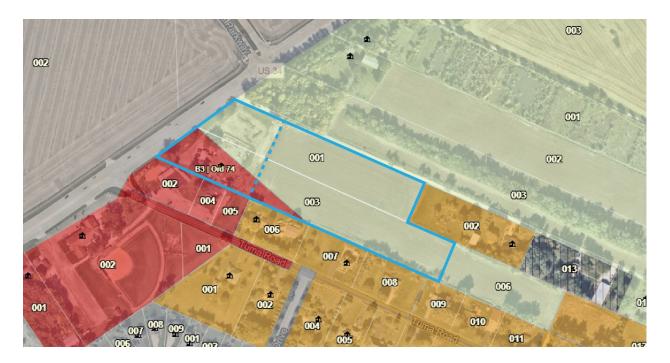
The property is generally located at the southeast side of Route 34 approximately 175 feet northeast of Tuma Road. Cox Landscaping has been operating on this site for the past 30 years but a complaint prior to COVID-19 closures stated that the business was not operating with proper zoning. The County made efforts to determine if the use was legally non-conforming but were unsuccessful. Therefore, the petitioner decided to pursue the correct zoning and a special use to continue the landscaping business.

PROJECT BACKGROUND:

Cox Landscaping is located at 9000 Route 34 in Kendall County and is northeast of Heartland Subdivision along Veteran's Parkway. The property consists of two parcels which contain the existing business as well as agricultural fields being farmed.

The petitioner is not looking to change any operation of this business or expand beyond its current limits. The request is to rezone the area of land containing the business to B-3 Commercial and the area containing the farmed land to A-1 Agriculture. Also, the petitioner is requesting a special use for its landscaping business to comply to all of Kendall County's ordinances.





EXISTING CONDITIONS:

As shown in the illustration above, the 2 parcels are already zoned B-3 Commercial and A-1 Agricultural but not where the business is located nor where the property lines are located. In the planning and development field this is sometimes referred to as "split zoning" which gives a single parcel more than one zoning district. In general, this type of zoning is discouraged as it undermines the entire purpose of zoning parcels for different uses. The practice is prohibited within the City and the County but there are cases in the County where it has happened due to situations outside of the County's control.

The issue typically arises from property owners subdividing their larger County parcels into smaller parcels through what is known as the "Plat Act Exemption." This process allows an owner of a property or several adjacent properties to subdivide and sell his land without going through a public process, such as a final plat review. Therefore, when a parcel is zoned with a certain district and then is resubdivided without any review, parts of the land can end up with different zoning districts. The petitioner's land was once a triangular parcel zoned B-3 Commercial but was later replatted and made part of the larger parcel now identified as "Lot 003."

The County's legal counsel determined that the legal description of a use or zone within any ordinance holds true regardless of replatted property lines. The County has made it a policy and practice to allow these split zonings due to that determination and fairness to all property owners with these unique situations. This explanation of this uncommon zoning occurrence is needed as the petitioner is requesting to rezone the area with the existing business to B-3 Commercial and not the entire parcels as one would expect.

PROPOSED REQUESTS:

As stated previously, the petitioner is seeking to rezone the front part of the property to B-3 Commercial District to conform to the County's zoning ordinance for land use. This will leave the back portions of the parcels to be zoned A-1 Agricultural District to allow for the continuance of farming operations. As explained previously, this will result in split zoning of the properties. The County is not requesting the petitioner to replat the properties to remove the split zoning as this would cause two new parcels to have no public access. The County has assessed that the property is already split zoned and that it would be more detrimental to the owners or potential buyers to have properties without access.

Finally, the petitioner is also requesting a special use authorization from the County as required by their zoning ordinance. Similar to Yorkville, the County requires some land uses to go through a special use review process. The petitioner is requesting these items to conform to the code since they could not prove if they were legally conforming or not. They have no intention of expanding or altering their operations but would like to conform to the code to ensure there are no other unexpected consequences to operating their business.

YORKVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN:

Yorkville's 2016 Comprehensive Plan designation for this property is Estate/Conservation Residential. This future land use is intended to provide flexibility for residential design in areas of Yorkville that can accommodate low-density detached single-family housing but also include sensitive environmental and scenic features that should be retained and enhanced. The most typical form of development within this land use will be detached single family homes on large lots.

The existing landscape company does not conform to this future land use designation. While inconsistent with the future land use designation of the City, the proposed requests do not change the existing land use in any way and therefore is not changing or developing into anything new which warrants examination with future plans. Additionally, if the property were annexed into the City, it would most likely be part of a larger redevelopment project which would have the current land use removed.

Staff Recommendation & Comments

Staff has reviewed the request for rezoning and special use authorization and <u>does not</u> have an objection to the petitioner's request. Staff is seeking input from the Economic Development Committee for this request. This review will also be brought to the Planning and Zoning Commission at the March 10, 2021 meeting. This item was delivered to the City on January 20, 2021.

Attachments

1. Application with Attachments



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING

111 West Fox Street • Room 203
Yorkville, IL • 60560

(630) 553-4141

Fax (630) 553-4179

Petition 20-32

Cindy Gates on Behalf of the Cindy Gates Trust and
Mark Cox on Behalf of Cox Landscaping, LLC
Map Amendment Rezoning a Portion of Property from A-1 to B-3
Special Use Permit for Landscaping Business

INTRODUCTION

Cindy Gates, on behalf of the Cindy Gates Trust, currently leases the subject property to Mark Cox of Cox Landscaping, LLC for use as a landscaping business.

Prior to the COVID-19 closures, the County received a complaint that a landscaping business was operating at the subject property without proper zoning. Efforts to determine if the use qualified for grandfathering were unsuccessful and the Petitioner decided to pursue a map amendment and special use permit. The COVID-19 closures and efforts to obtain stormwater information caused the application to be delayed.

The subject property is split zoned between A-1 and B-3. The request makes the entire frontage of the parcels B-3 and establishes a special use permit for a landscaping business over the area zoned B-3.

The application materials are included as Attachment 1. The aerial of the site portion of the property is included as Attachment 2. The site plan is included as Attachment 3. The plat of the area proposed for rezoning only is included as Attachment 4.

SITE INFORMATION

PETITIONERS: Cindy Gates on Behalf of the Cindy Gates Trust and Mark Cox on Behalf of Cox

Landscaping LLC

ADDRESS: 9000 Route 34, Yorkville

LOCATION: Southeast Side of Route 34 Approximately 175 Feet Northeast of Tuma Road



TOWNSHIP: Bristol

PARCEL #s: Part 02-27-151-001 Rezone A-1 to B-3 Special Use

Part 02-27-151-003 Rezone A-1 and B-3 to B-3 Special Use

LOT SIZE: Subject Area is 2.46 +/- Acres (Total of Both Parcels is 8.6 +/- Acres)

EXISTING LAND Landscaping Business

USE:

ZONING: A-1 and B-3

LRMP:

Future Land Use	Suburban Residential (1.00 DU/Acre) (County) Agricultural (Yorkville)
Roads	Route 34 is a State maintained arterial.
Trails	There is a trail planned along Route 34.
Floodplain/ Wetlands	There are no floodplains or wetlands on the property.

REQUESTED

ACTIONS: Map Amendment Rezoning Property to B-3 Highway Business District

Special Use Permit for a Landscaping Business

APPLICABLE Section 13:07 – Map Amendment Procedures REGULATIONS: Section 13:08 – Special Use Procedures

SURROUNDING LAND USE

Location	Adjacent Land Use	Adjacent Zoning	Land Resource Management Plan	Zoning within ½ Mile
North	Agricultural	Planned Development B-3 and O	Suburban Neighborhoods (Yorkville)	A-1 (County)
		(Yorkville)		Planned Development B-3 and O (Yorkville)
South	Commercial	R-3 and B-3	Suburban Residential (Max 1.00 DU/Acre)	R-3 and B-3 (County)
				R-2 and Open Space-2 (Yorkville)
East	Agricultural	A-1	Suburban Residential	A-1, A-1 BP, and R-3

West	Agricultural	Planned Development B-3 and O	Mid-Density Residential (Yorkville)	R-3 and B-3 (County)
				Planned Development B-3
				and O and B-3 (Yorkville)

Pictures of the property are included as Attachments 5-12.

Four residential subdivisions are located within one half (1/2) mile of the subject property.

PHYSICAL DATA

ENDANGERED SPECIES REPORT

EcoCAT Report submitted and found the Fox River INAI Site, Yorkville Forested Seep and Fen INAI Site, and the River Redhorse in the area. Adverse impacts were unlikely and consultation was terminated, see Attachment 1, Pages 12-14.

NATURAL RESOURCES INVENTORY

The LESA Score was 115 indicating a low level of protection, see Attachment 14.

ACTION SUMMARY

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP

The Petitioners appeared before the Bristol Township Board on February 5, 2020, prior to submitting an application with the County. The Bristol Township Board voted in favor of the request. The minutes of this meeting are included as Attachment 13. Petition information was sent to Bristol Township on January 20, 2021.

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

Petition information was sent to the United City of Yorkville on January 20, 2021.

BRISTOL-KENDALL FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Petition information was sent to the Bristol-Kendall Fire Protection District on January 20, 2021.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The subject property has been used as a landscaping business without proper zoning for many years and the Petitioners would like to become compliant with the Zoning Ordinance.

BUSINESS OPERATIONS

According to the business plan found on page 4 of Attachment 1, Cox Landscaping, LLC provides general landscaping services to commercial and residential customers. The business has a maximum fifteen (15) employees. Employees arrive at the property at approximately 6:45 a.m., go to work sites, and return to the property by 5:30 p.m. The business operates at maximum capacity from April 1st through Thanksgiving. A smaller number of employees work for the business from November through April.

The subject property is used for offices and storage of landscaping materials.

The subject property is used for wholesale purposes only; no customers come onto the property.

BUILDINGS AND BUILDING CODES

The property presently consists of one (1) one thousand thirty (1,030) square foot steel building. An approximately fifty-three (53) square foot metal shed is located northeast of the steel building. A metal storage bin is located to the southeast of the steel building. An approximately one hundred twenty (120) square foot frame shed is also located southeast of the steel building. A new shed is shown on the site plan; the new shed will be approximately eight feet (8') tall. Any new structures would require applicable building permits.

The property also has one (1) two hundred fifty-two (252) square foot concrete storage area, one (1) two $ZPAC\ Memo-Prepared\ by\ Matt\ Asselmeier-January\ 20,\ 2021$ Page 3 of 5

hundred sixteen (216) square foot concrete storage area, one (1) seven hundred fourteen (714) square foot concrete storage area, and one (1) five hundred forty-four (544) square foot wood storage bay. The height of the storage areas is twelve feet (12').

One (1) diesel tank is located on the property.

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

The property is served by well. There is no septic on the premises.

STORMWATER

The property drains to the southeast.

The main parking area consists of gravel and crushed asphalt.

A pulverized black dirt pile will be located on the northern portion of the property.

A stormwater management permit will be required. The stormwater information is included in Attachment 3.

ACCESS

The property has two accesses off of Route 34.

PARKING AND INTERNAL TRAFFIC CIRCULATION

One (1) two thousand five hundred (2,500) square foot gravel parking area is located west of the steel building and one (1) five thousand (5,000) square foot parking lot is located north of the steel building. There are twelve (12) parking spaces in the gravel parking area west of the steel building with an additional twelve (12) parking spaces to the east of the steel building.

LIGHTING

Lights are presently located on the property by the sign, flagpole, and on the steel building. One (1) freestanding light is also located on the property next to the steel building. No additional is planned.

The site has less than thirty (30) parking spaces. Therefore, a photometric plan is not required.

SIGNAGE

A sign is already located on the property. The sign is five feet (5') wide and two feet (2') tall. The sign is three point eight feet (3.8') off of the ground for a total height of slightly under six feet (6'). A light exists next to the sign and flagpole.

SECURITY

A wooden fence six feet (6') in height is located between the steel building and the berm. The Petitioners plan to install a cyclone mesh fence with slats to prevent viewing by the public. The fence will be approximately six feet (6') in height. A new fence gate is visible on the site plan.

Security cameras are also located on the steel building.

LANDSCAPING

The Petitioners also plan to have a three foot (3') maximum height berm with black dirt and mulch with landscaping in the location shown on the site plan.

A berm already exists parallel to Route 34.

No additional plantings are planned for either berm.

NOISE CONTROL

No information was provided regarding noise control.

ODORS

No new odors are foreseen by the proposed use.

ZPAC Memo – Prepared by Matt Asselmeier – January 20, 2021

RELATION TO OTHER SPECIAL USES

If approved, this would be the twelfth (12th) special use permit for a landscaping business in unincorporated Kendall County.

RECOMMENDATION

Before issuing a recommendation, Staff would like comments from the United City of Yorkville, the Bristol-Kendall Fire Protection District, and ZPAC members.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Application Materials (Including Petitioner's Findings of Fact, NRI Application, and EcoCat)
- 2. Aerial
- 3. Site Plan
- 4. Rezoning Area
- Main Building
- 6. Existing Berm
- 7. Existing Berm 2
- 8. Pulverized Dirt Area
- 9. Sign
- 10. Looking North
- 11. Looking Across Route 34
- 12. Southwest Side of Property
- 13. February 5, 2020 Bristol Township Minutes
- 14. NRI Report



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING

111 West Fox Street • Yorkville, IL • 60560 (630) 553-4141 Fax (630) 553-4179

APPLICATION

	PROJECT NAME Cox Landson	aping	FILE #:
NAME OF APPLICANT			
Cox Landscaping, LLC			
CURRENT LANDOWNER/NAME(\$1		
Cindy Gates Trust	-1		
SITE INFORMATION ACRES	Are reserved by the state of	- Approx 1	
2020	SITE ADDRESS OR LOCATION oute 34, Yorkville, IL 60560		ID NUMBER (PIN)
EXISTING LAND USE	CURRENT ZONING	part of 02-2	
Landscaping Business	DUNNEW EURING	LAND CLASSI	FICATION ON LRMP
REQUESTED ACTION (Check All	That Apply):		
SDECIAL LIDE	ν		
SPECIAL USE	X MAP AMENDMENT (Rezone	10)	VARIANCE
ADMINISTRATIVE VARIANCE	A-1 CONDITIONAL USE for:		SITE PLAN REVIEW
TEXT AMENDMENT	RPD (Concept; Prelin	ninary; Final)	ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL
PRELIMINARY PLAT	FINAL PLAT		OTHER PLAT (Vacation, Dedication, etc.)
AMENDMENT TO A SPECIAL	USE (Major, Minor)		
PRIMARY CONTACT Dnaiel J. Kramer	PRIMARY CONTACT MAILING 1107A S. Bridge St., Yor	ADDRESS kville, IL 60560	PRIMARY CONTACT EMAIL dkramer@dankramerlaw.com
PRIMARY CONTACT PHONE #	PRIMARY CONTACT FAX #		PRIMARY CONTACT OTHER #(Cell, etc.
630-553-9500	630-553-5764		The state of the s
² ENGINEER CONTACT NONE	ENGINEER MAILING ADDRES	SS	ENGINEER EMAIL
ENGINEER PHONE #	ENGINEER FAX #		ENGINEER OTHER # (Cell. etc.)
THE PRIMARY CONTACT L	ISTED ABOVE WILL BE SUBJE	ECT TO ALL CO	IN QUESTION MAY BE VISITED BY BE PETITION PROCESS AND THAT PRRESPONDANCE ISSUED BY THE
I CERTIFY THAT THE INFO BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE ABOVE SIGNATURES.	RMATION AND EXHIBITS SUB AND THAT I AM TO FILE THIS	MITTED ARE TO APPLICATION	RUE AND CORRECT TO THE AND ACT ON BEHALF OF THE
SIGNATURE OF APPLICAN	T	Bil	TE 9/14/2028
	FEE PAHD:\$	6	ut 1 NH
	CHECK #	1	at 1 With

Primery Contact will receive all correspondence from County
Engineering Contact will receive all correspondence from the County's Engineering Consultants

Attachment 1, Page 2

MAP AMENDMENT FINDINGS OF FACT

- Existing Uses: The existing uses on Route 34 and adjacent to the property are
 primarily business, manufacturing, and retail in usage. To the east and south there
 is an area of agricultural row crop farmland and substantially to the southwest an
 area of residential.
- 2. Zoning Classification: The area surrounding the subject parcel is a mix of business zonings, agricultural zonings, and residential zoning to the southwest.
- 3. Suitability: The area that is being zoned B-3 Special Use from existing A-1 Agricultural Uses just even out the boundary of the existing B-3 Property that has been used as a nursery, retail garden sales center, and related businesses for the past 30 years or more.
- 4. Trend of Development: The trend in development along Route 34 is towards commercial, light manufacturing, and retail.
- 5. The landscape company is consistent with current the LRMP and has been an existing use at this property for over 30 years.

SPECIAL USE FINDINGS OF FACT

- The subject property has been operated as a nursey/landscaping business with the current Owner and her former husband and then a subsequent tenant for over the last 20 years.
- 2. The proposed use does not vary from prior uses on the property and will contain a fenced area for storage of outdoor equipment.
 - Petitioner is further creating a landscape buffer at the front of the property which will dress up its appearance on Route 34.
- 3. The subject property is adequate in terms of utility use. There is no office so no need for waste facilities in that the building located at the property, as it is simply used for dry storage. The primary purpose of establishing the Special Use is to continue to allow the equipment used in the landscaping and dirt shredding business to be stored on-site in conformance with Kendall County Zoning Ordinances. There is adequate access to Illinois State Route 34 which is a Class II Highway.
- 4. Petitioner will comply with all conditions of the proposed Special Use including adequate fencing in conformity with County Ordinance.
- 5. The Special Use requested is consistent with the County Comprehensive Plan in that the property is zoned B-3 for Business/Commercial Uses and the use now being conducted on the property conforms to what was present for the last many years other than there are not retail or wholesales being done on-site which previously took place.

COX LANDSCAPING BUSINESS PLAN

The overall Business Plan of Cox Landscaping is to continue its long-standing business providing general landscaping services to commercial and residential owners and operators.

At peak employment times the Petitioner will have 15 employees. The hours of operation on-site where employees are coming and going is from approximately 6:45 am when some of the employees arrive at the site to go to various jobs and start work at 7:00 am and they usually conclude work at 5:00 pm and bring whatever equipment that needs to come back to the business site back within a half an hour of the 5:00 pm quit time. Generally speaking the landscaping services run from April 1st through around Thanksgiving of each calendar year.

We have small number of employees that work for us during the winter months of November through April to provide snowplowing services as needed.

Scope of Work: Landscaping, mowing, brick and concrete patio/landscaping treatments.

Delivery of mulch and rock in conjunction with landscaping services as well as tree removal, trimming, and pulverized dirt being delivered to sites in conjunction with the landscaping business.

North and east of the building we have dirt pile which is dirt taken from jobs and reconditioned through a screener to eliminate clay and rocks and then reused on-site. The pulverized dirt coming out of the screener is used on company jobs.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF TRACT TO BE REZONED:

That Part of Lots 4 and 5 of Baker's Subdivision of Section 27 and 28, Township 37 North, Range 7 East of the Third Principal Meridian described as follows: Commencing at the Southwest Corner of Lot 5 at Baker's Subdivision for a point of beginning; thence South 66'01'56" East along the Southwesterly Line of said Lot 5, 410.0 feet; thence North 23'58'04" East, 352.76 feet to a line that is parallel with and 15.0 feet Southwest of the Northeasterly Line of Lot 4 of Baker's Subdivision; thence North 65'51'43" East along said parallel line, 197.16 feet to the Southeast Line of U.S. Route 34; thence South 55'01'49" West along said Southeasterly Line, 412.51 feet to the point of beginning, in Bristol Township, Kendall County, Illinois.



OUIT CLAIM DEED (Individuals to Trust)

THE GRANTOR, CINDY S GATES, formerly known as CINDY S PULFER, a married woman, of 9498 2190 East Street, Princeton, County of Bureau, and State of Illinois, for and in consideration of TEN and NO/100ths DOLLARS (\$10 00), in hand paid,

coren a er en man ben a ser laken 1929 for

201600001532

DEBBIE GILLETTE KENDALL COUNTY, IL

RECORNED: 2/2/2016 9:55 AM 9CD: 49.00 RHSPS FEE: 10.00 PASES: 4

CONVEYS AND QUIT CLAIMS to CINDY S GATES, a married woman, of 9498 2190 East Street Princeton, County of Bureau, and State of Illinois, NOT INDIVIDUALLY, BUT AS TRUSTEE OF THE CINDY S GATES TRUST DATED NOVEMBER 6, 2009, all interest in the following-described real estate situated in the County of Kendall, in the State of Illinois, to wit

SEE ATTACHED LEGAL DESCRIPTION

hereby releasing and waiving all rights under and by virtue of the Homestead Exemption Laws of the State of Illinois

I hereby declare that this deed represents a transaction exempt under the provisions of 35 ILCS 200/31-45(e) of the Real Estate Transfer Tax Act.

Dated:

Buyer/Seller/Representative

Permanent Real Estate Index Numbers 02-27-151-003

Address of Real Estate 9000 US Route 34, Yorkville, Illinois 60560

Grantor represents that this property is non-homestead property

DATED this 22 day of

Cmdy S Gates

Instrument prepared by

Richard C Slocum, Attorney at Law,

State of Illinois)
SS
County of Kane)

I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County, in the State aforesaid, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that Cindy S Gates, formerly Cindy S Pulfer, personally known to me to be the same person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person and acknowledged that she signed, sealed and delivered the said instrument as her free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes therein set forth, including the release and waiver of the right of homestead

Given under my hand and official seal this 22 day of

. 2015

Notary Public

Commission expire

"OFFICIAL SEAL"
RECHARD & SLOCUM
RUTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS

Tax bills to

Cindy S Gates Trust Cindy S Gates, Trustee Mail to

Richard C Slocum Attorney at Law

RECORDER OF KENDALL COUNTY

AFFIDAVIT - PLAT ACT

STATE OF ILLINOIS

) SS

COUNTY OF KENDALL

Cindy S. Gates, being duly swom on oath, states that she resides at 9498 2190 East Street, Princeton, Illinois 61356-8773

That the attached deed is not in violation of Paragraph 205/1 of Chapter 765 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes for one of the following reasons

1

The sale or exchange is of an entire tract of land not being a part of a larger tract of land

- The division or subdivision of land is into parcels or tracts of 5 acres or more in size which does not involve any new streets or easements of access
- The division is of lots or blocks of less than 1 acre in any recorded subdivision which does not involve any new streets or easements of access
- The sale or exchange of parcels of land is between owners of adjoining and contiguous land
- The conveyance is of parcels of land or interests therein for use its right of way for railroads or other public utility facilities which does not involve any new streets or fasements of access
- The conveyance is of land owned by a railroad of other public which does not movive any new streets or easements of access
- The conveyance is of land for highway or other public purpose, or grants or conveyances relating to the dedication of land for public use or instruments, claiming to the vacation of land impressed with a public use
- 8 The conveyance is made to correct descriptions in prior conveyances
- The sale or exchange is of parcels of tracts of and following the division into no more than two parts of a particular parcel or tract of land existing on Italy 17, 1959, and not involving any new streets or easements of access
- The sale is of a single lot of est than 5 aures from a larger tract, the dimensions and configuration of said larger tract having been differentiated by the dimensions and configuration of said larger tract on October 1, 1973, and no sales prior to this sale of any lot or lots from said larger tract having taken place since October 1, 1973, and a survey of said single lot having been made by a registered land surveyor

CIRCLE NUMBER ABOVE WHICH IS APPLICABLE TO THE ATTACHED DEED

Affiant further states that she makes his Affidavit for the purpose of inducing the Recorder of Kane County, Illinois, to accept the attached deed for recording, and that all local requirements applicable to the subdivision of land are met by the attached deed and the tract described therein

Cmdy S Gates

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

Notary Public

"OFFICIAL SEAL"
RICHARD S SLOCUM
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 09/28/2018

= 1

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

That part of Lot 5 of Baker's Subdivision in Sections 27 and 28, Township 37 North, Range 7 East of the Third Principal Meridian, described as follows. Beginning at a point on the Southerly line of said Lot 5, 54 43 feet Southeasterly from the Northwesterly corner of Lot 1 of Batson's Subdivision in said Section 27, thence North 66 degrees, 30 minutes, 0 seconds West along the Southerly line of said Lot 5, 1275 97 feet to the Southeasterly line of U.S. Route 34, thence North 54 degrees, 49 minutes, 30 seconds East along said Southeasterly line 210 64 feet to the Northerly line of said Lot 5, thence South 66 degrees, 22 minutes, 07 seconds East along said Northerly line 1166 41 feet to a line drawn North 23 degrees, 30 minutes, 0 seconds East from the point of beginning, thence South 23 degrees, 30 minutes, 0 seconds West 177 26 feet to the point of beginning, in the Township of Bristol, Kendall County, Illinois

KENDALL COUNTY DISCLOSURE OF BENEFICIARIES FORM

ı	Applicant Cindy Gates Trust			
	Addres			
1	City		State	Zip
	Nature of Benefit Sought Special L	Jse to operate	e Landscaping B	usiness
1	Nature of Applicant: (Please check of X Natural Person (a) Corporation (b) Land Trust/Trustee (c) X Trust/Trustee (d) Partnership (e) Joint Venture (f)	one)		
1	If applicant is an entity other than de applicant:	scribed in Sec	tion 3, briefly state	the nature and characteristics of the
	N/A			
F	profits and losses or right to control s	Out venture c	r who otherwise h	eneficiary in the case of a trust or land as proprietary interest, interest in INTEREST
-				
_ N	Name, address, and capacity of perso	n makina skia	Park and the Control of the Control	
	the support of priso	making this	disclosure on beha	of the applicant:
		VERIFICA	TION	
9	and foregoing Disclosure of Benefic and fact.			orn under oath that I am the person make the disclosure, that I have red ntained therein are true in both
bec	d and sworn to before me this 20	h day of D	ecember	A.D. 2019
	"OFFICIAL SE/ COLLEEN HANSO NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF I MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 11	N ELIMOIS	,	Notary Public



7775A Route 47, Yorkville, Illinois 60560 @ (630)553-5821 extension 3

Conservation District		www.kendaliswcd.org
	The second secon	The second secon
NATURAL RESC	DURCE INFORMATION (N	IRI) REPORT APPLICATION
Petitioner: Cox Landscaping, LLC Address: 9000 Route 34		son: Attorney Daniel J. Kramer
City, State, Zip: Yorkville, IL 60560		
Phone Number:		
Email:		
Please select: How would you	like to receive a copy of the NR	I Report 2: [7] Emply [7] March
and Location & Proposed Use	, and a second	Thepotti Mall Mall
Township Name Bristol	Township 27	7 N. P
Parcel Index Number(s) 02-27-151-003	102-27-151-001 (F	N, Range 37 E, Section(s) 7
Project or Subdivision Name Cox Landso	aping	Number of Acres 2.5 scres
Current Use of Site Landscaping Business		Landscaping Business
Proposed Number of Lots 1		mber of Structures existing 1
Proposed Water Supply existing well	Proposed him	e of Wastewater Treatment existing septic
Proposed type of Storm Water Managem	ient N/A	The state of the s
Type of Request		
Change in Zoning from	to	
☐ Variance (Please describe fully on sep	parate page)	
Special Use Permit (Please describe for	ully on senarate pagel	
Name of County or Municipality the requi	est is being filed with: Kendall C	County PB & Z
NRI fee (Please make checks payable The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are a: Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres a	or proposed lots, buildings, road e map, copy of soil boring and/or to Kendall County SWCD) s follows:	de management des es
Fee for f	first five acres and under	
	Additional Acres at \$18.00 each	\$375.00
Total NR	Il Fee	\$ 375.00
NOTE: Applications are due by the 1 st of ea application is submitted, please allow 30 d	ach month to be on that month's	
	The mobile of the control of	to processing of this report.
Conservation District (SWCD) to visit and expiration date will be 3 years after the d		resentative of the Kendall County Soll and Water te described above. The completed NRI report
		n RM 101
Petitioner or A	uthorized Agent	-10079
		Date
	ery pasts without regard to race, color, reli	igion, national origin, age, sex, handicap or marital status.
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY NRI# Date initially rend	Data all as 11	
NRI# Date initially rec'd Fee Due \$ Fee Paid \$	Date all rec'd	Board Meeting
1201803	Over/Und	der PaymentRefund Due





01/30/2020

IDNR Project Number: 2006051

Date:

Applicant:

Cox Landscaping

Contact: Address: Daniel J. Kramer 9000 Route 34

Yorkville, IL 60560

Project:

Cox Landscaping

Address:

9000 Route 34, Yorkville

Description: To operate landscaping company at an existing location

Natural Resource Review Results

Consultation for Endangered Species Protection and Natural Areas Preservation (Part 1075)

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database shows the following protected resources may be in the vicinity of the project location:

Fox River INAI Site

Yorkville Forested Seep And Fen INAI Site

River Redhorse (Moxostoma carinatum)

An IDNR staff member will evaluate this information and contact you to request additional information or to terminate consultation if adverse effects are unlikely.

Location

The applicant is responsible for the accuracy of the location submitted for the project.

County: Kendall

Township, Range, Section: 37N, 7E, 27

37N, 7E, 28

IL Department of Natural Resources Contact

Adam Rawe 217-785-5500

Division of Ecosystems & Environment

Government Jurisdiction

Kendall County Planning, Building, and Zoning Matt Asselmeier

111 W Fox Street

Yorkville, Illinois 60560

Disclaimer

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database cannot provide a conclusive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of natural resources in Illinois. This review reflects the information existing in the Database at the time of this inquiry, and should not be regarded as a final statement on the site being considered, nor should it be a substitute for detailed site surveys or field surveys required for environmental assessments. If additional protected resources are encountered during the project's implementation, compliance with applicable statutes and regulations is required.

IDNR Project Number: 2006051

Terms of Use

By using this website, you acknowledge that you have read and agree to these terms. These terms may be revised by IDNR as necessary. If you continue to use the EcoCAT application after we post changes to these terms, it will mean that you accept such changes. If at any time you do not accept the Terms of Use, you may not continue to use the website.

- 1. The IDNR EcoCAT website was developed so that units of local government, state agencies and the public could request information or begin natural resource consultations on-line for the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act, Illinois Natural Areas Preservation Act, and Illinois Interagency Wetland Policy Act. EcoCAT uses databases, Geographic Information System mapping, and a set of programmed decision rules to determine if proposed actions are in the vicinity of protected natural resources. By indicating your agreement to the Terms of Use for this application, you warrant that you will not use this web site for any other purpose.
- Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this website are strictly prohibited and may be punishable under the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 and/or the National Information Infrastructure Protection Act.
- 3. IDNR reserves the right to enhance, modify, alter, or suspend the website at any time without notice, or to terminate or restrict access.

Security

EcoCAT operates on a state of Illinois computer system. We may use software to monitor traffic and to identify unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information, to cause harm or otherwise to damage this site. Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this server is strictly prohibited by law.

Unauthorized use, tampering with or modification of this system, including supporting hardware or software, may subject the violator to criminal and civil penalties. In the event of unauthorized intrusion, all relevant information regarding possible violation of law may be provided to law enforcement officials.

Privacy

EcoCAT generates a public record subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Otherwise, IDNR uses the information submitted to EcoCAT solely for internal tracking purposes.



Illinois Department of Natural Resources

7

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, Illinois 62702-1271 http://dnr.state.il.us

Colleen Callahan, Director

JB Pritzker, Governor

January 30, 2020

Daniel J. Kramer Cox Landscaping 9000 Route 34 Yorkville, IL 60560

RE: Cox Landscaping

Project Number(s): 2006051

County: Kendall

Dear Applicant:

This letter is in reference to the project you recently submitted for consultation. The natural resource review provided by EcoCAT identified protected resources that may be in the vicinity of the proposed action. The Department has evaluated this information and concluded that adverse effects are unlikely. Therefore, consultation under 17 Ill. Adm. Code Part 1075 is terminated.

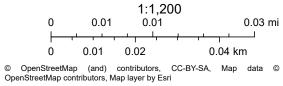
This consultation is valid for two years unless new information becomes available that was not previously considered; the proposed action is modified; or additional species, essential habitat, or Natural Areas are identified in the vicinity. If the project has not been implemented within two years of the date of this letter, or any of the above listed conditions develop, a new consultation is necessary.

The natural resource review reflects the information existing in the Illinois Natural Heritage Database at the time of the project submittal, and should not be regarded as a final statement on the site being considered, nor should it be a substitute for detailed site surveys or field surveys required for environmental assessments. If additional protected resources are encountered during the project's implementation, you must comply with the applicable statutes and regulations. Also, note that termination does not imply IDNR's authorization or endorsement of the proposed action.

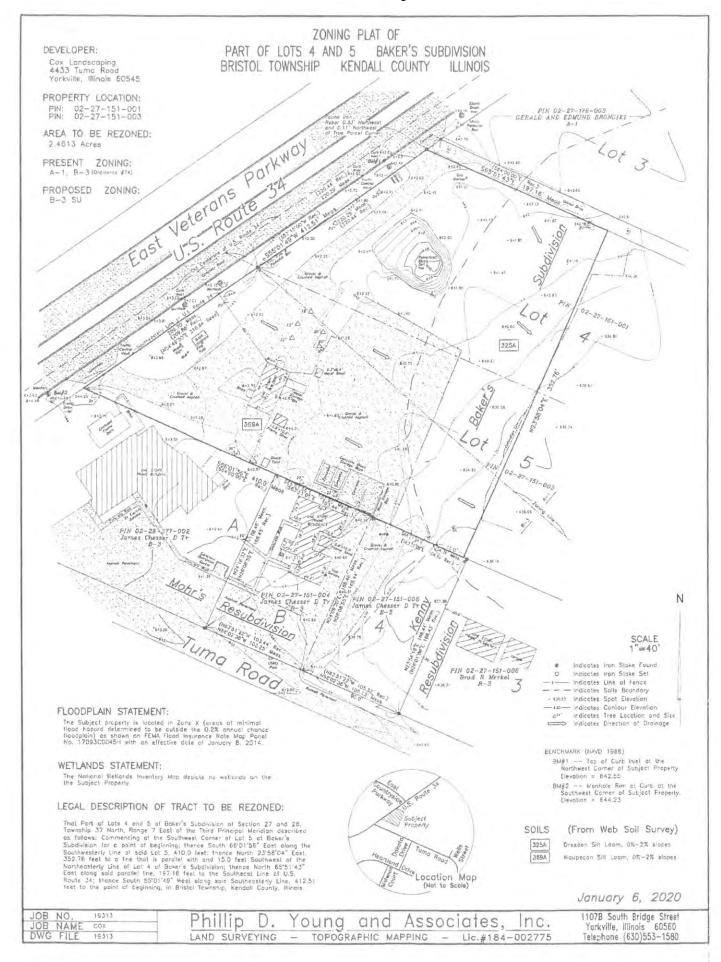
Please contact me if you have questions regarding this review

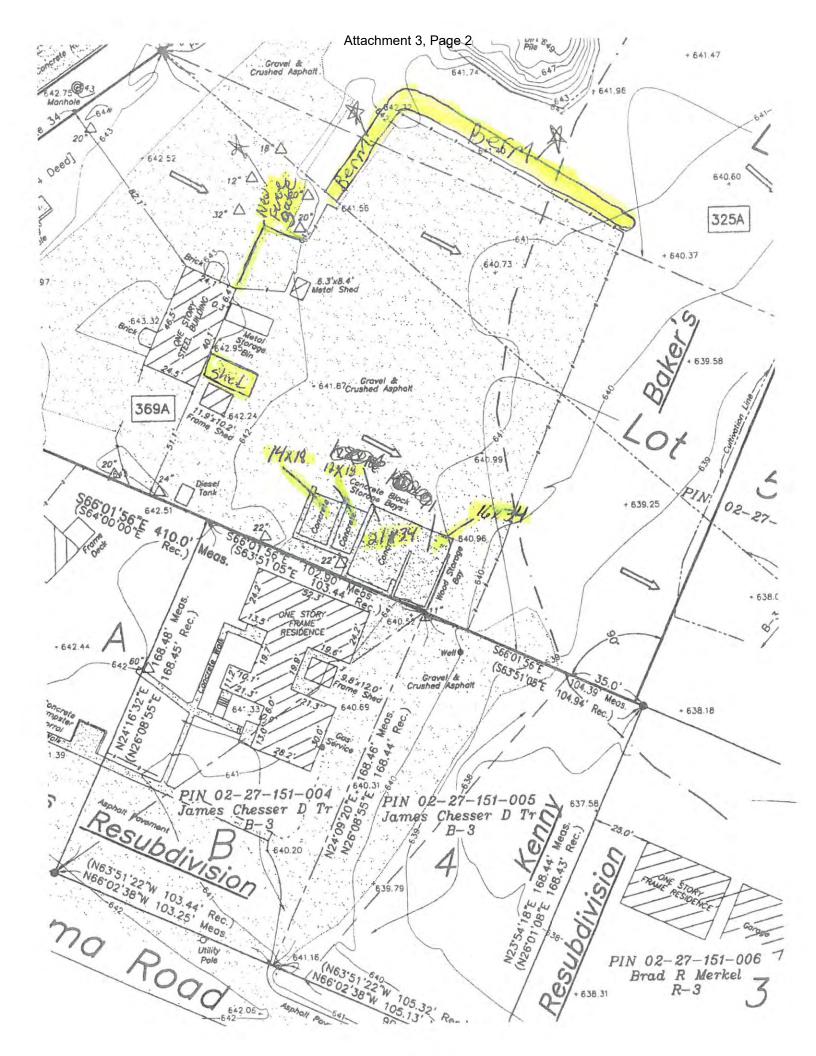
Adam Rawe Division of Ecosystems and Environment 217-785-5500





Kendall County Web GIS







TEBRUGGE ENGINEERING

410 E. CHURCH ST.—SUITE A SANDWICH, IL 60548

PHONE: (815) 786 - 0195 EMAIL: INFO@TEBRUGGEENGINEERING.COM WEBSITE: WWW.TEBRUGGEENGINEERING.COM

December 4, 2020

Mr. Matt Asselmeier Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Department 111 W Fox St Room 204 Yorkville, IL 60560-1498

Re: Cox Landscaping

9000 E. Veterans Parkway

Yorkville IL

Dear Mr. Asselmeier,

I visited the site located at 9000 E Veterans Parkway and walked the site to review the parking and storage areas used by Cox Landscaping. The site topographic survey had recently been done by Phil Young & Associates and we completed a Civil Site Plan detailing the areas of topsoil stockpile and the landscape berm which was installed on the north and east sides of the rear storage area. We reviewed the site history of this property utilizing google earth back to 2000 and the north portion utilized by Cox Landscaping has not had any significant change since the previous landscape company used this site.

The drainage pattern is from north to south. The parking lots and storage area all drain to the south. The landscape berm around the rear storage area and the topsoil stockpile do not block or impede the overland flow of storm water to the south. There was no erosion of the topsoil stockpile noticed on the south side of the topsoil stockpile. Cox Landscaping stated that they use the topsoil on an as needed basis for their landscaping projects.

If you have any additional questions, please contact us.

Sincerely,

Tebrugge Engineering



John Tebrugge



Cox Landscaping 4433 Tuma Road Yorkville, Illinois 60545

PROPERTY LOCATION:

PIN: 02-27-151-001 PIN: 02-27-151-003

AREA TO BE REZONED:

B3 to B3-SU 49707 sq.ft. = 1.1411 acres A1 to B3-SU 57506 sq.ft. = 1.3202 acres Total Area = 2.4613 Acres

PRESENT ZONING: A1 and B3 (Ordinance #74)

PROPOSED ZONING: B3-SU

(S64°00'00"E Rec.) S65°51'43"E 197.16' Meas. Gravel Drive 102-27-151-001 11.9'x10.2' Frame Shed (\$63°51'05"E /104.94' Rec.)

LEGEND

EXISTING CONTOUR LINE EXISTING STORM SEWER EXISTING SANITARY SEWER LINE EXISTING WATERMAIN EXISTING UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC EXISTING GAS SERVICE EXISTING TELEPHONE PROPOSED CONTOUR LINE PROPOSED STORM SEWER PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER LINE PROPOSED GREASE SERVICE LINE PROPOSED VENT LINE EXISTING FENCELINE PROPOSED SILT FENCE EXISTING SPOT SHOT x 686.00 x 686.00 PROPOSED SPOT GRADE B-BOX HYDRANT VALVE VALVE VAULT INLET-CURB INLET OR MANHOLE FLARED END SECTION SANITARY: CLEANOUT MANHOLE ☐ UTIL CABINET CHISELED MARK BENCHMARK □ UTIL PEDESTAL

HUB & TACK SOIL BORING OVERLAND RELIEF

→ FLOW DIRECTION

LIGHT POLE

ELECTRIC VAULT GAS VALVE

SURVEY COMPLETED BY:

1107B South Bridge Street Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Telephone (630)553-1580 Phillip D. Young and Associates, Inc. LAND SURVEYING - TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING - Lic.#184-002775

BENCHMARK (NAVD 1988)

BM#1 —— Top of Curb Inlet at the Northwest Corner of Subject Property. Elevation = 642.55

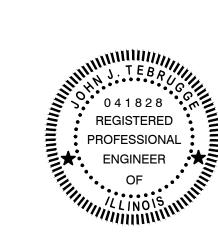
BM#2 —— Manhole Rim at Curb at the Southwest Corner of Subject Property. Elevation = 644.23

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF KENDALL

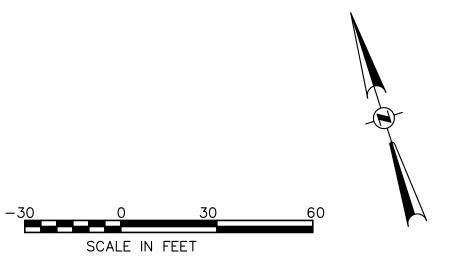
I JOHN J. TEBRUGGE, A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OF ILLINOIS, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN

PREPARED UNDER MY PERSONAL DIRECTION BASED ON AVAILABLE DOCUMENTS AND FIELD MEASUREMENTS FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE CLIENT NOTED HEREON.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND & SEAL THIS 3RD DAY OF DECEMBER, 2020





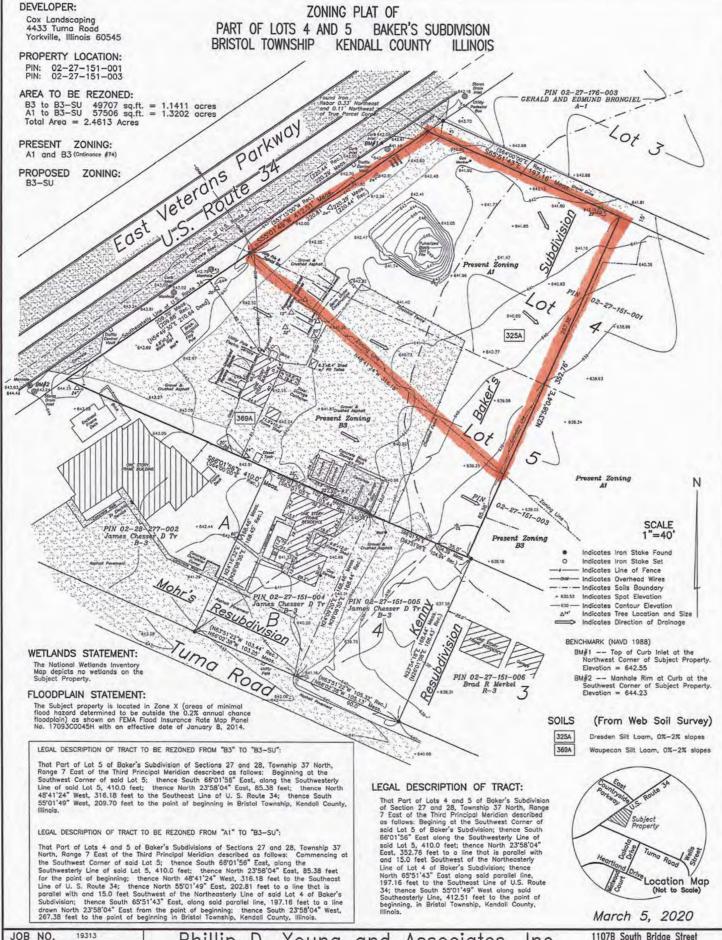


	TEBRUGGI	E ENGINEERING
	410 E. CHURCH STREET	- SUITE A • SANDWICH, IL 60548
W W	PHONE: (815) 786-0195	TEBRUGGEENGINEERING.COM

	Ş	NO.	DATE	NOTES	PREPARED FOR:
	ΖĮ				PREPARED FOR.
ı	SIS				COX LANDSCAPING
}	۲				
, I	R				9000 E VETERANS PARKWAY, YORKVILLE, IL 60560
¹	۳I				3000 E VETER (113 17 (11 (11 / 11 / 11 / 11 / 11 / 11 / 1

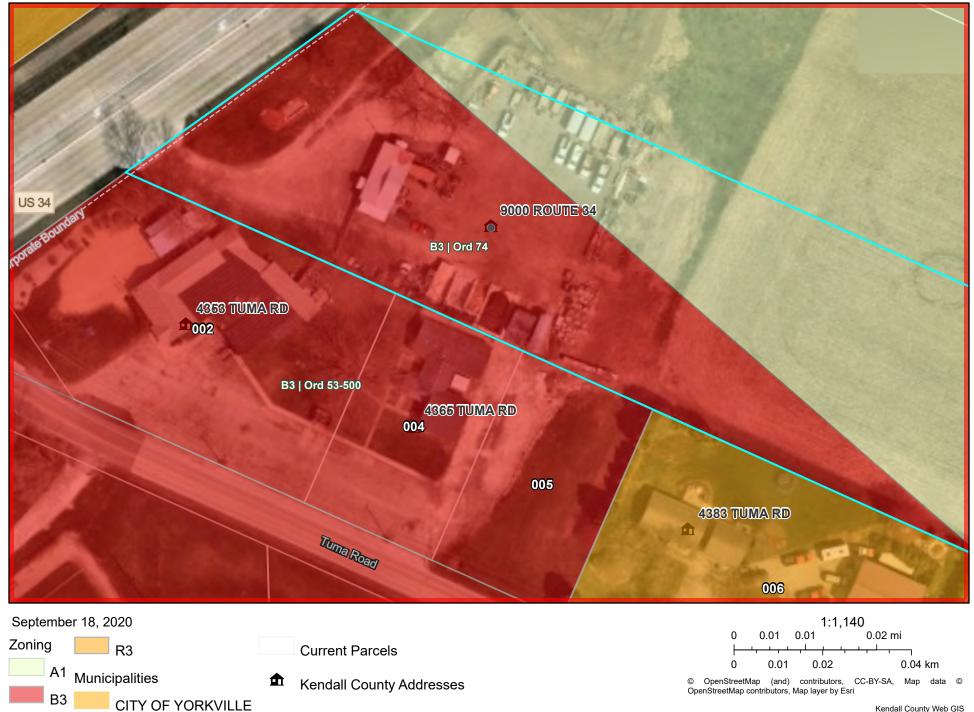
COX LANDSCAPING SITE PLAN
EXISTING CONDITION PLAN

SHEET NO. OF 1 SHEETS



JOB NO	0. 19313	F = 1
JOB N	AME COX	
DWG F	II F 19313	

1107B South Bridge Street Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Telephone (630)553-1580



















Minois Office Supply - Ottawa, IL 430

STATE OF ILL Kendall	County,	SS.		
Town of Bristol	lerk at Bristo	THE	E BOARD OF TOWN TRUS	TEES met at the uary 52020 @7:00p.m.
PRESENT:			Robert Walker Julie Bennett Sharla Logan-Waclaw Bill Weatherly	Supervisor Town Clerk
also present			Cory Johnson Cliff Oleson	Town Trustee Town Trustee
		ils xattingxasvolvaling iness was transacted		el Herrera, ial, Att. Dan Kramer

Supervisor Walker opened the meeting with The Pledge of Allegiance. Clerk Bennett took roll call.

At this time Sup. Walker asked Attorney Dan Kramer to make his presentation. Attorney Kramer told about zoning of businesses and that nurseries and Landscaping firms are now classed differently. Landscaping businesses now need a Special Use permit to operate. He is representing a local landscaping business along Rt. 34, near Tuma Road in Yorkville. They are seeking the Special Use zoning permit. With the Township Board having no issues with this, Weatherly made a motion to approve the Special use zoning for landscaping property/business along Rt. 34, second Johnson. Logan-Waclaw, Walker, Weatherly Johnson, Oleson all aye, none nay.

Minutes were presented. Motion to approve minutes Oleson, second Weatherly, all aye, none nay.

Bills were presented for payment. Motion to authorize payment of the bills, Johnson second Weatherly. Logan-Waclaw, Walker, Weatherly, Johnson, Oleson all aye, none nay.

General Town	\$ 41,473.99
Town FICA	2,335.80
General Assistance	991.00
Road and Bridge	8,541.44
Permanent/Hard Road	32,000.99
Road FICA	537.10
TOTAL.	\$ 85,880,32

Old Business - Highway Commissioner Corneils commented on the Lynwood drainage issue. It is currently in the permit process with the state. Discussion followed as to the engineering of the project. Comm. Corneils will ask the engineers to attend the next meeting to better explain to the public.

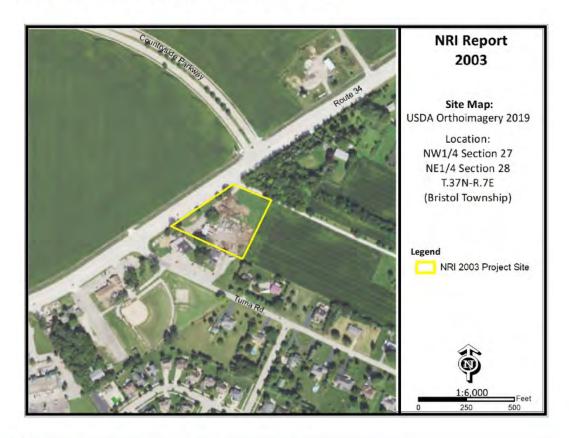
Clerk Bennett mentioned last month's discussion on an Intergovernmental Agreement with Oswego Twp. As the board was in agreement with this, Bennett asked for a motion to approve. Motion to approve Intergovernmental Agreement with Oswego Twp. made by Weatherly, second Johnson. Logan-Waclaw, Walker, Weatherly, Johnson, Oleson all aye, none nay.

Assessor - Assessor Pickert reported that Signature Fitness is going into the former Dick's Sporting Goods building at Kendall Marketplace.

Last month the board received the Assessor's Budget. After review, a motion was made to approve the Assessor's Budget for the year, made by Johnson, second Oleson, all aye, none nay.

New Business - Comm. Corneils reported that the Township Building was recently

NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION (NRI) REPORT: 2003



January 2020 Petitioner: Cox Landscaping LLC Contact: Attorney Daniel J. Kramer

Prepared by:



Kendall County Soil & Water Conservation District

7775A Route 47 • Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Phone: (630)553-5821 x3 • Fax: (630)553-7442

www.kendallswcd.org

2003 Executive Summary January 2020

Petitioner: Cox Landscaping LLC

Contact Person: Attorney Daniel J. Kramer

County or Municipality the petition is filled with: Kendall County

Location of Parcel: NW% Section 27, NE% Section 28, T.37N.-R.7E. (Bristol Township) of the 3rd Principal

Meridian

Project or Subdivision Name: Cox Landscaping

Existing Zoning & Land Use: B-3 Business; Nursery & Landscaping Business

<u>Proposed Zoning & Land Use:</u> Special Use Permit; Nursery & Landscaping Business

Proposed Water Source: Existing Well

Proposed Type of Sewage Disposal System: Existing Septic

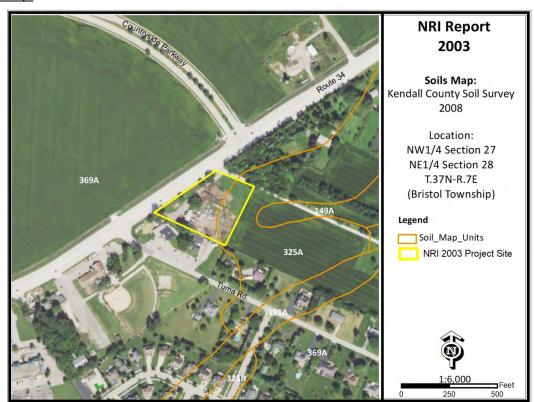
Proposed Type of Storm Water Management: N/A

Size of Site: 2.5 acres

Land Evaluation Site Assessment Score: 115 (Land Evaluation: 89; Site Assessment: 26)

Natural Resource Findings

Soil Map:



SOIL INFORMATION:

Based on information from the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) 2008 Kendall County Soil Survey, this parcel is shown to contain the following soil types (please note this does not replace the need for or results of onsite soil testing; if completed, please refer to onsite soil test results for planning/engineering purposes):

Table 1:

Мар	Soil Name	Drainage Class	Hydrologic	Hydric Designation	Farmland
Unit			Group		Designation
325A	Dresden silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Well Drained	В	Non-hydric	Prime Farmland
369A	Waupecan silt loam, 0-	Well Drained	В	Non-hydric	Prime Farmland
	2% slopes				

<u>Hydrologic Soil Groups</u>: Soils have been classified into four (A, B, C, D) hydrologic groups based on runoff characteristics due to rainfall. If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second letter is for undrained areas.

- ✓ Hydrologic group A: Soils have a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.
- ✓ Hydrologic group B: Soils have a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet, consist chiefly
 of moderately deep to deep, moderately well drained to well drained soils that have a
 moderately fine to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water
 transmission.
- ✓ Hydrologic group C: Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.
- ✓ **Hydrologic group D:** Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

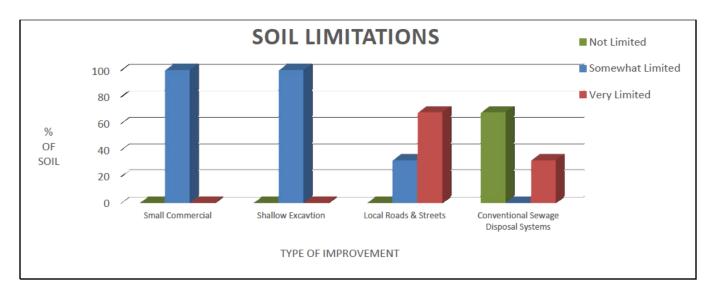
<u>Hydric Soils</u>: A hydric soil is one that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part of the soil profile that supports the growth or regeneration of hydrophytic vegetation. Soils with hydric inclusions have map units dominantly made up of non-hydric soils that may have inclusions of hydric soils in the lower positions on the landscape. Of the soils found onsite, none are classified as hydric or having hydric inclusions.

<u>Prime Farmland</u>: Prime farmland is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for agricultural production. Prime farmland soils are an important resource to Kendall County and some of the most productive soils in the United States occur locally. Of the soils found onsite, all are designated as prime farmland.

Soil Limitations: Limitations for small commercial building, shallow excavations, lawns/landscaping and conventional septic systems.

Table 2a:

Soil	Small Commercial	Shallow Excavations	Lawns &	Conventional
Type	Building		Landscaping	Septic Systems
325A	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Unsuitable:
				Gravel
369A	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Suitable



Kendall County Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA):

Decision-makers in Kendall County use the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) system to determine the suitability of a land use change and/or a zoning request as it relates to agricultural land. The LESA system was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) and takes into consideration local conditions such as physical characteristics of the land, compatibility of surrounding land-uses, and urban growth factors. The LESA system is a two-step procedure that includes:

- ➤ LAND EVALUATION (LE) The soils of a given area are rated and placed in groups ranging from the best to worst suited for a stated agriculture use, cropland or forestland. The best group is assigned a value of 100 and all other groups are assigned lower values. The Land Evaluation is based on data from the Kendall County Soil Survey. The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.
 - ✓ The Land Evaluation score for this site is 89, indicating that this site is currently well suited for agricultural uses.
- ➤ SITE ASSESSMENT (SA) The site is numerically evaluated according to important factors that contribute to the quality of the site. Each factor selected is assigned values in accordance with the local needs and objectives. The Kendall County LESA Committee is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.
 - ✓ The Site Assessment score for this site is 26.

The LESA Score for this site is 115 which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Note: Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County.

<u>Wetlands:</u> The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's National Wetland Inventory map **does not indicate** the presence of a wetland(s) on the proposed project site. To determine if a wetland is present, a wetland delineation specialist, who is recognized by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, should determine the exact boundaries and value of the wetlands.

Floodplain: The parcel is not located within the floodplain.

<u>Sediment and Erosion Control:</u> Development on this site should include an erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Soil erosion on construction sites is a resource concern because suspended sediment from areas undergoing development is a primary nonpoint source of water pollution. Please consult the *Illinois Urban Manual* (http://illinoisurbanmanual.org) for appropriate best management practices.

LAND USE FINDINGS:

The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) Board has reviewed the proposed development plans for Petitioner Cox Landscaping LLC at the request of their contact, Attorney Daniel J. Kramer for the proposed special use request within Kendall County located in Sections 27 & 28 of Bristol Township (T.37N-R.7E) of the 3rd Principal Meridian) in Kendall County. Based on the information provided by the petitioner and a review of natural resource related data available to the Kendall County SWCD, the SWCD Board presents the following information.

The Kendall County SWCD has always had the opinion that Prime Farmland should be preserved whenever feasible. A land evaluation, which is a part of the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) was conducted on this parcel. The soils on this parcel scored an 89 out of a possible 100 points indicating the soils are well suited for agricultural uses. The total LESA Score for this site is 115 which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. Additionally, of the soils found onsite, 100% are classified as prime farmland.

Soils found on the project site are rated for specific uses and can have potential limitations for development. Soil types with severe limitations do not preclude the ability to develop the site for the proposed use but it is important to note the limitation that may require soil reclamation, special design/engineering, or maintenance to obtain suitable soil conditions to support development with significant limitations. This report indicates that for soils located on the parcel, 100% are very limited for local roads/streets and 32% are unsuitable for conventional septic systems. This information is based on the soil in an undisturbed state. If the scope of the project may include the use of onsite septic systems, please consult with the Kendall County Health Department.

This site is located within both the Fox River Watershed.

This development should include a soil erosion and sediment control plan to be implemented during construction. Sediment may become a primary non-point source of pollution; eroded soils during the construction phase can create unsafe conditions on roadways, degrade water quality and destroy aquatic ecosystems lower in the watershed.

For intense use it is recommended that the drainage tile survey completed on the parcel to locate the subsurface drainage tile be taken into consideration during the land use planning process. Drainage tile expedites drainage and facilitates farming. It is imperative that these drainage tiles remain undisturbed. Impaired tile may affect a few acres or hundreds of acres of drainage.

The information that is included in this Natural Resources Information Report is to assure the Land Developers take into full consideration the limitations of that land that they wish to develop. Guidelines and recommendations are also a part of this report and should be considered in the planning process. The Natural Resource Information Report is required by the Illinois Soil and Water Conservation District Act (III. Complied Statues, Ch. 70, Par 405/22.02a).



KENDALL CO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION REPORT (NRI)

NRI Report Number	2003
Date District Board Reviews Application	January 2020
Applicant's Name	Cox Landscaping LLC
Size of Parcel	2.5 acres
Current Zoning & Use	B-3; Landscaping / Nursery Business
Proposed Zoning & Use	Special Use Permit; Landscaping / Nursery
	Business
Parcel Index Number(s)	02-27-151-003; 02-27-151-001
Contact Person	Attorney Daniel J. Kramer

Copies of this report or notification of the proposed land-use change were provided to:	Yes	No
The Applicant	Х	
The Applicant's Legal Representation	X	
The Local/Township Planning Commission	Х	
The Village/City/County Planning and Zoning Department or Appropriate Agency	Х	
The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District Files	Х	

Report Prepared By: Megan Andrews Position: Resource Conservationist

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
PURPOSE & INTENT	8
PARCEL LOCATION	9
ARCHAEOLOGIC/CULTURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION	10
ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS	11
SOILS INFORMATIONFigure 2: Soil Map	12
SOILS INTERPRETATIONS EXPLANATION	13
SOIL WATER FEATURES	16
SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL	17
PRIME FARMLAND SOILS Figure 4: Prime Farmland Soil Map	18
LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)	18
DRAINAGE, RUNOFF AND FLOOD INFORMATION	20
WATERSHED PLANS	23
WETLAND INFORMATION Figure 7: USFWS National Wetland Inventory	23
HYDRIC SOILSFigure 8: Hydric Soils Map	24
WETLAND AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS	26
GLOSSARY	27
REFERENCES	29

PURPOSE AND INTENT

The purpose of this report is to inform officials of the local governing body and other decision-makers with natural resource information. This information may be useful when undertaking land use decisions concerning variations, amendments or relief of local zoning ordinances, proposed subdivision of vacant or agricultural lands and the subsequent development of these lands. This report is a requirement under Section 22.02a of the Illinois Soil and Water Conservation Districts Act.

The intent of this report is to present the most current natural resource information available in a readily understandable manner. It contains a description of the present site conditions, the present resources, and the potential impacts that the proposed change may have on the site and its resources. The natural resource information was gathered from standardized data, on-site investigations and information furnished by the petitioner. This report must be read in its entirety so that the relationship between the natural resource factors and the proposed land use change can be fully understood.

Due to the limitations of scale encountered with the various resource maps, the property boundaries depicted in the various exhibits in this report provide a generalized representation of the property location and may not precisely reflect the legal description of the PIQ (Parcel in Question).

This report, when used properly, will provide the basis for proper land use change decisions and development while protecting the natural resource base of the county. It should not be used in place of detailed environmental and/or engineering studies that are warranted under most circumstances, but in conjunction with those studies.

The conclusions of this report in no way indicate that a certain land use is not possible, but it should alert the reader to possible problems that may occur if the capabilities of the land are ignored. Any questions on the technical data supplied in this report or if anyone feels that they would like to see more additional specific information to make the report more effective, please contact:

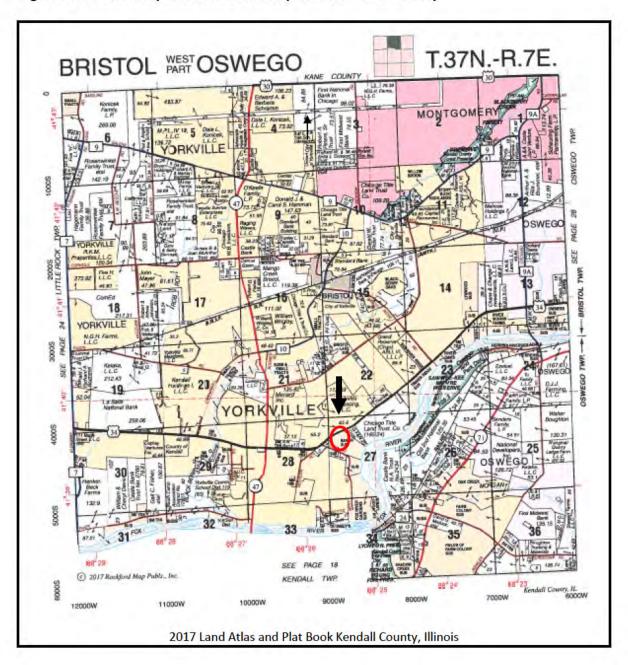
Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation
District
7775A Route 47, Yorkville, IL 60560
Phone: (630) 553-5821 ext. 3
FAX: (630) 553-7442
E-mail: Megan.Andrews@il.nacdnet.net

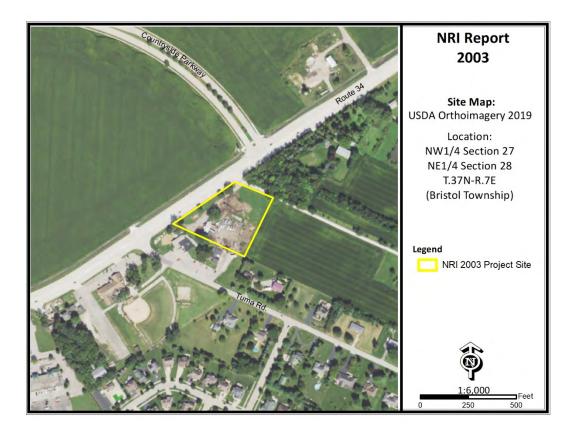
PARCEL LOCATION

Location Map for Natural Resources Information Report # 2003

NW¼ Section 27 and NE¼ Section 28 of Township 37 North, Range 7 East (Bristol Township) on 2.5 acres. This parcel is located on the south side of Route 34 and southeast of the intersection of Route 34 and Tuma Road. The parcel is located in unincorporated Kendall County.

Figure 1: 2017 Plat Map and 2017 Aerial Map with NRI Site Boundary





ARCHAEOLOGIC/CUTURAL RESOURCES

Simply stated, cultural resources are all the past activities and accomplishments of people. They include the following: buildings; objects made or used by people; locations; and less tangible resources, such as stories, dance forms, and holiday traditions. The Soil and Water Conservation District most often encounters cultural resources as historical properties. These may be prehistoric or historical sites, buildings, structures, features, or objects. The most common type of historical property that the Soil and Water Conservation District may encounter is non-structural archaeological sites. These sites often extend below the soil surface, and must be protected against disruption by development or other earth moving activity if possible. Cultural resources are non-renewable because there is no way to "grow" a site to replace a disrupted site.

Landowners with historical properties on their land have ownership of that historical property.

However, the State of Illinois owns all of the following: human remains, grave markers, burial mounds, and artifacts associated with graves and human remains.

Non-grave artifacts from archaeological sites and historical buildings are the property of the landowner. The landowner may choose to disturb a historical property, but may not receive federal or state assistance to do so. If an earth moving activity disturbs human remains, the landowner must contact the county coroner within 48 hours.

The Illinois Historic Preservation Agency has not been notified of the proposed land use change by the Kendall County SWCD. The applicant may need to contact the IHPA according to current Illinois law.

ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

What is Biological Diversity and Why Should it be Conserved?¹

Biological diversity, or biodiversity, is the range of life on our planet. A more thorough definition is presented by botanist Peter H. Raven: "At the simplest level, biodiversity is the sum total of all the plants, animals, fungi and microorganisms in the world, or in a particular area; all of their individual variation; and all of the interactions between them. It is the set of living organisms that make up the fabric of the planet Earth and allow it to function as it does, by capturing energy from the sun and using it to drive all of life's processes; by forming communities of organisms that have, through the several billion years of life's history on Earth, altered the nature of the atmosphere, the soil and the water of our Planet; and by making possible the sustainability of our planet through their life activities now." (Raven 1994)

It is not known how many species occur on our planet. Presently, about 1.4 million species have been named. It has been estimated that there are perhaps 9 million more that have not been identified. What is known is that they are vanishing at an unprecedented rate. Reliable estimates show extinction occurring at a rate several orders of magnitude above "background" in some ecological systems. (Wilson 1992, Hoose 1981)

The reasons for protecting biological diversity are complex, but they fall into four major categories.

First, loss of diversity generally weakens entire natural systems. Healthy ecosystems tend to have many natural checks and balances. Every species plays a role in maintaining this system. When simplified by the loss of diversity, the system becomes more susceptible to natural and artificial perturbations. The chances of a system-wide collapse increase. In parts of the midwestem United States, for example, it was

only the remnant areas of natural prairies that kept soil intact during the dust bowl years of the 1930s. (Roush 1982)

Simplified ecosystems are almost always expensive to maintain. For example, when synthetic chemicals are relied upon to control pests, the target species are not the only ones affected. Their predators are almost always killed or driven away, exasperating the pest problem. In the meantime, people are unintentionally breeding pesticide-resistant pests. A process has begun where people become perpetual guardians of the affected area, which requires the expenditure of financial resources and human ingenuity to keep the system going.

A second reason for protecting biological diversity is that it represents one of our greatest untapped resources. Great benefits can be reaped from a single species. About 20 species provide 90% of the world's food. Of these 20, just three, wheat, maize and rice-supply over one half of that food. American wheat farmers need new varieties every five to 15 years to compete with pests and diseases. Wild strains of wheat are critical genetic reservoirs for these new varieties.

Further, every species is a potential source of human medicine. In 1980, a published report identified the market value of prescription drugs from higher plants at over \$3 billion. Organic alkaloids, a class of chemical compounds used in medicines, are found in an estimated 20% of plant species. Yet only 2% of plant species have been screened for these compounds. (Hoose 1981)

The third reason for protecting diversity is that humans benefit from natural areas and depend on healthy ecosystems. The natural world supplies our air, our water, our food and supports human economic activity. Further, humans are creatures that evolved in a diverse natural environment between forest and

¹Taken from *The Conservation of Biological Diversity in the Great Lakes Ecosystem: Issues and Opportunities*, prepared by the Nature
Conservancy Great Lakes Program 79W. Monroe
Street, Suite 1309, Chicago, IL 60603, January 1994

grasslands. People need to be reassured that such places remain. When people speak of "going to the country," they generally mean more than getting out of town. For reasons of their own sanity and well being, they need a holistic, organic experience. Prolonged exposure to urban monotony produces neuroses, for which cultural and natural diversity cure.

Historically, the lack of attention to biological diversity, and the ecological processes it supports, has resulted in economic hardships for segments of the basin's human population.

The final reason for protecting biological diversity is that species and natural systems are intrinsically valuable. The above reasons have focused on the benefits of the natural world to humans. All things possess intrinsic value simply because they exist.

Biological Resources Concerning the Subject Parcel

As part of the Natural Resources Information Report, staff checks office maps to determine if any nature preserves are in the general vicinity of the parcel in question. If there is a nature preserve in the area, then that resource will be identified as part of the report. The SWCD recommends that every effort be made to protect that resource. Such efforts should include, but are not limited to erosion control, sediment control, stormwater management, and groundwater monitoring.

Office maps indicate that ecologically sensitive area(s), Fox River, Saw-Wee-Kee Nature Preserve, Lyon Forest Preserve and Richard Young Forest Preserve are located near the parcel in question (PIQ).

SOILS INFORMATION

Importance of Soils Information

Soils information comes from the Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Maps and Descriptions for Kendall County. This information is important to all parties involved in determining the suitability of the proposed land use change.

Each soil polygon is given a number, which represents its soil type. The letter found after the soil type number indicates the soils slope class.

Each soil map unit has limitations for a variety of land uses such as septic systems, buildings with basements, and buildings without basements. It is important to remember that soils do not function independently of each other. The behavior of a soil depends upon the physical properties of adjacent soil types, the presence of artificial drainage, soil compaction, and its position in the local landscape.

The limitation categories (slight, moderate or severe) indicate the potential for difficulty in using that soil unit for the proposed activity and, thus, the degree of need for thorough soil borings and engineering studies. A limitation

does not necessarily mean that the proposed activity cannot be done on that soil type. It does mean that the reasons for the limitation need to be thoroughly understood and dealt with in order to complete the proposed activity successfully. A severe limitation indicates that the proposed activity will be more difficult and costly to do on that soil type than on a soil type with a moderate or slight rating.

Soil survey interpretations are predictions of soil behavior for specified land uses and specified management practices. They are based on the soil properties that directly influence the specified use of the soil. Soil survey interpretations allow users of soil surveys to plan reasonable alternatives for the use and management of soils.

Soil interpretations do not eliminate the need for on-site study and testing of specific sites for the design and construction for specific uses. They can be used as a guide for planning more detailed investigations and for avoiding undesirable sites for an intended use. The scale of the maps and the range of error limit the use of the soil delineation.

Figure 2: Soil Map

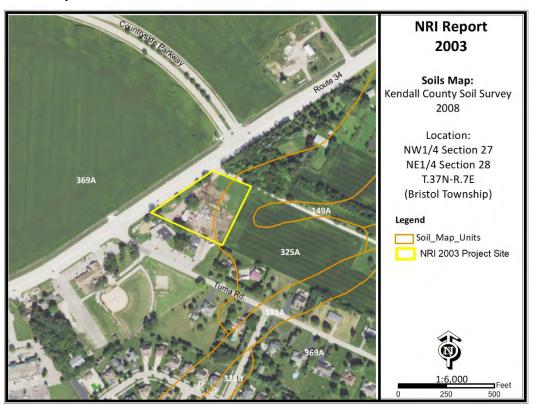


Table 1: Soil Map Unit Descriptions

Symbol	Descriptions	Acres	Percent
325A	Dresden silt loam, 0-2% slopes	0.8	32%
369A	Waupecan silt loam, 0-2% slopes	1.7	68%

^{*}SOURCE: National Cooperative Soil Survey – USDA-NRCS

SOIL INTERPRETATIONS EXPLANATION

Nonagricultural

General

These interpretative ratings help engineers, planners, and others to understand how soil properties influence behavior when used for nonagricultural uses such as building site development or construction materials. This report gives ratings for proposed uses in terms of limitations and restrictive features. The tables list only the most restrictive features.

Other features may need treatment to overcome soil limitations for a specific purpose. Ratings come from the soil's "natural" state, that is, no unusual modification occurs other

than that which is considered normal practice for the rated use. Even though soils may have limitations, an engineer may alter soil features or adjust building plans for a structure to compensate for most degrees of limitations. Most of these practices, however, are costly. The final decision in selecting a site for a particular use generally involves weighing the costs for site preparation and maintenance. Soil properties influence development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Soil limitation ratings of slight, moderate, and severe are given for the types of

proposed improvements that are listed or inferred by the petitioner as entered on the report application and/or zoning petition. The most common types of building limitation that this report gives limitations ratings for is: septic systems. It is understood that engineering practices can overcome most limitations for buildings with and without basements, and small commercial buildings. Limitation ratings for these types of buildings are not commonly provided. Organic soils, when present on the parcel, are referenced in the hydric soils section of the report. This type of soil is considered to be unsuitable for all types of construction.

Limitations Ratings

 Not Limited - This soil has favorable properties for the use. The degree of limitation is minor. The people

- involved can expect good performance and low maintenance.
- 2. **Somewhat Limited** This soil has moderately favorable properties for the use. Special planning, design, or maintenance can overcome this degree of limitation. During some part of the year, the expected performance is less desirable than for soils rated slight.
- 3. **Very Limited** This soil has one or more properties that are unfavorable for the rated use. These may include the following: steep slopes, bedrock near the surface, flooding, high shrinkswell potential, a seasonal high water table, or low strength. This degree of limitation generally requires major soil reclamation, special design, or intensive maintenance, which in most situations is difficult and costly.

BUILDING LIMITATIONS

Building on Poorly Suited or Unsuitable Soils: Can present problems to future property owners such as cracked foundations, wet basements, lowered structural integrity and high maintenance costs associated with these problems. The staff of the Kendall County SWCD strongly urges scrutiny by the plat reviewers when granting parcels with these soils exclusively.

<u>Small Commercial Building</u> - Ratings are for structures that are less than three stories high and do not have basements. The foundation is is assumed to be spread footings of reinforced concrete built on disturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs.

<u>Shallow Excavations -</u> Trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for utility lines, open ditches or other purposes. Ratings are based on soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing.

<u>Lawns and Landscaping</u> - Require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained (irrigation is not considered in the ratings). The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established.

Local Roads and Streets - They have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material, a base of gravel, crushed rock or soil material stablilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete) or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the east of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity.

Onsite Sewage Disposal – The factors considered are the characteristics and qualities of the soil that affect the limitations for absorbing waste from domestic sewage disposal systems. The major features considered are soil permeability, percolation rate, groundwater level, depth to bedrock, flooding hazards, and slope. The table below indicates soils that are deemed unsuitable per the Kendall County Subdivision Control Ordinance. Installation of an

on-site sewage disposal system in soils designated as unsuitable may necessitate the installation of a non-conventional onsite sewage disposal system. For more information please

contact the Kendall County Health Department – Environmental Health at (630)553-9100 x8026

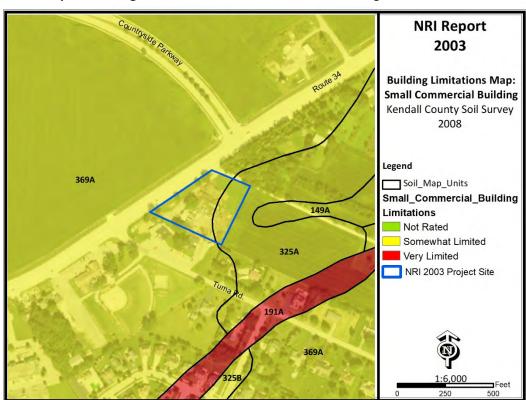
Table 2a: Building Limitations

Soil Type	Small Commercial Building	Shallow Excavation	Lawns/Landscaping	Acres	%
325A	Somewhat Limited: Shrink-swell	Somewhat Limited: Dusty; Unstable Excavation Walls	Somewhat Limited: Dusty	0.8	32%
369A	Somewhat Limited: Shrink-swell	Somewhat Limited: Dusty; Unstable Excavation Walls	Somewhat Limited: Dusty	1.7	68%
% Very Limited	0%	0%	0%		

Table 2b: Building Limitations

Soil Type	Local Roads & Streets	Onsite Conventional Sewage	Acres	%
		Systems		
325A	Somewhat Limited:	Unsuitable:	0.8	32%
	Low strength; Frost action; Shrink-swell	Gravel		
369A	Very Limited:	Suitable	1.7	68%
	Frost action; Low Strength; Shrink-swell			
% Very Limited	68%	68%		

Figure 3a: Map of Building Limitations – Small Commercial Building



SOIL WATER FEATURES

This table gives estimates of various soil water features that should be taken into consideration when reviewing engineering for a land use project.

Hydrologic Soil Groups (HSGs): The groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

Group A: Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B: Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C: Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D: Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Note: If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D or C/D) the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas.

Surface Runoff: Refers to the loss of water from an area by flow over the land surface. Surface runoff classes are based upon slope, climate and vegetative cover and indicates relative runoff for very specific conditions (it is assumed that the surface of the soil is bare and that the retention of surface water resulting from irregularities in the ground surface is minimal). The classes are: negligible, very low, low, medium, high and very high.

<u>Months:</u> Indicates the portion of the year in which a water table, ponding, and/or flooding is most likely to be a concern.

<u>Water Table:</u> Refers to a saturated zone in the soil and the data indicates, by month, depth to the top (upper limit) and base (lower limit) of the saturated zone in most years. These estimates are based upon observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone (grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic features)) in the soil. Note: A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

<u>Ponding:</u> Refers to standing water in a closed depression and the data indicates surface water depth, duration and frequency of ponding.

Duration: Expressed as very brief if less than 2 days, brief is 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days and very long if more than 30 days.

Frequency: Expressed as: none meaning ponding is not possible; rare means unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (chance of ponding is 0-5% in any year); occasional means that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (chance of ponding is 5 to 50% in any year); and frequent means that it occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years (chance of ponding is more than 50% in any year).

<u>Flooding:</u> The temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

Duration: Expressed as: *extremely brief* if 0.1 hour to 4 hours; *very brief* if 4 hours to 2 days; *brief* if 2 to 7 days; *long* if 7 to 30 days; and *very long* if more than 30 days.

Frequency: Expressed as: none means flooding is not probable; very rare means that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (chance of flooding is less than 1% in any year); rare means that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (chance of flooding is 1 to 5% in any year); occasional means that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (chance of

flooding is 5 to 50% in any year but is less than 50% in all months in any year); and *very frequent* means that it is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions (chance of flooding is more than 50% in all months of any year).

Note: The information is based on evidence in the soil profile. In addition, consideration is

also given to local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

Table 3: Water Features

Мар	Hydrologic	Surface	Water Table	Ponding	Flooding
Unit	Group	Runoff			
325A	В	Low	January – Dec	January - Dec	January - Dec
			Upper Limit:	Surface Water Depth & Duration:	Duration:
			Lower Limit:	Frequency: None	Frequency: None
369A	В	Low	January – Dec	January - Dec	January - May
			Upper Limit:	Surface Water Depth & Duration:	Duration:
			Lower Limit:	Frequency: None	Frequency: None

SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion is the wearing away of the soil by water, wind, and other forces. Soil erosion threatens the Nation's soil productivity and contributes the most pollutants in our waterways. Water causes about two thirds of erosion on agricultural land. Four properties, mainly, determine a soil's erodibility: texture, slope, structure, organic matter content.

Slope has the most influence on soil erosion potential when the site is under construction. Erosivity and runoff increase as slope grade increases. The runoff then exerts more force on the particles, breaking their bonds more readily and carrying them farther before deposition. The longer water flows along a slope before reaching a major waterway, the greater the potential for erosion.

Soil erosion during and after this proposed construction can be a primary non-point source of water pollution. Eroded soil during the construction phase can create unsafe conditions on roadways, decrease the storage capacity of lakes, clog streams and drainage channels, cause deterioration of aquatic habitats, and increase

water treatment costs. Soil erosion also increases the risk of flooding by choking culverts, ditches and storm sewers, and by reducing the capacity of natural and man-made detention facilities.

The general principles of erosion and sedimentation control measures include:

- reducing or diverting flow from exposed areas, storing flows or limiting runoff from exposed areas,
- staging construction in order to keep disturbed areas to a minimum,
- establishing or maintaining or temporary or permanent groundcover,
- retaining sediment on site and
- properly installing, inspecting and maintaining control measures.

Erosion control practices are useful controls only if they are properly located, installed, inspected and maintained.

The SWCD recommends an erosion and sediment control plan for all building sites, especially if there is a wetland or stream nearby

Table 4: Soil Erosion Potential

Soil Type	Slope	Rating	Acreage	Percent of Parcel
325A	0-2%	Slight	0.8	32%
369A	0-2%	Slight	1.7	68%

PRIME FARMLAND SOILS

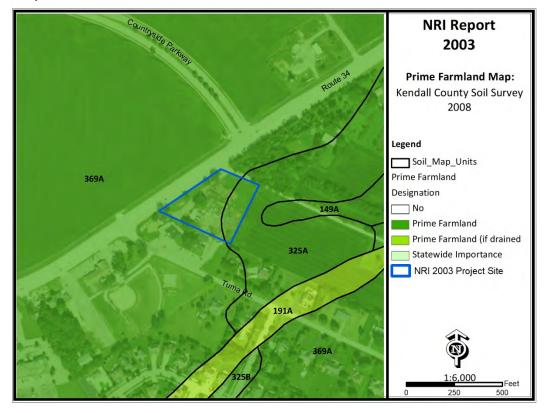
Prime farmland soils are an important resource to Kendall County. Some of the most productive soils in the United States occur locally. Each soil map unit in the United States is assigned a prime or non-prime rating. Prime agricultural land does not need to be in the production of food & fiber.

Section 310 of the NRCS general manual states that urban or built-up land on prime farmland soils is <u>not</u> prime farmland. The percentages of soils map units on the parcel reflect the determination that urban or built up land on prime farmland soils is not prime farmland.

Table 5: Prime Farmland Soils

Soil Types	Prime Designation	Acreage	Percent
325A	Prime Farmland	0.8	32%
369A	Prime Farmland	1.7	68%
% Prime Farmland	100%		

Figure 4: Map of Prime Farmland Soils



LAND EVALUATION & SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)

Decision-makers in Kendall County use the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) system to determine the suitability of a land use change and/or a zoning request as it relates to agricultural land. The LESA system was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) and takes into consideration local conditions such as physical characteristics of the land, compatibility of

surrounding land-uses, and urban growth factors. The LESA system is a two-step procedure that includes:

LAND EVALUATION (LE) – The soils of a given area are rated and placed in groups ranging from the best to worst suited for a stated agriculture use, cropland or forestland. The best group is assigned a value of 100 and all other groups are assigned lower values. The Land

Evaluation is based on data from the Kendall County Soil Survey. The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

SITE ASSESSMENT (SA) – The site is numerically evaluated according to important factors that contribute to the quality of the site. Each factor selected is assigned values in accordance with the local needs and objectives. The Kendall County LESA Committee is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

The value group is a predetermined value based upon prime farmland designation. The LE score

is calculated by multiplying the relative value of each soil type by the number of acres of that soil. The sum of the products is then divided by the total number of acres; the answer is the Land Evaluation score on this site.

<u>Please Note:</u> A land evaluation (LE) score will be compiled for every project parcel. However, when a parcel is located within municipal planning boundaries, a site assessment score is not compiled as the scoring factors are not applicable. As a result, only the LE score is available and a full LESA score is unavailable for the parcel.

Table 6a: Land Evaluation Computation

Soil Type	Value Group	Relative Value	Acres	Product (Relative Value x Acres)
325A	4	79	0.8	63.2
369A	2	94	1.7	159.8
Totals			2.5	223.0
LE Score		LE= 223.0/2.5		LE=89

The Land Evaluation score for this site is 89, indicating that this site is currently designated as prime farmland that is well suited for agricultural uses.

Table 6b: Site Assessment Computation

A.	Agricultural Land Uses	Points
	1. Percentage of area in agricultural uses within 1.5 miles of site. (20-10-5-0)	0
	2. Current land use adjacent to site. (30-20-15-10-0)	20
	3. Percentage of site in agricultural production in any of the last 5 years. (20-15-10-5-0)	0
	4. Size of site. (30-15-10-0)	0
В.	Compatibility / Impact on Uses	
	1. Distance from city or village limits. (20-10-0)	0
	2. Consistency of proposed use with County Land Resource Management Concept Plan and/or	0
	municipal comprehensive land use plan. (20-10-0)	
	3. Compatibility of agricultural and non-agricultural uses. (15-7-0)	0
C.	Existence of Infrastructure	
	1. Availability of public sewage system. (10-8-6-0)	0
	2. Availability of public water system. (10-8-6-0)	0
	3. Transportation systems. (15-7-0)	0
	4. Distance from fire protection service. (10-8-6-2-0)	6
	Site Assessment Score:	26

Land Evaluation Value: 89 + Site Assessment Value: 26 = LESA Score: 115

LESA SCORE	LEVEL OF PROTECTION
<mark>0-200</mark>	<mark>Low</mark>
201-225	Medium
226-250	High
251-300	Very High

The **LESA Score for this site is 115 which indicates a medium level of protection** for the proposed project site. Note: Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County.

LAND USE PLANS

Many counties, municipalities, villages and townships have developed land-use plans. These plans are intended to reflect the existing and future land-use needs of a given

community. Please contact the Kendall County Planning, Building & Zoning for information regarding the County's comprehensive land use plan and map.

DRAINAGE, RUNOFF AND FLOOD INFORMATION

U.S.G.S Topographic maps give information on elevations, which are important mostly to determine slopes, drainage directions, and watershed information.

Elevations determine the area of impact of floods of record. Slope information determines steepness and erosion potential. Drainage directions determine where water leaves the PIQ, possibly impacting surrounding natural resources.

Watershed information is given for changing land use to a subdivision type of development on parcels greater than 10 acres.

What is a watershed?

Simply stated, a watershed is the area of land that contributes water to a certain point. The watershed boundary is important because the area of land in the watershed can now be calculated using an irregular shape area calculator such as a dot counter or planimiter.

Using regional storm event information, and site specific soils and land use information, the peak stormwater flow through the point marked "O" for a specified storm event can be calculated. This value is called a "Q" value (for the given storm event), and is measured in cubic feet per second (CFS).

When construction occurs, the Q value naturally increases because of the increase in impermeable surfaces. This process decreases the ability of soils to accept and temporarily hold water. Therefore, more water runs off and increases the Q value.

Theoretically, if each development, no matter how large or small, maintains their preconstruction Q value after construction by the installation of stormwater management systems, the streams and wetlands and lakes will not suffer damage from excessive urban stormwater.

For this reason, the Kendall County SWCD recommends that the developer for intense uses such as a subdivision calculate the preconstruction Q value for the exit point(s). A stormwater management system should be designed, installed, and maintained to limit the postconstruction Q value to be at or below the preconstruction value.

Importance of Flood Information

A floodplain is defined as land adjoining a watercourse (riverine) or an inland depression (non-riverine) that is subject to periodic inundation by high water. Floodplains are important areas demanding protection since they have water storage and conveyance functions which affect upstream and down stream flows, water quality and quantity, and suitability of the land for human activity. Since floodplains play distinct and vital roles in the hydrologic cycle, development that interferes with their hydrologic and biologic functions should be carefully considered.

Flooding is both dangerous to people and destructive to their properties. The following maps, when combined with wetland and topographic information, can help developers and future homeowners to "sidestep" potential flooding or ponding problems.

FIRM is the acronym for the Flood Insurance Rate Map, produced by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. These maps define flood elevation adjacent to tributaries and major bodies of water, and superimpose that onto a simplified USGS topographic map. The scale of the FIRM maps is generally dependent on the size and density of parcels in that area. (This is to correctly determine the parcel location and flood plain location.) The FIRM map has three (3) zones. A is the zone of 100 year flood, zone B is the 100 to 500 year flood, and zone C is outside the flood plain.

The Hydrologic Atlas (H.A.) Series of the Flood of Record Map is also used for the topographic information. This map is different from the FIRM map mainly because it will show isolated, or pocketed flooded areas. Kendall County uses both these maps in conjunction with each other for flooded area determinations. The Flood of Record maps, show the areas of flood for various years. Both of these maps stress that the recurrence of flooding is merely statistical. That is to say a 100-year flood may occur twice in one year, or twice in one week, for that matter.

It should be noted that greater floods than those shown on the two maps are possible. The flood boundaries indicated provide a historic record only until the map publication date. Additionally, these flood boundaries are a function of the watershed conditions existing when the maps were produced. Cumulative changes in runoff characteristics caused by urbanization can result in an increase in flood height of future flood episodes.

Floodplains play a vital role in reducing the flood damage potential associated with an urbanizing area and, when left in an undisturbed state, also provide valuable wildlife habitat benefits. If it is the petitioner's intent to conduct floodplain filling or modification activities, the petitioner and the Unit of Government responsible need to consider the potentially adverse effects this type of action could have on adjacent properties. The change or loss of natural floodplain storage often increases the frequency and severity of flooding on adjacent property.

If the available maps indicate the presence of a floodplain on the PIQ, the petitioner should contact the IDOT-DWR and FEMA to delineate a floodplain elevation for the parcel. If a portion of the property is indeed floodplain, applicable state, county and local regulations will need to be reflected in the site plans.

Another indication of flooding potential can be found in the soils information. Hydric soils indicate the presence of drainageways, areas subject to ponding, or a naturally occurring high water table. These need to be considered along with the floodplain information when developing the site plan and the stormwater management plan. If the site does include these hydric soils and development occurs, thus raising the concerns of the loss of water storage in these soils and the potential for increased flooding in the area.

This parcel is located on topography (slopes 0 to 2%) involving high and low areas (elevation is approximately 640' above sea level). The parcel lies within the Fox River Watershed. The topographic map indicates that the parcel drains predominately southeast.

Figure 5: FEMA Floodplain Map

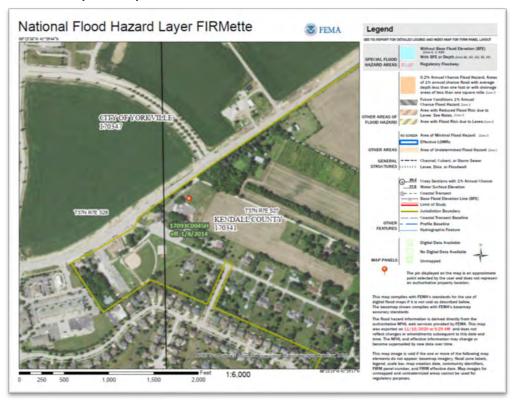
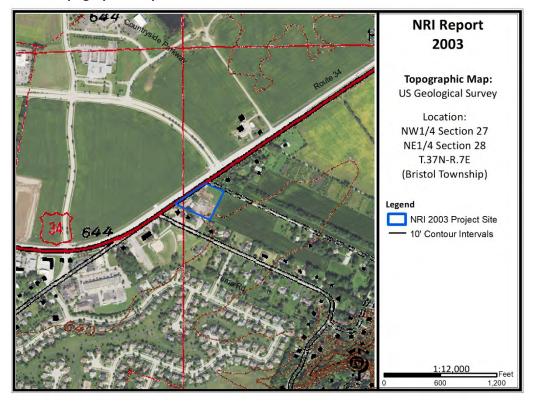


Figure 6: USGS Topographic Map



WATERSHED PLANS

Watershed and Subwatershed Information

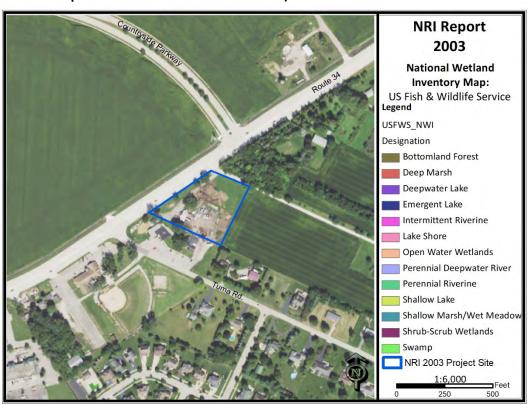
A watershed is the area of land that drains into a specific point including a stream, lake or other body of water. High points on the Earth's surface, such as hills and ridges define watersheds. When rain falls in the watershed, it flows across the ground towards a stream or lake. Rainwater carries any pollutants it comes in contact with such as oils, pesticides, and soil. Everyone lives in a watershed. Their actions can impact natural resources and people living downstream. Residents can minimize this impact by being aware of their environment and implications of their activities, implementing practices recommended in watershed plans and educating others about their watershed. This parcel is located within the Fox River Watershed.

The following are recommendations to developers for protection of this watershed:

- -Preserve open space.
- -Maintain wetlands as part of development.
- -Use natural water management.
- -Prevent soil from leaving a construction site.
- -Protect subsurface drainage.
- -Use native vegetation.
- -Retain natural features.
- -Mix housing styles and types.
- -Decrease impervious surfaces.
- -Reduce area disturbed by mass grading.
- -Shrink lot size and create more open space.
- -Maintain historical and cultural resources.
- -Treat water where it falls.
- -Preserve views.
- -Establish and link trails.

WETLAND INFORMATION

Figure 7: Wetland Map - USFWS National Wetland Inventory



Office maps indicate that wetlands are not present on the parcel in question (PIQ).

Importance of Wetland Information

Wetlands function in many ways to provide numerous benefits to society. They control flooding by offering a slow release of excess water downstream or through the soil. They cleanse water by filtering out sediment and some pollutants, and can function as rechargers of our valuable groundwater. They also are essential breeding, rearing, and feeding grounds for many species of wildlife.

These benefits are particularly valuable in urbanizing areas as development activity typically adversely affects water quality, increases the volume of stormwater runoff, and increases the demand for groundwater. In an area where many individual homes rely on shallow groundwater wells for domestic water supplies, activities that threaten potential groundwater recharge areas are contrary to the public good. The conversion of wetlands, with their sediment trapping and nutrient absorbing vegetation, to biologically barren stormwater detention ponds can cause additional degradation of water quality in downstream or adjacent areas.

It has been estimated that over 95% of the wetlands that were historically present in Illinois have been destroyed while only recently has the true environmental significance of wetlands been fully recognized. America is losing 100,000 acres of wetland a year, and has saved 5 million acres total (since 1934). One acre of wetland can filter 7.3 million gallons of

water a year. These are reasons why our wetlands are high quality and important.

This section contains the NRCS (Natural Resources Conservation Service) Wetlands Inventory, which is the most comprehensive inventory to date. The NRCS Wetlands Inventory is reproduced from an aerial photo at a scale of 1" equals 660 feet. The NRCS developed these maps in cooperation with U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency,) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, using the National Food Security Act Manual, 3rd Edition. The main purpose of these maps is to determine wetland areas on agricultural fields and areas that may be wetlands but are in a nonagriculture setting.

The NRCS Wetlands Inventory in no way gives an exact delineation of the wetlands, but merely an outline, or the determination that there is a wetland within the outline. For the final, most accurate wetland determination of a specific wetland, a wetland delineation must be certified by NRCS staff using the National Food Security Act Manual (on agricultural land.) On urban land, a certified wetland delineator must perform the delineation using the ACOE 1987 Manual. See the glossary section for the definitions of "delineation" and "determination.

Hydric Soils

Soils information gives another indication of flooding potential. The soils map on this page indicates the soil(s) on the parcel that the Natural Resources Conservation Service indicates as hydric. Hydric soils by definition have seasonal high water at or near the soil surface and/or have potential flooding or ponding problems. All hydric soils range from poorly suited to unsuitable for building. One group of the hydric soils, are the organic soils, which formed from dead organic material. Organic soils are unsuitable for building because of not only the high water table, but also their subsidence problems.

It is also important to add the possibility of hydric inclusions in a soil type. An inclusion is a soil polygon that is too small to appear on these maps. While relatively insignificant for agricultural use, hydric soil inclusions become more important to more intense uses such as a residential subdivision.

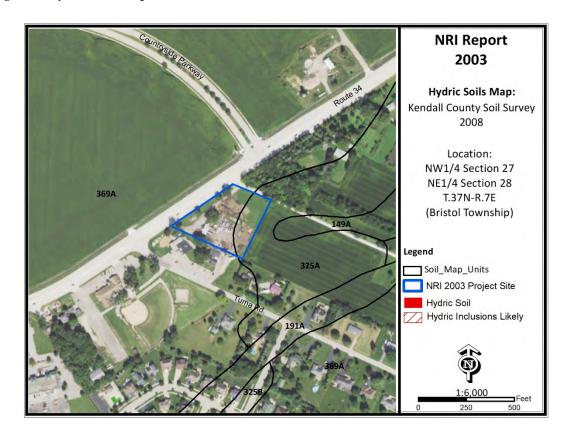
While considering hydric soils and hydric inclusions, it is noteworthy to mention that subsurface agriculture drainage tile occurs in almost all poorly drained and somewhat poorly drained soils. Drainage tile expedites drainage and facilitates farming. It is imperative that these drainage tiles remain undisturbed. A damaged subsurface drainage tile may return original hydrologic conditions to all of the areas that drained through the tile (ranging from less than one acre to many square miles.)

For an intense land use, such as a subdivision, the Kendall County SWCD recommends the following: a topographical survey with 1 foot contour intervals to accurately define the flood area on the parcel, an intensive soil survey to define most accurately the locations of the hydric soils and inclusions and a drainage tile survey on the area to locate the tiles that must be preserved to maintain subsurface drainage .

Table 7: Hydric Soils

Soil Types	Drainage Class	Hydric Designation	Hydric Inclusions Likely	Acreage	Percent
325A	Well Drained	Non-hydric	No	0.8	32%
369A	Well Drained	Non-hydric	No	1.7	68%

Figure 8: Hydric Soils Map



WETLAND AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING IF YOU ARE PLANNING TO DO ANY WORK NEAR A STREAM (THIS INCLUDES SMALL UNNAMED STREAMS), LAKE, WETLAND OR FLOODWAY.

The laws of the United States and the State of Illinois assign certain agencies specific and different regulatory roles to protect the waters within the State's boundaries. These roles, when considered together, include protection of navigation channels and harbors, protection against flood way encroachments, maintenance and enhancement of water quality, protection of fish and wildlife habitat and recreational resources, and, in general, the protection of total public interest. Unregulated use of the waters within the State of Illinois could permanently destroy or alter the character of these valuable resources and adversely impact the public. Therefore, please contact the proper regulatory authorities when planning any work associated with Illinois waters so that proper consideration and approval can be obtained.

WHO MUST APPLY

Anyone proposing to dredge, fill, rip rap, or otherwise alter the banks or beds of, or construct, operate, or maintain any dock, pier, wharf, sluice, dam, piling, wall, fence, utility, flood plain or flood way subject to State or Federal regulatory jurisdiction should apply for agency approvals.

REGULATORY AGENCIES:

- Wetlands or U.S. Waters: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Clock Tower Building, Rock Island, IL
- ◆ Flood plains: Illinois Department of Natural Resources \ Office of Water Resources, Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1270.
- Water Quality \ Erosion Control: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, Springfield,

COORDINATION

We recommend early coordination with the regulatory agencies <u>BEFORE</u> finalizing work plans. This allows the agencies to recommend measures to mitigate or compensate for adverse impacts. Also, the agency can make possible environmental enhancement provisions early in the project planning stages. This could reduce time required to process necessary approvals.

CAUTION: Contact with the United States Army Corps of Engineers is strongly advised before commencement of any work in or near a water of the United States. This could save considerable time and expense. Persons responsible for willful and direct violation of Section 10 of the River And Harbor Act of 1899 or Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act are subject to fines ranging up to \$27,500 per day of violation and imprisonment for up to one year or both.

GLOSSARY

AGRICULTURAL PROTECTION AREAS (AG AREAS) -

Allowed by P.A. 81-1173. An AG AREA consists of a minimum of 350 acres of farmland, as contiguous and compact as possible. Petitioned by landowners, AG AREAS protect for a period of ten years initially, then reviewed every eight years thereafter. AG AREA establishment exempts landowners from local nuisance ordinances directed at farming operations, and designated land cannot receive special tax assessments on public improvements that do not benefit the land, e.g. water and sewer lines.

AGRICULTURE - The growing, harvesting and storing of crops including legumes, hay, grain, fruit and truck or vegetable including dairying, poultry, swine, sheep, beef cattle, pony and horse production, fur farms, and fish and wildlife farms; farm buildings used for growing, harvesting and preparing crop products for market, or for use on the farm; roadside stands, farm buildings for storing and protecting farm machinery and equipment from the elements, for housing livestock or poultry and for preparing livestock or poultry products for market; farm dwellings occupied by farm owners, operators, tenants or seasonal or year around hired farm workers.

B.G. - Below Grade. Under the surface of the Earth.

BEDROCK - Indicates depth at which bedrock occurs. Also lists hardness as rippable or hard.

FLOODING - Indicates frequency, duration, and period during year when floods are likely to occur.

HIGH LEVEL MANAGEMENT - The application of effective practices adapted to different crops, soils, and climatic conditions. Such practices include providing for adequate soil drainage, protection from flooding, erosion and runoff control, near optimum tillage, and planting the correct kind and amount of high quality seed. Weeds, diseases, and harmful insects are controlled. Favorable soil reaction and near optimum levels of available nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium for individual crops are maintained. Efficient use is made of available crop residues, barnyard manure, and/or green manure crops. All operations, when combined efficiently and timely, can create favorable growing conditions and reduce harvesting losses -- within limits imposed by weather.

HIGH WATER TABLE - A seasonal high water table is a zone of saturation at the highest average depth during the wettest part of the year. May be apparent, perched, or artesian kinds of water tables.

Water Table, Apparent - A thick zone of free water in the soil. An apparent water table is indicated by the level at which water stands in an uncased borehole after adequate time is allowed for adjustment in the surrounding soil.

Water Table, Artesian - A water table under hydrostatic head, generally beneath an impermeable layer. When this layer is penetrated, the water level rises in an uncased borehole.

Water Table, Perched - A water table standing above an unsaturated zone. In places an upper, or perched, water table is separated from a lower one by a dry zone.

<u>**DELINEATION**</u> - For Wetlands: A series of orange flags placed on the ground by a certified professional that outlines the wetland boundary on a parcel.

<u>DETERMINATION</u> - A polygon drawn on a map using map information that gives an outline of a wetland.

<u>HYDRIC SOIL</u> - This type of soil is saturated, flooded, or ponded long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service 1987)

<u>INTENSIVE SOIL MAPPING</u> - Mapping done on a smaller more intensive scale than a modern soil survey to determine soil properties of a specific site, e.g. mapping for septic suitability.

LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT

(L.E.S.A.) - LESA is a systematic approach for evaluating a parcel of land and to determine a numerical value for the parcel for farmland preservation purposes.

MODERN SOIL SURVEY - A soil survey is a field investigation of the soils of a specific area, supported by information from other sources. The kinds of soil in the survey area are identified and their extent shown on a map, and an accompanying report describes, defines, classifies, and interprets the soils. Interpretations predict the behavior of the soils under different used and the soils' response to management. Predictions are made for areas of soil at specific places. Soils information collected in a soil survey is useful in developing land-use plans and alternatives involving soil management systems and in evaluating and predicting the effects of land use.

<u>PALUSTRINE</u> - Name given to inland fresh water wetlands.

<u>PERMEABILITY</u> - Values listed estimate the range (in rate and time) it takes for downward movement of water in the major soil layers when saturated, but allowed to drain freely. The estimates are based on soil texture, soil structure, available data on

permeability and infiltration tests, and observation of water movement through soils or other geologic materials.

PIQ - Parcel in question

<u>POTENTIAL FROST ACTION</u> - Damage that may occur to structures and roads due to ice lens formation causing upward and lateral soil movement. Based primarily on soil texture and wetness.

PRIME FARMLAND - Prime farmland soils are lands that are best suited to food, feed, forage, fiber and oilseed crops. It may be cropland, pasture, woodland, or other land, but it is not urban and built up land or water areas. It either is used for food or fiber or is available for those uses. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for a well managed soil economically to produce a sustained high yield of crops. Prime farmland produces in highest yields with minimum inputs of energy and economic resources, and farming the land results in the least damage to the environment.

Prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation. The temperature and growing season are favorable. The level of acidity or alkalinity is acceptable. Prime farmland has few or no rocks and is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods and is not frequently flooded during the growing season. The slope ranges mainly from 0 to 5 percent. (Source USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service)

PRODUCTIVITY INDEXES - Productivity indexes for grain crops express the estimated yields of the major grain crops grown in Illinois as a single percentage of the average yields obtained under basic management from several of the more productive soils in the state. This group of soils is composed of the Muscatine, Ipava, Sable, Lisbon, Drummer, Flanagan, Littleton, Elburn and Joy soils. Each of the 425 soils found in Illinois are found in Circular 1156 from the Illinois Cooperative Extension Service.

SEASONAL - When used in reference to wetlands indicates that the area is flooded only during a portion of the year.

<u>SHRINK-SWELL POTENTIAL</u> - Indicates volume changes to be expected for the specific soil material with changes in moisture content.

SOIL MAPPING UNIT - A map unit is a collection of soil areas of miscellaneous areas delineated in mapping. A map unit is generally an aggregate of the delineations of many different bodies of a kind of soil or miscellaneous area but may consist of only one delineated body. Taxonomic class names and accompanying phase terms are used to name soil map units. They are described in terms of ranges of soil properties within the limits defined for taxa and in terms of ranges of taxadjuncts and inclusions.

SOIL SERIES - A group of soils, formed from a particular type of parent material, having horizons that, except for texture of the A or surface horizon, are similar in all profile characteristics and in arrangement in the soil profile. Among these characteristics are color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, and mineralogical and chemical composition.

<u>SUBSIDENCE</u> - Applies mainly to organic soils after drainage. Soil material subsides due to shrinkage and oxidation.

TERRAIN - The area or surface over which a particular rock or group of rocks is prevalent.

<u>TOPSOIL</u> - That portion of the soil profile where higher concentrations of organic material, fertility, bacterial activity and plant growth take place. Depths of topsoil vary between soil types.

<u>WATERSHED</u> - An area of land that drains to an associated water resource such as a wetland, river or lake. Depending on the size and topography, watersheds can contain numerous tributaries, such as streams and ditches, and ponding areas such as detention structures, natural ponds and wetlands.

<u>WETLAND</u> - An area that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

REFERENCES

<u>Hydric Soils of the United States.</u> USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2007.

<u>FIRM – Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Kendall County.</u> Prepared by FEMA – Federal Emergency Management Agency.

<u>Hydrologic Unit Map for Kendall County.</u> Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

<u>Land Evaluation and Site Assessment System.</u> The Kendall County Department of Planning Building and Zoning, and The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District. In cooperation with: USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

<u>Soil Survey of Kendall County</u>. United States Department of Agriculture 2008, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Illinois Urban Manuel. Association of Illinois Soil & Water Conservation Districts, 2016

Kendall County Land Atlas and Plat Book. 19th Edition, 2014.

<u>Potential For Contamination of Shallow Aquifers from Land Burial of Municipal Wastes</u>. Illinois State Geological Survey.

Natural Resources Conservation Service Wetland Inventory Map. United States Department of Agriculture.

<u>Geologic Road Map of Illinois.</u> Department of Natural Resources, Illinois State Geological Survey, Natural Resources Building, 615 East Peabody, Champaign IL 61820-6964.

Wetlands - The Corps of Engineers' Administration of the Section 404 Program (GAO/RCED-88-110)

<u>Soil Erosion by Water</u> - United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Agriculture Information Bulletin 513.

<u>The Conservation of Biological Diversity in the Great Lakes Ecosystem: Issues and Opportunities</u>, prepared by the Nature Conservancy Great Lakes Program 79W. Monroe Street, Suite 1309, Chicago, IL 60603, January 1994.



Reviewed By:			
	Legal		
	Finance		
	Engineer		
	City Administrator		
	Community Development		
	Purchasing		
	Police		
	Public Works		
ΙП	Parks and Recreation		

Agenda Item Number
New Business #5
Tracking Number
EDC 2021-20
_

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: PZC 2021-02 Cordero Real Estate (1.5 mile review)				
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development Co	mmittee – March 2, 2021		
Synopsis: Mile and one-half review of a rezone request in Kendall County				
For Cor	For Cordero Real Estate at E Beecher Road			
Council Action Pre	viously Taken:			
Date of Action:	Action Take	n:		
Item Number:				
Type of Vote Requ	ired:			
Council Action Rec	quested:			
Submitted by:	Jason Engberg, AICP	Community Development		
	Name	Department		
Agenda Item Notes:				
See attached memorandum.				





To: Economic Development Committee From: Jason Engberg, Senior Planner CC: Bart Olson, City Administrator

Krysti J. Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director

Date: February 17, 2021

Subject: PZC 2021-02- Cordero Real Estate 1.5 Mile Review (Rezone)

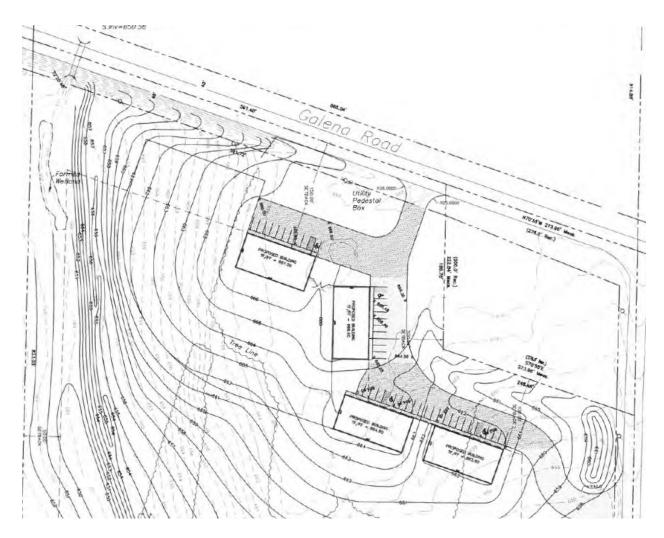
SUMMARY:

Staff has reviewed a request from Kendall County Planning and Zoning Department along with the subsequent documents attached. This property is located within one and a half miles of the planning boundary for Yorkville, allowing the City the opportunity to review and provide comments to Kendall County. The petitioner, Jhon Cordero on behalf of Cordero Real Estate, LLC, is requesting to rezone their property from A-1 Agricultural to M-1 Limited Manufacturing to conduct a tree service business. The property is generally located at the southwest corner of the Galena Road and East Beecher Road intersection in Kendall County. The parcel is about 25 acres in size, but the petitioner will be using the front of the property for their business.

PROJECT SUMMARY:

The petitioner is requesting to rezone their property from A-1 Agricultural to M-1 Manufacturing. The current surrounding property land uses include agricultural uses to the north, east, and west as well as manufacturing and mining uses to the south. The property is located on the southwest corner of the Galena Road and East Beecher Road intersection. The property at the northeast corner of that intersection is within Yorkville and is part of the Westhaven Planned Unit Development. The development is planned for a mix of residential and commercial uses but has not seen any progress in its establishment since its annexation in 2005.





As stated by the County, there are no existing businesses on the property and the petitioner is not requesting to subdivide the land. In Kendall County, owners are allowed to construct more than one structure on a M-1 Limited Manufacturing District property.

As shown in their application to Kendall County, the petitioner is planning on operating a tree service business on the property. They plan on making, storing, and selling mulch from trees that they cut down for their other clients. The petitioner will not be growing trees on site and will only be utilizing the frontage along Galena Road for their operation (see image above). The buildings illustrated on the map will be used for contractor's office, storage of trailers, farm implements, and other similar equipment on an open lot, truck, truck tractor, and truck trailer storage yards, wholesaling and warehousing.

This type of business is outright permitted within the M-1 Limited Manufacturing District within the County. By the County's definition this is not a landscaping business and therefore does not require a special use permit. The petitioner did not address any lighting or odor issues within their application but would be subject to the County's performance standards. The County does require all storage to be in a completely enclosed building when located within 150 feet of a residential zoning district which includes the Westhaven Development.

YORKVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN:

Yorkville's 2016 Comprehensive Plan designation for this property is Estate/Conservation Residential. This future land use is intended to provide flexibility for residential design in areas of Yorkville that can accommodate low-density detached single-family housing but also include sensitive environmental and scenic features that should be retained and enhanced. The most typical form of development within this land use will be detached single family homes on large lots.

While the rezoning of this property to an M-1 Limited Manufacturing district does not align with the City's Comprehensive Plan, the Estate/Conservation Residential Land Use is used as a placeholder in many locations on the farther edges of town for future growth. The Comprehensive Plan has a 10-year horizon which was mainly focuses on addressing Yorkville's core and existing neighborhoods. This area within the planning boundary is not likely to develop within the plan's horizon. Similarly, the Westhaven development is also designated as Estate/Conservation even though an existing agreement exists on the property which allows it to develop as a residential and commercial use.

Additionally, the petitioner is not seeking to utilize the entire parcel for its business which creates a much smaller footprint for its use.

STAFF COMMENTS

Staff has reviewed the request for rezoning and generally does not oppose the rezoning for the business proposed, however, we are seeking feedback from committee members regarding the new intensive land use designation. The current request to rezone is to provide for a business to operate on the property which utilizes the front of the parcel. While this is the current proposal for the property, the rezoning of the entire parcel will be M-1 Limited Manufacturing. Although the Westhaven development plans for a mix of residential and commercial uses, the land use closest to this parcel will be residential (see attached conceptual plan). There has been no indication that the Westhaven development will develop any time soon and has been dormant since 2005, but future considerations to this development should be considered.

The one-and-a-half-mile review allows for the City to make comments and requests to the petitioner and the County before their County public meetings. A potential request could be to include a buffer from Galena Road to provide additional setback and screening for the potential future residential area. This review will also be brought to the Planning and Zoning Commission at the March 10, 2021 meeting. This item was delivered to the City on February 12, 2021.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Application with Attachments
- 2. Westhaven Conceptual Plan



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING

111 West Fox Street • Room 203 Yorkville, IL • 60560

(630) 553-4141

Fax (630) 553-4179

Petition 21-06

Jhon Cordero on Behalf of Cordero Real Estate, LLC
Map Amendment Rezoning the Subject Property from A-1
Agricultural to M-1 Limited Manufacturing

INTRODUCTION

The Petitioner purchased the subject property in 2020 and wishes to operate a tree service business onsite.

In discussing the proposal, the Petitioner's Attorney indicated that the Petitioner would engage in making, storing, selling of mulch from trees the Petitioner's business cuts down from clients. The Petitioner would not grow trees onsite. The Petitioner's Attorney believed that the site would be used for contractor's office, storage of trailers, farm implements, and other similar equipment on an open lot, truck, truck tractor, and truck trailer storage yards, wholesaling and warehousing. These uses are permitted uses in the M-1 Limited Manufacturing District. Accordingly, the Petitioner would like to rezone the property to the M-1 Limited Manufacturing District.

The application materials are included as Attachment 1. The Wetland Delineation Report is included as Attachment 2. The site plan is included as Attachment 3. The aerial of the property is included as Attachment 4. The aerial of the property showing the location of wetlands on the property is included as Attachment 5.

SITE INFORMATION

PETITIONER: Jhon Cordero on Behalf of Cordero Real Estate, LLC

ADDRESS: No Address Assigned

LOCATION: Approximately 268 Feet West of the Intersection of Galena Road and East Beecher

Road



TOWNSHIP: Bristol

PARCEL #: 02-06-400-007

LOT SIZE: 24.9 +/- Acres

EXISTING LAND Agricultural/Farming (Historic Aerials Show a House Formerly Standing the North

USE: Side of the Property)

ZONING: A-1 Agricultural District

LRMP:

Future Land Use	Mixed Use Business
Roads	Galena Road is a County Maintained Major Collector Road. East Beecher is a Township Maintained Local Road.
Trails	Yorkville has a Trail Planned Along Galena Road. The Kendall County Forest Preserve has a Trail Planned Along Galena Road
Floodplain/ Wetlands	There are no Floodplains on the property. There are Three (3) Wetlands on the Property Totaling Approximately Ten (10) Acres in Size. Two (2) of the Wetlands are Farmed Wetlands

REQUESTED ACTION:

Map Amendment Rezoning Property from A-1 Agricultural to M-1 Limited

Manufacturing

APPLICABLE Section 13:07 – Map Amendment Procedures REGULATIONS:

SURROUNDING LAND USE

Location	Adjacent Land Use	Adjacent Zoning	Land Resource Management Plan	Zoning within ½ Mile
North	Agricultural and Single Family Residential	A-1 (County) R-2, R-3, and B-3 (Yorkville)	Mixed Use Business and Commercial (County) Estate/Conservation Residential (Yorkville)	A-1 (Kendall County) R-2, R-3, and B-3 (Yorkville)
South	Agricultural and Commercial	A-1 SU and M-2	Mixed Use Business (County) Estate/Conservation Residential (Yorkville)	A-1 SU, M-2, and M-3 SU
East	Agricultural	A-1	Suburban Residential (Max Density 1.00 DU/Acre) and Commercial (County) Estate/Conservation Residential (Yorkville)	A-1

West	Agricultural and ComEd ROW	A-1	Mixed Use Business and ComEd (County) Estate/Conservation Residential	A-1
			(Yorkville)	

The A-1 Special Use Permit to the south are for gravel mining operation and compost facility. The M-3 Special Use Permit to the south is for asphalt production.

PHYSICAL DATA

ENDANGERED SPECIES REPORT

EcoCAT Report submitted and indicated the presence of the Mottled Sculpin. Adverse impacts were unlikely and consultation was terminated, see Attachment 1, Pages 21-24.

NATURAL RESOURCES INVENTORY

The application for NRI was submitted on January 21, 2021, see Attachment 1, Page 19. The LESA Score was 176 indicating a low level of protection. The NRI is included as Attachment 6.

ACTION SUMMARY

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP

Petition information was sent to Bristol Township on February 10, 2021.

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

Petition information was sent to the United City of Yorkville on February 10, 2021.

BRISTOL-KENDALL FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Petition information was sent to the Bristol Kendall Fire Protection on February 10, 2021.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Per State law, map amendments cannot be conditioned. However, Section 13:10 of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance requires that manufacturing site plans be approved by the Kendall County ZPAC.

BUILDING CODES

According to the site plan included as Attachment 3, four (4) structures are proposed for the site. Any new structures would require applicable building permits.

ACCESS

The site plan proposes access off of Galena Road and E. Beecher Road.

ODORS

No information was provided on the site plan regarding outdoor storage locations. While no new odors are foreseen, future site plan submittals should be examined to address odors.

LIGHTING

No lighting information was provided. The site plan for the proposed business should be evaluated to address lighting.

SCREENING

No screening information was provided. Section 10:01.A.2 of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance requires storage to be in completely enclosed buildings if located within one hundred fifty feet (150') of a residential zoning district. Any fencing or buffering should be evaluated as part of the site plan review process.

STORMWATER

The site plan shows a detention pond on the south side of the property. Applicable stormwater and wetland

permits could be required as part of the site plan review.

UTILITIES

The site plan indicates a utility box onsite. Well and septic information would have to be evaluated as part of a building permit process.

FINDINGS OF FACT

§ 13:07.F of the Zoning Ordinance outlines findings that the Zoning Board of Appeals must make in order to recommend in favor of the applicant on map amendment applications. They are listed below in *italics*. Staff has provided findings in **bold** below based on the recommendation:

Existing uses of property within the general area of the property in question. The surrounding properties are used agricultural for agricultural purposes with gravel mining, asphalt production, and composting uses also located in the vicinity.

The Zoning classification of property within the general area of the property in question. The surrounding properties in the unincorporated area are zoned A-1, M-2, and M-3.

The suitability of the property in question for the uses permitted under the existing zoning classification. The property is presently zoned A-1. A more intense Manufacturing zoning classification is necessary to cover all of the proposed uses instead of the existing A-1 zoning classification.

The trend of development, if any, in the general area of the property in question, including changes, if any, which may have taken place since the day the property in question was in its present zoning classification. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall not recommend the adoption of a proposed amendment unless it finds that the adoption of such an amendment is in the public interest and is not solely for the interest of the applicant. The Zoning Board of Appeals may recommend the adoption of an amendment changing the zoning classification of the property in question to any higher classification than that requested by the applicant. For the purpose of this paragraph the R-1 District shall be considered the highest classification and the M-2 District shall be considered the lowest classification. The trend of development in the area includes uses associated with Manufacturing zoning districts and Commercial zoning districts.

Consistency with the purpose and objectives of the Land Resource Management Plan and other adopted County or municipal plans and policies. The Future Land Use Map in the Land Resource Management Plan classifies this property as Mixed Use Business. The M-1 Limited Manufacturing District is consistent with the Mixed Use Business classification.

RECOMMENDATION

Because the Future Land Use Map calls for this property to be Mixed Use Business, Staff recommends approval of the requested Map Amendment. However, careful site plan review should occur when the property is developed to ensure that negative impacts on the wetlands and other environmentally sensitive features of the property are minimized.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Application Materials
- 2. Wetland Delineation Report
- 3. Site Plan
- 4. Aerial
- 5. Aerial Showing Wetlands
- 6. NRI Report

Attachment 1, Page 1

FILE #:



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING 111 West Fox Street • Yorkville, IL • 60560

(630) 553-4141 Fax (630) 553-4179

APPLICATION

THE PARTY OF THE P		
NAME OF APPLICANT		
Cordero Real Estate	e, LLC	
CURRENT LANDOWNE	ER/NAME(s)	
Cordero Real Estate	e, LLC	
SITE INFORMATION ACRES	SITE ADDRESS OR LOCATION	ASSESSOR'S ID NUMBER (PIN)
24.973 acres	Galena Road & East Beecher Road	02-06-400-007
EXISTING LAND USE	CURRENT ZONING	LAND CLASSIFICATION ON LRMP
Vacant Land	A-1 Agricultural	
REQUESTED ACTION ((Check All That Apply):	
SPECIAL USE	X MAP AMENDMENT (Rezone to	VARIANCE
ADMINISTRATIVE V	A-1 CONDITIONAL USE for:	SITE PLAN REVIEW
TEXT AMENDMENT	T RPD (Concept; Prelimin	nary; Final) ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL
PRELIMINARY PLA	T FINAL PLAT	OTHER PLAT (Vacation, Dedication, etc.)
	A SPECIAL USE (Major; Minor)	
Daniel J. Kramer	PRIMARY CONTACT MAILING	ANDEOO
PRIMARY CONTACT P	HONE # PRIMARY CONTACT FAX #	PRIMARY CONTACT OTHER #(Cell, etc.)
² ENGINEER CONTACT	ENGINEER MAILING ADDRESS	engineer email.
ENGINEER PHONE #	ENGINEER FAX #	ENGINEER OTHER # (Cell, etc.)
COUNTY STAFF & THE PRIMARY CO	BOARD/ COMMISSION MEMBERS THR	E PROPERTY IN QUESTION MAY BE VISITED BY OUGHOUT THE PETITION PROCESS AND THAT CT TO ALL CORRESPONDANCE ISSUED BY THE
COUNTY.	LE INFORMATION AND EVALUEITE SUR	MITTED ARE TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE
	WLEDGE AND THAT I AM TO FILE THIS	APPLICATION AND ACT ON BEHALF OF THE

PROJECT NAME JPC Tree

¹Primary Contact will receive all correspondence from County ²Engineering Contact will receive all correspondence from the County's Engineering Consultants

FEE PAID:\$ CHECK #:

Last Revised: 12.15.20

Date Stamp Here If Checklist Is Complete

DATE 1-21-21

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The existing uses of the general area of the Site sought to be developed are mixed. There is M-2 Heavy Manufacturing to the south and southeast. There are Special Uses to east for a yard waste composting facility. There is agricultural areas to the west and north and for a good bit of the history of this parcel an agricultural area to the east which may or may not have had a special use but operated retail poultry sales business.
- 2. The Zoning Classification in the area is a mix of agricultural, agricultural special use with a very intensive use of the composting facility, and industrial including a special use for a Redi-mix plant and gravel mining which is considered a heavy industrial use under the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance.
- 3. The subject site is not a agricultural high priority or high protection agricultural production area. The soils are quite hydric, there is a drainage ditch that runs through the property, and there are wetland areas on the property which preclude intensive agricultural use of the property. Prior to the purchase by Applicant much of the property laid fallow with scrub trees overgrowing and noxious plants. The Applicant plans to clear the scrub elements that have no utilitarian value and get rid of all noxious weeds. He has detailed plans to preserve the wetland and drainage ditch area. Given that the property is located on an all weather County Road and is adjacent to manufacturing areas, it is a perfect use for his wholesale type operation and management yard for mulch creating business. Fortunately his business does not have any of the negative side effects that the composting has to the east and he NEVER plans in any fashion compost yard waste at the site.

Ultimately he would like to see a wholesale and retail center at the front of the property for retail and wholesale sale of mulch which again would be a suitable use for the Galena Road Property.

- 4. The proposed use is consistent with the slowly increased commercial development in the area. This is witnessed by construction and operation of the large gas station./car wash and convenience store facility across the field from this property on Route 47, the water park developed on Route 47, and the continued operation of the special uses, Redi-mix plant and stone quarry adjacent to the subject property on East Beecher Road.
- 5. The proposed zoning classification would be consistent with the Kendall County Land Resource Management Plan for the area as well as the United City of Yorkville Comprehensive Plan which shows the area affected to become manufacturer zoned.

Attachment 1, Page 3

Petitioner is looking to operate a Tree Service Business. The Petitioner plans on using the property for the making, storing, and selling of mulch from the trees the Tree Company chops down. The buildings would be to run the business and store the equipment. The facility is similar to a landscaping business and is a full-service Tree Company. The Company plants trees, trims trees, and removes trees. All of the mulch is generated by trees they cut down and instead of sending them to a landfill they chop them up and it is sold as decorative mulch. THERE IS NO COMPOSTING OF YARD WASTE. Petitioner does not do any landscaping services other than trimming trees and bushes. It is solely for the wholesaling and warehousing of mulch materials.

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER

7007

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

said Easterly Line, 1006.52 feet to the Northeasterly Corner of said Parcel; thence Westerly along the North Line of said Parcel Two, 388.83 feet to the intersection of said North Line with the Easterly Section; thence West along the South Line of said Section, 470.51 feet to the Easterly Line of Parcel Two of property conveyed to Chicago Title and Trust Company, as trustee under Trust Number 45553 by Conservators Deed recorded September 17, 1973 as Document 73—4671; thence Northerly along Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Galena Road with the East Line of said Section; Document 73—2843; thence East along the South Line of property conveyed to Diane R. Kapchinski, 812.68 feet to the East Line of said Section 6; thence Southerly along the East Line of said Section 6, 1319.90 feet to the point of beginning, in the Township of Bristol, Kendall County, Illinois. thence North along a line forming an angle of 26°45'38" to the left with the prolongation of the last described course, a distance of 2329.35 feet to the South Line of property conveyed to Diane R. said Easterly Line of Parcel One, a distance of 115.02 feet to an angle point on said Easterly Line of Parcel One, which is 1112.06 perpendicularly distant North of the South Line of said Section; said Section 6, 200 feet; thence South 70°55' East, 276.0 feet to the East Line of said Section; thence North 70°55' West along said center line, 276.0 feet; thence South parallel to the East Line Third Principal Meridian, lying Southerly of the present centerline of Galena Road, described as follows: That Part of the East Half of the East Half of Section 6, Township 37 North, Range 7 East of the Kapchinski by Trustee's Deed recorded June 14, 1973 as Document 73-2843; thence East along the Line of the property described in Parcel One of said Document 73—4671; thence Northeasterly along thence South along the East Line of said Section, 1456.6 feet to the Southeast Corner of said South Line of property conveyed to Diane R. Kapchinski by Trustee's Deed recorded June 14, 1973 as

423.24

20 CSA 6201 96 AM

WARRANTY DEED

Statutory (Illinois)

202000016040

DEBBIE GILLETTE
RECORDER - KENDALL COUNTY, IL
RECORDED: 8/24/2020 1:47 PM
REC FEE: 57.00 RHSPS: 10.00

STATE TAX: 110.00 COUNTY TAX: 55.00 PAGES: 13

SEND SUBSEQUENT TAX BILLS TO:

Cordero Real Estate, LLC 1079 Sard Avenue Montgomery, IL 60538

THIS DOCUMENT PREPARED BY: AFTER RECORDING RETURN TO: Law Offices of Daniel J. Kramer 1107A S. Bridge Street Yorkville, IL 60560 630-553-9500

THE GRANTOR,

Daniel P. Schultz, a single person, Edward F. Schultz, a single person, Anna Marie Ostreko, a married person, Gerald H. Hankes, a married person, Mary V. Harker, a married person, Rita J. Rios, a married person, John D. Hankes, a married person, Lawrence V. Hankes, a married person, Francis Schultz a Single Person, and Rosemary Svanovick, a married person

for and in consideration of Ten and 00/100 Dollars in hand paid, CONVEY AND WARRANT TO

Cordero Real Estate, LLC

whose address is: 1079 Sard Avenue, Montgomery, Illinois 60538

all interest in the following described Real Estate situated in the County of Kendall In the State of Illinois, to wit:

See attached legal description

SUBJECT TO:

Existing easements, covenants, and restrictions of record, and 2019 and subsequent years real estate taxes.

hereby releasing and waiving all rights under and by virtue of the Homestead Exemption Laws of the State of Illinois.

Permanent Real Estate Index Number: 02-06-400-007 Address of Real Estate: 24.973 acres vacant land Galena Road and East Beecher Road, Bristol Township, Illinois

THE PROPERTY IS NOT HOMESTEAD PROPERTY

Dated this, 20_20
Francis Schultz
Warranty Deed - Statutory
STATE OF ILLINOIS) SS.
COUNTY OF KENDALL)
I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County, in the State aforesaid, CERTIFY THAT
Given under my hand and notarial seal this
Notary Public
Prepared By: Danie) J. Knur Prepared By: Danie) J. Knur 1107 A S. Bardy St. 4 Return To Yarkilli , Illinos 2 40500
Return 10 Gentura , 2001
France Tox Bills To: Cradus Rul Estate, LC (079 Speed Are Montagness Ill. 60538
Mentagin Ill. 60538

Date	d this #3	_ Day of	June		, 20 <u>20</u> .	
Mary V. Harker						
Warranty Deed - Sta	atutory			<		
STATE OF ILLENC ON 10 COUNTY OF KEN Montage)S DALL)	S.	(
I, the undersorthat Mary whose name k sub acknowledged that the uses and purpose	gned, a Nota Harktr scribed to the signed, se stherein set	foregoing in aled and deli	strument appe vered this met ing the release	y known to eared before rument as b and waiver	me to be the e me this day in Afree and volu-	same person i person, and intary act, for f homestead
Given under	RAVEN CLARK	notarial sea	this 3th	Day of	June	, 20 20 .
My Con	ary Public, State of	1-04-2023				

Dated this 12 Day of Jun	<u>, 20_20</u> .
Rita J. Rios	
Warranty Deed - Statutory	
STATE OF ILLINOIS)	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
COUNTY OF KENDALL)	
whose name \(\) subscribed to the foregoing instrument acknowledged that \(\) signed, sealed and delivered this the uses and purposes therein set forth, including the reference of the under my hand and notarial seal this \(\).	onally known to me to be the same person, appeared before me this day in person, and sinstrument ask free and voluntary act, for lease and waiver of the right of homestead. Day of
	IOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS S IY COMMISSION EXPIRES 11/18/2023

Dated this 5 Day of June , 20 20.
Gerald H. Hankes
Warranty Deed - Statutory Alabama STATE OF HLINOIS Lee) SS. COUNTY OF KENDALL
I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County, in the State aforesaid, CERTIFY THAT
KATHRYNA INGRAM Notary Public Notary Public September 23, 2023

Dated this 10 Day of TUNE, 20 20.
Edward F. Schultz
Warranty Deed - Statutory
STATE OF ILLINOIS
COUNTY OF KENDALL) SS.
I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County, in the State aforesaid, CERTIFY THAT
Notary Public
OFFICIAL SEAL MARGARET ROSE DAWE NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS My Commission Expires July 5, 2020

Dated this	8th Day of	June	, 2020
Daniel P. Schultz, es 10-454			
Warranty Deed - Statutory		<	
STATE OF ILLINOIS)) SS.	0	
COUNTY OF KENDALL)		0,7
whose name subscribed to acknowledged that signed	the foregoing install, sealed and deliverset forth, including and notarial seal to	personally known frument appeared be- ered this instrument a g the release and wai	the State aforesaid, CERTIFY to me to be the same person fore me this day in person, and as _ free and voluntary act, for iver of the right of homestead. June, 20 20

Dated this _// Day of Just , 20 20.
Anna Marie Ostreko
Warranty Deed - Statutory
STATE OF ILLINOIS) SS.
COUNTY OF KENDALL)
I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County in the State aforesaid, CERTIFY THAT
"OFFICIAL SEAL" MALISSA PERKINS Motern Public State of Highers
Notary Public, State of Hilpsis My Commission Expires 9/29/2021

Dated this 10 Day of JUNE, 20 20.
Lawrence F. Hankes
Warranty Deed - Statutory
STATE OF ILLINOIS) SS.
COUNTY OF KENDALL)
I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County in the State aforesaid, CERTIFY THAT
"OFFICIAL SEAL" COLLEEN HANSON NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 11/18/2023

Dated this 4 Day of gene, 20 20.
Rosemary Svanovick
Warranty Deed - Statutory
STATE OF ILLINOIS)
COUNTY OF KENDALL) SS.
I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said County in the State aforesaid, CERTIFY THAT WOND WOOD Compared by known to me to be the same person whose name Subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person, an acknowledged that Musigned, sealed and delivered this instrument ask free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes therein set forth, including the release and waiver of the right of homestead Given under my hand and notarial seat this Subscribed Public **OFFICIAL SEAL*** COLLEEN HANSON NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 11/18/2023

Dated this 10th Day of June, 20 20.

John D. Hankes	
Warranty Deed - Statutory	$O_{\alpha}(\mathcal{I}_{\Lambda})$
STATE OF ILLINOIS)	ss.
COUNTY OF KENDALL)	\wedge (\wedge)
whose name \(\sigma\) subscribed to the acknowledged that \(\left\) signed, so	personally known to me to be the same person the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person, and the forth, including the release and waiver of the right of homestead and notarial seal this IO+V Day of June , 20 20 Notary Public
	"OFFICIAL SEAL" COLLEEN HANSON NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 11/18/2023

EXHIBIT A

|--|

For APN/Parcel ID(s): 02-06-400-007-0000 and 02-06-400-003 (PARENT)

THAT PART OF THE EAST HALF OF SECTION 6, TOWNSHIP 37 NORTH, RANGE 7, EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LYING SOUTHERLY OF THE PRESENT CENTERLINE OF GALENA ROAD, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTER LINE OF GALENA ROAD WITH THE EAST LINE OF SAID SECTION; THENCE NORTH 70 DEGREES 55 MINUTES WEST ALONG SAID CENTER LINE 276 FEET; THENCE SOUTH PARALLEL TO THE EAST LINE OF SAID SECTION 8, 200 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 70 DEGREES 55 MINUTES EAST 270 FEET TO THE EAST LINE OF SAID SECTION; THENCE SOUTH ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SECTION 1456.6 FEET TO THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION; THENCE WEST ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID SECTION 470.51 FEET TO THE EASTERLY LINE OF PARCEL TWO OF THE PROPERTY CONVEYED TO CHICAGO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY TRUSTED UNDER TRUST NUMBER 45553 BY CONSERVATOR'S DEED RECORDED SEPTEMBER 17, 1973 AS DOCUMENT R73-4671; THENCE NORTHERLY ALONG SAID EASTERLY LINE 1006.52 FEET TO THE NORTHEASTERLY CORNER OF SAID PARCEL; THENCE WESTERLY ALONG THE NORTH LINE OF SAID PARCEL TWO 388.83 FEET TO THE INTERSECTION OF SAID NORTH LINE WITH HE EASTERLY LINE OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN PARCEL ONE OF SAID DOCUMENT 73-4671; THENCE NORTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID EASTERLY LINE OF PARCEL ONE A DISTANCE OF 115.02 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT ON SAID EASTERLY KINE OF PARCEL ONE WHICH IS 1112.06 FEET PERPENDICULARLY DISTANT NORTH OF THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID SECTION; THENCE NORTH ALONG A LINE FORMING AN ANGLE 26 DEGREES \$5 MINUTES 38 SECOND TO THE LEFT WITH THE PROLONGATION OF THE LAST DESCRIBED COURSE A DISTANCE OF 2329.35 FEET TO THE SOUTH LINE OF PROPERTY CONVEYED TO DIANE R. KAPCHINSKI BY TRUSTEES DEED RECORDED JUNE 14, 1973 AS DOCUMENT 73/2843; THENCE EAST ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF PROPERTY CONVEYED TO DIAMER. KAPCHINSKI 812.68 FEET TO THE EAST LIEN OF SAID SECTION 6; THENCE SOUTHERLY ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SECTION 6, 1319.90 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING, IN THE TOWNSHIP OF BRISTOL, KENDALL COUNTY, ILLINOIS



PLAT ACT AFFIDAVIT OF METES AND BOUNDS				
STATE OF ILLINOIS)				
)SS				
COUNTY OF KENDALL)				
, being duly sworn on oath, states that affiant resides at				
And further states that: (please check the appropriate box)				
A. D. That the attached deed is not in violation of 765 ILCS 205/1(a), in that the sale or exchange is of				
an entire tract of land not being part of a larger tract of land; or				
B. [] That the attached deed is not in violation of 765 ILCS 205 1(6) for one of the following reasons:				
(please circle the appropriate number)				
1. The division or subdivision of land into parcels or tracts of 3.0 acres or more in size which does not				
involve any new streets or easements of access;				
2. The division of lots or blocks of less than one (1) acre in any regorded subdivision which does not involve				
any new streets or easements of access;				
3. The sale or exchange of parcels of land between owners of adjoining and contiguous land;				
 The conveyance of parcels of land or interests therein for use as right of way for railroads or other public utility facilities and other pipe lines which does not involve any new streets or easements of access; 				
5. The conveyance of land owned by a railroad or other public utility which does not involve any new street				
or easements of access;				
6. The conveyance of land for highway or other public purposes or grants or conveyances relating to the				
dedication of land for public use or instruments relating to the vacation of land impressed with a public				
use;				
Conveyances made to correct descriptions in prior conveyances;				
The sale or exchange of pargets or tracts of land following the division into not more than two (2) parts o				
a particular parcel or tract of land existing on July 17, 1959, and not involving any new streets or				
9. The sale of a single lot of less than 3.0 acres from a larger tract when a survey is made by an Illinois				
Registered Land Surveyor; provided, that this exemption shall not apply to the sale of any subsequent lot				
from the same larger tract of land, as determined by the dimensions and configuration of the larger tract				
on October 1, 1973, and provided also that this exemption does not invalidate any local requirements				
applicable to the subdivision of land;				
10. The conveyance is of lang described in the same manner as title was taken by grantor(s).				
AFFIANT further states that he makes this affidavit for the purpose of inducing the Recorder of Deeds of				
Kendall County, Illinois, to accept the attached deed for recording.				
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME				
This 24 / day of				
f				
Signature of Athant				
CHICAGO CANON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN				
Signature of Athant OFFICIAL SHOCK STREET S				
Signature of Athant OFFICIAL ON OCCUPANT A CHARGE STATE OF THE STATE				
THE COMMISSION OF THE PARTY OF				
and the second s				

KENDALL COUNTY DISCLOSURE OF BENEFICIARIES FORM

Applicant Cordero Real E	state, LLC		
Address 1079 Sard Avnet	ue		
City Montgomery		State IL	Zip 60538
Nature of Benefit Sought O	perate a business		
Nature of Applicant: (Please Natural Person Corporation Land Trust/Trustee Trust/Trustee Partnership			
	r than described in Sec	etion 3, briefly state	the nature and characteristics of the
applicant;			
Illinois Limited Liability C	ompany which is an	entity to operate	a business in Illinois
profits and losses or right to NAME	ADDRESS	Y III	INTEREST
Jhon Cordero			100%
	Carmon making thi		
Name, address, and capacity	y or person making un.	s disclosure on beha	of the applicant:
Name, address, and capacity Jhon Cordero, Self	y of person making thi	s disclosure on beha	alf of the applicant:
			alf of the applicant:
Jhon Cordero, Self	VERIFIC	ATION , being first duly sy duly authorized to	vorn under oath that I am the person make the disclosure, that I have red ontained therein are true in both
Jhon Cordero, Self	VERIFIC ne applicant, that I am of Beneficiaries, and th	ATION , being first duly sy duly authorized to at the statements co	vorn under oath that I am the person make the disclosure, that I have red

Kendall County Soil & Water

Conservation District

Attachment 1, Page 19

7775A Route 47, Yorkville, Illinois 60560 • (630)553-5821 extension 3



www.kendallswcd.org

NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION (NRI) REPORT APPLICATION

	Contact Person: Attorney Daniel J. Kramer
Address: 107 Sard Avenue City, State, Zip: Montgomery, IL 60538	1107A S. Bridge Street
Phone Number: () 630-327-6158	Yorkville, IL 60560
Email: jpctree@gmail.com	1 630-553-9500
	diraman@dank
Please select: How would you like	e to receive a copy of the NRI Report?
	Email Mail
Township Name Bristol	
Parcel Index Number(s) 02-06-400-007	Township 37 N, Range 7 E, Section(s) 6
Project or Subdivision Name JPC Tree	
Current Use of Site vacant/farm	Number of Acres 24.973
Proposed Number of Lots 1	Proposed Use Tree Service Business - sea strocked
Proposed Water Supply Well	Proposed Number of Structures 4 possible buildings
Proposed type of Storm Water Management	Proposed type of Wastewater Treatment septic
Type of Parisant	on-site detention facility and release
Type of Request	The state of the s
Change in Zoning from A-1	to M-1
The state of the section tilling on some	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Decidio Ose relilli Piesco decerina f. ii	
or country of Wunicipality the request is	s being filed with: Kendall County Plane
Plat of Survey/Site Plan showing ton	m, please including the following to ensure proper processings
Concept Plan a showing at a lowing location	m, please including the following to ensure proper processing: on, legal description and property measurements
If available: topography are locations of p	on, legal description and property measurements roposed lots, buildings, roads, stormwater detention, open areas, etc.
and the man trend the man	D come of the state of the stat
NRI fee (Please make at 1	p, copy of soil boring and/or wetland studies
The Please make checks navable to V.	and II C
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as fully	endall County SWCD)
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and	endall County SWCD) ows:
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and	endall County SWCD) ows:
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (kg	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five CSWCD staff will determine when a summer or full report will be considered.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (Ki	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five CSWCD staff will determine when a summary or full report will be necessary.)
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (kg	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five CSWCD staff will determine when a summery or full report will be necessary.) five acres and under \$ 375.00 tional Acres at \$18.00 each \$ 360.00
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (kg Fee for first f 20 Addit Total NRI Fee	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five CSWCD staff will determine when a summary or full report will be necessary.) five acres and under \$ 375.00 tional Acres at \$18.00 each \$ 360.00
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (kill Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first for first for a Applications are due by the 15 for first f	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five CSWCD staff will determine when a summary or full report will be necessary.) five acres and under \$ 375.00 \$ 360.00 \$ 735.00
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the NRI Fee for first for a Additional Properties of the Application of the NRI Fee for first for a Application is submitted, please allow 30 days for a Application is submitted, please allow 30 days for a Application is submitted, please allow 30 days for a Application is submitted.	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{5.00}\$ tional Acres at \$18.00 each \$\frac{360.00}{5.00}\$ nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluations.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the properties of the filter of this part of the filter of the filter of this part of the filter of the filte	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{5.00}\$ enough to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the properties of the filter of this part of the filter of the filter of this part of the filter of the filte	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{5.00}\$ enough to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the properties of the filter of this part of the filter of the filter of this part of the filter of the filte	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{5.00}\$ enough to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the properties of the filter of this part of the filter of the filter of this part of the filter of the filte	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{5.00}\$ tional Acres at \$18.00 each \$\frac{360.00}{5.00}\$ nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluations.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summary Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the properties of the filter of this part of the filter of the filter of this part of the filter of the filte	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{5.00}\$ enough to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report.
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1 st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the summarvation District (SWCD) to visit and conditional total primary and the filing of this application date will be returned to the summary and the primary and the summary and the summar	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five acres and under five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{360.00}\$ \$\frac{735.00}{735.00}\$ nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1 st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the summarvation District (SWCD) to visit and conditional total primary and the filing of this application date will be returned to the summary and the primary and the summary and the summar	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five acres and under five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{360.00}\$ \$\frac{735.00}{735.00}\$ nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1 st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the summarvation District (SWCD) to visit and conditional total primary and the filing of this application date will be returned to the summary and the primary and the summary and the summar	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five acres and under five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{360.00}\$ \$\frac{735.00}{735.00}\$ nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee OTE: Applications are due by the 1 st of each modification is submitted, please allow 30 days for the summarvation District (SWCD) to visit and conditional total primary and the filing of this application date will be returned to the summary and the primary and the summary and the summar	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under five acres and under tional Acres at \$18.00 each \$ 375.00 \$ 735.00 nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for first for a NRI Fee for first	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$ 375.00 five acres at \$18.00 each \$ 360.00 \$ 735.00 Inouth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report 1 21 21 Date
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for first for a NRI Fee for first	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$ 375.00 five acres and under \$ 375.00 \$ 360.00 \$ 735.00 Inouth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report 1 21 21 Date
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for first for a NRI Fee for first	endall County SWCD) lows: Inder, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five five acres and under \$ 375.00 five acres at \$18.00 each \$ 360.00 \$ 735.00 Inouth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report 1 21 21 Date
The NRI fees, as of July 1, 2010, are as foll Full Report: \$375.00 for five acres and u Executive Summarv Report: \$300.00 (King Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Total NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted, please allow 30 days for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for a NRI Fee for first for a Additional Submitted for a NRI Fee for first for first for a NRI Fee for first	endall County SWCD) lows: under, plus \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five acres and under five acres and under \$\frac{375.00}{360.00}\$ \$\frac{735.00}{735.00}\$ nonth to be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed for inspection, evaluation and processing of this report. allows the authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water uct an evaluation of the site described above. The completed NRI report



J.P.C. TREE CARE Jhon P. Cordero 1079 SARD AVE MONTGOMERY, IL 60538 630-449-7923

Attachment 1, Page 2 Naperville Bank and Trust 555 Fort Hill Drive Naperville, IL 60540 70-2538/719

1/21/2021

PAY TO THE ORDER OF_

Kndall County SCWD

**735.00

Seven Hundred Thirty-Five and 00/100*****

DOLLARS

Kndall County SCWD

MEMO

Bristol Property

LID VALID VAL LID VALID VAL 40. 対対対象 ハル

J.P.C. TREE CARE

Kndall County SCWD

Bristol Property Application

1/21/2021

735.00

Naperville Bank (7501 Bristol Property

735.00





Applicant: Cordero Real Estate, LLC

Contact: Daniel J. Kramer Address: 1079 Sard Avenue

Montgomery, IL 60538

Project: JPC Tree

Address: 1079 Sard Avenue, Montgomery

IDNR Project Number: 2109119
Date: 01/06/2021

Description: To operate a tree business that grows trees. Removes trees for customers at other locations, mulches the trees and then sells the mulch

Natural Resource Review Results

Consultation for Endangered Species Protection and Natural Areas Preservation (Part 1075)

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database shows the following protected resources may be in the vicinity of the project location:

Mottled Sculpin (Cottus bairdii)

An IDNR staff member will evaluate this information and contact you to request additional information or to terminate consultation if adverse effects are unlikely.

Location

The applicant is responsible for the accuracy of the location submitted for the project.

County: Kendall

Township, Range, Section:

37N, 7E, 5 37N, 7E, 6

IL Department of Natural Resources Contact

Adam Rawe 217-785-5500 Division of Ecosystems & Environment



Government Jurisdiction

Kendall County Planning, Building, & Zoning Matt Asselemeier 111 W Fox Street Yorkville, Illinois 60560

Disclaimer

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database cannot provide a conclusive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of natural resources in Illinois. This review reflects the information existing in the Database at the time of this inquiry, and should not be regarded as a final statement on the site being considered, nor should it be a substitute for detailed site surveys or field surveys required for environmental assessments. If additional protected resources are encountered during the project's implementation, compliance with applicable statutes and regulations is required.

Terms of Use

By using this website, you acknowledge that you have read and agree to these terms. These terms may be revised by IDNR as necessary. If you continue to use the EcoCAT application after we post changes to these terms, it will mean that you accept such changes. If at any time you do not accept the Terms of Use, you may not continue to use the website.

IDNR Project Number: 2109119

- 1. The IDNR EcoCAT website was developed so that units of local government, state agencies and the public could request information or begin natural resource consultations on-line for the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act, Illinois Natural Areas Preservation Act, and Illinois Interagency Wetland Policy Act. EcoCAT uses databases, Geographic Information System mapping, and a set of programmed decision rules to determine if proposed actions are in the vicinity of protected natural resources. By indicating your agreement to the Terms of Use for this application, you warrant that you will not use this web site for any other purpose.
- 2. Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this website are strictly prohibited and may be punishable under the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 and/or the National Information Infrastructure Protection Act.
- 3. IDNR reserves the right to enhance, modify, alter, or suspend the website at any time without notice, or to terminate or restrict access.

Security

EcoCAT operates on a state of Illinois computer system. We may use software to monitor traffic and to identify unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information, to cause harm or otherwise to damage this site. Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this server is strictly prohibited by law.

Unauthorized use, tampering with or modification of this system, including supporting hardware or software, may subject the violator to criminal and civil penalties. In the event of unauthorized intrusion, all relevant information regarding possible violation of law may be provided to law enforcement officials.

Privacy

EcoCAT generates a public record subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Otherwise, IDNR uses the information submitted to EcoCAT solely for internal tracking purposes.

IDNR Project Number: 2109119





EcoCAT Receipt

Project Code 2109119

APPLICANT	DATE

Cordero Real Estate, LLC Daniel J. Kramer 1079 Sard Avenue Montgomery, IL 60538 1/6/2021

FEE	CONVENIENCE FEE	TOTAL PAID
\$ 125.00	\$ 2.81	\$ 127.81

TOTAL PAID \$127.81

Illinois Department of Natural Resources One Natural Resources Way Springfield, IL 62702 217-785-5500 dnr.ecocat@illinois.gov



Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Colleen Callahan, Director

JB Pritzker, Governor

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, Illinois 62702-1271 http://dnr.state.il.us

February 03, 2021

Daniel J. Kramer Cordero Real Estate, LLC 1079 Sard Avenue Montgomery, IL 60538

RE: JPC Tree

Project Number(s): 2109119

County: Kendall

Dear Applicant:

This letter is in reference to the project you recently submitted for consultation. The natural resource review provided by EcoCAT identified protected resources that may be in the vicinity of the proposed action. The Department has evaluated this information and concluded that adverse effects are unlikely. Therefore, consultation under 17 Ill. Adm. Code Part 1075 is terminated.

This consultation is valid for two years unless new information becomes available that was not previously considered; the proposed action is modified; or additional species, essential habitat, or Natural Areas are identified in the vicinity. If the project has not been implemented within two years of the date of this letter, or any of the above listed conditions develop, a new consultation is necessary.

The natural resource review reflects the information existing in the Illinois Natural Heritage Database at the time of the project submittal, and should not be regarded as a final statement on the site being considered, nor should it be a substitute for detailed site surveys or field surveys required for environmental assessments. If additional protected resources are encountered during the project's implementation, you must comply with the applicable statutes and regulations. Also, note that termination does not imply IDNR's authorization or endorsement of the proposed action.

Please contact me if you have questions regarding this review.

Adam Rawe Division of Ecosystems and Environment 217-785-5500

WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT CORDERO PROPERTY BRISTOL TOWNSHIP, KENDALL COUNTY, ILLINOIS

Prepared for: Mr. John Cordero c/o

Mr. Daniel J. Kramer 1107A S. Bridge Street Yorkville, IL 60560

Date Prepared: July 28, 2020

ENCAP, Inc. Project #: 20-0617B



WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

Cordero Property / Daniel J. Kramer

Table of Contents

	Page Number
Executive Summary	1
Project Purpose	3
Methods	4
Map Review	6
Specific Description of Identified Water Resources	7
Investigation of Farmed Areas and Slide Analysis Summary	9
Additional Areas Investigated for Wetland Status	10
Regulatory Statement	11
Recommendations	13
References	14

Attachments

USFWS Section 7 Consult. Review Summary + Official Threatened & Endangered Species List IDNR EcoCAT Natural Resource Review Results

Floristic Quality Data Sheets

Wetland Determination Data Forms

Site Photographs

NRCS Precipitation Data Analysis Worksheet

WETS Station Data

Historical Aerial Slide Photographs: 1994, 1995, 1996, 1999, 2000-WET, 2001

Exhibits

- A Location Map
- B National Wetlands Inventory
- C Soil Map
- D 2018 USGS Topographic Map
- E FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map
- F ISHPO HARGIS Map
- G Aerial Photograph

WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

Project Name and Client: Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel J. Kramer

Project Number: 20-0617B

Location: Illinois, Kendall County, Bristol Township, Unincorporated, T37N R7E, SE

1/4 of Section 6 & SW 1/4 of Section 5

Latitude 41.708826; Longitude -88.469676

Date of Site Visit: July 2, 2020

Field Investigators: S. Rowley, CWS, PWS & K. Smit

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The project area (approximately 25.5 acres in size) is located to the northeast of Bristol, Kendall County, Illinois (Exhibit A: Location Map). The project area, as presented in this report, represents the property limits investigated by ENCAP, Inc. for the presence of regulated surface water resources. These limits do not necessarily reflect the boundaries of any proposed development activities. The project area is generally bounded by Galena Road to the north, a private concrete company to the south, an off-site wetland and cropland to the west, and E Beecher Road to the east. The project area is located within the Rob Roy Creek watershed, a part of the Fox River watershed.

The project area consists of agricultural land currently in production, fallow agricultural land, wetland, a wooded drainageway, and an abandoned residential lot. The project area generally decreases in elevation from north to south. The north-central portion of the project area consists of an upland forest with an herbaceous understory, which used to be a private residence property. An old barn and concrete foundations are located in the upland woodland. The northwest portion of the project area consists of an agricultural field currently in production with row crops of corn (*Zea mays*). The central portion of the project area consists of a fallow agricultural field dominated by annual weeds. The southern portion of the project area consists of wetland with emergent, wet-mesic, and scrub-shrub communities. A tributary of Rob Roy Creek flows through the southern portion of the project area from west to east.

Three wetlands totaling approximately 10.04 acres were identified on the project area. Two wetlands are considered farmed wetlands and total 0.74 acres. The limits of Farmed Wetland 2 were identified using protocol established by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and were not staked, while the limits of Farmed Wetland 1 were field staked. One non-farmed wetland was identified on-site and totals approximately 9.30 acres. Non-farmed wetland boundaries were identified and staked using methods sanctioned by the United States Army Corps of Engineers. Non-farmed wetland acreages provided in this report are estimations; a survey of the staked wetland boundaries must be performed in order to obtain exact size and location information.

Basic information regarding wetland regulations may be found in the Regulatory Statement portion of this report. Briefly, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) regulates all Waters of the United States that are currently or historically navigable and all wetlands that are connected to or associated with these waterways. The Kendall County Stormwater

Management Ordinance provides for the protection of wetlands and other depressional storage areas from damaging modifications and adverse changes in runoff quality and quantity associated with land developments. It appears that Wetland 1 and Farmed Wetland 1 are likely regulated by the USACE since they are directly associated with a tributary of Rob Roy Creek, which connects to the Fox River. Farmed Wetland 2 may be considered to be isolated and therefore not regulated by the USACE; however, it would be regulated by Kendall County instead. The USACE, however, must make a final determination regarding jurisdictional status.

Based on a July 27, 2020 review of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) technical assistance website, sensitive (federally threatened or endangered) plant or animal species habitat for the Indiana Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, and Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid could be located on or adjacent to the project area (see attached USFWS Review Summary). In order to determine the presence of potential Orchid habitat, the species list for Wetland 1 was reviewed and compared to the list of associate species as listed on the USFWS Section 7 consultation website. The guidance states that if 4 or more species from the list are present at the site, then they recommend conducting a search for the Orchid during its bloom period, approximately June 28 to July 11. After careful review of the species list, we have found that the site contains 10 listed associate species, including: Carex sp., Blue Joint Grass (Calamagrostis canadensis), Common Boneset (Eupatorium perfoliatum), Grass-leaved Goldenrod (Euthamia graminifolia), Sawtooth Sunflower (Helianthus grosseserratus), Blueflag Iris (Iris virginica shrevei), Common Mountain Mint (Pycnanthemum virginiana), Late Goldenrod (Solidago gigantea), Panicled Aster (Symphyotrichum lanceolatum), and New England Aster (Symphyotrichum novae-angliae). Therefore, ENCAP, Inc. concludes that the aforementioned site does contain suitable habitat for the Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid. Any impacts to Wetland 1 or its 100-foot buffer may require further USFWS coordination. If impacts to the wetland cannot be avoided, a field survey must be conducted to determine orchid presence on three non-consecutive days between the orchid's bloom period (June 28-July 11) in 2021.

Due to the abundance of large mature woodland trees, containing Black Willow (Salix nigra), Silver Maple (Acer saccharinum), Green Ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica), Eastern Cottonwood (Populus deltoides), and American Elm (Ulmus americana), there is a possibility for potential summer roosting habitat for both the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-Eared Bat. These species require roosting habitat in the exfoliated bark of large trees, as well as standing dead snags. ENCAP, Inc. recommends that further consultation and coordination with the USFWS be initiated prior to and during project permitting, in order to obtain guidance for this listed species. However, typically if tree removal is conducted during the winter months (October 31-April 1), further species surveys are not necessary.

According to the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), state-listed sensitive (threatened or endangered) plant or animal species are not known to exist within the vicinity of the project area (see attached IDNR EcoCAT Results Report). This project was submitted for information only. If further permitting is required for site development, additional consultation will be required from the IDNR (see attached correspondence).

At the time of this wetland delineation report, current regulations state that this delineation is valid for 3 years from the date of site visit.

PROJECT PURPOSE

The purpose of the site visit was to identify regulated surface water resources on, or within 100 feet of the project area. A floodplain determination was not included as part of our investigation. On-site wetland areas encountered were delineated using standard methods sanctioned by the United States Army Corps of Engineers in the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (1987) and 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Midwest Region and the United States Department of Agriculture National Food Security Act Manual (1994 and 1996). Plant observations were made for calculating the Coefficient of Conservatism (ĉ) and Floristic Quality Index (FQI) for each wetland plant community using the Wilhelm method (Swink and Wilhelm, 1994).

METHODS

1987 USACE Wetland Delineation Manual and 2010 Midwest Regional Supplement.

Prior to the site visit, a preliminary site evaluation is performed using aerial photography and natural resource mapping. Potential wetland areas identified by these resources are evaluated in the field to determine if they meet the requirements for a wetland based on the USACE parameters of vegetation, hydrology, and soils. In general, positive indication of each of the three parameters must be demonstrated to classify an area as wetland. Each of these parameters is discussed below.

- Vegetation Three vegetative indicators are applied to plant communities in order to determine if the hydrophytic vegetation criterion is met.
 - More than 50% of the dominant plant species across all strata must be hydrophytic (water tolerant). The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has prepared a regional list of plants occurring in wetlands which assigns the plant species different indicators. Wetland plants fall into three indicator classes based on differing tolerances to water level and soil saturation. These indicators are rated obligate wetland (OBL), facultative wetland (FACW), or facultative (FAC). Dominant plant species are recorded at sample points within investigated areas.
 - 2. The prevalence index is 3.0 or less. The prevalence index is a weighted-average wetland indicator status of all plant species in a sampling plot. Each indicator status category is given a numeric value (OBL = 1, FACW = 2, FAC = 3, FACU = 4, and UPL = 5) and weighting is by abundance. A prevalence index of 3.0 or less indicates that hydrophytic vegetation is present. The prevalence index is used to determine whether hydrophytic vegetation is present on sites where indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology are present but the vegetation initially fails the dominance test.
 - 3. The plant community passes either the dominance test (Indictor 1) or the prevalence index (Indicator 2) after reconsideration of the indicator status of certain plant species that exhibit morphological adaptations for life in wetlands. Common morphological adaptations include but are not limited to adventitious roots, multistemmed trunks, shallow root systems developed on or near the soil surface, and buttressing in tree species. To apply this indicator, these morphological features must be observed on more than 50% of the individuals of a FACU species living in an area where indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology are present.
- Hydrology To be considered a wetland, an area must have 14 or more consecutive days of flooding or ponding, or a water table 12 inches or less below the soil surface, during the growing season at a minimum frequency of 5 years in 10. Wetland hydrology indicators are divided into four groups as described below:
 - Group A indicators are based on the direct observation of surface water or groundwater during a site visit.
 - Group B consists of evidence that the site is subject to flooding or ponding, although it may not be inundated currently. These indicators include water marks, drift deposits, sediment deposits, and similar features.
 - Group C consists of other evidence that the soil is saturated currently or was saturated recently. Some of these indicators, such as oxidized rhizopheres surrounding living roots and the presence of reduced iron or sulfur in the soil profile, indicate that the soil has been saturated for an extended period.

 Group D – consists of landscape and vegetation characteristics that indicate contemporary rather than historical wet conditions. These indicators include stunted or stressed plants, geomorphic position, and the FAC-neutral test.

Wetland hydrology indicators are intended as one-time observations of site conditions that are sufficient evidence of wetland hydrology. Within each group, indicators are divided into two categories – *primary* and *secondary*. One primary indicator from any group is sufficient to conclude that wetland hydrology is present. In the absence of a primary indicator, two or more secondary indicators from any group are required to conclude that wetland hydrology is present.

• Soils - To be considered a wetland, an area must contain hydric soil. Hydric soils are formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic (lacking oxygen) conditions in the upper part. Soils generally, but not always, will develop indicators that are formed predominantly by the accumulation or loss of iron, manganese, sulfur, or carbon compounds in a saturated and anaerobic environment. The most current edition of the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States is used for identification of hydric soils. Field indicators of hydric soils include but are not limited to the presence of any of the following: histic epipedon, sulfidic odor, at least 2 centimeters of muck, depleted matrix, and/or redoximorphic features. Field indicators are usually examined in the top 24 inches of the soil. Soil colors are determined using Munsell Soil Color Charts.

In most circumstances areas meeting these three criteria are staked in the field for surveying purposes. Boundaries are demarcated in the field with pink flagged pin stakes labeled "WETLAND DELINEATION." Staked boundaries are mapped on an aerial photograph included in this report. Approximate off-site wetland boundaries are identified on the aerial photograph and were determined using available aerial photographs, wetland maps, and field observation.

Farmed Wetland Determinations.

ENCAP, Inc. conducted a wetland determination on the farmed portion of the project area and off-site farmed portion immediately adjacent to the property using National Food Security Act Manual (NFSAM) methodology. Aerial photographs are reviewed in order to identify potential farmed wetland signatures. The identified suspect areas are then field investigated to confirm that the areas are in fact wetlands. Copies of the aerial photographs used in identifying farmed wetlands are included in this report.

MAP REVIEW

- The National Wetlands Inventory identifies one Riverine, Intermittent, Streambed, Seasonally Flooded (R4SBC) waterway within the southern portion of the project area; one Palustrine, Emergent, Persistent, Seasonally Flooded, Partially Drained/Ditched (PEM1Cd) wetland within the southern portion of the project area; and one Palustrine, Unconsolidated Bottom, Intermittently Exposed, Excavated (PUBGx) wetland within the southwestern portion of the project area (Exhibit B).
- The Soil Map identifies the following soils within the project area: La Rose silt loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes, eroded (60C2); Harpster silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (67A); Brenton silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (149A); Drummer silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (152A); Danabrook silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (512B); Clare silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (663B); and Pits, gravel (865). Drummer silty clay loam and Harpster silty clay loam are considered hydric in Kendall County (Exhibit C).
- The 2018 United States Geological Survey (USGS) Topographic Map identifies wetland marsh in the south-central portion of the project area (Exhibit D).
- The FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map identifies the project area outside the 500year floodplain (Exhibit E).
- The Illinois State Historic Preservation Office (ISHPO) Historic Architectural Resources Geographic Information System (HARGIS) Map does not identify any historic archaeological remains or properties within the project area (Exhibit F).

SPECIFIC DESCRIPTION OF IDENTIFIED WATER RESOURCES

Wetland 1. This wetland (approximately 9.30 acres in on-site size) is located within the southern and eastern portions of the project area. Wetland 1 appears to receive overland hydrological flows from the west and north, and flows off-site to the east through a culvert underneath Beecher Road. Wetland 1 extends off-site to the west, south, and east. Wetland 1 is associated with an unnamed tributary of Rob Roy Creek, a channelized drainageway system. This unnamed tributary consists of a natural drainageway system, that eventually connects to the Fox River downstream. The channel of the unnamed tributary averages 5-10 feet in width. Its banks (average 1-3 feet in height) are primarily vegetated by invasive, non-native species. At the time of the field investigation, water depth within the channel varied between approximately 1 to 2 feet. Ducks, frogs, and toads were observed utilizing Wetland 1 during the field investigation.

The buffer surrounding Wetland 1 consists of fallow agricultural fields, mature woodland, cropped agricultural land, a mined quarry, disturbed areas, and roadways. Wetland 1 will likely be considered to be jurisdictional by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers due to its direct connection to Rob Roy Creek and the Fox River. Based on the definition of a high-quality aquatic resource, Wetland 1 would be considered a high quality aquatic resource based on its floristic vegetative quality.

Six sample points were established within and adjacent to Wetland 1 to characterize the vegetation, soils, and hydrology at various plant communities within the on-site portion of the wetland (Exhibit G: Aerial Photograph). The on-site wetland boundaries were demarcated with 127 pink flagged pin stakes.

The on-site portion of Wetland 1 was primarily vegetated by Sandbar Willow (*Salix interior*), Black Willow (*Salix nigra*), Cattail (*Typha angustifolia*), and Reed Canary Grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*). The mapped soil series are Harpster silty clay loam (67A), a hydric soil; Brenton silt loam (149A), a non-hydric soil; Drummer silty clay loam (152A), a hydric soil; Clare silt loam (663B), a non-hydric soil; and Pits gravel (865), a non-hydric soil. USDA field indicators A2: Histic Epipedon, A3: Black Histic, A12: Thick Dark Surface, and F6: Redox Dark Surface provided evidence of hydric soil. High water table, saturation, sediment deposits, drift deposits, inundation visible on aerial imagery, true aquatic plants, drainage patterns, dry-season water table, saturation visible on aerial imagery, geomorphic position, and a positive FAC-neutral test provided evidence of persistent hydrology (See Wetland Determination Data Forms).

The native mean Coefficient of Conservatism (ĉ) for the on-site portion of Wetland 1 was 2.88, and the native Floristic Quality Index (FQI) of Wetland 1 was 26.74 (see attached Floristic Quality Data). These values indicate a high-quality plant community.

<u>Farmed Wetland 1.</u> This wetland (0.64 acres in total size) is located within the east-central portion of the project area. Farmed Wetland 1 is directly connected to Wetland 1 and receives its hydrology from overland flows. Farmed Wetland 1 exhibited wetland signatures in 1 out of 5 historic aerial photographs from years with normal precipitation. The location and acreage of Farmed Wetland 1 were determined through aerial photograph interpretation and field investigation, and its boundaries were field staked by ENCAP, Inc. Based on the definition of a high-quality aquatic resource, Farmed Wetland 1 would not be considered a high quality aquatic resource. No waterfowl or amphibian species were observed while at the project area.

The buffer surrounding Farmed Wetland 1 consists of fallow agricultural fields, disturbed areas, roadways, and Wetland 1. Farmed Wetland 1 will likely be considered to be jurisdictional by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers due to its direct connection to Rob Roy Creek and the Fox River.

Four sample points were established within and adjacent to Farmed Wetland 1 to characterize the vegetation, soils, and hydrology (Exhibit G: Aerial Photograph). Farmed Wetland 1 was primarily vegetated by Soft-stemmed Bulrush (Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani), Sandbar Willow, and Chufa (Cyperus esculentus). The mapped soil series are Brenton silt loam (149A), a non-hydric soil; and Clare silt loam (663B), a non-hydric soil. USDA field indicators A10: 2 cm Muck and A12: Thick Dark Surface provided evidence of hydric soil. Surface water, high water table, saturation, drainage patterns, saturation visible on aerial imagery, stunted or stressed plants, geomorphic position, and a positive FAC-neutral test provided evidence of persistent hydrology (See Wetland Determination Data Forms).

The native mean Coefficient of Conservatism (ĉ) for Farmed Wetland 1 was 1.27, and the native Floristic Quality Index (FQI) of Farmed Wetland 1 was 4.91 (see attached Floristic Quality Data). These values indicate a low-quality plant community.

Farmed Wetland 2. This wetland (0.10 acres in total size) is located within the northwestern portion of the project area. Farmed Wetland 2 appears to receive direct overland flows from a culvert underneath Galena Road to the north. In larger, significant rain events, it is possible that overland stormwater flows from Farmed Wetland 2 southeast into the swale of Wetland 1; however, no direct connections to navigable waters were identified on-site. Farmed Wetland 2 exhibited wetland signatures in 4 out of 5 historic aerial photographs from years with normal precipitation. The location and acreage of Farmed Wetland 2 were determined through aerial photograph interpretation and field investigation, and its boundaries were not field staked by ENCAP, Inc. Based on the definition of a high-quality aquatic resource, Farmed Wetland 2 would not be considered a high quality aquatic resource. No waterfowl or amphibian species were observed while at the project area.

The buffer surrounding Farmed Wetland 2 consists of active agricultural fields. Farmed Wetland 2 appears to be isolated and therefore may not be under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; however, the wetland would be regulated by Kendall County through implementation of the County Stormwater Ordinance.

One sample point was established within Farmed Wetland 2 to characterize the vegetation, soils, and hydrology (Exhibit G: Aerial Photograph). Farmed Wetland 2 was primarily vegetated by Corn. The mapped soil series is Drummer silty clay loam (152A), a hydric soil. USDA field indicators A12: Thick Dark Surface and F6: Redox Dark Surface provided evidence of hydric soil. Surface soil cracks, drainage patterns, saturation visible on aerial imagery, stunted or stressed plants, geomorphic position, and a review of historic aerial photographs provided evidence of persistent hydrology (See Wetland Determination Data Forms).

The native mean Coefficient of Conservatism (ĉ) for Farmed Wetland 2 was 0.0, and the native Floristic Quality Index (FQI) of Farmed Wetland 2 was 0.0 (see attached Floristic Quality Data). These values indicate a low-quality plant community.

INVESTIGATION OF FARMED AREAS

During the field investigation, the northwestern and central portions of the site consisted of agricultural land. ENCAP, Inc. evaluated Farm Service Agency (FSA) aerial photographs (slides) year-by-year using NRCS wetland signature criteria. Wetland signatures consist of wetland vegetation, surface water, drowned-out crops, patches of greener vegetation, and avoided areas. Areas exhibiting wetland signatures in >50% or more of reviewed aerial photographs and containing hydric soil are considered farmed wetlands. Additionally, if areas do not exhibit wetland signatures in >50% or more of reviewed aerial photographs but do exhibit positive primary or secondary wetland hydrology indicators in the field, they are also considered farmed wetlands. See the attached aerial photographs for years reviewed and wetland signatures observed. WETS Station data from Aurora, Illinois (closest location available) is also attached.

Year	FSA Slide	Precipitation	Sample Points Type of Signature / Corresponding Number							
	Source		E	F	G	Н	K			
1994	Kendall Co. SWCD	Normal	N	N	D/3	N	D/1			
1995	1995 Kendall Co. SWCD Normal			N	N	N	N			
1996	96 Kendall Co. SWCD Normal		N	N	N	N	D/1			
1999	Kendall Co. SWCD Normal		N	N	N	N	D/1			
2000	Kendall Co. SWCD	WET	N	N	N	N	D/1			
2001	Kendall Co. SWCD	Normal	N	N	N	N	D/1			
	nt wetland signatures with normal precipita		0%	0%	20%	0%	80%			
Hydric soil present based on field inspection			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Identif	ied as wetland on the	e NWI	No	No	No	No	No			
Qualifies as Farmed Wetland			Yes*	No	Yes*	No	Yes			

D=Discoloration

N=No Wetland Signatures Observed

Y= Yes / Identified

^{*}Although this area displayed wetland signatures in less than 50% of the reviewed aerials, this area displayed positive primary and secondary wetland hydrology indicators in the field, and is therefore considered a farmed wetland.

ADDITIONAL AREAS INVESTIGATED FOR WETLAND STATUS

One additional vegetated site located within the project area was examined to determine if it satisfied wetland criteria. It did not so qualify; therefore, it is referred to as an Investigated Area in this report. The area is briefly described herein and a USACE data form is provided to support our negative findings (See USACE data forms).

<u>Investigated Area 1.</u> This investigated area is located in the northern portion of the project area (Exhibit G: Aerial Photograph – Sample Point L). This area was investigated because it contained a mixture of hydrophytic and upland vegetation.

Investigated Area 1 was primarily vegetated by Reed Canary Grass. The mapped soil series is Danabrook silt loam (512B), a non-hydric soil. The field investigated soils did not exhibit hydric characteristics. Evidence of persistent hydrology was not observed (See Wetland Determination Data Forms).

Based on the non-persistent hydrology and the presence of non-hydric soil, Investigated Area 1 does not qualify as wetland.

REGULATORY STATEMENT

<u>Federal Regulations:</u> The deposition of dredged or fill materials into federally jurisdictional wetlands or Waters of the United States is regulated by the USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The Nationwide 39 Permit authorizes 0.1 acre or less of low quality wetlands to be filled without mitigation. If over 0.1 acre is proposed for filling or is subject to secondary impacts, in-kind mitigation may be required at a ratio of 1.5:1, or greater. The aggregate total loss of waters of the U.S. authorized by NWP 39 cannot exceed 0.5 acre or 300 linear feet of streambed.

Under the existing regulations, secondary impacts (both on-site and off-site) from filling also must be evaluated. Mitigation may be required at a higher rate if a project will significantly alter wetland functions such as stormwater detention, water filtration, sediment trapping, and/or wildlife habitat.

Before mitigation will be approved, reasonable proof that avoidance or minimization of wetland impacts has been attempted must be provided to the Corps.

A USACE permit is not required if the wetlands are avoided and construction erosion near a wetland is controlled.

Kendall County Stormwater Management Ordinance: In December 2011 Kendall County adopted a Stormwater Management Ordinance. The ordinance provides for the protection of wetlands and other depressional storage areas from damaging modifications and adverse changes in runoff quality and quantity associated with land developments.

Natural vegetation shall be retained and protected. Areas immediately adjacent to natural watercourses, lakes, ponds, and wetlands shall be left undisturbed during development to the greatest extent possible. In addition, special precautions shall be taken to prevent damages resulting from any development activity adjacent to sensitive areas.

Illinois Department of Natural Resources Agency Action Plans for Interagency Wetlands Policy Act of 1989: The Illinois Interagency Wetlands Policy Act of 1989 is intended to ensure that there is no overall net loss of the State's existing wetland acres or their functional values resulting from State-supported activities. The Act charges State agencies with a further duty to "preserve, enhance and create wetlands where necessary to increase the quality and quantity of the State's wetland resource base."

The Interagency Wetlands Policy Act of 1989 states that any construction, land management or other activity performed by, or for which financial assistance is administered or provided by, a State agency that will result in an adverse impact to a wetland shall be subject to compliance. This includes, but is not limited to the following:

- The alteration, removal, excavation, or dredging of soil, sand, gravel, minerals, organic matter, vegetation, or naturally occurring minerals of any kind from a wetland;
- The discharge or deposit of fill material or dredged material in a wetland;
- The alteration of existing drainage characteristics, sedimentation patterns, or flood retention characteristics of a wetland;
- The disturbance of water level or water table of a wetland;

- The destruction or removal of plant life that would alter the character of a wetland, except for activities undertaken in accordance with the Illinois Noxious Weed Act;
- The transfer of State owned wetlands to any entity other than another state agency; and
- Other actions that cause or may cause adverse wetland impacts.

The Act is to be implemented through a State Wetland Mitigation Policy. The State Wetland Mitigation Policy requires preservation of wetlands as the primary objective. Where adverse wetland impacts are unavoidable, progressive levels of compensation based upon the level of impact to the existing wetland and the location of compensation wetlands are required.

Archaeological Survey Requirements: An archaeological survey may be required before a Section 404 permit will be issued for wetland impacts. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will make this determination as part of the permit application review. The archaeological survey must cover all areas of the project area, not wetlands only. If you already have a letter from the Illinois State Historic Preservation Office (ISHPO) stating an archaeological survey is required, you should act on it because the USACE will support this notification.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Three wetlands totaling approximately 10.04 acres were identified on the project area. The boundaries of Farmed Wetland 2 were not field staked by ENCAP, Inc. Farmed wetland boundaries must be scaled from the attached aerial photograph (Exhibit G) onto the property boundary survey.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has the final authority in determining the jurisdictional status of the wetlands identified on site. ENCAP, Inc. recommends that a request for jurisdictional determination be sent to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers as soon as possible.

Any impacts to jurisdictional wetland, Waters of the U.S., or associated buffers will require U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and County notification. ENCAP, Inc. can assist you with the request for jurisdictional determination, permit applications, agency negotiations, wetland design plans, and mitigation plans which may be applicable to your project. The wetland consultant should be involved during the planning and design stages of the project to avoid complications with the agencies after the plan has been drafted. Proper planning regarding wetlands can reduce delays caused by the permitting process and costly changes in site plans.

REFERENCES

- Cowardin, L.M., Carter, V., Golet, F.D., and LaRoe, E.T., 1979, "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States," FWA/OBS-79/31, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Office of Biological Services, Washington, D.C.
- Environmental Laboratory, 1987, "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual," Technical Report Y-87-1, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, MS.
- Herman, B., Sliwinski, R. and S. Whitaker. 2017. Chicago Region FQA (Floristic Quality Assessment) Calculator. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Chicago, IL.
- Illinois Department of Natural Resources. "Agency Action Plans for Interagency Wetlands Policy Act of 1989." http://dnr.state.il.us/wetlands/ch6d.htm.
- Kendall County Stormwater Management Ordinance. Adopted December 15, 2011. Revised October 15, 2019.
- Lichvar, R.W., D.L. Banks, W.N. Kirchner, and N.C. Melvin. 2016. The National Wetland Plant List: 2016 wetland ratings. Phytoneuron 2016-30: 1-17. Published 28 April 2016. ISSN 2153 733X.
- Munsell Soil Color Charts. 2018. GretagMacbeth, New Windsor, New York.
- Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. Available online at the following link: https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/. Accessed [06/17/2020].
- Swink F. and G. Wilhelm, 1994, "Plants of the Chicago Region", 4th Edition, Indianapolis: Indiana Academy of Science.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers and Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). "The Navigable Waters Protection Rule: Definition of 'Waters of the United States'." Final Rule. Federal Register, 85 FR 22250. 2020-06-22.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers 2010. Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Midwest Region (Version 2.0), U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers 2016. National Wetland Plant List, version 3.3. http://wetland_plants.usace.army.mil/ U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Engineer Research and Development Center. Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Hanover, NH.
- United States Department of Agriculture, 1994, National Food Security Act manual, 180-V-NFSAM, Third Edition, 2nd Amendment, December 20, 1996.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2018. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2. L.M. Vasilas, G.W. Hurt, and J.F. Berkowitz (eds.). USDA, NRCS, in cooperation with the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils.

- United States Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, "Nationwide Permit Program," January 6, 2017.
- United States Government, Joint Guidance From The Natural Resources Conservation Service And The Army Corps Of Engineers Concerning Wetland Determinations For The Clean Water Act And The Food Security Act Of 1985, March 25, 2005.
 - Wilhelm, G. and L. Rericha. 2017, "Flora of the Chicago Region: A Floristic and Ecological Synthesis", Indianapolis: Indiana Academy of Science.

USFWS Section 7 Consultation Review Summary + Official Threatened & Endangered Species List



2585 Wagner Ct. DeKalb, IL 60115 Phone: 815.748.4500 Fax: 815.748.4255 www.encapinc.net

July 27, 2020

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Rock Island Illinois Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, Illinois 61265

Re: USFWS Review Summary - Section 7 Endangered Species Act Consultation

Project: Cordero Property, located in Illinois, Kendall County, Bristol Township, Unincorporated, T37N R7E Sections 5&6; Latitude 41.708717 N; Longitude

-88.469683 W

ENCAP, Inc. project # 20-0617B Client: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer

The project area consists of approximately 25.5 acres of wetland, agricultural land currently in production with Corn (Zea mays), fallow agricultural land, a wooded drainageway, and a wooded, abandoned residential lot. The proposed project includes the potential development of a mulch storage yard with an associated building.

ENCAP, Inc. carefully reviewed the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) technical assistance website on July 27, 2020, for federally listed threatened and endangered species. According to the website, 3 species are listed and may be present in Kendall County: the Indiana Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, and Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid.

A few types of habitat exist on the project area. The southern portion of the project area consists of Wetland 1, which is dominated by Sandbar Willow (Salix interior), Black Willow (Salix nigra), Cattail (Typha angustifolia), and Reed Canary Grass (Phalaris arundinacea). Wetland 1 continues off-site to both the east and west. With a native mean C-Value of 2.88 and a native FQI value of 26.74, Wetland 1 is considered a high quality aquatic resource. While invasive species dominate the wetland in general, the wetland fringes and some pockets are undisturbed sedge meadow and wet-mesic habitats, and contain a high number of conservative native species, dominated by sedges and forbes. A tributary of Rob Roy Creek flows through the central portion of the wetland from west to east. The tributary has an average depth of 1-2 feet, width of 5-10 feet, and banks 1-3 feet. The bottom of the tributary consisted of muck and silt. The area surrounding the tributary consists of a wooded corridor with mature Black Willow trees, Sandbar Willow shrubs, and herbaceous wetland groundcover. A portion of Wetland 1 consists of a wooded swale. It receives water through overland flow from the Corn field to the west and flows south, into Off-Site Wetland 1. The Wetland 1 Swale is dominated by Box Elder (Acer negundo), White Mulberry (Morus alba), and Canadian Honewort (Cryptotaenia canadensis).

The agricultural land consists of agricultural row crops and a fallow field, dominated by annual weeds, which has been farmed within the last five years. The southern portion of the fallow field consists of Farmed Wetland 1, which is adjacent to Wetland 1. It is dominated by Soft-stemmed Bulrush (*Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani*), Sandbar Willow, and Chufa (*Cyperus esculentus*).

Page 2
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Section 7 Technical Guidance Review
Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel J. Kramer
ENCAP, Inc. Project Number 20-0617B

A portion of Farmed Wetland 1's hydrology originates from overland flow from the surrounding area and other portions originate from a hillside seep. The northwestern field of Corn contains a low-quality farmed wetland. The north-central portion of the project area consists of an upland forest with an herbaceous understory, which used to be a private residence property.

In order to determine the presence of potential Orchid habitat, the species list for Wetland 1 was reviewed and compared to the list of associate species as listed on the USFWS Section 7 consultation website. The guidance states that if 4 or more species from the list are present at the site, then they recommend conducting a search for the Orchid during its bloom period. approximately June 28 to July 11. After careful review of the species list, we have found that the site contains 10 listed associate species, including: Carex sp., Blue Joint Grass (Calamagrostis canadensis), Common Boneset (Eupatorium perfoliatum), Grass-leaved Goldenrod (Euthamia graminifolia), Sawtooth Sunflower (Helianthus grosseserratus), Blueflag Iris (lits virginica shrevei), Common Mountain Mint (Pycnanthemum virginiana), Late Goldenrod (Solidago gigantea), Panicled Aster (Symphyotrichum lanceolatum), and New England Aster (Symphyotrichum novae-angliae). Therefore, ENCAP, Inc. concludes aforementioned site does contain suitable habitat for the Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid. Any impacts to Wetland 1 or its 100-foot buffer may require further USFWS coordination. if impacts to the wetland cannot be avoided, a field survey must be conducted to determine orchid presence on three non-consecutive days between the orchid's bloom period (June 28-July 11) in 2021.

Due to the abundance of large mature woodland trees, containing Black Willow, Silver Maple (Acer saccharinum), Green Ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica), Eastern Cottonwood (Populus deltoides), and American Elm (Ulmus americana), there is a possibility for potential summer roosting habitat for both the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-Eared Bat. These species requires roosting habitat in the exfoliated bark of large trees, as well as standing dead snags. ENCAP, Inc. recommends that further consultation and coordination with the USFWS be initiated prior to and during project permitting, in order to obtain guidance for this listed species. However, typically if tree removal is conducted during the winter months (October 31-April 1), further species surveys are not necessary.

ENCAP, Inc. concludes that this project may contain the Indiana Bat, Northern Long-Eared Bat, or Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid species, their habitats, or designated critical habitat. If tree clearing is conducted during the winter months and a 100 foot buffer is established around Wetland 1, it is likely the Cordero Property development project will have "no effect" on these species. If wetland, wetland buffer, or tree removal impacts occur, however, there will likely be negative impacts to the aforementioned species and further coordination with the USFWS will be required.

Susan Rowley, PWS, CWS, LEED AP Assistant Vice President/ Ecological Consulting Director ENCAP, Inc.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Illinois-Iowa Ecological Services Field Office Illinois & Iowa Ecological Services Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, IL 61265-7022

Phone: (309) 757-5800 Fax: (309) 757-5807



July 27, 2020

In Reply Refer To:

Consultation Code: 03E18000-2020-SLI-2271

Event Code: 03E18000-2020-E-05410

Project Name: Cordero Property

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The attached species list identifies any federally threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project. The list also includes designated critical habitat if present within your proposed project area or affected by your project. This list is provided to you as the initial step of the consultation process required under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act, also referred to as Section 7 Consultation.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 requires that actions authorized, funded, or carried out by Federal agencies not jeopardize federally threatened or endangered species or adversely modify designated critical habitat. To fulfill this mandate, Federal agencies (or their designated non-federal representative) must consult with the Service if they determine their project "may affect" listed species or critical habitat.

Under 50 CFR 402.12(e) (the regulations that implement Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act) the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally. You may verify the list by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/ at regular intervals during project planning and implementation and completing the same process you used to receive the attached list. As an alternative, you may contact this Ecological Services Field Office for updates.

Please use the species list provided and visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Region 3 Section 7 Technical Assistance website at - http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/section7/s7process/index.html. This website contains step-by-step instructions which will help you

þ

determine if your project will have an adverse effect on listed species and will help lead you through the Section 7 process.

For all wind energy projects, please contact this field office directly for assistance, even if no federally listed plants, animals or critical habitat are present within your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project.

Although no longer protected under the Endangered Species Act, be aware that bald eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.) and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703 et seq), as are golden eagles. Projects affecting these species may require measures to avoid harming eagles or may require a permit. If your project is near an eagle nest or winter roost area, see our Eagle Permits website at http://www.fws.gov/midwest/midwestbird/EaglePermits/index.html to help you determine if you can avoid impacting eagles or if a permit may be necessary.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- USFWS National Wildlife Refuges and Fish Hatcheries
- Wetlands

Event Code: 03E18000-2020-E-05410

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Illinois-Iowa Ecological Services Field Office Illinois & Iowa Ecological Services Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, IL 61265-7022 (309) 757-5800 07/27/2020 Event Code: 03E18000-2020-E-05410 2

Project Summary

Consultation Code: 03E18000-2020-SLI-2271

Event Code: 03E18000-2020-E-05410

Project Name: Cordero Property

Project Type: DEVELOPMENT

Project Description: The proposed project involves the potential development of the site.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/41.70790709984422N88.46901027197637W



Counties: Kendall, IL

07/27/2020

Event Code: 03E18000-2020-E-05410

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 3 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. NOAA Fisheries, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Mammals

NAME STATUS

Indiana Bat Myotis sodalis Endangered

There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5949

Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

Flowering Plants

STATUS

Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid Platanthera leucophaea

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/601

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

3

Threatened

Threatened

USFWS National Wildlife Refuge Lands And Fish Hatcheries

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS OR FISH HATCHERIES WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.

Wetlands

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

FRESHWATER EMERGENT WETLAND

PEM1Cd

FRESHWATER POND

PUBGx

RIVERINE

R4SBC

IDNR EcoCAT Natural Resources Review Results

IDNR Project Number:

Alternate Number:

Date:





2101400

07/27/2020

20-0617B

Applicant: Contact:

ENCAP, Inc.

Address:

Kara Smit

Project: Address: Cordero Property

SWC of Galena Road & E Beecher Road, Bristol

Description: The proposed project includes the potential development of the site.

Natural Resource Review Results

This project was submitted for information only. It is not a consultation under Part 1075.

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database contains no record of State-listed threatened or endangered species, Illinois Natural Area Inventory sites, dedicated Illinois Nature Preserves, or registered Land and Water Reserves in the vicinity of the project location.

Location

The applicant is responsible for the accuracy of the location submitted for the project.

County: Kendall

Township, Range, Section:

37N, 7E, 5

37N, 7E, 6

37N, 7E, 7

37N, 7E, 8

IL Department of Natural Resources Contact

Impact Assessment Section 217-785-5500

Division of Ecosystems & Environment



Disclaimer

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database cannot provide a conclusive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of natural resources in Illinois. This review reflects the information existing in the Database at the time of this inquiry, and should not be regarded as a final statement on the site being considered, nor should it be a substitute for detailed site surveys or field surveys required for environmental assessments. If additional protected resources are encountered during the project's implementation, compliance with applicable statutes and regulations is required.

Terms of Use

By using this website, you acknowledge that you have read and agree to these terms. These terms may be revised by IDNR as necessary. If you continue to use the EcoCAT application after we post changes to these terms, it will mean that you accept such changes. If at any time you do not accept the Terms of Use, you may not continue to use the website.

IDNR Project Number: 2101400

- 1. The IDNR EcoCAT website was developed so that units of local government, state agencies and the public could request information or begin natural resource consultations on-line for the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act, Illinois Natural Areas Preservation Act, and Illinois Interagency Wetland Policy Act. EcoCAT uses databases, Geographic Information System mapping, and a set of programmed decision rules to determine if proposed actions are in the vicinity of protected natural resources. By indicating your agreement to the Terms of Use for this application, you warrant that you will not use this web site for any other purpose.
- Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this website are strictly prohibited and may be punishable under the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 and/or the National Information Infrastructure Protection Act.
- 3. IDNR reserves the right to enhance, modify, alter, or suspend the website at any time without notice, or to terminate or restrict access.

Security

EcoCAT operates on a state of Illinois computer system. We may use software to monitor traffic and to identify unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information, to cause harm or otherwise to damage this site. Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this server is strictly prohibited by law.

Unauthorized use, tampering with or modification of this system, including supporting hardware or software, may subject the violator to criminal and civil penalties. In the event of unauthorized intrusion, all relevant information regarding possible violation of law may be provided to law enforcement officials.

Privacy

EcoCAT generates a public record subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Otherwise, IDNR uses the information submitted to EcoCAT solely for internal tracking purposes.





EcoCAT Receipt

Project Code 2101400

APPLICANT	DATE	

ENCAP, Inc. Kara Smit

7/27/2020

DESCRIPTION	FEE	CONVENIENCE FEE	TOTAL PAID			
EcoCAT Consultation	\$ 25.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 26.00			

TOTAL PAID

\$ 26.00

Illinois Department of Natural Resources One Natural Resources Way Springfield, IL 62702 217-785-5500 dnr.ecocat@illinois.gov Floristic Quality Data Sheets

SITE: Cordero Property LOCALE: Wetland 1 BY: S. Rowley & K. Smit NOTES: 7.2.2020

CONSERVATISM- BASED METRICS			ADDITIONAL METRICS
MEAN C		SPECIES RICHNESS	
(NATIVE SPECIES)	2.88	(ALL)	121
MEAN C		SPECIES RICHNESS	
(ALL SPECIES) MEAN C	2.05	(NATIVE)	86
(NATIVE TREES)	2.14	% NON-NATIVE	0.29
MEAN C		WET INDICATOR	
(NATIVE SHRUBS) MEAN C	2.33	(ALL)	-0.32
(NATIVE		WET INDICATOR	
HERBACEOUS)	2.99	(NATIVE)	-0.69
FQAI		% HYDROPHYTE	
(NATIVE SPECIES) FOAI	26.74	(MIDWEST) % NATIVE	0.70
(ALL SPECIES)	22.55	PERENNIAL	0.60
ADJUSTED FQAI	24.31	% NATIVE ANNUAL	0.10
% C VALUE 0	0.40	% ANNUAL	0.13
% C VALUE 1-3	0.30	% PERENNIAL	0.81
% C VALUE 4-6	0.26		0.01
% C VALUE 7-10	0.03		

SPECIES ACRONYM	SPECIES NAME (NWPL/ MOHLENBROCK)	SPECIES (SYNONYM)	COMMON NAME	C VALUE	MIDWEST WET INDICATOR		WET INDICATOR (NUMERIC)	HABIT	DURATION	NATIVITY	
		Acer negundo)								
aceneg	Acer negundo	violaceum Acer	Ash-Leaf Maple		0 FAC	FAC	0	Tree	Perennial	Native	
acesai	Acer saccharinum Agrimonia	saccharinum Agrimonia	Silver Maple		1 FACW	FACW	-1	Tree	Perennial	Native	
agrpar	parviflora	parviflora AGROSTIS	Harvestlice		4 FACW	FAC	-1	Forb	Perennial	Native	
agralb	Agrostis gigantea	ALBA AMARANTHU S	Black Bent		0 FACW	FACW	-1	Grass	Perennial	Adventive	
	Amaranthus	RETROFLEXU									
amaret	retroflexus Ambrosia	S Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Red-Root		0 FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Annual	Adventive	
ambart	artemisiifolia	elatior Ambrosia	Annual Ragweed		0 FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Annual	Native	
ambtri	Ambrosia trifida Amphicarpaea	trifida Amphicarpae	Great Ragweed American Hog-		0 FAC	FAC	0	Forb	Annual	Native	
ampbra	bracteata Anemone	a bracteata Anemone	Peanut Round-Leaf		5 FAC	FAC	0	Vine	Annual	Native	
anecan	canadensis Anthriscus	canadensis ANTHRISCUS	Thimbleweed		4 FACW	FACW	-1	Forb	Perennial	Native	
antsyl	sylvestris Apocynum	SYLVESTRIS Apocynum	Chervil		0 UPL	UPL	2	Forb	Biennial	Adventive	
apocan	cannabinum	sibiricum ARCTIUM	Indian-Hemp		2 FAC	FAC	0	Forb	Perennial	Native	
arcmin	Arctium minus	MINUS Asclepias	Lesser Burrdock		0 FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Biennial	Adventive	
ascsyr	Asclepias syriaca Asclepias	syriaca Asclepias	Common Milkweed		0 FACU	UPL	1	Forb	Perennial	Native	
ascver	verticillata Asparagus	verticillata ASPARAGUS	Whorled Milkweed		1 FACU	UPL	1	Forb	Perennial	Native	
aspoff	officinalis	OFFICINALIS Bidens	Asparagus Nodding Burr-		0 FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Perennial	Adventive	
bidcer	Bidens cernua	cernua Bidens	Marigold		3 OBL	OBL	-2	Forb	Annual	Native	
bidfro	Bidens frondosa	frondosa BROMUS	Devil's-Pitchfork		1 FACW	FACW	-1	Forb	Annual	Native	
broine	Bromus inermis	INERMIS BROMUS	Smooth Brome		0 FACU	UPL	1	Grass	Perennial	Adventive	
brotec	Bromus tectorum Calamagrostis	TECTORUM Calamagrosti	Downy Chess		O UPL	UPL	2	Grass	Annual	Adventive	
calcan	canadensis	s canadensis	Bluejoint		6 OBL	OBL	-2	Grass	Perennial	Native	

			Allows Sept. 1					
consep	Calystegia sepium	Convolvulus sepium CAMPANULA	Hedge False Bindweed	1 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
camrap	Campanula rapunculoides	RAPUNCULOI DES Carex	European Bellflower	0 UPL	UPL	2 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
cxanne cxbebb	Carex annectens Carex bebbii	annectens xanthocarpa Carex bebbii	Yellow-Fruit Sedge Bebb's Sedge	3 FACW 8 OBL	FACW OBL	-1 Sedge -2 Sedge	Perennial Perennial	Native Native
cxblan	Carex blanda	Carex blanda	Eastern Woodland Sedge	1 FAC	FAC	0 Sedge	Perennial	Native
cxconj	Carex conjuncta	Carex conjuncta	Soft Fox Sedge	8 FACW	FACW	-1 Sedge	Perennial	Native
cxcris	Carex cristatella	Carex cristatella	Crested Sedge	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Sedge	Perennial	Native
cxgris	Carex grisea	Carex grisea	Inflated Narrow- Leaf Sedge	3 FAC	FAC	0 Sedge	Perennial	Native
cxhyst cxpell	Carex hystericina Carex pellita	Carex hystericina Carex pellita	Porcupine Sedge Woolly Sedge	7 OBL 4 OBL	OBL OBL	-2 Sedge -2 Sedge	Perennial Perennial	Native Native
cxstip	Carex stipata		Stalk-Grain Sedge	4 OBL	OBL	-2 Sedge	Perennial	Native
cxvulp	Carex vulpinoidea	Carex vulpinoidea	Common Fox Sedge	2 FACW	OBL	-1 Sedge	Perennial	Native
celocc	Celtis occidentalis	Celtis occidentalis	Common Hackberry	2 FAC	FAC		Perennial	
cicint	Cichorium intybus	CICHORIUM INTYBUS	Chicory	0 FACU		0 Tree		Native
	Cicionan meyous	Circaea lutetiana	Broad-Leaf Enchanter's-	U FACO	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
circan	Circaea canadensis	canadensis CIRSIUM	Nightshade	3 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Native
cirarv	Cirsium arvense	ARVENSE Cirsium	Canadian Thistle	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
cirdis	Cirsium discolor	discolor Cornus	Field Thistle	3 FACU	UPL	1 Forb	Biennial	Native
corrac	Cornus racemosa Cryptotaenia	racemosa Cryptotaenia	Gray Dogwood	1 FAC	FAC	0 Shrub	Perennial	Native
crycan	canadensis	canadensis Cyperus	Canadian Honewort	4 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
cypesc	Cyperus esculentus		Chufa	0 FACW	FACW	-1 Sedge	Perennial	Native
dacglo	Dactylis glomerata	GLOMERATA DAUCUS	Orchard Grass	0 FACU	FACU	1 Grass	Perennial	Adventive
daucar	Daucus carota Echinochloa crus-	CAROTA Echinochloa	Queen Anne's Lace Large Barnyard	0 UPL	UPL	2 Forb	Biennial	Adventive
echcru	galli	crusgalli Echinocystis	Grass	0 FACW	FAC	-1 Grass	Annual	Native
echlob	Echinocystis lobata	lobata Eleocharis erythropoda; Eleocharis palustris major; Eleocharis smallii; Eleocharis xyridiformis; Eleocharis	Wild Cucumber	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Vine	Annual	Native
elepal	Eleocharis palustris	а	Common Spike- Rush	1 OBL	OBL	-2 Sedge	Perennial	Native
elyvir	Elymus virginicus	Elymus virginicus	Virginia Wild Rye	3 FACW	FACW	-1 Grass	Perennial	Native
epicol	Epilobium coloratum	Epilobium coloratum	Purple-Leaf Willowherb	3 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
equarv	The state of the s	Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail	0 FAC	FAC	0 Fern	Perennial	Native
erican	Erigeron canadensis	Conyza canadensis	Canadian Horseweed	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Annual	Native
eupper	Eupatorium perfoliatum		Common Boneset	4 OBL	FACW	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
		Solidago graminifolia; Solidago graminifolia nuttallii;						
	Euthamia graminifolia	Euthamia nuttallii	Flat-Top Goldentop	4 FACW	FAC	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
	Eutrochium maculatum	maculatum	Spotted Trumpetweed	5 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
		Fraxinus pennsylvanic a subintegerri						
		ma; Fraxinus	Graan Ach	4.546.0	S. C. W.	J. Cv.	Contraction of the Contraction o	G. 124
nopen	релпsylvanica	lanceolata	Green Ash	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Tree	Perennial	Native

galapa	Galium aparine	Galium spurium	Sticky-Willy	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Annual	Native
geucan	Geum canadense	Geum canadense	White Avens	1 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
hacvir	Hackelia virginiana	Hackelia virginiana Helianthus	Beggar's-Lice	1 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Native
helgro	Helianthus grosseserratus	grosseserratu s	Saw-Tooth Sunflower	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
horjub	Hordeum jubatum	JUBATUM	Fox-Tail Barley	0 FAC	FAC	0 Grass	Perennial	Native
irivir	Iris virginica var, shrevei	Iris virginica shrevei Juncus	Virginia Blueflag	5 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
junacu	Juncus acuminatus	acuminatus	Knotty-Leaf Rush	4 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
jundud	Juncus dudleyi	Juncus dudleyi Juncus	Dudley's Rush	2 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
juntor	Juncus torreyi	torreyi LACTUCA	Torrey's Rush	2 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
lacser	Lactuca serriola	SERRIOLA Leersia	Prickly Lettuce	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Biennial	Adventive
leeory	Leersia oryzoides	oryzoides	Rice Cut Grass	3 OBL	OBL	-2 Grass	Perennial	Native
lemmio	Lemna minor	Lemna minor LONICERA	Common Duckweed	5 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Annual	Native
lonmaa	Lonicera maackii	MAACKII LONICERA	Amur Honeysuckle	0 UPL	UPL	2 Shrub	Perennial	Adventive
Iontat	Lonicera tatarica	TATARICA LYTHRUM	Twinsisters	0 FACU	FACU	1 Shrub	Perennial	Adventive
lytsal	Lythrum salicaria	SALICARIA MELILOTUS	Purple Loosestrife	0 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
melalb	Melilotus albus	ALBA MELILOTUS	White Sweet-Clover Yellow Sweet-	0 UPL	UPL	2 Forb	Biennial	Adventive
mellof	Melilotus officinalis	ALBA	Clover	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Biennial	Adventive
mimrin	Mimulus ringens	Mimulus ringens MORUS ALBA	Allegheny Monkey- Flower	4 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
moralb	Morus alba	VAR. TATARICA	White Mulberry	0 FAC	FACU	0 Tree	Perennial	Adventive
pacgla	Packera glabella	SENECIO GLABELLUS Parthenociss	Cress-Leaf Groundsel	0 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Annual	Adventive
parqui	Parthenocissus quinquefolia	us quinquefolia Polygonum	Virginia-Creeper	4 FACU	FACU	1 Vine	Perennial	Native
perhyo	Persicaria hydropiperoides	opelousanum adenocalyx	Swamp Smartweed	6 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
permac	Persicaria maculosa	POLYGONUM PERSICARIA	Lady's-Thumb	0 FACW	FAC	-1 Forb	Annual	Adventive
	Persicaria	Polygonum pensylvanicu						
polpen	pensylvanica	M PHALARIS	Pinkweed	0 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Annual	Native
phaaru	Phalaris arundinacea	ARUNDINACE A	Reed Canary Grass	0 FACW	FACW	-1 Grass	Perennial	Adventive
phlpra	Phleum pratense Phragmites	PRATENSE	Common Timothy	0 FACU	FACU	1 Grass	Perennial	Adventive
phrausu	australis ssp. australis	PHRAGMITES AUSTRALIS	Common Reed	0 FACW	FACW	1 Crass	Doroneial	Advantoria
plamaj	Plantago major	PLANTAGO MAJOR	Great Plantain			-1 Grass	Perennial	Adventive
		POA	Kentucky Blue	0 FAC	FACU	0 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
poapra	Poa pratensis	PRATENSIS Populus	Grass Eastern	0 FAC	FACU	0 Grass	Perennial	Adventive
popdel	Populus deltoides Pycnanthemum	deltoides Pycnanthemu m	Cottonwood	0 FAC	FAC	0 Tree	Perennial	Native
pycvir	virginianum Ranunculus	virginianum	Virginia Mountain- Mint	5 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
ransce	sceleratus	Ranunculus sceleratus	Cursed Buttercup	4 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Annual	Native
rhacat	Rhamnus cathartica			0 FAC	FAC	0 Shrub	Perennial	Adventive
ribmis	Ribes missouriense	Ribes missouriense	Missouri Gooseberry	2 UPL	UPL	2 Shrub	Perennial	Native
roscar	Rosa carolina		Carolina Rose	5 FACU	FACU	1 Shrub	Perennial	Native
rosmul	Rosa multiflora		Rambler Rose	0 FACU	FACU	1 Shrub	Perennial	Adventive
rubocc	Rubus occidentalis	Rubus occidentalis RUMEX	Black Raspberry	0 UPL	UPL	2 Shrub	Perennial	Native
rumcri	Rumex crispus	CRISPUS	Curly Dock	0 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
salint salnig	Salix interior Salix nigra	Salix interior Salix nigra	Sandbar Willow Black Willow	2 FACW 5 OBL	FACW OBL	-1 Shrub -2 Tree	Perennial Perennial	Native Native

	Cambunic plans	Cambusus						
samcan	Sambucus nigra ssp. canadensis	Sambucus canadensis Sanicula	Black Elder Clustered Black-	4 FAC	FACW	-1 Shrub	Perennial	Native
sanodo	Sanicula odorata Schedonorus	gregaria FESTUCA	Snakeroot Meadow False Rye	3 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
fesela	pratensis	ELATIOR Scirpus	Grass	0 FACU	FACU	1 Grass	Perennial	Adventive
	Schoenoplectus	validus	Soft-Stem Club-					
schtab	tabernaemontani	creber Scirpus	Rush	3 OBL	OBL	-2 Sedge	Perennial	Native
sciatv	Scirpus atrovirens	atrovirens SOLANUM	Dark-Green Bulrush	4 OBL	OBL	-2 Sedge	Perennial	Native
	Solanum		Carolina Horse-					
solcar	carolinense	SOLANUM	Nettle Climbing	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
soldul	Solanum dulcamara	DULCAMARA Solidago	Nightshade	0 FAC	FAC	0 Vine	Perennial	Adventive
solalt	Solidago altissima	altissima Solidago	Tall Goldenrod	1 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Native
solgig	Solidago gigantea	gigantea Spartina	Late Goldenrod Freshwater Cord	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
spapec	Spartina pectinata	pectinata	Grass	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Grass	Perennial	Native
spijap	Spiraea japonica	SPIRAEA JAPONICA Stachys	Japanese Meadowsweet	0 UPL	UPL	2 Shrub	Perennial	Adventive
stapil	Stachys pilosa	palustris homotricha	Hairy Hedge-Nettle	5 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
astsim	Symphyotrichum Ianceolatum	Aster simplex	White Panicled American-Aster	3 FAC	FACW	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
astnov	Symphyotrichum novae-angliae	Aster novae- angliae	New England American-Aster	3 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
astpil	Symphyotrichum pilosum		White Oldfield American-Aster	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Native
		Aster puniceus; Aster		o mes	77,00	2,1010	retellina	il dive
sympun	Symphyotrichum puniceum	puniceus firmus	Purple-Stem American-Aster	8 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
27/11/2-11	Teucrium	Teucrium	American	0 002	002	22 1010	rerenna	Hotive
teucan	canadense Toxicodendron	canadense Rhus	Germander	3 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
toxrad	radicans	radicans TRIFOLIUM	Eastern Poison-Ivy	2 FAC	FAC	0 Vine	Perennial	Native
trihyb	Trifolium hybridum	HYBRIDUM TYPHA	Alsike Clover	0 FACU	FACU	1 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
typang	Typha angustifolia	ANGUSTIFOL IA	Narrow-Leaf Cat- Tail	0 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Adventive
typlat	Typha latifolia	Typha latifolia	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	5 OBL	OBL	-2 Forb	Perennial	Native
ulmame	Ulmus americana	Ulmus americana	American Elm	3 FACW	FACW	-1 Tree	Perennial	Native
		Urtica						
	Urtica dioica ssp.	procera;						
urtpro	gracilis	Urtica gracilis Verbena	Tall Nettle	1 FACW	FAC	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
verhas	Verbena hastata	hastata	Simpler's-Joy	4 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
		Verbena urticifolia						
verurt	Verbena urticifolia Verbesina		White Vervain	2 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
veralt	alternifolia	alternifolia Viola	Wingstem	5 FACW	FACW	-1 Forb	Perennial	Native
viosor	Viola sororia	priceana	Hooded Blue Violet	3 FAC	FAC	0 Forb	Perennial	Native
vitein	Vitio elegation	Vitis riparia	Divine Bank Comm	1 5100	EAC	2.10-2	Name - 1-1	Neston
vitrip	Vitis riparia	var. syrticola	River-Bank Grape	1 FACW	FAC	-1 Vine	Perennial	Native

SITE: Cordero Property LOCALE: Farmed Wetland 1 BY: S. Rowley & K. Smit NOTES: 7.2.2020

CONSERVATISM- BASED METRICS			ADDITIONAL METRICS
			, on a second
MEAN C		SPECIES RICHNESS	
(NATIVE SPECIES)	1.27	(ALL)	23
MEAN C		SPECIES RICHNESS	
(ALL SPECIES)	0.83	(NATIVE)	15
MEAN C			
(NATIVE TREES)	0.00	% NON-NATIVE	0.35
MEAN C		WET INDICATOR	
(NATIVE SHRUBS)	2.00	(ALL)	-0.26
MEAN C			
(NATIVE		WET INDICATOR	
HERBACEOUS)	1.31	(NATIVE)	-0.33
FQAI		% HYDROPHYTE	
(NATIVE SPECIES)	4.91	(MIDWEST)	0.65
FQAI		% NATIVE	
(ALL SPECIES)	3.96	PERENNIAL	0.39
ADJUSTED FQAI	10.23	% NATIVE ANNUAL	0.22
% C VALUE 0	0.65	% ANNUAL	0.35
% C VALUE 1-3	0.26	% PERENNIAL	0.61
% C VALUE 4-6	0.09		12,20
% C VALUE 7-10	0.00		

	SPECIES NAME				MIDWEST		WET			
SPECIES	(NWPL/	SPECIES	COMMON		WET	NC-NE WET	INDICATOR			
ACRONYM	MOHLENBROCK) Amaranthus	(SYNONYM) Amaranthus	NAME	C VALUE		INDICATOR		HABIT	DURATION	NATIVITY
amahyb	hybridus	hybridus Ambrosia	Green Pigweed		0 UPL	UPL		2 Forb	Annual	Native
	Ambrosia	artemisiifolia								
ambart	artemisiifolia	elatior Bidens	Annual Ragweed		0 FACU	FACU		1 Forb	Annual	Native
bidfro	Bidens frondosa	frondosa BROMUS	Devil's-Pitchfork		1 FACW	FACW	+	1 Forb	Annual	Native
brotec	Bromus tectorum	TECTORUM Cyperus	Downy Chess		0 UPL	UPL		2 Grass	Annual	Adventive
cypesc	Cyperus esculentus		Chufa		0 FACW	FACW	100	1 Sedge	Perennial	Native
	Echinochloa crus-	Echinochloa	Large Barnyard		e trisati	····		Locuge	refermal	Native
echcru	galli	crusgalli Erigeron	Grass Eastern Daisy		0 FACW	FAC	*1	Grass	Annual	Native
eriann	Erigeron annuus Erigeron	annuus Conyza	Fleabane Canadian		0 FACU	FACU		1 Forb	Biennial	Native
erican	canadensis	canadensis Juncus	Horseweed		0 FACU	FACU		Forb	Annual	Native
jundud	Juncus dudleyi	dudleyi Juncus	Dudley's Rush		2 FACW	FACW		Forb	Perennial	Native
juntor	Juncus torreyi	torreyi SENECIO	Torrey's Rush Cress-Leaf		2 FACW	FACW	-1	Forb	Perennial	Native
pacgla	Packera glabella	GLABELLUS POLYGONUM	Groundsel		0 FACW	FACW	-1	Forb	Annual	Adventive
permac	Persicaria maculosa		Lady's-Thumb		0 FACW	FAC	-1	Forb	Annual	Adventive
	Phalaris	ARUNDINACE								
phaaru	arundinacea	A Populus	Reed Canary Grass Eastern		0 FACW	FACW	-1	Grass	Perennial	Adventive
popdel	Populus deltoides	deltoides RUMEX	Cottonwood		0 FAC	FAC	0	Tree	Perennial	Native
rumcri	Rumex crispus	CRISPUS	Curly Dock		0 FAC	FAC		Forb	Perennial	Adventive
salint	Salix Interior Schedonorus	Salix interior FESTUCA	Sandbar Willow Meadow False Rye		2 FACW	FACW		Shrub	Perennial	Native
fesela	pratensis	ELATIOR Scirpus	Grass		0 FACU	FACU	1	Grass	Perennial	Adventive
	Schoenoplectus	validus	Soft-Stem Club-							
schtab	tabernaemontani	creber Scirpus	Rush		3 OBL	OBL	-2	Sedge	Perennial	Native
sciatv	Scirpus atrovirens	atrovirens SOLANUM	Dark-Green Bulrush		4 OBL	OBL	-2	Sedge	Perennial	Native
	Solanum	CAROLINENS	Carolina Horse-							
solcar	carolinense	E Solidago	Nettle		0 FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Perennial	Adventive
solalt	Solidago altissima	altissima	Tall Goldenrod		1 FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Perennial	Native

TYPHA ANGUSTIFOL Narrow-Leaf Cat-IA Tail IA Verbena hastata typang Typha angustifolia 0 OBL OBL -2 Forb Perennial Adventive Verbena hastata verhas Simpler's-Joy 4 FACW -1 Forb FACW Perennial Native

SITE: Cordero Property LOCALE: Farmed Wetland 2 BY: S. Rowley & K. Smit NOTES: 7.2.2020

CONSERVATISM- BASED METRICS			ADDITIONAL METRICS
MEAN C	0.00	SPECIES RICHNESS	4
(NATIVE SPECIES)	0.00	(ALL)	3
MEAN C		SPECIES RICHNESS	
(ALL SPECIES)	0.00	(NATIVE)	1
MEAN C	0.00	0.000000	
(NATIVE TREES) n/a		% NON-NATIVE	0.67
MEAN C		WET INDICATOR	
(NATIVE SHRUBS) n/a		(ALL)	0.33
MEAN C		40.50	100,00
(NATIVE		WET INDICATOR	
HERBACEOUS)	0.00	(NATIVE)	-1.00
FQAI		% HYDROPHYTE	
(NATIVE SPECIES)	0.00	(MIDWEST)	0.67
FQAI		% NATIVE	
(ALL SPECIES)	0.00	PERENNIAL	0.00
ADJUSTED FQAI	0.00	% NATIVE ANNUAL	0.33
% C VALUE 0	1.00	% ANNUAL	1.00
% C VALUE 1-3	0.00	% PERENNIAL	0.00
% C VALUE 4-6	0.00		
% C VALUE 7-10	0.00		

SPECIES ACRONYM	SPECIES NAME (NWPL/ MOHLENBROCK) Echinochloa crus-	SPECIES (SYNONYM) Echinochloa	COMMON NAME Large Barnyard	C VALUE	MIDWEST WET INDICATOR		WET INDICATOR (NUMERIC)	HABIT	DURATION	NATIVITY
echcru	galli	crusgalli IPOMOEA	Grass Ivy-Leaf Morning-		0 FACW	FAC	-1	Grass	Annual	Native
ipohed	Ipomoea hederacea	HEDERACEA	Glory		0 FAC	FAC	0	Forb	Annual	Adventive
zeamay	Zea mays	ZEA MAYS	Corn		0 UPL	UPL	. 2	Grass	Annual	Adventive

Wetland Determination Data Forms

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Midwest Region

roject/Site: Cordero Property	CII	y/County: Unit	ncorporated Ke	endall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020		
pplicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer / John Co	ordero		Sta	ate: _IL Sampling Point: _A		
vestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Sec	ction, Township,	Range: S 58	&6 T37N R7E		
ndform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Backslope)	Lo	ocal Relief (con	cave, convex, none): None		
ope (%):*Lat:4	1.705445	*Long: -88.4	469721	Datum: Wetland 1 - Upland		
oil Map Unit Name: Pits, gravel (865)				NWI classification: PUBGx		
e climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typic	cal for this time of ye	ear? Yes ⊠ I	No ☐ (If no ex	plain in remarks)		
e vegetation Soil Hydrology	significantly	disturbed?	Are norm	al circumstances present? Yes ⊠ No □		
e vegetation Soil Hydrology	naturally pr	oblematic?	(If neede	d, explain any answers in Remarks.)		
MMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	map showing	sampling po	int location	s, transects, important features, etc.		
vdrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☐ No ☑ vdric Soils Present ? Yes ☒ No ☑		Is the	Sampled Area	Within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒		
etland Hydrology Present? Yes No D	3					
marks: Precipitation data from the previous	s months indicate:	s the climatic/h	ydrologic con	ditions have been normal.		
oordinates obtained from Google Earth.						
GETATION – Use scientific names of p	olants.					
Material Carte State	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:		
ee Stratum (Plot size: 30')	% Cover	Species?	Status	No. of the second secon		
	-	Openies:	Status	Number of Deminant Species		
				Number of Dominant Species That are OBL FACW or FAC: 1 (A)		
				That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _1_ (A)		
				That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _4 (B)		
				That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _1_ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _4_ (B) Percent of Dominant Species		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B)		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 =		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)		_ = Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 =		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 =		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') rb Stratum (Plot size: 5')		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 =		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') rb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum		_ = Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 =		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') orb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea	30	= Total Cove = Total Cove	er FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FAC species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A)		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') orb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus	30 20 15 15	= Total Cove =Total Cove Y Y	FACU UPL FACW FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FAC species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A)		
pling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') orb_Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima	30 20 15 15 10	= Total Cove = Total Cove Y Y Y N	FACU UPL FACW FACU FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') rb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Meliloum Albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea	30 20 15 15 10 10	= Total Cove Y Y Y Y N N	FACU UPL FACW FACU FACU FACU FACW	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') rb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex pellita	30 20 15 15 10 10	= Total Cove Y Y Y Y N N N	FACU UPL FACW FACU FACU FACU FACU OBL	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex pellita Poa pratensis	30 20 15 15 10 10 10	= Total Cove Y Y Y Y N N N N	FACU UPL FACW FACU FACU FACU FACW OBL FAC	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex pellita Poa pratensis Daucus carota	30 20 15 15 10 10 10 10	= Total Cove Y Y Y Y N N N N	FACU UPL FACW FACU FACU FACU UPL UPL	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _ 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex pellita Poa pratensis Daucus carota Symphyotrichum pilosum	30 20 15 15 10 10 10 10 10 5	= Total Cove Y Y Y N N N N N N	FACU UPL FACU FACU FACU UPL FACU UPL FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _ 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Trib Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex pellita Poa pratensis Daucus carota Symphyotrichum pilosum	30 20 15 15 10 10 10 10 5	=Total Cove Y Y Y N N N N N N N	FACU UPL FACU FACU FACU FACW OBL FAC UPL FACU FACU FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology multiplication of the separate sheet) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology multiplicators of hydricators o		
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex pellita Poa pratensis Daucus carota Symphyotrichum pilosum Geum laciniatum Eody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	30 20 15 15 10 10 10 10 10 5	= Total Cove Y Y Y N N N N N	FACU UPL FACU FACU FACU FACW OBL FAC UPL FACU FACU FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Melilotus albus Phalaris arundinacea Erigeron annuus Solidago altissima Carex vulpinoidea Carex peliita Poa pratensis Daucus carota Symphyotrichum pilosum	30 20 15 15 10 10 10 10 5	=Total Cove Y Y Y N N N N N N N	FACU UPL FACW OBL FAC UPL FACU FACU FACU TACU FACU TACU TACU TACU TACU TACU TACU TACU T	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _25% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:		

18-24 10YR 4/1 90 10YR 5/6 10 C M S	
1978 2/1 100 1078 5/6 10 C M S 18-24 1078 4/1 90 1078 5/6 10 C M S 18-24 1078 4/1 90 1078 5/6 10 C M S 18-24 1078 4/1 90 1078 5/6 10 C M S 18-24 1078 4/1 100 C M S 18-24 1078 4/1 100 C M S 18-24 1078 4/1 100 C M S 18-24 100 C M S S S S S S S S S	Dansarka
Type: C = Concentration, D= Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, CS = Covered or Coated Sand Grains Hydric Soil Indicators I	ure Remarks
Type: C = Concentration, D= Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, CS = Covered or Coated Sand Grains Hydric Soil Indicators Histosol (A1)	
Indicators Ind	=
Indicators Ind	-
Indicators Ind	-
Indicators Ind	-
Indicators Ind	_
Maric Soil Indicators Indic	² Locaton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matr
Histosol (A1)	ors for Problematic Hydric Soils ³
Black Histic (A3)	st Prairie Redox (A16)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Surface (S7)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	- Manganese Masses (F12)
2 cm Muck (A10)	/ Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Depleted below Dark Surface (A11)	er (Explain in Remarks)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	
Som Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)	tors of hydrophytic vegetation and wetla
Pype: Depth: Hydricators: Pype: Depth: Hydricators:	ogy must be present unless disturbed o
Type: Depth: Hydricemarks: Page	matic.
POROLOGY Set Surface Water Call C	
Pyprology Setand Hydrology Indicators:	Soil Present? Yes ⊠ No □
Vetland Hydrology Indicators: Indicators (Minimum of one is required: check all that apply) Second Se	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAM
High Water Table (A2)	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require
Valuariation Present Yes No⊠ Depth (inches) N/A Valuariation Present Yes No⊠ Depth (inches) N/A Ves No⊠ Depth (inches) N/A Ves No⊠ Depth (inches) N/A Wetland Hympolium N/A Ves No⊠ Depth (inches) N/A Ves No∑ Depth (inche	Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Geomorphic Position (D2) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
/ater Table Present? Yes □ No ☑ Depth (inches) N/A aturation Present? Yes □ No ☑ Depth (inches) N/A wetland Hy ncludes capillary fringe)	
Vater Table Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (inches) N/A aturation Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (inches) N/A ncludes capillary fringe) Wetland Hy	
aturation Present? Yes ☐ No⊠ Depth (inches) N/A Wetland Hyncludes capillary fringe)	
	Irology Present? Yes□ No ⊠
escribe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if availa	
	a:
emarks:	

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Midwest Region

Project/Site: Cordero Property				- 200	oridali County	Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
pplicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer /	John Cordero)		Sta	ate: IL	Sampling Point: B
nvestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit		Secti	ion, Township,	Range: S 58	%6 T37N R7E	
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):Tc	peslope		Lo	ocal Relief (con	cave, convex, n	one): Concave
*lope (%):0%	at: 41.705	5502	*Long: -88.4	469618	Datum:	Wetland 1
ioil Map Unit Name: Harpster silty o	clay loam, 0 to	2 percent slop	es (67A)			NWI classification: None
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the s	site typical for	this time of year	ar? Yes ⊠ I	No ☐ (If no ex	oplain in remarks	3)
re vegetation Soil Hydrolo	ogy 🗆	significantly	disturbed?	Are norm	nal circumstance	s present? Yes ⊠ No □
re vegetation Soil Hydrolo	ogy 🗆	naturally pro	blematic?	(If neede	d, explain any a	nswers in Remarks.)
JMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attacl	h site map	showing s	ampling po	int location	s, transects	, important features, etc.
	No D		Is the S	Sampled Area	Within a Wetla	nd? Yes ⊠ No 🗆
Coordinates obtained from Google Earth. GETATION – Use scientific name		S.				
on Stratum (Plat size: 20')		Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance	Test worksheet:
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30')		% Cover	Species?	Indicator Status	Number of D	Dominant Species
		% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of D That are OB Total Number	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant
		% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of D That are OB Total Number	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
		% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of D That are OB Total Numbe Species Acro	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant oss All Strata: 5 (B) cominant Species
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior		% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u> er FACW	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence	Oominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _(A) er of Dominant oss All Strata: _5 _(B) ominant Species L,FACW, or FAC60% _(A/B) Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>) Salix interior Populus deltoides		% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C	Oominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant oss All Strata: 5 (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC 60% (A/B) Index worksheet: over of: Multiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>) Salix interior Populus deltoides		% Cover 60 10	Species? = Total Cove Y N	<u>Status</u> er FACW	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: 5 (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC 60% (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of: Multiply by: ci: x 1 = es: x 2 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides		% Cover 60 10	Species? = Total Cove Y N	<u>Status</u> er FACW	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FAC species	Dominant Species
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>) Salix interior Populus deltoides		% Cover 60 10	Species? = Total Cove Y N	Status er FACW FAC	Number of D That are OB. Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB! Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: 5 (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC 60% (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of: Multiply by: cs: x 1 = cs: x 2 = cs: x 3 = cs: x 4 =
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5')		% Cover 60 10	Species? = Total Cove Y N =Total Cove	Status FACW FAC	Number of D That are OB. Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB! Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species UPL species	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: 5 (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC 60% (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of: Multiply by: cs: x 1 = cs: x 2 = cs: x 3 = cs: x 4 =
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum		% Cover 60 10 70 50	Species? = Total Cove Y N	FACW FAC	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW specie FAC species FACU species Column Total	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _ (A)
epling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea		% Cover 60 10 70 50 15	Species? = Total Covery N =Total Covery Y Y	FACW FAC FACU FACW	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW specie FAC species FACU species Column Total	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: 5 (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC 60% (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of: Multiply by: cs: x 1 = cs: x 2 = cs: x 3 = cs: x 4 = cs: x 5 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum		% Cover 60 10 70 50	Species? = Total Cove Y N =Total Cove	FACW FACU FACW OBL	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACW species FACU species Column Total Prevalence Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Total	Dominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _ (A)
epling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea Scirpus atrovirens Solidago altissima Rumex crispus		60 10 70 50 15 15	Species? = Total Covery N =Total Covery Y Y Y	FACW FAC FACU FACW	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prev Hydrophytic	cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _ (A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: _5 _ (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC _60% _ (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea Scirpus atrovirens Solidago altissima Rumex crispus Juncus dudleyi		60 10 70 50 15 15 15 10	Species? = Total Cover Y N = Total Cover Y Y Y Y N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prev Hydrophytic	Cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _(A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: _5 _(B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC _60% _(A/B) Index worksheet: cover of:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea Scirpus atrovirens Solidago altissima Rumex crispus Juncus dudleyi Carex bebbii		60 10 70 50 15 15 15 10 10 5	Species? = Total Cover Y N = Total Cover Y Y Y Y N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species Column Total Prev Hydrophytic Rapid Tet	Dominant Species
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea Scirpus atrovirens Solidago altissima Rumex crispus Juncus dudleyi Carex bebbii Geum laciniatum		60 10 70 50 15 15 15 10	Species? = Total Cover Y N = Total Cover Y Y Y Y N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACV species FACU species Column Total Prev Hydrophytic Rapid Tes Dominanc D Prevalenc Morpholo	Cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _(A) or of Dominant coss All Strata: _5 _(B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC _60% _(A/B) Index worksheet: cover of:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea Scirpus atrovirens Solidago altissima Rumex crispus Juncus dudleyi Carex bebbii Geum laciniatum		60 10 70 50 15 15 15 10 10 5	Species? = Total Cover Y N = Total Cover Y Y Y Y N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species Column Total Prevalence UPL species Column Total Prevalence Rapid Tetal Dominance Prevalence Morpholod data in	Cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _ (A) er of Dominant coss All Strata: _5 _ (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC _ 60% _ (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of: Multiply by: cs: x 1 = es: x 2 = es: x 4 = es: x 5 = els: (A) cvalence Index = B/A = cvegetation Indicators: cst for Hydrophytic Vegetation ce Test is >50% ce Index is ≤ 3.0¹ gical Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting) in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Salix interior Populus deltoides erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Trifolium hybridum Carex vulpinoidea Scirpus atrovirens Solidago altissima Rumex crispus Juncus dudleyi Carex bebbii		60 10 70 50 15 15 15 10 10 5	Species? = Total Cover Y N = Total Cover Y Y Y Y N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of D That are OB Total Number Species Acro Percent of D That are OB Prevalence Total % C OBL species FACW species FACU species Column Tota Prevalence Hydrophytic Rapid Tet Dominance Prevalence Morpholo data in Problema	Cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC: _3 _ (A) or of Dominant coss All Strata: _5 _ (B) cominant Species L,FACW, or FAC _60% _ (A/B) Index worksheet: cover of: Multiply by: cos: x 1 = cos: x 2 = cos: x 4 = cos: x 5 = cost (A) valence Index =B/A = cover to Hydrophytic Vegetation cost Test is >50% cost Index is ≤ 3.0¹ gical Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting)

SOIL							Sampling PointB
Profile Description: (Desc					r confirm th	ne absence of inc	licators
Depth Matri Inches) Color (Moist)	%	Color (Moist)	dox Feature %	_Type ¹ _	Loc ²	Touture	Domarka
0-15_ 10YR 2/1	100	Color (Ivioist)		_Type.	LOC	Texture SiC	Remarks Some organic matter
15-24 10YR 4/1	93	10YR 2/1	2	N/A	M	<u>c</u>	Small Rocks
10114/1	33	10YR 4/6	3 2	<u>C</u>	M	⊆ _	Small Rocks
		10YR 7/1	2	D	M		
	-	TOTRIT	4	₽	IVI		
				_	_		
			_		_		
ma: C = Concentration I	n- Donlatia	n DM = Dadwood	Matrix CC	- 0	C1 C	10 21	Di Di di Nata
ype: C = Concentration, I ydric Soil Indicators	J- Depletio	n, Rivi - Reduced	Maliix, 65	- Covered or	Coaled San		aton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matri Problematic Hydric Soils ³
Histosol (A1)		☐ Sandy	Gleyed Mat	riv (SA)		☐ Coast Prairi	
Histic Epipedon (A2)			Redox (S5)			☐ Dark Surfac	
Black Histic (A3)			d Matrix (Si				nese Masses (F12)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)		☐ Loamy	Mucky Min	eral (F1)			w Dark Surface (TF12)
Stratified Layers (A5)		☐ Loamy	Gleyed Ma	trix (F2)			ain in Remarks)
2 cm Muck (A10)		☐ Deplete	ed Matrix (F				
Depleted below Dark Su			Dark Surface			120 5 2 5 3 5	
Thick Dark Surface (A12			ed Dark Sur				ydrophytic vegetation and wetla
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S		☐ Redox	Depression	is (F8)			st be present unless disturbed o
5 cm Mucky Peat or Pea						problematic.	
estrictive Layer (if obse	rved)						
Type:		-				Hydric Soil Dr.	esent? Yes⊠ No 🗆
Depth:						riyunc son Fi	esent? Tes 🖾 No 🗆
IYDROLOGY							
etland Hydrology Indica							
rimary Indicators (Minimus	m of one is						ndicators (minimum of two requir
Surface Water (A1)				Leaves (B9)			Soil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3)			uatic Fauna	(B 3) Plants (B14)			ge Patterns (B10)
Water Marks (B1)				ide Odor (C1)			ason Water Table (C2) n Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)		□ Oxi	idized Rhizo	ospheres on Li	vina Roots	(C3) Saturat	ion Visible on Aerial Imagery (CS
Drift Deposits (B3)		☐ Pre	sence of Re	educed Iron (C	(4)	Stunted	or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)				eduction in Tille			rphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)			n Muck Sur	face (C7)	Contraction and		eutral Test (D5)
Inundation Visible on Ae			uge or Well				
Sparsely Vegetated Cor	icave Surfa	ce (B8) U Oth	er (Explain	in Remarks)			
eld Observations:							
urface Water Present?	Yes 🗆	No⊠ Depth (inc	hes) N/A				
ater Table Present?		No ☐ Depth (inc					
aturation Present?		No□ Depth (inc			We	tland Hydrology	Present? Yes⊠ No □
icludes capillary fringe)							Carried A of S Carried St. St. Carried
escribe Recorded Data (s	tream gaug	e, monitoring well	, aerial pho	tos, previous ir	nspections),	if available:	
emarks:							
533.200							

and the second of the second of the second		City	County: Unit	ncorporated K	endall County	Sampling Date:	July 2, 2020
Applicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J.	Kramer / John Corde	ero		St	ate: IL	Sampling Point:	С
nvestigator(s) S. Rowley &	K. Smit	Sect	tion, Township,	Range: S 5	&6 T37N R7E		
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.)	Creek Chann	nel Bank	Lo	cal Relief (cor	cave, convex, no	one): Concave	
Slope (%):0%	*Lat: _41.7	706466	*Long: -88.4	168168	Datum:	Wetland 1	
Soil Map Unit Name: Harps	ster silty clay loam, 0	to 2 percent slop	oes (67A)			NWI classification:	PEM1Cd
are climatic / hydrologic condition	ns on the site typical f	for this time of ye	ar? Yes⊠ N	No ☐ (If no e	plain in remarks)	
Are vegetation Soil	Hydrology] significantly	disturbed?	Are norn	al circumstances	s present? Yes 🛭	No □
Are vegetation	Hydrology	naturally pro	blematic?	(If neede	d, explain any ar	nswers in Remarks.)	
UMMARY OF FINDINGS -	- Attach site ma	ap showing s	ampling po	int location	s, transects,	, important featu	ıres, etc.
lydrophytic Vegetation Present? lydric Soils Present ? Vetland Hydrology Present?	Yes ⊠ No □		Is the S	Sampled Area	Within a Wetlar	nd? Yes	⊠ No □
Coordinates obtained from Goog EGETATION – Use scienti							
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30'))	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance	Test worksheet:	
				Ottatao			
					Number of D	ominant Species	(Δ)
					That are OBI Total Numbe	_,FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> r of Dominant	
					That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro	_,FACW, or FAC: 3 er of Dominant oss All Strata: 3	_ (A) _ (B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size		-	_ = Total Cove	er	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Do That are OBI	_,FACW, or FAC: 3 or of Dominant oss All Strata: 3 ominant Species _,FACW, or FAC 11	_ (B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	e: <u>15'</u>)	60			That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Do That are OBI Prevalence I		_ (B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa	e: <u>15'</u>)	60	_ = Total Cove Y N	er FACW	That are OBL Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Do That are OBL Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species	prof Dominant oss All Strata: 3 ominant Species prof Downshart Species prof Downshart Species prof Downshart Species prof	(B) 00%(A/B) ultiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa	e: <u>15'</u>)	60	_ = Total Cove Y N	er FACW	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species		(B) (D0%(A/B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa	e: <u>15'</u>)	60 10	_ = Total Cove Y N	FACW FAC	That are OBL Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBL Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species		(B) 00%(A/B) ultiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa	e: <u>15'</u>)	60	_ = Total Cove Y N	FACW FAC	That are OBL Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBL Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species UPL species		(B) 00%(A/B) ultiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5')	e: <u>15'</u>)	60 10	_ = Total Cove	FACW FAC	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence I Total % Cr OBL species FACW species FACU species UPL species Column Total		(B) 00%(A/B) ultiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25	= Total Cove	FACW FAC	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence I Total % Cr OBL species FACW species FACU species UPL species Column Total		(B) 00%(A/B) ultiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Lythrum salicaria	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10	= Total Cover	FACW OBL OBL	That are OBL Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBL Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACV species FACU species Column Tota Prev		(B) 00%(A/B) iltiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Lythrum salicaria Lemna minor	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5	= Total Cover	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL	That are OBL Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBL Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACV species FACU species Column Tota Prev		(B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Lythrum salicaria Lemna minor Bidens cernua	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5	= Total Cove	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL OBL	That are OBL Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBL Prevalence I Total % Cr OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prev Hydrophytic		(B)(B)(A/B)
erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Lythrum salicaria Lemna minor Bidens cernua Persicaria bydropiperoides	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5	= Total Cover	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prev Hydrophytic Rapid Tes Dominance		(B)(B)(A/B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Lythrum salicaria Lemna minor Bidens cernua Persicaria hydropiperoides	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5 5	= Total Cove	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL OBL	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence I Total Species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prev Hydrophytic Rapid Tes Dominanc Prevalence		(B)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa Section Phalaris arundinacea Lemna minor Bidens cernua Persicaria hydropiperoides Section Section Persicaria hydropiperoides Section Persicaria hydropiperoides Section Persicaria hydropiperoides Section Persicaria Pe	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5 5	= Total Cove	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL OBL	That are OBI Total Numbe Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence I Total % Co OBL species FACW species FACW species FACU species Column Total Prev Hydrophytic Rapid Tes Dominanc Prevalence Morphologi		(B) 00%(A/B) oltiply by: ors: getation
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Lythrum salicaria Lemna minor Bidens cernua Persicaria hydropiperoides	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5 5	_ = Total Cover	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL OBL OBL	That are OBI Total Number Species Acro Percent of Dr. That are OBI Prevalence I Total % Cr. OBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prev Hydrophytic Rapid Tes Dominanc Prevalence Morphologidata in	FACW, or FAC: _3 _r of Dominant oss All Strata:3 ominant SpeciesFACW, or FAC1! Index worksheet:	(B)(A/B)
2. Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Salix interior Cornus racemosa Salix interior Cornus racemosa Salix interior (Plot size: 5') Septimoral Stratum (Plot size: 5') Septimoral Phalaris arundinacea Leersia oryzoides Salix Lemna minor Septimoral Sidens cernua Septimoral Persicaria hydropiperoides Salix Sal	e: <u>15'</u>)	70 30 25 10 5 5 5	= Total Cove	FACW FAC FACW OBL OBL OBL OBL OBL	That are OBI Total Number Species Acro Percent of Dr That are OBI Prevalence In Total % Coro GBL species FACW species FACU species FACU species Column Tota Prevalence Mydrophytic Species Column Tota Prevalence Morphologicate in Species Indicators of		ors: getation rovide supporting parate sheet) ation (Explain) and hydrology must

Depth nches)	Color (Moist)	_%_		edox Features			- A. J.	
0-12	10YR 2/1	100	Color (Moist)	%	_Type ¹ _	Loc2		Remarks
12-18	10YR 2/1	85	5G 5/1	46		44	Muck	Hemic
18-24	5G 5/1		10YR 5/8	15	D	M	<u>c</u>	
10-24	3G 5/1	<u>75</u>	101K 5/6	25	<u>c</u>	M	<u>c</u>	
				-	-	-		
		-			_	_		
				-		_		
uno: C -	Concentration F	- Donlatio	n DM - Dadward	Matrix 00			10 . 2	20-20-20-20-0
dric So	il Indicators	- Depletto	n, RM = Reduced	Matrix, CS =	Covered or C	coated San	d Grains 'Locaton	: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix plematic Hydric Soils ³
Histoso			☐ Sandy	Gleyed Matr	x (S4)		Coast Prairie Re	
	pipedon (A2)		☐ Sandy	Redox (S5)	W (0 1)		☐ Dark Surface (S	
Black H	listic (A3)		☐ Strippe	ed Matrix (S6))		☐ Iron- Manganes	
Hydrog	en Sulfide (A4)		☐ Loamy	Mucky Mine	ral (F1)		☐ Very Shallow Da	
Stratifie	ed Layers (A5)			Gleyed Matr			Other (Explain in	
	uck (A10)			ed Matrix (F3				
	ed below Dark Sur Park Surface (A12			Dark Surface				
	Mucky Mineral (S			ed Dark Surfa Depressions				phytic vegetation and wetlan
	ucky Peat or Pea		☐ Kedox	Depressions	(F0)		problematic.	present unless disturbed or
	e Layer (if obser			_			problematic.	
Type:								
Depth:							Hydric Soil Preser	it? Yes⊠ No 🗆
emarks:								
70,10	ALA							
YDROI		tors:						
YDROI	lydrology Indicat		required; check a	II that apply)			Secondary Indica	
YDROI etland H	lydrology Indicat		required: check al		eaves (R0)			ators (minimum of two require
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface	ydrology Indicat dicators (Minimum Water (A1)		☐ Wa	ater Stained L			☐ Surface Soi	Cracks (B6)
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface	lydrology Indicat dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2)		□ Wa	iter Stained L uatic Fauna (B 3)		☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10)
YDROI etland H imary Inc] Surface] High W] Saturati] Water M	ydrology Indicat dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1)		□ Wa □ Aqu ⊠ Tru □ Hyd	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1)		☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Bu	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2)
YDROI Vetland H	ydrology Indicat dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2)		☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☑ Tru ☐ Hyo ☐ Oxi	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (Je Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv		☐ Surface Soil ☑ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Bu	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8)
YDROI retland H rimary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3)		☐ Wa ☐ Aqı ☑ Tru ☐ Hyu ☐ Oxi ☐ Pre	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Rec	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Bui C3) ☐ Saturation V	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Stressed Plants (D1)
YDROI Vetland H Timary Inc J Surface J High W J Saturati J Water M J Sedime J Drift De J Algal M	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)		☐ Wa ☐ Aqı ☑ Tru ☐ Hyu ☐ Oxi ☐ Pre	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4) luction in Tille	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) frows (C8) fisible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2)
YDROI Vetland H Vetland H Vetland II V	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	n of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqı ☑ Tru ☐ Hyı ☐ Oxi ☐ Re ☐ Thi	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec in Muck Surfa	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tille	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Bui C3) ☐ Saturation V	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) frows (C8) fisible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2)
YDROI etland H imary Ind Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aer	n of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqi ☑ Tru ☐ Hyi ☐ Oxi ☐ Rei ☐ Thi y (B7) ☐ Ga	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec in Muck Surfa uge or Well D	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tillel loce (C7) Data (D9)	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2)
YDROI etland H imary Inc j Surface j High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Iron De Inundat	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	n of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqi ☑ Tru ☐ Hyi ☐ Oxi ☐ Rei ☐ Thi y (B7) ☐ Ga	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec in Muck Surfa	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tillel loce (C7) Data (D9)	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) tressed Plants (D1) Position (D2)
YDROI retland H rimary Ind Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Inon De Inon De Inundat Sparsel	lydrology Indicated dicators (Minimum Water (A1) atter Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aery Vegetated Concervations:	n of one is rial Imagen cave Surfa	☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☐ Hyu ☐ Oxi ☐ Pre ☐ Reu ☐ Tru ☐ Pre ☐ Tru ☐ Ga ce (B8) ☐ Oth	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec n Muck Surfa uge or Well I ner (Explain in	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tillel loce (C7) Data (D9)	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2)
YDROI Vetland H Timary Int Surface High W Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel Sparsel Gld Obse	ydrology Indicated dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aery Vegetated Concervations:	ial Imagencave Surfa	Wa Aqu Tru Hyy Oxi Pre Rec Thi y (B7) Ga Ge (B8) Oth	ater Stained Luatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pladrogen Sulfid idized Rhizos esence of Recent Iron Recent Iron Recent Uron Muck Surfauge or Well Ener (Explain in thes) N/A	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tillel loce (C7) Data (D9)	1)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2)
YDROI Vetland H Timary Inc. Surface High W Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse Vater Table	ydrology Indicated dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) foor (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) foor Visible on Aery Vegetated Concervations:	ial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ⊠	Wa Aqu Tru Hyu Pre Reu Thi y (B7) Ga ce (B8) Oth	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla diorgen Sulfid didized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec in Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4) luction in Tiller lice (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic ☐ FAC-Neutra	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface High W I Saturat Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse urface W ater Tabl aturation	ydrology Indicated dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aery Vegetated Concervations: ater Present? Present?	ial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ⊠	Wa Aqu Tru Hyy Oxi Pre Rec Thi y (B7) Ga Ge (B8) Oth	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla diorgen Sulfid didized Rhizos esence of Rec cent Iron Rec in Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4) luction in Tiller lice (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	☐ Surface Soil ☐ Drainage Pa ☐ Dry-Season ☐ Crayfish Buil C3) ☐ Saturation N ☐ Stunted or S ☐ Geomorphic	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface High W Sedime Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse attractor coludes c	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ☑ Yes ☑ Yes ☑		ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid cent Iron Rec on Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in thes) N/A thes) 2" thes) Surfac	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tiller loce (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	□ Surface Soi □ Drainage Pa □ Dry-Season □ Crayfish Bu □ Saturation N □ Stunted or S □ Geomorphic □ FAC-Neutra	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface High W I Saturati Water I Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse urface W ater Tabl aturation coludes c	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ☑ Yes ☑ Yes ☑	Wa Aqu Tru Hyu Pre Reu Thi y (B7) Ga ce (B8) Oth	ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid cent Iron Rec on Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in thes) N/A thes) 2" thes) Surfac	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tiller loce (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	□ Surface Soi □ Drainage Pa □ Dry-Season □ Crayfish Bu □ Saturation N □ Stunted or S □ Geomorphic □ FAC-Neutra	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface High W I Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse urface W ater Tabl aturation coludes c	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ☑ Yes ☑ Yes ☑		ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid cent Iron Rec on Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in thes) N/A thes) 2" thes) Surfac	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tiller loce (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	□ Surface Soi □ Drainage Pa □ Dry-Season □ Crayfish Bu □ Saturation N □ Stunted or S □ Geomorphic □ FAC-Neutra	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)
YDROI etland H imary Inc Surface High W Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse irface W ater Tabl ituration cludes c	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ☑ Yes ☑ Yes ☑		ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid cent Iron Rec on Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in thes) N/A thes) 2" thes) Surfac	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tiller loce (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	□ Surface Soi □ Drainage Pa □ Dry-Season □ Crayfish Bu □ Saturation N □ Stunted or S □ Geomorphic □ FAC-Neutra	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)
YDROI etland H mary Inc Surface High W Saturati Vater I Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel eld Obse rface W ater Tabl turation cludes c scribe R	dicators (Minimum Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Aer y Vegetated Concervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes □ Yes ☑ Yes ☑ Yes ☑		ater Stained L uatic Fauna (ue Aquatic Pla drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid drogen Sulfid cent Iron Rec on Muck Surfa uge or Well E ner (Explain in thes) N/A thes) 2" thes) Surfac	B 3) ants (B14) e Odor (C1) pheres on Liv duced Iron (C4 luction in Tiller loce (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	□ Surface Soi □ Drainage Pa □ Dry-Season □ Crayfish Bu □ Saturation N □ Stunted or S □ Geomorphic □ FAC-Neutra	Cracks (B6) atterns (B10) Water Table (C2) rrows (C8) risible on Aerial Imagery (C9) stressed Plants (D1) Position (D2) I Test (D5)

				Kendall County Sampling Date: _July 2, 2020
pplicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer / John Cor	dero			State: IL Sampling Point: D
vestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Sect	tion, Township, I	Range: S	5&6 T37N R7E
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Roadside F	ill	Lo	cal Relief (d	concave, convex, none): Convex
lope (%): 30% *Lat: 41	706472	*Long: -88.4	168125	Datum: Wetland 1 - Upland
oil Map Unit Name: Harpster silty clay loam,	0 to 2 percent slop	pes (67A)		NWI classification: PEM1Cd
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typica	I for this time of ye	ear? Yes ⊠ N	No ☐ (If no	explain in remarks)
re vegetation Soil Hydrology	significantly	disturbed?	Are no	rmal circumstances present? Yes ⊠ No □
re vegetation Soil Hydrology	naturally pro	oblematic?	(If nee	ded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
IMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site m	nap showing s	ampling poi	int location	ons, transects, important features, etc.
ydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ ydric Soils Present? Yes ☐ No ☒		le the S	Sampled Ar	ea Within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒
/etland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No 🛛				
emarks: Precipitation data from the previous 3	months indicates	the climatic/hy	ydrologic c	onditions have been normal.
Coordinates obtained from Google Earth.				
GETATION - Use scientific names of pla	ants			
	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Daminaus Tast wastabast
	Ansonne			
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30')			A STATE OF THE STA	Dominance Test worksheet:
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species
	% Cover	Species?	Status	4. 7. 7. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant
	<u>% Cover</u>	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)
	<u>% Cover</u>	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B)
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15')	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb_Stratum (Plot size: 5')	% Cover	_ = Total Cover	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus	% Cover	Species? = Total Cove	Status er FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia	<u>% Cover</u>	Species? = Total Cove = Total Cover	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale	10 10 10 5	_ = Total Cover	Status FACU FACU UPL FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia	10 10 10 5 5	_ = Total Cover	FACU FACU UPL FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major	% Cover 10 10 10 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major Plantago lanceolate	10 10 10 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50%
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major Plantago lanceolate Cirsium arvense	10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 4 = UPL species: (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major Plantago lanceolate Cirsium arvense Asclepias syriaca	10 10 10 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:3 _ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC0%(A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major Plantago lanceolate Cirsium arvense Asclepias syriaca	10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 4 = UPL species: (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
erb Stratum (Plot size: 15') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major Plantago lanceolate Cirsium arvense Asclepias syriaca Cloody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:3 _ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC0%(A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Sonchus arvensis ssp. uliginosus Ambrosia artemisiifolia Trifolium aureum Taraxacum officinale Parthenocissus quinquefolia Plantago major Plantago lanceolate Cirsium arvense	10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5	=Total Cover	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 0 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide support data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explair¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology is light are considered.

ed Sand Grains 2 Locaton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Dark Surface (S7) Iron- Manganese Masses (F12) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
ed Sand Grains ² Locaton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Dark Surface (S7) Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
ed Sand Grains 2Locaton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Dark Surface (S7) Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³ ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) ☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
☐ Iron- Manganese Masses (F12)
Other (Explain in Remarks)
³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetlan
hydrology must be present unless disturbed or
problematic.
Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒
A
Secondary Indicators (minimum of two require
☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)
□ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
☐ Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
pils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
white the second colors and
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes□ No ⊠
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
ctions), if available:
Section, D. a. series de la

				Gendall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
Applicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer / John Corde	ero		s	tate: IL Sampling Point: E
nvestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Sect	tion, Township, F	Range: S 5	86 T37N R7E
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Depression		Loc	cal Relief (co	ncave, convex, none): Concave
Slope (%):	08094	*Long: -88.4	68271	Datum: Farmed Wetland 1
Soil Map Unit Name: Brenton silt loam, 0 to 2 pe	ercent slopes (14	19A)		NWI classification: None
are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	or this time of ye	ear? Yes⊠N	o 🗌 (If no e	explain in remarks)
Are vegetation Soil Hydrology	significantly	disturbed?	Are norr	mal circumstances present? Yes ☐ No ☒
Are vegetation Soil Hydrology	naturally pro	oblematic?	(If neede	ed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
UMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma	p showing s	ampling poi	nt location	ns, transects, important features, etc.
lydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ⊠ No □	PAGE IN THE			A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH
lydric Soils Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Vetland Hydrology Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐		Is the S	ampled Area	a Within a Wetland? Yes ⊠ No □
Coordinates obtained from Google Earth. EGETATION – Use scientific names of plar	nts.			
The second secon				
2.7-24-4	Absolute	Dominant Species?	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1.	Absolute <u>% Cover</u>	Species?	Indicator Status	Number of Dominant Species
ree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30'</u>) 2. 3.	Absolute <u>% Cover</u>	Species?		Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _4 (A) Total Number of Dominant
ree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30'</u>) 1. 2. 3.	Absolute % Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _4 (B)
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') 2. 3. 4. 5. apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	Absolute % Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _4 _ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _4 _ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC100%(A/B)
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	Absolute % Cover	Species? = Total Cove	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') 2. 3. 4. 5. appling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') 2. 3. 4. 5.	Absolute % Cover	Species? = Total Cover	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Species? = Total Cover	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = FACU species: x 4 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	Absolute % Cover	Species? = Total Cover	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Typha angustifolia	Absolute % Cover	Species? = Total Cover = Total Cover	Status	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi	Absolute % Cover	Species? = Total Cover = Total Cover Y Y	Status OBL FACW	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli	20 15	= Total Cover = Total Cover Y Y Y	OBL FACW FACW	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli Salix nigra	20 15 10	=Total Cover - Total Cover Y Y Y Y	OBL FACW FACW OBL	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli Salix nigra Phragmites australis	20 15 10 7	=Total Cover Total Cover Y Y Y N	OBL FACW OBL FACW	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli Salix nigra Phragmites australis ssp. australis Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani	20 15 10 10 7	_ = Total Cover _ = Total Cover _ Y Y Y N N	OBL FACW OBL FACW OBL	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli Salix nigra Phragmites australis ssp. australis Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani Populus deltoides	20 15 10 10 7 5	=Total Cover =Total Cover Y Y Y N N N	OBL FACW OBL FACW OBL FACW	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50%
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli Salix nigra Phragmites australis ssp. australis Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani Populus deltoides Cyperus esculentus	20 15 10 7 5 5 5	=Total Cover =Total Cover Y Y Y N N N N	OBL FACW OBL FACW OBL FACW FACW	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
ree Stratum (Plot size: 30') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Typha angustifolia Juncus dudleyi Echinochloa crus-galli Salix nigra Phragmites australis ssp. australis Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani Populus deltoides Cyperus esculentus Erigeron annuus	20 15 10 7 5 5 5 3	=Total Cover Total Cover Y Y Y N N N N N N	OBL FACW OBL FACW OBL FAC FACW FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	20 15 10 7 5 5 5	=Total Cover =Total Cover Y Y Y N N N N	OBL FACW OBL FACW OBL FACW FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mu
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5') 1. Typha angustifolia 2. Juncus dudleyi 3. Echinochloa crus-galli 4. Salix nigra Phragmites australis ssp. australis 5. Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani 7. Populus dettoides 8. Cyperus esculentus 9. Erigeron annuus	20 15 10 10 7 5 5 5 3 1	=Total Cover Y Y Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	OBL FACW OBL FACW OBL FAC FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =

SOIL						Sa	ampling PointE
Profile Description: (Desc	ribe the de				confirm th	ne absence of indic	ators
Depth Matri			dox Feature		1000	140.00	
0-20 Color (Moist) 0-20 10YR 2/1	- %	Color (Moist)	_%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
	100	10VD 5/9	20		- 10	SiCL	
20-26 10YR 4/1	70	10YR 5/8	30	c	M	SICL	
	_	-	_				
	-		-	_			
		-	-	-	_	-	
			-		-		
Type: C = Concentration, I	n= Denletion	RM = Reducer	Matrix CS	= Covered or (Coated San	d Grains 21 ocato	n: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix
lydric Soil Indicators	Depiction	i, itim i iteadoce	mann, oo	Covered or c	Jourca Ouri		oblematic Hydric Soils ³
Histosol (A1)		□ Sandy	Gleyed Mat	trix (S4)		☐ Coast Prairie F	
Histic Epipedon (A2)			Redox (S5)			Dark Surface (
Black Histic (A3)			ed Matrix (Se			☐ Iron- Mangane	se Masses (F12)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)			Mucky Mine				Dark Surface (TF12)
Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10)			Gleyed Mar ted Matrix (F			Other (Explain	in Remarks)
Depleted below Dark St	irface (A11)		Dark Surface				
Thick Dark Surface (A12			ed Dark Sur			3 Indicators of hyd	rophytic vegetation and wetlar
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S			Depression				pe present unless disturbed or
] 5 cm Mucky Peat or Pea		222	2.483676.34	C* 49"		problematic.	
estrictive Layer (if obse	rved)						
Type:						Hudrin Cail Dran	out? Voc ⊠ No □
Depth:						Hydric Soil Fres	ent? Yes 🛭 No 🗌
IYDROLOGY							
Vetland Hydrology Indica							
rimary Indicators (Minimu	m of one is I						cators (minimum of two require
Surface Water (A1)				Leaves (B9)			oil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3)			juatic Fauna ue Aquatic P				Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)				ide Odor (C1)		☐ Crayfish E	turrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)				ospheres on Liv	vina Roots		Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9
Drift Deposits (B3)		☐ Pr	esence of Re	educed Iron (C	4)	Stunted or Stunted or	Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)				eduction in Tille	ed Soils (C6	Geomorph	nic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)			in Muck Sur				ral Test (D5)
Inundation Visible on A			auge or Well				
Sparsely Vegetated Cor ield Observations:	icave Suria	ce (B8) Ot	ner (Explain	in Remarks)			
			Gov Inc				
urface Water Present?		No⊠ Depth (in			1 4		
Vater Table Present? Saturation Present?		No⊠ Depth (in No⊠ Depth (in		_	We	stland Hudrology Dr	resent? Yes⊠ No □
ncludes capillary fringe)	ies 🗀	No Debut (iii	ches) NIA		we	elianu nyurology Fi	esentr res No
escribe Recorded Data (s	tream gaug	e monitoring wel	I aerial pho	tos previous ir	spections)	if available:	
cooling i toosi sou bata (o		o, mormorning no	al adirat bita	ioo, providuo ii		n. a ranazio	
temarks: Wetland signatu	res were ev	ident on historic	aerials in 0 c	out of 5 years v	vith normal	precipitation.	

Applicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J.					
	Kramer / John	Cordero		Sta	ate: IL Sampling Point: F
nvestigator(s) S. Rowley &	K. Smit		Section, Township,	Range: S 58	6 T37N R7E
_andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Fallow	Agricultural Field	Lo	ocal Relief (con	cave, convex, none): None
Slope (%): 3%	*Lat:	41.708089	*Long: -88.4	468362	Datum: Wetland 1 - Upland
Soil Map Unit Name: Brent	on silt loam, 0	to 2 percent slopes	(149A)		NWI classification: None
Are climatic / hydrologic condition	s on the site ty	pical for this time of	of year? Yes ⊠ I	No ☐ (If no ex	plain in remarks)
are vegetation Soil	Hydrology		ntly disturbed?	Are norm	al circumstances present? Yes ☐ No ☒
are vegetation Soil	Hydrology	☐ naturally	problematic?	(If neede	d, explain any answers in Remarks.)
UMMARY OF FINDINGS -	- Attach sit	e map showin	g sampling po	int location	s, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes 🗌 No				
ydric Soils Present ? Vetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No		Is the	Sampled Area	Within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ⊠
Coordinates obtained from Goog		,			
		Absolu	100	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
				01.1	
				Status	Number of Dominant Species
					Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant
					That are OBL,FACW, or FAC:1_(A)
					That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15′</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15′</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 =
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = FACU species
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = UPL species: x 5 = FACU species: x 5 = SECU species:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	er	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = FACU species
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15'</u>)	30	= Total Cove	er FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FACW species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = UPL species: x 5 = FACW species:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size	:: <u>15'</u>)		= Total Cove	FACU FACW FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _ 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size Amaranthus retroflexus Echinochloa crus-galli Phleum pratense Erigeron canadensis	:: <u>15'</u>)	30 25 10 5	= Total Cove =Total Cove Y Y N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A)
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5') amaranthus retroflexus chinochloa crus-galli Phleum pratense Erigeron canadensis Taraxacum officinale	:: <u>15'</u>)	30 25 10 5	= Total Cove =Total Cove Y Y N N N	FACU FACW FACU FACU FACU FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
lerb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Lapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5') Lamaranthus retroflexus Echinochloa crus-galli Phleum pratense Erigeron canadensis Taraxacum officinale Bromus tectorum	:: <u>15'</u>)	30 25 10 5 5	= Total Cove Y Y N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU UPL	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size) apling/Stratum (Plot size) apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot	:: <u>15'</u>)	30 25 10 5 5 3	= Total Cove Y Y N N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU UPL FACW	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC:1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size 5.) apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size 5.) derb Stratum (Plot size: 5.) Amaranthus retroflexus 2. Echinochloa crus-galli 3. Phleum pratense 4. Erigeron canadensis 5. Taraxacum officinale 6. Bromus tectorum 7. Juncus dudleyi 5. Equisetum arvense	:: <u>15'</u>)	30 25 10 5 5	= Total Cove Y Y N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU FACU UPL	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC:1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
1	: 15')	30 25 10 5 5 3 2 2	= Total Cove Y Y N N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU UPL FACW FAC FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC:1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:Total % Cover of:Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
3. 4. 5. Sapling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5') 1. Amaranthus retroflexus 2. Echinochloa crus-galli 3. Phleum pratense 4. Erigeron canadensis 1. 5. Taraxacum officinale 1. 6. Bromus tectorum 1. 7. Juncus dudleyi 1. 8. Equisetum arvense 1.	: 15')	30 25 10 5 5 3 2 2 2	= Total Cove Y Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	FACU FACU FACU FACU UPL FACW FAC FACU	That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _ 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _ 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _ 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:

Depth	Matri	ribe the d	epth needed to d	ocument th	e indicator of	confirm th	e absence of	indicators
(Inches)	Color (Moist)	_%_	Color (Moist)	dox Feature		- 2	+30,000	ALCOHOLD IN
0-20	10YR 2/1	100	Color (Moist)	_%_	_Type¹	_Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
20-26			401/0 510	-	_	2.70	SICL	
20-26	10YR 4/1	70	10YR 5/8	30	<u>c</u>	M	SiC	
				_	_	_		
	-				1000			
						_		-
			7	-	_	-		J
-		_		_	_	-		
Type: C =	Concentration I	n= Depletio	n, RM = Reduced	Matrix CC	- Coupend or	Control Com	d Casina 21	Alternative States and the
dudric So	il Indicators	J- Depletio	ii, Rivi - Reduced	Matrix, CS	- Covered or C	Soated San		ocaton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Ma
Histoso			Candy.	Olavied Met.				or Problematic Hydric Soils ³
	pipedon (A2)		Sandy	Gleyed Mate	IX (54)		Coast Pr	airie Redox (A16)
Black				Redox (S5)			☐ Dark Sur	face (S7)
	en Sulfide (A4)			d Matrix (S6			☐ Iron- Mai	nganese Masses (F12)
	d Layers (A5)		Loamy	Mucky Mine	ral (F1)		☐ Very Sha	allow Dark Surface (TF12)
2 cm M	d Layers (A5)		Loamy	Gleyed Mat	rix (F2)		U Other (E:	xplain in Remarks)
Donlete	uck (A10)	w /A 4 4	Deplete	ed Matrix (F:				
Thick D	d below Dark Su	mace (ATT)	Redox	Dark Surfac	e (F6)			As a real of contrast of the first
	ark Surface (A12		Deplete	ed Dark Surf	ace (F7)		3 Indicators	of hydrophytic vegetation and wet
	Mucky Mineral (S		☐ Redox	Depressions	s (F8)			must be present unless disturbed
	ucky Peat or Pea						problemation	C
	Layer (if obser	rved)						
Type:			2				DOM: UNKNOWN	
Depth:							Hydric Soil	Present? Yes ⊠ No □
	OGY							
IYDROI	130,90							
HYDROI Vetland H	ydrology Indica							
rimary Inc	ydrology Indica		required: check al	I that apply)			Secondar	y Indicators (minimum of two rea
HYDROI Wetland H Primary Inc. Surface	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1)		required: check al	I that apply) ter Stained I	_eaves (B9)		Secondar □ Surfs	y Indicators (minimum of two requace Soil Cracks (B6)
HYDROI Vetland H Primary Inc Surface High W	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2)		☐ Wa	ter Stained I			☐ Surfa	ace Soil Cracks (B6)
HYDROI Wetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3)		□ Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna	(B 3)		☐ Surfa	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10)
HYDROI Wetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water M	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1)	m of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☐ Tru ☐ Hyo	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic Pl drogen Sulfic	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1)		☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-: ☐ Crav	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2)
HYDROI Wetland H Primary Inc Surface Saturati Water M Sedime	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) flarks (B1) nt Deposits (B2)	m of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☐ Tru ☐ Hyo ☐ Oxi	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv	ving Roots (☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-3 ☐ Cray	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Water M. Sedime	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3)	m of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☐ Tru ☐ Hyo ☐ Oxi ☐ Pre	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic Pl drogen Sulfid dized Rhizos sence of Re	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C-	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-5 ☐ Cray ☐ C3) ☐ Satu	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Water M. Sedime Drift De	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)	m of one is	☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☐ Tru ☐ Hyo ☐ Oxi ☐ Pre	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic Pl drogen Sulfid dized Rhizos sence of Re	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C-	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drair ☐ Dry-3 ☐ Cray ☐ Satu ☐ Stun	ace Soil Cracks (B6) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Cet) ted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Vetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	m of one is	□ Wa □ Aqu □ Tru □ Hyo □ Oxi □ Pre □ Rec	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic Pl drogen Sulfid dized Rhizos sence of Re	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (Cd duction in Tille	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
Vetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae	n of one is		ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Res	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7)	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) hage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Cet) ted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Vetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae	n of one is	Wa Aqu Tru Hyo Oxi Pre Reo Thi y (B7) Gau	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rei n Muck Surfa	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9)	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Water M. Sedime Drift De Algal M. Iron De Inundat Sparsel	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae	n of one is	Wa Aqu Tru Hyo Oxi Pre Reo Thi y (B7) Gau	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rei n Muck Surfa uge or Well I	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9)	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
HYDROI Wetland H Primary Inc Surface Sufface Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) posits (B5) posits (B5) posits (B5) posits (B5) posits (B5) posits (B5)	n of one is rial Imagen cave Surfa	☐ Wa ☐ Aqu ☐ Tru ☐ Hyx ☐ Oxi ☐ Pre ☐ Thi ☐ Gai ce (B8) ☐ Oth	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizo sence of Re cent Iron Rei n Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9)	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel Surface Wa	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations:	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa Aqu Tru Hy Oxi Pre Rec Thi y (B7) Gar Ge (B8) Oth	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Re n Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9)	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Water N. Sedime Drift De Algal M. Iron De Inundat Sparsel Surface Water Tabl	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) on Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present?	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa Aqu Tru Hyo Oxi Pre Rec Thi y (B7) Gai Ge (B8) Oth	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I ier (Explain i hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9)	4)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drain ☐ Dry-1 ☐ Cray C3) ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel ield Obse	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? Present?	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa Aqu Tru Hy Oxi Pre Rec Thi y (B7) Gar Ge (B8) Oth	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I ier (Explain i hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C- duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9)	4) d Soils (C6)	☐ Surfa ☐ Drair ☐ Dry-5 ☐ Crair ☐ Satu ☐ Stun ☐ Geor	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Ce) ted or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2)
Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel ield Obse	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (Cit) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	Surfa Surfa Drain Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celebrate of Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturation Staturation Includes controlled	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (Cit) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	Surfa Surfa Drain Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celebrate of Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel ield Obse	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa Aqu Tru Hyo Oxi Pre Rec Thi y (B7) Gai Ge (B8) Oth	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (Cit) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	Surfa Surfa Drain Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celefor or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
HYDROI Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturation Staturation Includes controlled	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (Cit) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	Surfa Surfa Drain Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celefor or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
Primary Inc Surface High W. Saturati Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel ield Obse	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? apillary fringe)	rial Imagencave Surfa	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna i e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re cent Iron Rein Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (Cit) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	Surfa Surfa Drain Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celefor or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
HYDROI Vetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel Sield Obse	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? present? apillary fringe) ecorded Data (st	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes Yes Yes Tream gaug	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re sent Iron Rei n Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) le Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6) Wet	Surfa Drain Dry-1 Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC:	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celefor or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
HYDROI Vetland H Primary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water N Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel Sield Obse	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? present? apillary fringe) ecorded Data (st	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes Yes Yes Tream gaug	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re sent Iron Rei n Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) le Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6) Wet	Surfa Drain Dry-1 Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC:	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celefor or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)
Vetland H rimary Inc Surface High W Saturati Water M Sedime Drift De Algal M Iron De Inundat Sparsel ield Obse urface Wa vater Tabl aturation ncludes c	ydrology Indica dicators (Minimur Water (A1) ater Table (A2) on (A3) Marks (B1) nt Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5) ion Visible on Ae y Vegetated Con ervations: ater Present? e Present? present? apillary fringe) ecorded Data (st	rial Imagencave Surfa Yes Yes Yes Tream gaug	Wa	ter Stained I uatic Fauna e Aquatic PI drogen Sulfic dized Rhizos sence of Re sent Iron Rei n Muck Surfi uge or Well I er (Explain i hes) N/A hes) N/A hes) N/A	(B 3) ants (B14) le Odor (C1) spheres on Liv duced Iron (C) duction in Tille ace (C7) Data (D9) n Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6) Wet	Surfa Drain Dry-1 Cray C3) Satu Stun FAC:	ace Soil Cracks (B6) nage Patterns (B10) Season Water Table (C2) fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (Celefor or Stressed Plants (D1) morphic Position (D2) -Neutral Test (D5)

ty: Unincorporated Kendall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
State: _IL Sampling Point: _G
ownship, Range: S 5&6 T37N R7E
Local Relief (concave, convex, none): None
: -88.468868 Datum: Farmed Wetland 1
NWI classification: None
Yes ⊠ No ☐ (If no explain in remarks)
ped? Are normal circumstances present? Yes ☐ No ☒
tic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
ling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes ⊠ No □
limatic/hydrologic conditions have been normal. This area appears to ha armed wetland.
minant Indicator Dominance Test worksheet: ecies? Status
Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
Total Number of Dominant
otal Cover Percent of Dominant Species
That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B)
Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 =
FAC species: x 3 =
FACU species: x 4 =
Column Totals (A)
Y OBL Y OBL Prevalence Index =B/A =
N OBL
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
☐ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
ital Cover Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mu be present, unless disturbed or problematic
*Long *Long 49A) ear? y disturt roblema sampl s the clared a fare Dor Spe = T

0-2	Loc²	Texture	
(Inches) Color (Moist) % Type¹ L 0-2 10YR 2/1 100	<u>M</u>		
0-2 10YR 2/1 100 2-12 10YR 2/1 100 12-24 10YR 4/1 78 10YR 5/4 10 C 10YR 5/8 10 C C 5GY 5/1 2 D	<u>M</u>		
2-12 10YR 2/1 100 12-24 10YR 4/1 78 10YR 5/4 10 C 10YR 5/8 10 C 5GY 5/1 2 D			Remarks
12-24 10YR 4/1 78 10YR 5/4 10 C 10YR 5/8 10 C 5GY 5/1 2 D		Muck	Sapric
		SiC	
	100	<u>C</u>	
	M		
	M		
Control Contro	3.		
The C - Consense Con D. D. Cale Con DM D. 1 111 11 00 0			
Type: C = Concentration, D= Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, CS = Covered or Coate			_=Pore Lining, M = Matri
ydric Soil Indicators] Histosol (A1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)			matic Hydric Soils ³
		Coast Prairie Redo Dark Surface (S7)	x (A16)
Histic Epipedon (A2) □ Sandy Redox (S5) Black Histic (A3) □ Stripped Matrix (S6)			January (E42)
☐ Shipped Matrix (36) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) ☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)		Iron- Manganese M	
	-	Very Shallow Dark Other (Explain in R	Surface (TFT2)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5) ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) ☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)	1	Other (Explain in R	emarks)
Depleted below Dark Surface (A11) Redox Dark Surface (F6)			
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redux Bark Surface (F7)	3 (adjectors of bydroph	utic vagetation and wetla
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) ☐ Redox Depressions (F8)			ytic vegetation and wetlar esent unless disturbed or
3 Sandy Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)		roblematic.	esent unless disturbed of
estrictive Layer (if observed)		noblematic.	
Type:			
Depth:	H	dric Soil Present?	Yes ⊠ No □
		2010 00000 102000	
HYDROLOGY Vetland Hydrology Indicators:			
Primary Indicators (Minimum of one is required: check all that apply)		Secondary Indicator	s (minimum of two require
Surface Water (A1) Water Stained Leaves (B9)		Surface Soil Ci	
☐ High Water Table (A2) ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B 3)		☐ Drainage Patte	
Saturation (A3) ☐ True Aquatic Plants (B14)		☐ Dry-Season W	
☐ Water Marks (B1) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Crayfish Burrov	
☐ Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living R	Roots (C3)	Saturation Visit	ble on Aerial Imagery (C9
☐ Drift Deposits (B3) ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	(00)	Stunted or Stre	essed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soi	oils (C6)	☐ Geomorphic Po	
☐ Iron Deposits (B5) ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7)	(00)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Gauge or Well Data (D9)		23 / // O / / O / / /	(20)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			
ield Observations:			
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No□ Depth (inches) Surface		Hydrology Broson	it? Yes⊠ No 🏻
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No☐ Depth (inches) _Surface Value Table Present? Yes ☒ No☐ Depth (inches) _Surface	Wetland		it: Tes Mile I
Field Observations: Yes ⊠ No□ Depth (inches) Surface Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No□ Depth (inches) Surface Vater Table Present? Yes ⊠ No□ Depth (inches) Surface Saturation Present? Yes ⊠ No□ Depth (inches) Surface	Wetland	nydrology Freser	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No☐ Depth (inches) Surface Vater Table Present? Yes ☒ No☐ Depth (inches) Surface Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No☐ Depth (inches) Surface includes capillary fringe)	1, 4, 4,		
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No □ Depth (inches) Surface □ Depth (inches)	1, 4, 4,		
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No □ Depth (inches) Surface □ Depth (inches)	1, 4, 4,		
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No □ Depth (inches) Surface □ Depth (inches)	1, 4, 4,		
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface	ctions), if av	ailable:	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No☐ Depth (inches) _Surface	ctions), if av	ailable:	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface	ctions), if av	ailable:	
Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Water Table Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Saturation Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Saturation Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspect	ctions), if av	ailable:	
Surface Water Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Vater Table Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Saturation Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Saturation Present? Yes ⊠ No ☐ Depth (inches) Surface Includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspect	ctions), if av	ailable:	

Are vegetation Soil Hydrology Insturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) ### Command Solid Hydrology Institution Solid Present? Yes No Solid Present Solid Present? Yes No Solid Present Solid Pr	Project/Site: Cordero Property	City/County: Unincorporated	Kendall County Sampling Date: _July 2, 2020
Landform (hilslope, terrace, etc.): Fallow Agricultural Field	Applicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer / John Cordero	i .	State: IL Sampling Point: H
Slope (%): 5%	Investigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Section, Township, Range; S	5&6 T37N R7E
Soli Map Unit Name: Clare silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (663B) NVM classification: None	Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Fallow Agricultu	ral Field Local Relief (c	oncave, convex, none): convex
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes \(\text{No} \) (If no explain in remarks) Are vegetation \(\text{Soil } \text{Soil } \) Hydrology \(\text{Soil site in the conditions} \) significantly disturbed? Are normal circumstances present? Yes \(\text{No} \) \(\text{No} \) Are vegetation \(\text{Soil } \text{Soil } \) Hydrology \(\text{Soil site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.} \) Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? \(\text{Yes} \) No \(\text{No} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) \(\text{Soil Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) \(\text{Yes} \) No \(\text{No} \) Weltand Hydrology Present? Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \text{No} \) No \(\text{Soils Soils Present?} \) Yes \(\text{No} \text{No} \) Are that soils indicator the previous 3 months indicates the climatic/hydrologic conditions have been normal. This are appears to have been farmed within the previous 3 months indicates the climatic/hydrologic conditions have been normal. This are appears to have been farmed within the previous 3 months indicates the climatic/hydrologic conditions have been normal. This are appears to have been normal. This are appears to have been norm	Slope (%): 5% *Lat: 41.707	'887 *Long: -88.469097	Datum: Farmed Wetland 1 - Upland
Are vegetation	Soil Map Unit Name: Clare silt loam, 2 to 5 percer	it slopes (663B)	NWI classification: None
Are vegetation Soil Hydrology Insturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) ### Command Solid Hydrology Institution Solid Present? Yes No Solid Present Solid Present? Yes No Solid Present Solid Pr	Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	this time of year? Yes ⊠ No ☐ (If no	explain in remarks)
UMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Is the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes □ No □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ No FACU □ Prevalence Index worksheet: The Account Hydrology Prevalence Index Edular Hydrology Prevalence Index Edul	Are vegetation ☐ Soil ☒ Hydrology ☒	significantly disturbed? Are no	rmal circumstances present? Yes ☐ No ☒
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes □ No □	Are vegetation	naturally problematic? (If nee	ded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
Hydric Soils Present? Yes	SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map	showing sampling point locati	ons, transects, important features, etc.
Remarks: Precipitation data from the previous 3 months indicates the climatic/hydrologic conditions have been normal. This area appears to have been farmed within the previous 5 years. **Coordinates obtained from Google Earth.** **Tree Stratum** (Plot size: 30') **Absolute** **Dominant** **Species?** **Species?** **Indicator** **Species?** **Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Number of Dominant Species** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Species** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **FACU Species** **Total Cover** **FACU Species** **Total Cover** **Total Co	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☐ No ☒		
Remarks: Precipitation data from the previous 3 months indicates the climatic/hydrologic conditions have been normal. This area appears to have been farmed within the previous 5 years. **Coordinates obtained from Google Earth.** **Tree Stratum** (Plot size: 30') **Absolute** **Dominant** **Species?** **Species?** **Indicator** **Species?** **Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _0 _ (A) **Total Number of Dominant Species** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Number of Dominant Species** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **Total Species** **Total Cover** **Total Cover** **FACU Species** **Total Cover** **FACU Species** **Total Cover** **Total Co	Hydric Soils Present ? Yes ☒ No ☐ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒	Is the Sampled Ar	ea Within a Wetland? Yes □ No ⊠
Coordinates obtained from Google Earth. **Tere Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Remarks: Precipitation data from the previous 3 mor	nths indicates the climatic/hydrologic c	onditions have been normal. This area appears to have
### Reger Atton — Use scientific names of plants. Tree Stratum			
Absolute Species Species Species Status	POTENTIAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE POTENTIAL PROPERTY OF THE POTENTY OF THE P	S.	
Number of Dominant Species That are OBL_FACW, or FAC_ 0	, per , e.g. 1 de , e.g. 1		Dominance Test worksheet:
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)			Number of Dominant Species
Sepecies Across All Strata: 2 (B)	۷.		That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _0_ (A)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	9		
That are OBL_FACW, or FAC0%(A/B)			eposico noroso nui cuata.
Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of:	Sanling/Shruh Stratum (Plot size: 15')	= Total Cover	
Stratum Plot size: 5'			
OBL species: x 1 =	4,		
FAC species:	3.		OBL species: x 1 =
### Stratum (Plot size: 5') Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5') 1. Erigeron annuus 25 Y FACU 2. Erigeron canadensis 25 Y FACU 3. Bromus tectorum 5 N UPL 4. Cyperus esculentus 5 N FACW 5. Populus deltoides 5 N FACU 6. Melilotus albus 2 N UPL 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 2 N FACU 8. Taraxacum officinale 2 N FACU 9. Plantago major 2 N FACU 9. Plantago major 2 N FACU 10. Taraxacum (Plot size: 30') 1. Erigeron annuus 25 Y FACU			FACW species: x 2 =
Total Cover	5,		FACU species: x 4 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Column Totals (A) Column Totals (A)		=Total Cover	UPL species: x 5 =
1. Erigeron annuus 2. Erigeron canadensis 2. Erigeron canadensis 2. Erigeron canadensis 2. Erigeron canadensis 3. Bromus tectorum 5. N UPL 4. Cyperus esculentus 5. N FACW 5. Populus deltoides 6. Melilotus albus 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10. 10. 11. 12. 13. Bromus tectorum 5. N UPL 4. Cyperus esculentus 5. N FACW 5. N FACW 6. Melilotus albus 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 7. Ambro	Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')		Column Totals (A)
3. Bromus tectorum 5 N UPL 4. Cyperus esculentus 5 N FACW 5. Populus deltoides 6. Melilotus albus 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1. 2. Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic ### Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No ### No ### Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet)	1. Erigeron annuus		Database le des Dife
4. Cyperus esculentus 5 N FACW 5. Populus deltoides 6. Melilotus albus 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10. Plantago major 11. 2. Poolus esculentus 15 N FACU 16 N FACU 17 N FACU 18 Papid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 18 Papid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 19 Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ 10 Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 10 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic 1 Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No ⊠ Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet)			Prevalence Index =B/A =
5. Populus deltoides 6. Melilotus albus 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10. Plantago major 11. 2. Problematic Plot size: 30') 12. Problematic Present? Yes No ⊠ Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet)			
6. Melilotus albus 7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10. Plantago major 10. Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum 11. 2. Total Cover Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹	the state of the s		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7. Ambrosia artemisiifolia 2 N FACU 8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10. Woody Vine Stratum 1. 2 N FAC 2 N FAC 3 = Total Cover Thorophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No ⊠ Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet)			Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
8. Taraxacum officinale 9. Plantago major 10.			
9. Plantago major 2 N FAC 10. Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1. Total Cover Total Cover			☐ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.01
data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No ⊠			☐ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
Voody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10.		
2 =Total Cover Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No 🗵 Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet)	Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	73 =Total Cover	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet)		=Total Course	
		- Total Cover	nyurophytic vegetation Present? Tes No ⊠
	Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate Photograph 21	sheet)	

Depth Cole	or (Moist)	%	Color (Moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
	0YR 2/1						SICL	
18-24 1	0YR 4/1	90	10YR 5/6	10	<u>C</u>	M	<u>c</u>	
- 04			-	-	_		1	
		_	-	_	_	_	-	A
		_		_	_	-		
		_	_	_	_	_	-	
Type: C = Con	centration Da	= Depletion	n, RM = Reduced	Matrix CS = C	Covered or C	Coated San	Grains 21 o	caton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix
lydric Soil Ind	licators	Beplotte	1,1111	William, GO	overed or c	Joaica Gari	Indicators fo	r Problematic Hydric Soils ³
Histosol (A1				Gleyed Matrix	(S4)		☐ Coast Prai	irie Redox (A16)
Histic Epiper				Redox (S5)			☐ Dark Surfa	
☐ Black Histic ☐ Hydrogen Si				ed Matrix (S6) / Mucky Minera	1/54)			ganese Masses (F12)
Stratified Lay				Gleyed Matrix				ow Dark Surface (TF12) plain in Remarks)
2 cm Muck (A10)		□ Deplet	ted Matrix (F3)	(1 -1		- Other (Exp	ordin in remarks)
Depleted be				Dark Surface (
Thick Dark S				ed Dark Surfac			3 Indicators of	hydrophytic vegetation and wetland
☐ Sandy Muck ☐ 5 cm Mucky			☐ Redox	Depressions (-8)		problematic.	ust be present unless disturbed or
lestrictive Lay							рговетнаце.	
Type:							2000 - 25	
Depth:			1				Hydric Soil P	resent? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
IYDROLOG	logy Indicate							
Surface Water High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposit	ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3)		☐ Aq ☐ Tru ☐ Hy ☐ Ox ☐ Pru	ater Stained Lea quatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide didized Rhizospi esence of Redu	3) its (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv iced Iron (C4)	4)	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfit Satura	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) and or Stressed Plants (D1)
Wetland Hydro Inimary Indicate Surface Wate High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposite Inundation V Sparsely Ve	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Conc	of one is	Wa Aq Aq Tri Hy Ox Aq Aq Aq Aq Aq Aq Aq A	ater Stained Le: Juatic Fauna (B Jue Aquatic Plan Judrogen Sulfide Judized Rhizospi	3) tts (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv iced Iron (C- ction in Tille e (C7) tta (D9)	4)	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Satura Stunte	age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Wetland Hydro rimary Indicate Surface Wate High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment Deposit Algal Mat or Iron Deposits Inundation V	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Conc	of one is	Wa Aq Aq Tri Hy Ox Aq Aq Aq Aq Aq Aq Aq A	ater Stained Lea juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide idized Rhizosol esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surfac tuge or Well Da	3) tts (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv iced Iron (C- ction in Tille e (C7) tta (D9)	4)	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Satura Stunte	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) attion Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) and or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2)
Wetland Hydro Inimary Indicate Surface Wate High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposite Inundation V Sparsely Ve	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) 6 (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) (risible on Aeri getated Concions:	of one is a	Wa Aq Tru Hy Ox Pru Re Th Ga Ce (B8) Other Other Other Other Ce (B8) Other O	ater Stained Le- juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan idrogen Sulfide idized Rhizospi esence of Redu ecent Iron Redu in Muck Surfaci juge or Well Da her (Explain in I	3) tts (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv iced Iron (C- ction in Tille e (C7) tta (D9)	4)	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Satura Stunte	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) attion Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) and or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2)
Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Surface Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposit Algal Mat or Iron Deposits Inundation V Sparsely Vet ield Observat Vater Table Pre	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) 6 (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent?	al Imagery ave Surface Yes Yes	Wa	ater Stained Lei juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide cidized Rhizospi esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surfaci auge or Well Da her (Explain in I ches) N/A	3) ts (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv iced Iron (C- ction in Tille e (C7) ta (D9) Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	☐ Surface ☐ Draina ☐ Dry-Se ☐ Cayfie ☐ Satura ☐ Stunte ☐ Geom ☐ FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ad or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2) Neutral Test (D5)
Vetland Hydro Ve	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) 6 (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent? ent?	al Imagery ave Surface Yes Yes	Wa	ater Stained Lei juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide cidized Rhizospi esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surfaci auge or Well Da her (Explain in I ches) N/A	3) ts (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv iced Iron (C- ction in Tille e (C7) ta (D9) Remarks)	4) d Soils (C6)	☐ Surface ☐ Draina ☐ Dry-Se ☐ Cayfie ☐ Satura ☐ Stunte ☐ Geom ☐ FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) and or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2)
Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Surface Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposits Algal Mat or Iron Deposits Inundation V Sparsely Veg ield Observat Vater Table Presencludes capilla	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) fisible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent? ent? ary fringe)	al Imagery ave Surface Yes Yes Yes	Wa	ater Stained Lei juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide cidized Rhizospi esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surface auge or Well Da her (Explain in I ches) N/A ches) N/A	3) Its (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv loced Iron (Co ction in Tille e (C7) Ita (D9) Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Satura Stunte Geom FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ad or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2) Neutral Test (D5)
Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Vetland Hydro Surface Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposits Algal Mat or Iron Deposits Inundation V Sparsely Veg ield Observat Vater Table Presencludes capilla	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) fisible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent? ent? ary fringe)	al Imagery ave Surface Yes Yes Yes	Wa	ater Stained Lei juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide cidized Rhizospi esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surface auge or Well Da her (Explain in I ches) N/A ches) N/A	3) Its (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv loced Iron (Co ction in Tille e (C7) Ita (D9) Remarks)	d Soils (C6)	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Satura Stunte Geom FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ad or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2) Neutral Test (D5)
Wetland Hydro Verimary Indicate Surface Wate High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposite Algal Mat or Iron Deposite Inundation Vel Sparsely Vel Water Table Presenctudes capillar Vescribe Record	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent? ent? enty fringe) ded Data (stre	al Imagery ave Surface Yes \begin{array}{c} Yes \be	Wa	ater Stained Lei- juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide idized Rhizosol esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surfac auge or Well Da her (Explain in I	3) Its (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv icced Iron (Ci ction in Tille e (C7) Ita (D9) Remarks)	d Soils (C6) Wet	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Stunte Geom FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ad or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2) Neutral Test (D5)
Wetland Hydro Verimary Indicate Surface Wate High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposite Algal Mat or Iron Deposite Inundation Vel Sparsely Vel Water Table Presenctudes capillar Vescribe Record	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent? ent? enty fringe) ded Data (stre	al Imagery ave Surface Yes \begin{array}{c} Yes \be	Wa	ater Stained Lei- juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide idized Rhizosol esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surfac auge or Well Da her (Explain in I	3) Its (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv icced Iron (Ci ction in Tille e (C7) Ita (D9) Remarks)	d Soils (C6) Wet	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Stunte Geom FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ad or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2) Neutral Test (D5)
Wetland Hydro Verimary Indicate Surface Wate High Water Saturation (A Water Marks Sediment De Drift Deposite Algal Mat or Iron Deposite Inundation Vel Sparsely Vel Water Table Presenctudes capillar Vescribe Record	ology Indicate ors (Minimum er (A1) Table (A2) A3) s (B1) eposits (B2) s (B3) Crust (B4) s (B5) risible on Aeri getated Concions: Present? esent? ent? enty fringe) ded Data (stre	al Imagery ave Surface Yes \begin{array}{c} Yes \be	Wa	ater Stained Lei- juatic Fauna (B ue Aquatic Plan drogen Sulfide idized Rhizosol esence of Redu icent Iron Redu in Muck Surfac auge or Well Da her (Explain in I	3) Its (B14) Odor (C1) heres on Liv icced Iron (Ci ction in Tille e (C7) Ita (D9) Remarks)	d Soils (C6) Wet	Surface Draina Dry-Se Crayfis Stunte Geom FAC-N	ce Soil Cracks (B6) age Patterns (B10) eason Water Table (C2) sh Burrows (C8) ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ad or Stressed Plants (D1) orphic Position (D2) Neutral Test (D5)

			endall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
ero		St	ate: IL Sampling Point: I
Secti	ion, Township, F	Range: S 5	&6 T37N R7E
ale Bottom	Lo	cal Relief (co	ncave, convex, none): Concave
08289	*Long: -88.4	70566	Datum: Wetland 1 – Forested Swale
ent slopes (663B	3)		NWI classification: None
or this time of year	ar? Yes ⊠ N	lo ☐ (If no e	xplain in remarks)
significantly	disturbed?	Are norr	nal circumstances present? Yes ⊠ No □
naturally pro	blematic?	(If neede	ed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
p showing s	ampling poi	int location	ns, transects, important features, etc.
	Is the S	Sampled Area	a Within a Wetland? Yes ⊠ No □
-4-			
	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
% Cover	Species?	Status FAC	Number of Dominant Species
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15	Species? Y Y	Status FAC FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6_ (A)
<u>% Cover</u> 15	Species?	Status FAC	Number of Dominant Species
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15	Species? Y Y	Status FAC FAC FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6_ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6_ (B) Percent of Dominant Species
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cove	Status FAC FAC FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6_ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6_ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC100%_ (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cove	Status FAC FAC FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6 _ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6 _ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC100%(A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:Total % Cover of:Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cove	Status FAC FAC FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6_ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6_ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:Total % Cover of:Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 =
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cove	Status FAC FAC FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = FACU
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cove	Status FAC FAC FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x1 = FACW species: x2 = FAC species: x3 =
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 50	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y = Total Cover	Status FAC FACU FACU FACU	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A)
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 50 30	Species? Y Y N = Total Cove Y =Total Cove	Status FAC FACU FACU FACU FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 =
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 50 30 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A)
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 50 30 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6_ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6_ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC100%(A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 =
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 50 30 5 5 2	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: □ Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation □ Dominance Test is >50% □ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 50 30 5 5 2	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 5 2	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 6 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 2	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6 _ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6 _ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _ 100% _ (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
<u>% Cover</u> 15 15 5 35 5 5 5 5 2	Species? Y Y N = Total Cover Y =Total Cover Y N N N N	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _6 _ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _6 _ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC _ 100% _ (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
	Section	Section, Township, I ale Bottom Lo 08289 *Long: -88.4 cent slopes (663B) for this time of year? Yes significantly disturbed? naturally problematic? ap showing sampling points the Seconds indicates the climatic/hy	naturally problematic? (If needs ap showing sampling point location Is the Sampled Area conths indicates the climatic/hydrologic conths.

		Sale de Maria de		THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	
ofile Description: (Describe the depth ne			confirm the	e absence of indic	ators
epth Matrix ches) Color (Moist) % Color	Redox Fea (Moist) %		12	T. 4.4.	100000000
			Loc2	Texture	Remarks
	R 5/3 10	<u>c</u>	M	SICL	
	R 5/6 2	<u>c</u>	M		
4-30 10YR 4/1 90 10Y	R 5/3 5	<u>c</u>	M	SiC	
	R 5/3 5 R 5/6 5	c	M		
	1 3/0	2	141		
				1 Total Total	
pe: C = Concentration, D= Depletion, RM =	Reduced Matrix,	CS = Covered or	Coated Sand	Grains ² Locate	on: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matr
dric Soil Indicators					oblematic Hydric Soils ³
Histosol (A1)	☐ Sandy Gleyed	Matrix (S4)		☐ Coast Prairie	
	☐ Sandy Redox (☐ Dark Surface	
	☐ Stripped Matrix				ese Masses (F12)
	Loamy Mucky I				Dark Surface (TF12)
	Loamy Gleyed			Other (Explain	in Remarks)
	Depleted Matrix				
Depleted below Dark Surface (A11)	Redox Dark Su				
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	□ Depleted Dark	Surface (F7)		3 Indicators of hyd	Irophytic vegetation and wetla
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	☐ Redox Depress	sions (F8)		hydrology must	be present unless disturbed of
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)	-7 25 (7 00 (9 3)	40.00		problematic.	W. P. Color Co. Color Section 1975
strictive Layer (if observed)				11015/545 (2015)	
Туре:					
Depth:				Hydric Soil Pros	ent? Yes⊠ No □
лерит.				Thy direction 1 103	cutt. 162 M HOL
/DROLOGY					
etland Hydrology Indicators: mary Indicators (Minimum of one is required Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) eld Observations: Trace Water Present? Yes \[\] No	☐ Water Stair ☐ Aquatic Fai ☐ True Aquat ☐ Hydrogen S ☐ Oxidized Ri ☐ Presence o ☐ Recent Iror ☐ Thin Muck: ☐ Gauge or V ☐ Other (Expl	ned Leaves (B9) una (B 3) ic Plants (B14) Sulfide Odor (C1) hizospheres on Li f Reduced Iron (C n Reduction in Tille Surface (C7) Vell Data (D9) ain in Remarks)	4)	☐ Surface S ☐ Drainage ☐ Dry-Seas ☐ Crayfish E ☐ Saturation ☐ Stunted o ☐ Geomorp	icators (minimum of two requir oil Cracks (B6) Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2) Burrows (C8) or Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9 r Stressed Plants (D1) nic Position (D2) tral Test (D5)
etland Hydrology Indicators: mary Indicators (Minimum of one is required Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) eld Observations: rface Water Present? yes \(\) No \(\) atter Table Present? yes \(\) No \(\) turation Present? yes \(\) No \(\)	☐ Water Stair ☐ Aquatic Fai ☐ True Aquat ☐ Hydrogen S ☐ Oxidized Ri ☐ Presence o ☐ Recent Iror ☐ Thin Muck S ☐ Gauge or V ☐ Other (Expl	ned Leaves (B9) una (B 3) ic Plants (B14) Sulfide Odor (C1) hizospheres on Li f Reduced Iron (C n Reduction in Tille Surface (C7) Vell Data (D9) ain in Remarks)	4) ed Soils (C6)	☐ Surface S ☐ Drainage ☐ Dry-Seas ☐ Crayfish E ☐ Saturation ☐ Stunted o ☐ Geomorp ☑ FAC-Neu	oil Cracks (B6) Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2) Surrows (C8) o Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9 or Stressed Plants (D1) hic Position (D2)
etland Hydrology Indicators: mary Indicators (Minimum of one is required Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) eld Observations: rface Water Present? ter Table Present? ter Table Present? ter Table Present? Yes No ter Table Present?	☐ Water Stair ☐ Aquatic Fai ☐ True Aquat ☐ Hydrogen S ☐ Oxidized Ri ☐ Presence o ☐ Recent Iror ☐ Thin Muck: ☐ Gauge or V ☐ Other (Expl	ned Leaves (B9) una (B 3) ic Plants (B14) Sulfide Odor (C1) hizospheres on Li f Reduced Iron (C n Reduction in Tille Surface (C7) Vell Data (D9) ain in Remarks)	4) ed Soils (C6) Wet	☐ Surface S ☐ Drainage ☐ Dry-Seas ☐ Crayfish E ☐ Saturation ☐ Stunted o ☐ Geomorp ☑ FAC-Neu	oil Cracks (B6) Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2) Surrows (C8) o Visible on Aerial Imagery (Circ Stressed Plants (D1) hic Position (D2) tral Test (D5)
etland Hydrology Indicators: mary Indicators (Minimum of one is required Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) eld Observations: rface Water Present? yes \(\) No \(\) atter Table Present? yes \(\) No \(\) turation Present? yes \(\) No \(\)	☐ Water Stair ☐ Aquatic Fai ☐ True Aquat ☐ Hydrogen S ☐ Oxidized Ri ☐ Presence o ☐ Recent Iror ☐ Thin Muck: ☐ Gauge or V ☐ Other (Expl	ned Leaves (B9) una (B 3) ic Plants (B14) Sulfide Odor (C1) hizospheres on Li f Reduced Iron (C n Reduction in Tille Surface (C7) Vell Data (D9) ain in Remarks)	4) ed Soils (C6) Wet	☐ Surface S ☐ Drainage ☐ Dry-Seas ☐ Crayfish E ☐ Saturation ☐ Stunted o ☐ Geomorp ☑ FAC-Neu	oil Cracks (B6) Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2) Surrows (C8) o Visible on Aerial Imagery (Circ Stressed Plants (D1) hic Position (D2) tral Test (D5)
etland Hydrology Indicators: mary Indicators (Minimum of one is required Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) eld Observations: rface Water Present? ter Table Present? ter Table Present? ter Table Present? Yes No ter Table Present?	☐ Water Stair ☐ Aquatic Fai ☐ True Aquat ☐ Hydrogen S ☐ Oxidized Ri ☐ Presence o ☐ Recent Iror ☐ Thin Muck: ☐ Gauge or V ☐ Other (Expl	ned Leaves (B9) una (B 3) ic Plants (B14) Sulfide Odor (C1) hizospheres on Li f Reduced Iron (C n Reduction in Tille Surface (C7) Vell Data (D9) ain in Remarks)	4) ed Soils (C6) Wet	☐ Surface S ☐ Drainage ☐ Dry-Seas ☐ Crayfish E ☐ Saturation ☐ Stunted o ☐ Geomorp ☑ FAC-Neu	oil Cracks (B6) Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2) Surrows (C8) o Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9 or Stressed Plants (D1) hic Position (D2) tral Test (D5)
etland Hydrology Indicators: mary Indicators (Minimum of one is required Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) eld Observations: rface Water Present? Yes \(\) No \(\) atter Table Present? Yes \(\) No \(\) turation Present? Yes \(\) No \(\) cludes capillary fringe) scribe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monications)	☐ Water Stair ☐ Aquatic Fai ☐ True Aquat ☐ Hydrogen S ☐ Oxidized Ri ☐ Presence o ☐ Recent Iror ☐ Thin Muck: ☐ Gauge or V ☐ Other (Expl	ned Leaves (B9) una (B 3) ic Plants (B14) Sulfide Odor (C1) hizospheres on Li f Reduced Iron (C n Reduction in Tille Surface (C7) Vell Data (D9) ain in Remarks)	4) ed Soils (C6) Wet	☐ Surface S ☐ Drainage ☐ Dry-Seas ☐ Crayfish E ☐ Saturation ☐ Stunted o ☐ Geomorp ☑ FAC-Neu	oil Cracks (B6) Patterns (B10) on Water Table (C2) Surrows (C8) o Visible on Aerial Imagery (Circ Stressed Plants (D1) hic Position (D2) tral Test (D5)

Section Section Township Range S 586 T37N R7E					endall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
Landform (hillstope, terrace, etc.): Backslope					
Slope (%): 10%	nvestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Sect	ion, Township,	Range: S 5	%6 T37N R7E
Soli Map Unit Name: Clare sitt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (663B) NW classification: None	andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Backslope		Lo	ocal Relief (cor	ncave, convex, none): Convex
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No	Slope (%): 10% *Lat: 41.	708301	*Long: -88.4	170669	Datum: Wetland 1 – Forested Swale - Uplan
Are vegetation	Soil Map Unit Name: Clare silt loam, 2 to 5 per	cent slopes (663E	3)		NWI classification: None
Mary OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.	Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical	for this time of ye	ar? Yes ⊠ !	No 🗌 (If no ex	xplain in remarks)
Jammary OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.	Are vegetation Soil Hydrology	significantly	disturbed?	Are norm	al circumstances present? Yes ⊠ No □
lydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes □ No □	re vegetation Soil Hydrology	naturally pro	blematic?	(If neede	d, explain any answers in Remarks.)
No No No No No No No No		ap showing s	ampling po	int location	s, transects, important features, etc.
Coordinates obtained from Google Earth.	lydric Soils Present ? Yes ☐ No ☒ Vetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒				
Absolute Dominant Indicator Species Status		nts.			
Acer negundo		- The said	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Prunus serotina 20					
Morus alba	Prunus serotina				Number of Dominant Species
Species Across All Strata: 7 (B) Species Across All Strata: 7 (B) Species Across All Strata: 7 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 57% (A/B) Lonicera maackii					
80				1710	
Deling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')					
Lonicera maackii	anling/Shruh Stratum (Plat size: 15)	80	_ = Total Cove	r	Percent of Dominant Species
Total % Cover of: Multiply by:		10	v	LIDI	
OBL species:			- '-	OFE	
FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = FACU species: x 5 = FACU					OBL species: x 1 =
Total Cover					FACW species: x 2 =
10					FAC species: x3 =
erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Column Totals (A) Galium aparine 20 Y FACU Cryptotaenia canadensis 20 Y FAC Sanicula odorata 20 Y FAC Hackelia virginiana 10 N FACU Viola sororia 10 N FAC Ambrosia trifida 5 N FAC Carex blanda 5 N FAC Vitis riparia 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Boody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') 96 =Total Cover Column Totals Prevalence Index =B/A = Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Ambrosia trifida Dominance Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic		10	=Total Cover		UPL species: x 5 =
Galium aparine 20 Y FACU Cryptotaenia canadensis 20 Y FAC Sanicula odorata 20 Y FAC Hackelia virginiana 10 N FACU Viola sororia 10 N FAC Ambrosia trifida 5 N FAC Carex blanda 5 N FAC Vitis riparia 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Bervalence Index = B/A = Bry/A Prevalence Index = B/A = Bry/A Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Dominance Test is >50% Dominance Test is >50% Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index = B/A = Bry/A N FACW Dominance Test is >50% Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic			_ rotal cover		Column Totals (A)
Sanicula odorata 20 Y FAC Hackelia virginiana 10 N FACU Viola sororia 10 N FAC Ambrosia trifida 5 N FAC Carex blanda 5 N FAC Vitis riparia 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic			Y	FACU	
Hackelia virginiana 10 N FAC Viola sororia 10 N FAC Ambrosia trifida 5 N FAC Carex blanda 5 N FAC Vitis riparia 5 N FAC Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 96 =Total Cover Dody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Dominance Test is >50% Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0' Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mube present, unless disturbed or problematic					Prevalence Index =B/A =
Viola sororia 10 N FAC Ambrosia trifida 5 N FAC Carex blanda 5 N FAC Vitis riparia 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Begres in thicators: Morphological Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Witis riparia 3 N FACW Begres in thicators: Morphological Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) **Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mube present, unless disturbed or problematic					
Ambrosia trifida 5 N FAC Carex blanda 5 N FAC Dominance Test is >50% Dominance Test is >50% Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mube present, unless disturbed or problematic					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
Carex blanda 5 N FAC Vitis riparia 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 96 =Total Cover oody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30′) 1 Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mu be present, unless disturbed or problematic					Rapid Test for Hudronhutis Vanatation
Vitis riparia 3 N FACW Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 96 =Total Cover Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mube present, unless disturbed or problematic					Dominance Test is >50%
Elymus virginicus 3 N FACW data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 96 =Total Cover Dody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30') □ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mube present, unless disturbed or problematic					☐ Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹
96 =Total Cover					☐ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
		96	=Total Cover		☐ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus
- Total Cover Hydrophytic vegetation Present? Tesixi No. 1	oody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')				be present, unless disturbed or problematic

SOIL							Sa	mpling Point
Profile Descriptio	n: (Desc	ribe the d	epth needed to d	locument the	e indicator o	confirm th	he absence of indica	tors
Depth	Matrix		Re	edox Feature				
Inches) Color ((Moist)	_%_	Color (Moist)	_%	Type ¹	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
0-16 10Y	R 3/2	100	4				SiL	With rocks
16-18 10YI	R 5/6	100					SiL	Fill
			100	_			_	
		-		_	_	-		
	_		-	4		-		
	_	-	-	-				
		_	-	_		_	-	
			DI D 1				10 1 21	
Type: C = Concer	ntration, L	= Depletio	n, RM = Reduced	Matrix, CS	= Covered or	Coated San		n: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix
lydric Soil Indica ☐ Histosol (A1)	ators		Cond.	Clayed Mate	in (C4)			blematic Hydric Soils ³
Histic Epipedon	(12)			Gleyed Matr Redox (S5)	IX (54)		Coast Prairie R	
Black Histic (A3							☐ Dark Surface (
Hydrogen Sulfic				ed Matrix (S6 Mucky Mine			☐ Iron- Manganes	
Stratified Layer				Gleyed Mat				ark Surface (TF12)
2 cm Muck (A1				ted Matrix (F:			☐ Other (Explain	in Remarks)
Depleted below		face (A11		Dark Surfac				
☐ Thick Dark Surf				ed Dark Surf			3 Indicators of hude	ophytic vegetation and wetlan
Sandy Mucky M				Depressions				e present unless disturbed or
5 cm Mucky Pe			☐ Kedox	Depressions	(FO)		problematic.	e present unless disturbed of
Restrictive Layer							problematic.	
Type: Gravel		veu)						
Depth: 18"			-<				Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes □ No ☒
Beptit. 10							Try dric Con Trese	III. 163 IIO
HYDROLOGY Vetland Hydrolog		tors:						
								and a few of decisions.
Primary Indicators		1 of one is			(DO)	-		ators (minimum of two require
Surface Water				ater Stained I				oil Cracks (B6)
High Water Tab				uatic Fauna			☐ Drainage F	
Saturation (A3)				ue Aquatic Pl				n Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B					de Odor (C1)	des Deste	Crayfish B	
Sediment Depo					spheres on Li		(C3) Saturation	Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (I					duced Iron (C			Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Cru			The second secon		duction in Tille	ed Solls (Ce		ic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (E		ial Imagaan		in Muck Surf			☐ FAC-Neutr	al lest (D5)
Inundation Visit Sparsely Veget				auge or Well I				
ield Observation		cave Suria	ce (B6) 🔲 Ot	her (Explain i	in Remarks)			
Surface Water Pre		Yes 🗌	No⊠ Depth (inc	ches) N/A				
Vater Table Prese	ent?	Yes	No⊠ Depth (inc	ches) N/A				
Saturation Present		Yes 🗌	No Depth (inc	ches) N/A		We	etland Hydrology Pre	esent? Yes No 🛛
ncludes capillary	fringe)		2000	T Y V			Contract of the Contract of th	
escribe Recorded	d Data (st	ream gaug	e, monitoring wel	I, aerial photo	os, previous ir	spections).	if available:	
					and for the same of			
emarks:								

pplicant/Owner: _Mr. Daniel J. Kramer / John Cordero			ted Kendall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
			State: IL Sampling Point: K
vestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Section, Town	nship, Range:	S 5&6 T37N R7E
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _Agricultural Field Sw.	ale	Local Relie	ef (concave, convex, none): Concave
lope (%):5%	*Long:	-88.471140	Datum: Farmed Wetland 2
oil Map Unit Name: Drummer silty clay loam, 0 to 2 pe	ercent slopes (152)	A)	NWI classification: None
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this t	ime of year? Ye	es 🛭 No 🔲 (II	no explain in remarks)
re vegetation 🛛 Soil 🖺 Hydrology 🖾 sig	nificantly disturbed	1? Are	e normal circumstances present? Yes ☐ No ☒
re vegetation Soil Hydrology nat	turally problematic	? (If :	needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
IMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sho	wing samplin	g point loc	ations, transects, important features, etc.
ydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes \(\) No \(\) ydric Soils Present? Yes \(\) No \(\) /etland Hydrology Present? Yes \(\) No \(\) emarks: This sample point was taken in a tilled and tilled			Area Within a Wetland? Yes ⊠ No ☐ production with Corn (<i>Zea mays</i>). It used to be a vegetate
coordinates obtained from Google Earth. GETATION – Use scientific names of plants.			
	absolute Domin		
			Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
			Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:2_(B)
		al Cover	Percent of Dominant Species
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15')			That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 50% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
			OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: 1 x 2 = 2
			FAC species: 4 x 3 = 12 FACU species: x 4 = 25
erb Stratum (Plot size: 5')	=Total	I Cover	UPL species: 10 x 5 = 50 Column Totals 15 (A) 64 (B)
Zea mays Ipomoea hederacea	10 Y 4 Y		
Echinochloa crus-galli	1 N	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
			☐ Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
			☐ Dominance Test is >50% ☐ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
			☐ Dominance Test is >50% ☐ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
/oody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')		l Cover	□ Dominance Test is >50% □ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ □ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) □ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
).	15 =Total		□ Dominance Test is >50% □ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ □ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)

rofile Description: (Describe the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators	SUIL								Sampling Point K
Depth inches) Color (Moist)	Profile Des	cription: (Desc	ribe the de	pth needed to d	ocument th	e indicator o	r confirm t	he absence of inc	dicators
Inches) Color (Moist)	Depth								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1972-24 10YR 5/1 75 10YR 5/8 15 C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C C M C M C C M C C M C M C C M C M C M C C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C M C							Loc2	Texture	Remarks
Type: C = Concentration, D= Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, CS = Covered or Coated Sand Grains									Tromano
Indicators Ind		The state of the s							
[Type: C = Concentration, D= Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, CS = Covered or Coated Sand Grains	12-24	101K 5/1	15					<u>c</u>	
Varic Soil Indicators				10YR 2/1	10	N/A	M		
Varic Soil Indicators									
Varic Soil Indicators	_		-		-		_		
Varic Soil Indicators	_				_		-		
Varic Soil Indicators			_				_		
Varic Soil Indicators									
Surface Soil Indicators	Type: $C = C$	Concentration, D)= Depletion	n, RM = Reduced	Matrix, CS	= Covered or	Coated Sar	nd Grains ² Loc	aton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix
Histic Epipedon (A2)					700 - 7000			Indicators for	Problematic Hydric Soils ³
Histic Epipedon (A2)	Histosol	(A1)		☐ Sandy	Gleved Mate	rix (S4)			
Black Histic (A3)									
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)									
Stratified Layers (A5)									
Deplete below Dark Surface (A11)	1 Chrotified	Laure (A4)							
Depleted below Dark Surface (A11)	Stratified	Layers (A5)						U Other (Expl	ain in Remarks)
3 Thick Dark Surface (A12)									
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Depleted	below Dark Su	rface (A11)						
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Thick Da	rk Surface (A12	2)	☐ Deplet	ed Dark Surf	face (F7)		3 Indicators of h	hydrophytic vegetation and wetlar
Sem Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) Problematic.	7 Sandy M	ucky Mineral (S	(1)	☐ Redox	Depressions	s (F8)		hydrology mu	st be present unless disturbed or
Secondary Indicators Present? Yes No				- 1,12,55		. ()			
Type: Depth:								problemate	
Application		Luyer (III obser	vou,						
New and Part Newa				<				Hudeia Cail De	seemt2 Ves M Na I
Secondary Indicators (Minimum of one is required: check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (Minimum of two required)	Depth.							riyuric 3011 FT	esentr res M NO L
Vetland Hydrology Indicators: rimary Indicators (Minimum of one is required: check all that apply) Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5)									
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:									
Vater Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches) N/A Esturation Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches) N/A Includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	Surface \ High Wat Saturatio Water Ma Sedimen Drift Dep Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundatio Sparsely	Water (A1) ter Table (A2) n (A3) arks (B1) t Deposits (B2) osits (B3) t or Crust (B4) osits (B5) on Visible on Ae Vegetated Con	rial Imagery cave Surfac	Wa	ater Stained uatic Fauna ue Aquatic P drogen Sulfii idized Rhizo esence of Re cent Iron Re in Muck Surfi uge or Well ner (Explain	Leaves (B9) (B 3) lants (B14) de Odor (C1) spheres on Lieduced Iron (Ciduction in Till face (C7) Data (D9)	(4)	Surface □ Drainag □ Dry-Se □ Crayfisi (C3) □ Saturat □ Stuntec δ) □ Geomo	e Soil Cracks (B6) ge Patterns (B10) ason Water Table (C2) h Burrows (C8) ion Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) d or Stressed Plants (D1) rphic Position (D2)
Vater Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches) N/A Esturation Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches) N/A Includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	Surface Wat	er Present?	Yes 🖂	No Depth (inc	ches) N/A				
relaturation Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches) N/A									
ncludes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:			Yes 🖂	No Denth (inc	thes) N/A		W	etland Hydrology	Present? Yes No I
escribe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:				Doba. (1100) _1171			ottaina my arology	resent. res⊠ ne 🗆
		The Paris		2 A 2 2 4 4 2 4 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	harastal alexa				
emarks: Wetland signatures were evident on historic aerials in 4 out of 5 years (80%) with normal precipitation.	escribe Re	corded Data (st	tream gauge	e, monitoring well	l, aerial phot	os, previous i	nspections)	, if available:	
emarks: Wetland signatures were evident on historic aerials in 4 out of 5 years (80%) with normal precipitation.									
Temarks: Wetland signatures were evident on historic aerials in 4 out of 5 years (80%) with normal precipitation.									
AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE AND A STATE OF THE STATE	Remarks: V	Vetland signatur	res were ev	ident on historic a	erials in 4 o	ut of 5 years	80%) with r	normal precipitation	n.
	A Charles	a de la constitution	2.22	Action Contractions			and the attention	F P. 130101	

		orporated Ne	ndall County Sampling Date: July 2, 2020
pplicant/Owner: Mr. Daniel J. Kramer / John Cordero	0	Sta	ate: _IL Sampling Point: _L
vestigator(s) S. Rowley & K. Smit	Section, Township, R	ange: <u>S 58</u>	6 T37N R7E
andform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):Meadow Terrac	ceLoc	al Relief (con-	cave, convex, none): None
lope (%): 0% *Lat: 41.709	9903 *Long: -88.46	9351	Datum: Investigated Area 1
oil Map Unit Name: Danabrook silt loam, 2 to 5	percent slopes (512B)		NWI classification: None
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	this time of year? Yes 🛭 No	(If no ex	plain in remarks)
re vegetation	significantly disturbed?	Are norm	al circumstances present? Yes ⊠ No □
re vegetation	naturally problematic?	(If needed	d, explain any answers in Remarks.)
MMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map	showing sampling poir	nt location	s, transects, important features, etc.
ydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes 🖾 No 🗌	1-11-0		
ydric Soils Present ? Yes ☐ No ☒ (etland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ emarks: Precipitation data from the previous 3 more			Within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒
coordinates obtained from Google Earth. GETATION - Use scientific names of plant	S.		
	Absolute Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
ee Stratum (Plot size: 30') Morus alba	% Cover Species? 30 Y	Status FAC	Number of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC: _2 (A)
			Total Number of Dominant
			Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)
upling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15')	30 = Total Cover		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B)
pling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis		UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
pling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis	30 = Total Cover		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 =
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>) Rubus occidentalis	30 = Total Cover		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 =
npling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis	30 = Total Cover		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis trib Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea	30 = Total Cover 5 Y	UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
pling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis arb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Arctium minus		UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
rib Stratum (Plot size: 15') Phalaris arundinacea Arctium minus		UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
Rubus occidentalis Property Stratum (Plot size: 15') Phalaris arundinacea Arctium minus	30 = Total Cover 5 Y 5 =Total Cover 90 Y 10 N	UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation □ Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation □ Dominance Test is >50%
Rubus occidentalis erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Arctium minus	30 = Total Cover 5 Y 5 =Total Cover 90 Y 10 N	UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis arb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Arctium minus arody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	30 = Total Cover 5 Y 5 =Total Cover 90 Y 10 N	UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
apling/Shrub_Stratum (Plot size: 15') Rubus occidentalis erb Stratum (Plot size: 5') Phalaris arundinacea Arctium minus		UPL	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL,FACW, or FAC 67% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species: x 1 = FACW species: x 2 = FAC species: x 3 = FACU species: x 4 = UPL species: x 5 = Column Totals (A) Prevalence Index =B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus

SOIL						Sampling PointL
Profile Description: (Describe t				confirm th	ne absence of indi	cators
Depth Matrix (Inches) Color (Moist) %		dox Feature %	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-16 10YR 2/2 10			Туре	LUC	SiL	Remarks
16-22 10YR 4/3 9		10	D	M	SiL	
10.00	191113/1	10	-	111	<u> </u>	
		-	-	-		
	_	_	_	_		
		_		-	-	
			_			
Type: C = Concentration, D= De	nletion RM = Reduced	Matrix CS	= Covered or I	Coated San	d Grains 21 oca	ton: PL =Pore Lining, M = Matrix
lydric Soil Indicators	piction, this - reduced	Watrix, CO	- COVERCE OF	Judica San	Indicators for P	Problematic Hydric Soils ³
Histosol (A1)	☐ Sandy	Gleyed Mate	rix (S4)		☐ Coast Prairie	
Histic Epipedon (A2)		Redox (S5)			☐ Dark Surface	
Black Histic (A3)		ed Matrix (Se				nese Masses (F12)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)		Mucky Mine				Dark Surface (TF12)
Stratified Layers (A5)	Loamy	Gleyed Mat	rix (F2)		Other (Explain	in in Remarks)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) ☐ Depleted below Dark Surface	(A11) Deplete	ed Matrix (F: Dark Surfac				
Thick Dark Surface (A12)		ed Dark Suriac			3 Indicators of hy	drophytic vegetation and wetlan
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)		Depressions				t be present unless disturbed or
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)		Depression	3 (1 0)		problematic.	t be present unless disturbed of
Restrictive Layer (if observed)						
Type:						
Depth:					Hydric Soil Pre	sent? Yes ☐ No ☒
Remarks:						
HYDROLOGY Vetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (Minimum of o	ne is required: check al	II that apply)			Secondary Inc	dicators (minimum of two require
Surface Water (A1)			Leaves (B9)		Surface	Soil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2)		uatic Fauna				Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3)		e Aquatic P				son Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)			de Odor (C1)			Burrows (C8)
☐ Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Drift Deposits (B3)			spheres on Live			on Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)			educed Iron (C duction in Tille			or Stressed Plants (D1)
Iron Deposits (B5)		in Muck Surf		d Colls (Co		utral Test (D5)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Im		uge or Well			LI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	atrai rest (Bs)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave	Surface (B8)		in Remarks)			
ield Observations:						
Curface Water Present?	O No Double Con	shool BUA				
	s ☐ No⊠ Depth (inc s ☐ No⊠ Depth (inc		_			
	s ☐ No⊠ Depth (inc			We	tland Hydrology F	Present? Yes□ No ⊠
includes capillary fringe)	Dopin (inte	1401				
Describe Recorded Data (stream	gauge, monitoring well	l. aerial phot	os. previous ir	spections).	if available:	
(a. 5	3 - 3				, a,	
Remarks:						

Site Photographs

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1, Sample Point B

Facing Northeast

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 2

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 – Upland, Sample Point A

Facing Southeast

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1, Sample Point C (Tributary of Rob Roy Creek)

Facing South

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 4

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 – Upland, Sample Point D

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Swale, Sample Point I

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 6

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Swale – Upland, Sample Point J

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview

Facing Northeast



DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020

PHOTOGRAPH 8

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview

Facing Northwest



DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

DESCRIPTION:

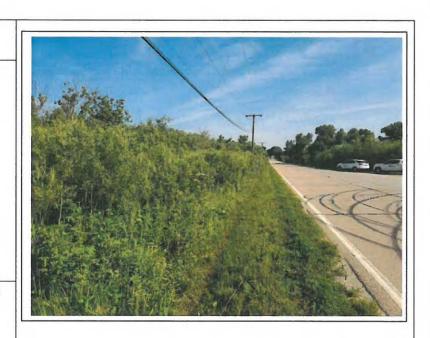
Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 and Buffer Overview, along E Beecher Road

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 10

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview, Tributary of Rob Roy Creek

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview, Culvert under E Beecher Road

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 12

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 – Offsite Overview, East Side of E Beecher Road

Facing East

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview

Facing West



July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 14

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview

Facing North



July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 16

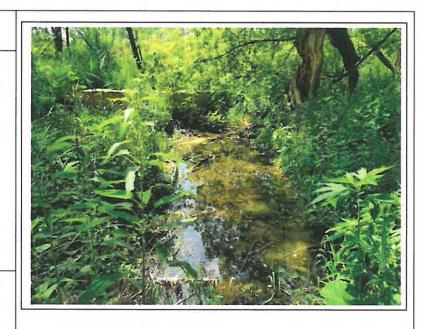
DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Swale Overview

Facing South

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Wetland 1 Overview

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 18

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 1, Sample Point E

Facing East

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 1 – Upland, Sample Point F

Facing West



July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 20

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 1, Sample Point G

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 1 – Upland, Sample Point H

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 22

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 1, Overview

Facing South

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 1 Overview

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 24

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 2, Sample Point K

Facing Northwest

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 2, Overview

Facing Northwest



July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 26

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Farmed Wetland 2 and Culvert Overview

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Overview, Culvert under Galena Road

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 28

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Investigated Area 1, Sample Point L

Facing South

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview, Fallow Field

Facing North



July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 30

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview, Fallow Field

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview, Fallow Field

Facing North

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 32

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview – Active Agricultural Field

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview – Active Agricultural Field

Facing Southwest

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 34

DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview, along Galena Road

Facing East

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview – Upland Woods

Facing West

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:

July 2, 2020



PHOTOGRAPH 36

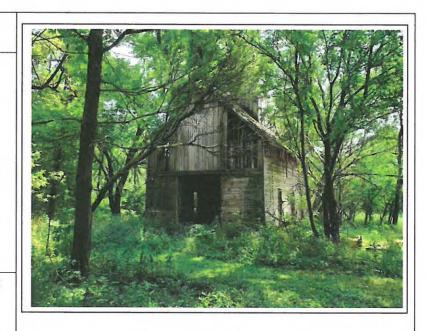
DESCRIPTION:

Cordero Property / Mr. Daniel Kramer

Site Overview – Old Barn

Facing Southeast

DATE PHOTO TAKEN:



NRCS Precipitation Data Analysis Worksheet

NRCS method - Rainfall Documentation Worksheet Hydrology Tools for Wetland Determination NRCS Engineering Field Handbook Chapter 19

Date	7/20/2020	Landowner/Project	Cordero Property
Weather Station	Aurora, IL	State	Illinois
County	Kane	Growing Season	yes
Photo/obs Date		Soil Name	

shaded cells are
locked or calculated

Long-term rainfall statistics (from WETS table or State Climatology Office)

1st Prior Month* 2nd Prior Month* 3rd Prior Month*

Month	30% chance <	30% chance >	Precip	Condition Dry, Wet, Normal	Condition Value	Month Weight Value	Product of Previous 2 Columns
June	3.10	5.18	3.91	N	2	3	6
May	3.12	5.40	6.65	W	3	2	6
April	2.81	4.63	4.60	N	2	1	2
*1	14-/-1-		1.4.			C	4.4

*compared to photo/observation date

Note: If sum is						
6-9	prior period has been drier than normal					
10 - 14	prior period has been normal					
15 - 18	prior period has been wetter than normal					

Condition value:	
D ry =1	
Normal =2	
Wet =3	

Conclusions: prior period has been normal

WETS Station Data

April May June July	S Station:															
Year	April Percip- itation	Type of Month	May Percip- itation	Type of Month	June Percip- itation	Type of Month	July* Percip- itation	Type of Month	April Score 1X	May Score 2X		Score for Year	Type of Year	Year	Best Years	RECORD OF WETLAND SIGNATURES OBSERVED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY
78	5.14	Wet	4.85	Wet	3.65	Normal	8.56	Wet	3	6	6	15	WET	78		
79	6.06	Wet	2.6	Dry	5.34	Wet	3.68	Normal	3	2	9	14	NORMAL	79	79	
80	3.26	Normal	2.7	Normal	3.2	Normal	3.81	Normal	2	4	6	12	NORMAL	80	80	
81	5.82	Wet	5.09	Wet	6.44	Wet	3.97	Normal	3	6	9	18	WET	81		
82	3.25	Normal	3.64	Normal	2.96	Dry	6.34	Wet	2	4	3	9	DRY	82		
83	6.59	Wet	4.22	Normal	4.98	Normal	6.97	Wet	3	4	6	13	NORMAL	83	83	
84	4.02	Normal	4.12	Normal	5.78	Wet	1.83	Dry	2	4	9	15	WET	84		
85	1.93	Dry	2.63	Dry	2.7	Dry	3.26	Normal	1	2	3	6	DRY	85		
86	1.75	Dry	3.23	Normal	4.19	Normal	3.25	Normal	1	4	6	11	NORMAL	86	86	
87	2.49	Dry	5.14	Wet	5.83	Wet	3.78	Normal	1	6	9	16	WET	87		
88	3.18	Normal	1.86	Dry	0.95	Dry	3.4	Normal	2	2	3	7	DRY	88		
89	1.12	Dry	1.94	Dry	4.29	Normal	6.63	Wet	1	2	6	9	DRY	89		
90	1.89	Dry	8	Wet	6.31	Wet	4.41	Normal		6	9	16	WET	90		
91	4.47	Normal	5.8	Wet	1	Dry	1.45	Dry	2	6	3	11	NORMAL	91	91	
92	3.31	Normal	0.75	Dry	2.22	Dry	4.45	Normal	2	2	3	7	DRY	92		
93	4.66	Wet	2.03	Dry	9.56	Wet	2.34	Dry	3	2	9	14	NORMAL	93	93	
94	1.98	Dry	1.57	Dry	6.03	Wet	2.46	Dry	1	2	9	12	NORMAL	94	94	**
95	5.8	Wet	4.54	Normal		Dry	3.73	Normal	3	4	3	10	NORMAL	95	95	
96	2.69	Dry	4.64	Normal		Wet	21.5	Wet	1	4	9	14	NORMAL	96	96	
97	2.59	Dry	3.96	Normal		Dry Wet	1.53	Dry	1	4	3	8	DRY	97 98	\vdash	
98	5.6	Wet Wet	3.08	Normal		A	3,24	Normal Normal		4	6	13	NORMAL	99	99	
99	5.74 5	Wet	4.21 3.76	Normal Normal		Normal Wet	3,57 4,47	Normal		4	9	16	WET	0	99	
1	3.63	Normal	3.15	Normal	6355	Normal	2.13	Dry	2	4	6	12	NORMAL	1	1	
2	4.94	Wet	4.62	Normal		Normal	2.13	Dry	3	4	6	13	NORMAL	2	2	
3	2.52	Dry	7.91	Wet	1.99	Dry	7.83	Wet	1	6	3	10	NORMAL	3	3	
4	0.94	Dry	6.6	Wet	6.19	Wet	2.7	Dry	1	6	9	16	WET	4	-	
5	2.12	Dry	2.65	Dry	1.11	Dry	2.36	Dry	1	2	3	6	DRY	5		
6	4.23	Normal	3.89	Normal		Normal	1.31	Dry	2	4	6	12	NORMAL	6	6	
7	3.86	Normal	1.19	Dry	2.92	Dry	5.02	Normal	2	2	3	7	DRY	7		
8	3.22	Normal	5.17	Wet	3.63	Normal	3.36	Normal		6	6	14	NORMAL	8	8	
9	5.68	Wet	4.22	Normal		Normal	2.12	Dry	3	4	6	13	NORMAL	9	9	N
10	2.31	Dry	6.61	Wet	7.75	Wet	6.45	Wet	1	6	9	16	WET	10		
11	5.26	Wet	5.13	Wet	5.89	Wet	4.57	Normal		6	9	18	WET	11		
12	2.29	Dry	1.98	Dry	1.75	Dry	2.35	Dry	1	2	3	6	DRY	12		
13	10.44	Wet	4.77	Wet	6.04	Wet	1.74	Dry	3	6	9	18	WET	13		
14	3.23	Normal	-	Wet	8.16	Wet	4.82	Normal	2	6	9	17	WET	14		
SCO					F YEAF	3										
	Dry =	1		Dry =	6 to 9											f surface water signatures
	Normal = Wet =	2			10 to 1										tnerwise	it is assumed that the photo was
COM	Wet = 3 Wet = 15 to 18 taken in late June or early July before most of July's precipitation. COMMENTS:															

Next 1	Wheaton 3 SE IL9221 DuPage County
Next 2	Elgin_IL2736_Kane County
Next 3	Joliet Brandon RD DAM_IL4530_Will County
Next Closest Site Next 4	

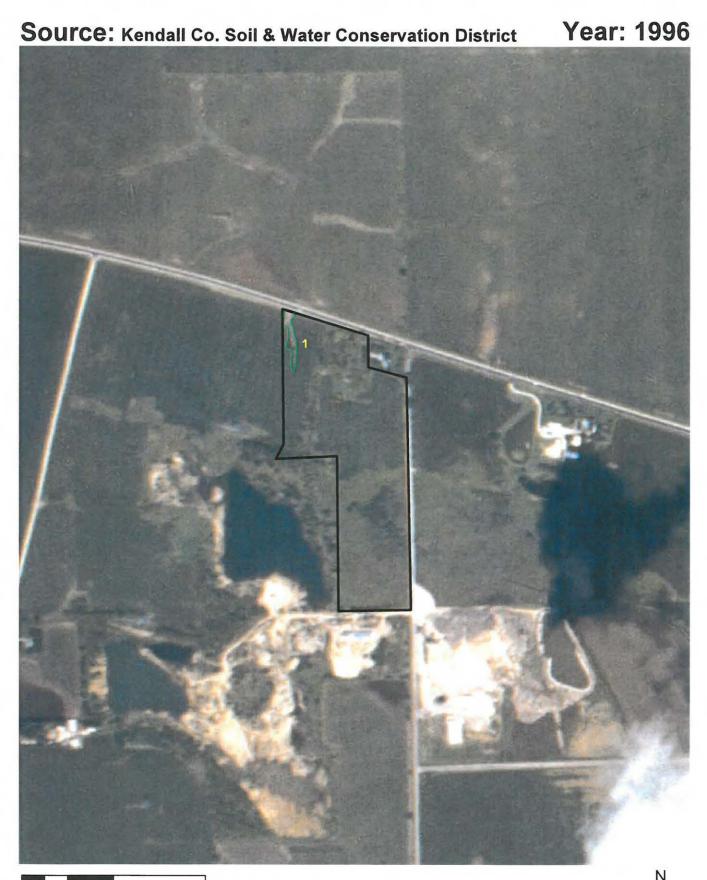
Historical Aerial Slide Photographs: 1994, 1995, 1996, 1999, 2000-WET, 2001

Year: 1994 Source: Kendall Co. Soil & Water Conservation District

0 300 600 SCALE: 1"=600' 1200

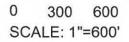


SCALE: 1"=600'



0 300 600 SCALE: 1"=600' 1200

Year: 1999 Source: Kendall Co. Soil & Water Conservation District





Source: Kendall Co. Soil & Water Conservation District Year: 2000 WET





SCALE: 1"=600'

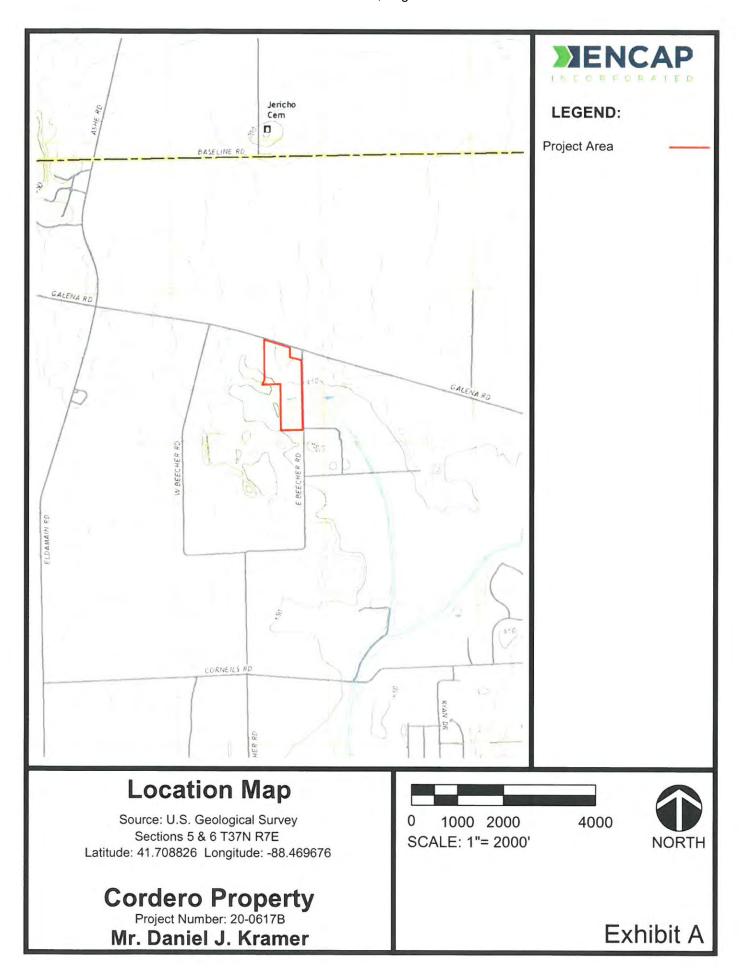


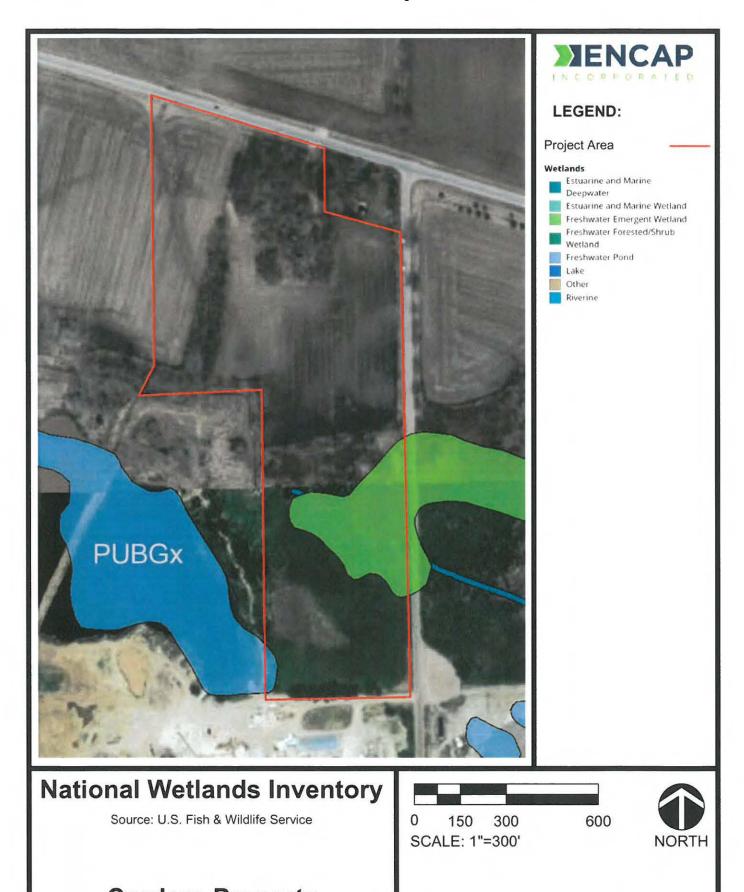


0 300 600 SCALE: 1"=600' 1200



Exhibits A - G

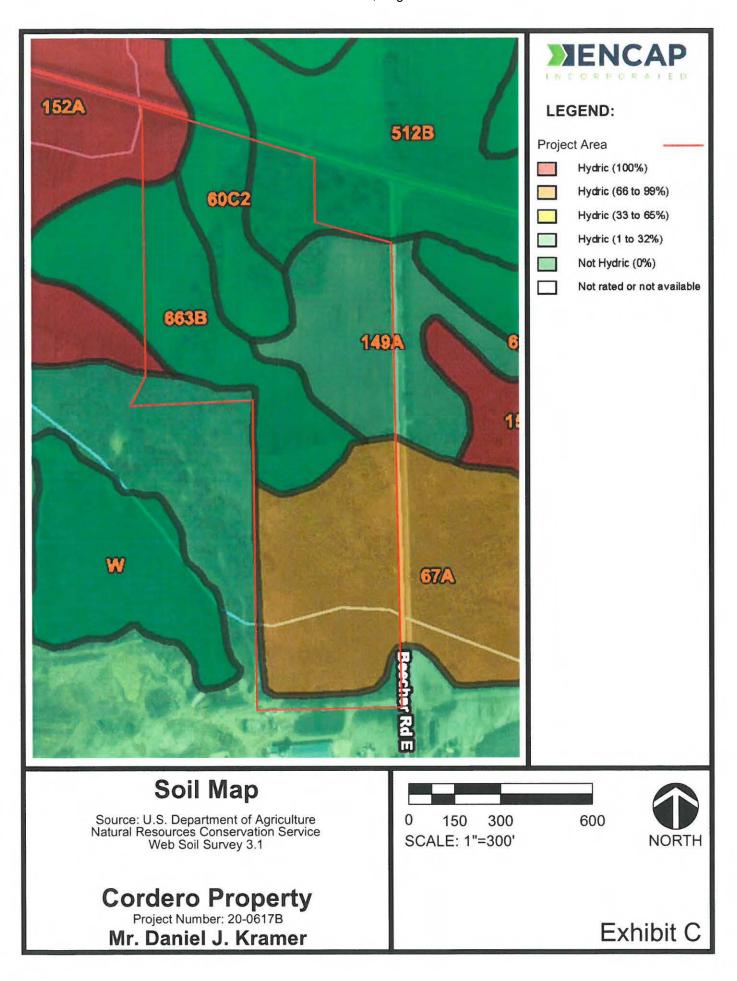


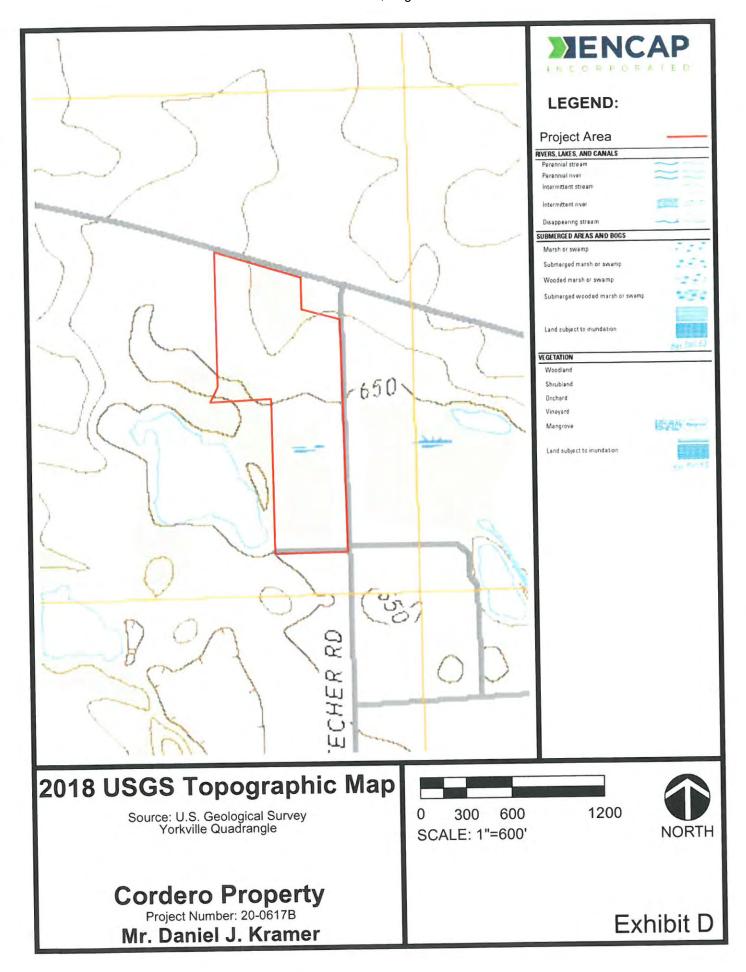


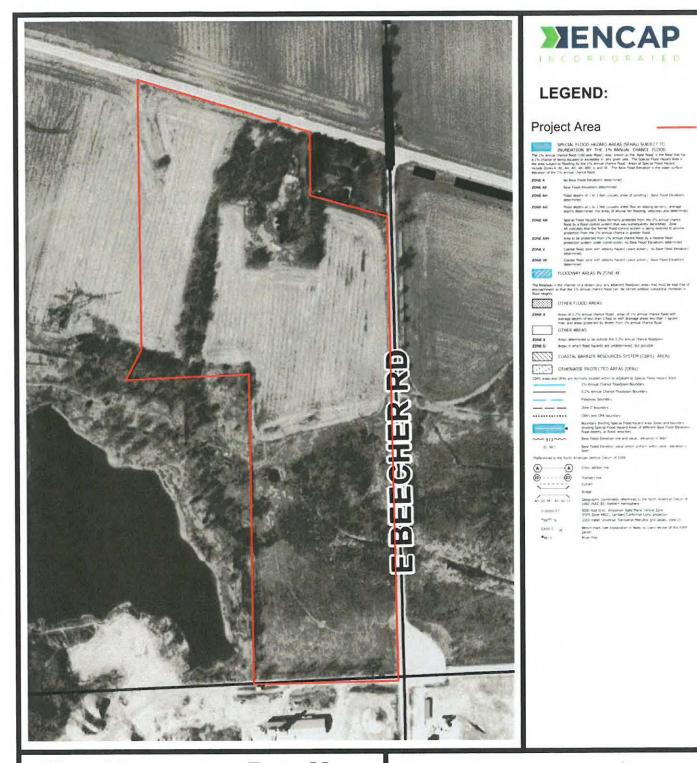
Cordero Property
Project Number: 20-0617B

Mr. Daniel J. Kramer

Exhibit B







Flood Insurance Rate Map

Source: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Panel Number: 30 Effective Date: February 4, 2009

Cordero Property Project Number: 20-0617B

Mr. Daniel J. Kramer

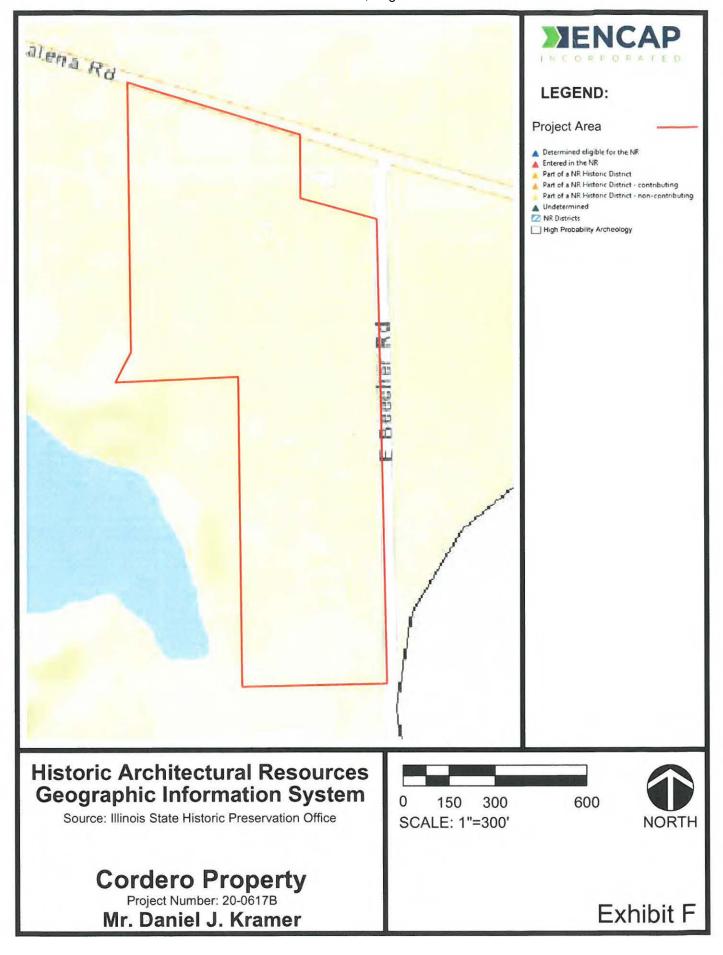


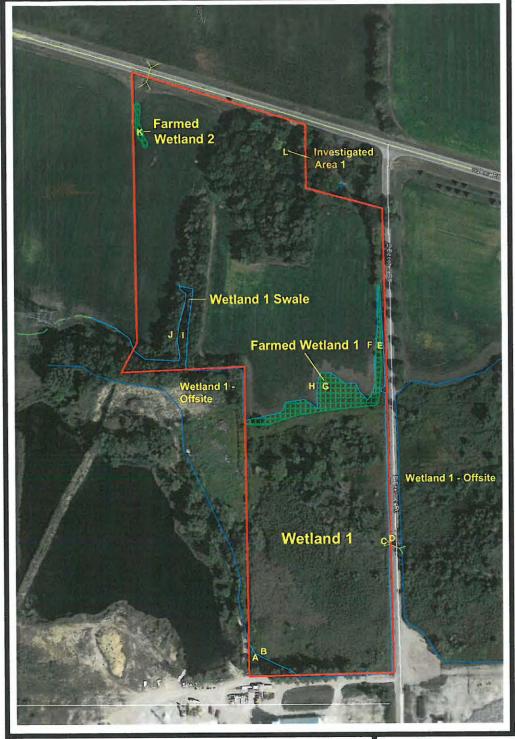
SCALE: 1"=300'





Exhibit E





ZENCAP

LEGEND:

Project Area

Approximate Staked Wetland Boundary

Approximate Off-site Non-Staked Wetland Boundary

On-site Farmed Wetland Boundary

Approximate Off-site Farmed Wetland Boundary

Sample Points

Culvert

A-L

Aerial Photograph

Map data: Google 2017

Cordero Property Project Number: 20-0617B

Mr. Daniel J. Kramer

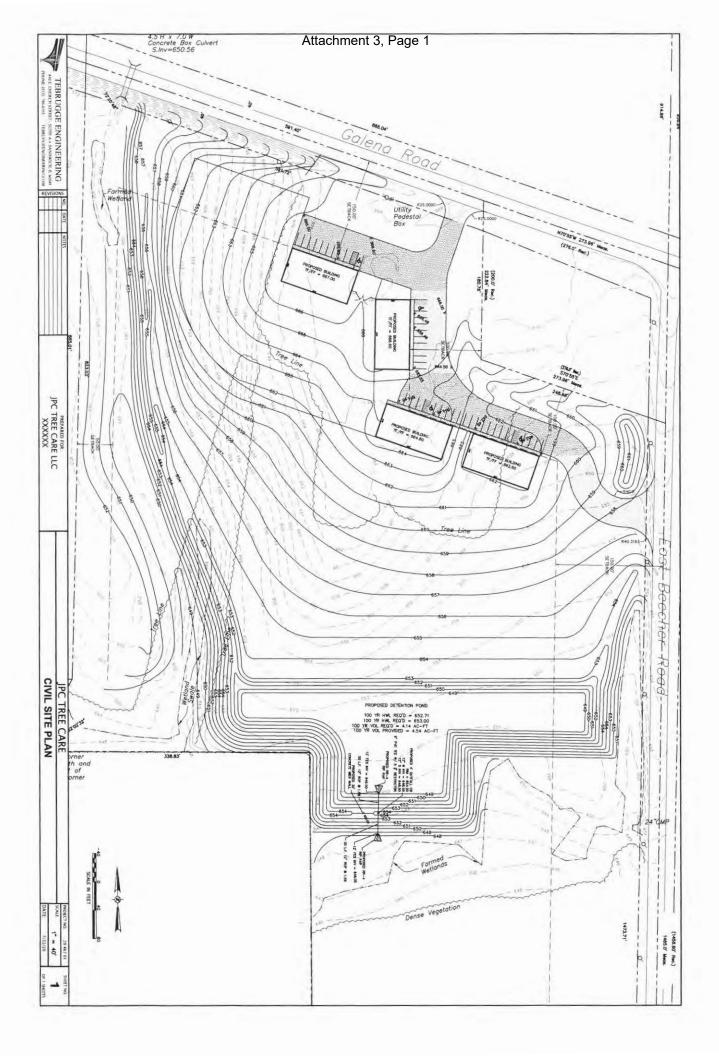
150 300

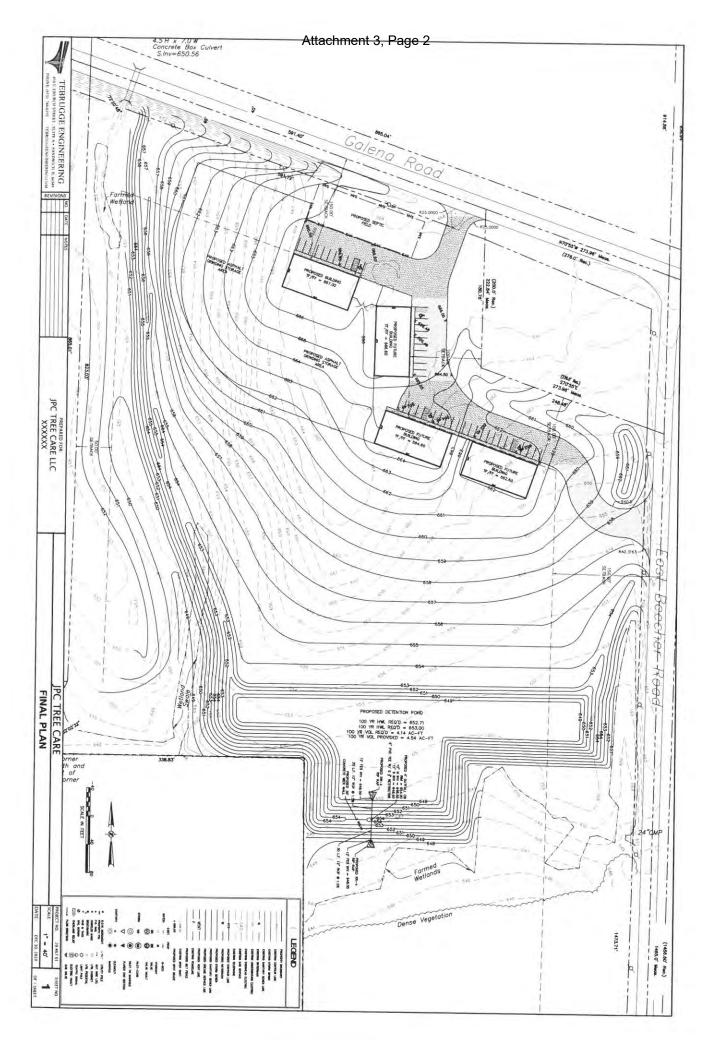
SCALE: 1"=300'

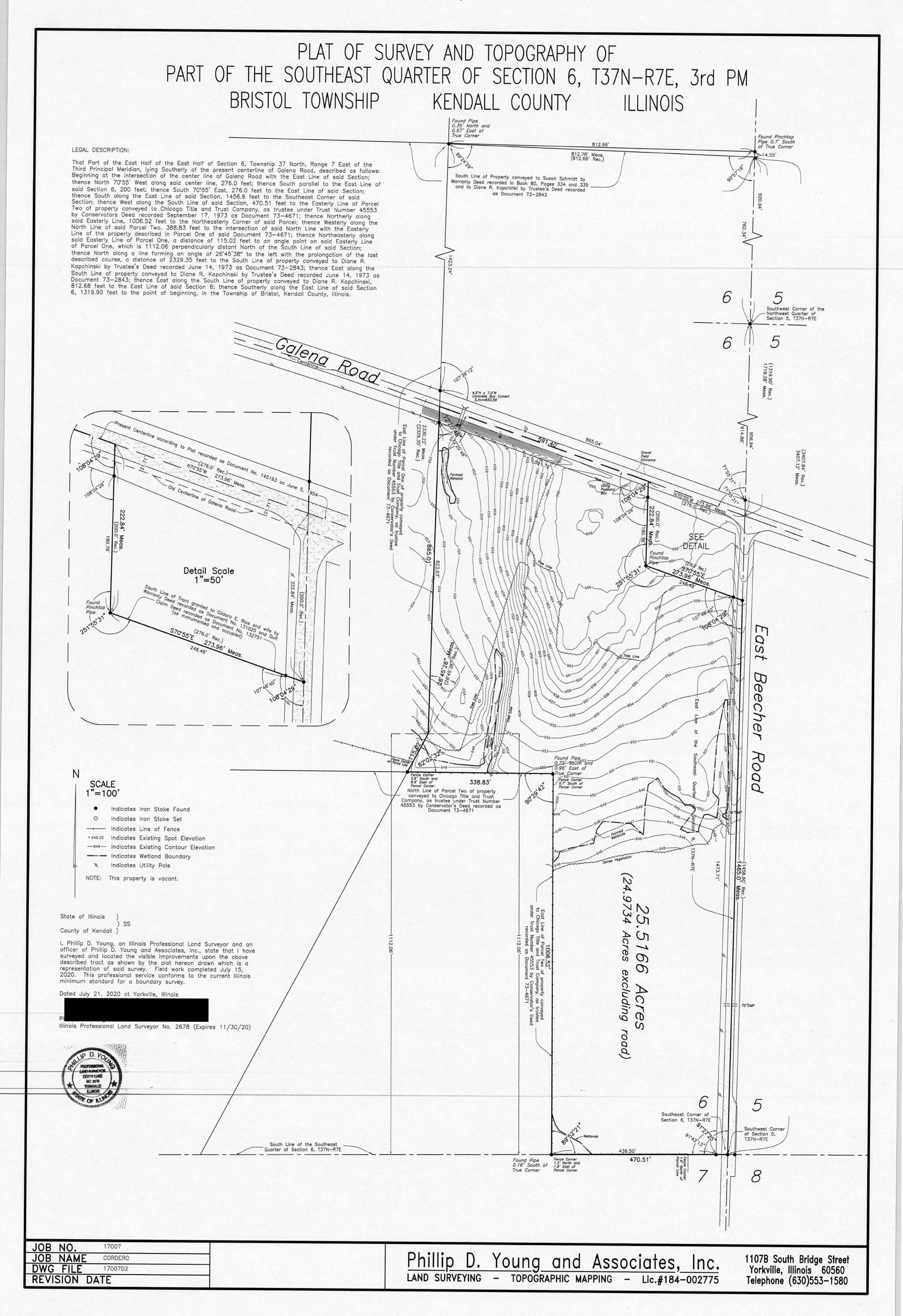
600



Exhibit G

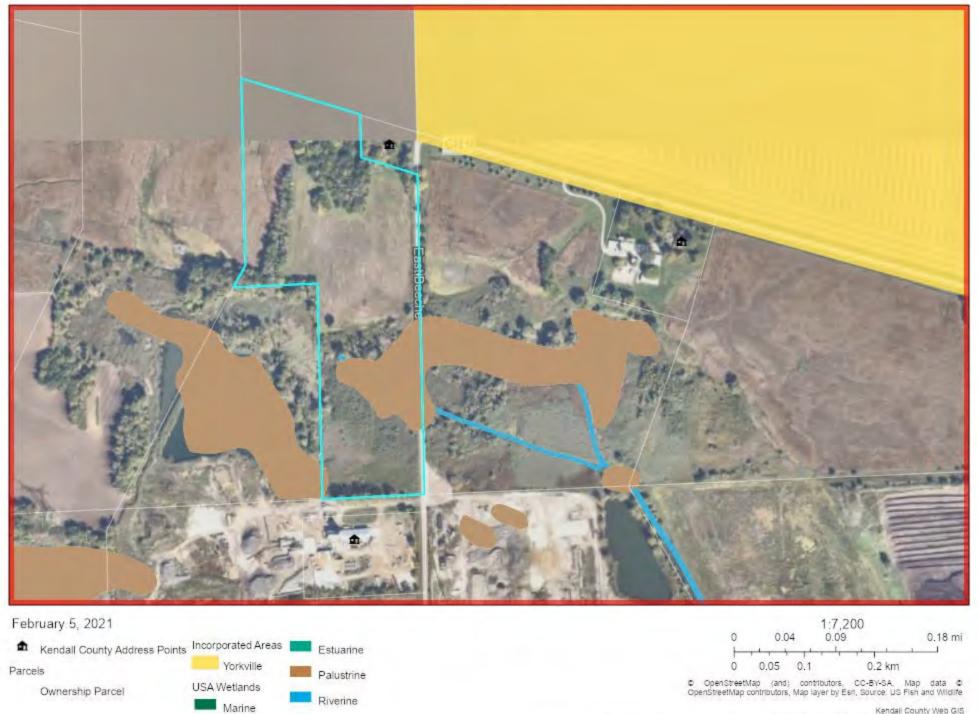




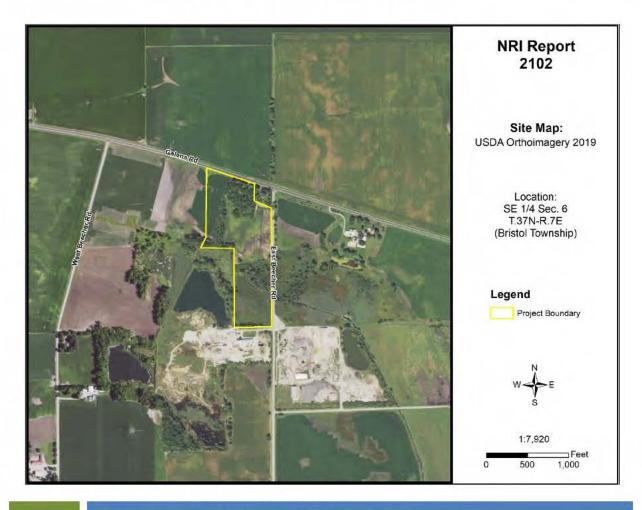




Kendall County Web GIS



NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION (NRI) REPORT: #2102



Feb 2021 Petitioner: Cordero Real Estate, LLC Contact: Attorney Daniel J. Kramer

Prepared By:



7775A Route 47 Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Phone: (630) 553-5821 x3 Fax: (630) 553-7442

www.kendallswcd.org

KENDALL COUNTY SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION (NRI) REPORT

Natural Resource Information Report Number	2102
Date District Board Reviews Application	February 2021
Applicant's Name	Cordero Real Estate, LLC
Size of Parcel	+/- 24.97 acres
Current Zoning & Use	A-1 Agricultural; Vacant/Farm
Proposed Zoning & Use	M-1 Limited Manufacturing; Tree
	Service & Mulch Business
Parcel Index Number(s)	02-06-400-007
Contact Person	Attorney Daniel J. Kramer

Copies of this report or notification of the proposed land-use change was provided to:	Yes	No
The Applicant	X	
The Applicant's Legal Representation	X	
The Local/Township Planning Commission	x	
The Village/City/County Planning and Zoning Department or Appropriate Agency	Х	
The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District Files	Х	

Report Prepared By: Alyse Olson Position: Resource Conservationist

PURPOSE AND INTENT

The purpose of this report is to provide officials of the local governing body and other decision-makers with natural resource information. This information may be useful when undertaking land use decisions concerning variations, amendments or relief of local zoning ordinances, proposed subdivision of vacant or agricultural lands and the subsequent development of these lands. This report is a requirement under Section 22.02a of the Illinois Soil and Water Conservation Districts Act.

The intent of this report is to present the most current natural resource information available in a readily understandable manner. It contains a description of the present site conditions, the present resources, and the potential impacts that the proposed change may have on the site and its resources. The natural resource information was gathered from standardized data, on-site investigations and information furnished by the petitioner. This report must be read in its entirety so that the relationship between the natural resource factors and the proposed land use change can be fully understood.

Due to the limitations of scale encountered with the various resource maps, the property boundaries depicted in the various exhibits in this report provide a generalized representation of the property location and may not precisely reflect the legal description of the PIQ (Parcel in Question).

This report, when used properly, will provide the basis for proper land use change decisions and development while protecting the natural resource base of the county. It should not be used in place of detailed environmental and/or engineering studies that are warranted under most circumstances, but in conjunction with those studies.

The conclusions of this report in no way indicate that a certain land use is not possible, but it should alert the reader to possible problems that may occur if the capabilities of the land are ignored. Any questions on the technical data supplied in this report or if anyone feels that they would like to see more additional specific information to make the report more effective, please contact:

> Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District 7775A Route 47, Yorkville, IL 60560 Phone: (630) 553-5821 ext. 3

> > E-mail: Alyse.Olson@il.nacdnet.net

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
PARCEL LOCATION	7
ARCHAEOLOGIC/CULTURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION	9
ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS	10
SOILS INFORMATION	12
SOILS INTERPRETATIONS EXPLANATION	14
BUILDING LIMITATIONS	15
SOIL WATER FEATURES	21
SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	24
PRIME FARMLAND SOILS	25
LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)	26
LAND USE PLANS	28
DRAINAGE, RUNOFF, AND FLOOD INFORMATION	
WATERSHED PLANS	
WETLAND INFORMATION	33
HYDRIC SOILS	35
WETLAND AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS	37
GLOSSARY	38
REFERENCES	41
LIST OF FIGURES	
FIGURE 1: Soil Map	2
FIGURE 2: Soil Limitations	4
FIGURE 3: 2021 Plat Map	7
FIGURE 4: 2019 Aerial Map with NRI Site Boundary	
FIGURE 5: Soil Map	
FIGURE 6A-6D: Maps of Building Limitations	

FIGURE 7: Map of Prime Farmland Soils	25							
FIGURE 8: FEMA Floodplain Map	30							
FIGURE 9: USGS Topographic Map								
FIGURE 10: Wetland Map – USFWS National Wetland Inventory	34							
FIGURE 11: Hydric Soils Map	36							
LIST OF TABLES								
TABLE 1: Soils Information	2							
TABLE 2: Soil Limitations	4							
TABLE 3: Soil Map Unit Descriptions	13							
TABLE 4: Building Limitations	16							
TABLE 5: Water Features	23							
TABLE 6: Soil Erosion Potential	24							
TABLE 7: Prime Farmland Soils	25							
TABLE 8A: Land Evaluation Computation	26							
TABLE 8B: Site Assessment Computation	27							
TABLE 9: LESA Score Summary	27							

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Natural Resource Information Report Number	#2102
Petitioner	Cordero Real Estate, LLC
Contact Person	Attorney Daniel J. Kramer
County or Municipality the Petition is Filed With	Kendall County
	SE ¼ of Section 6, Township 37 North, Range 7
Location of Parcel	East (Bristol Township) of the 3 rd Principal
	Meridian
Project or Subdivision Name	JPC Tree
Existing Zoning & Land Use	A-1 Agricultural; Vacant/Farm
	MALE TO SERVICE OF THE SERVICE OF TH
Proposed Zoning & Land Use	M-1 Limited Manufacturing; Tree Service & Mulch Business
	business
Proposed Water Source	Well
Troposcu Water Source	7701
Proposed Type of Sewage Disposal System	Septic
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	'
Proposed Type of Storm Water Management	On-site detention facility and release
Size of Site	+/- 24.97 acres
Land Evaluation Site Assessment Score	Land Evaluation: 90; Site Assessment: 86

NRI 2102 February 2021

NATURAL RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

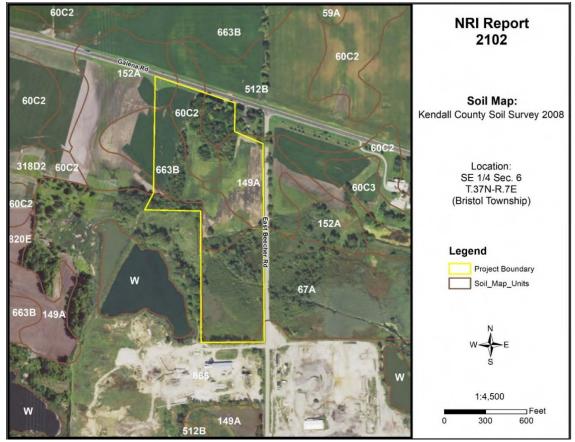


Figure 1: Soil Map

SOIL INFORMATION

Based on information from the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) 2008 Kendall County Soil Survey, this parcel is shown to contain the following soil types (please note this does not replace the need for or results of onsite soil testing; if completed, please refer to onsite soil test results for planning/engineering purposes):

Table 1: Soils Information

Map Unit	Soil Name	Drainage Class	Hydrologic Group	Hydric Designation	Farmland Designation
60C2	La Rose silt loam, 5-10% slopes, eroded	Moderately Well Drained	С	Non-hydric	Farmland of Statewide Importance
67A	Harpster silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	Poorly Drained	B/D	Hydric	Prime Farmland if drained
149A	Brenton silt loam, 0-2% slopes	Somewhat Poorly Drained	B/D	Non-hydric	Prime Farmland
152A	Drummer silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	Poorly Drained	B/D	Hydric	Prime Farmland if drained
512B	Danabrook silt loam, 2-5% slopes	Moderately Well Drained	С	Non-hydric	Prime Farmland
663B	Clare silt loam, 2-5% slopes	Moderately Well Drained	С	Non-hydric	Prime Farmland

Hydrologic Soil Groups – Soils have been classified into four (A, B, C, D) hydrologic groups based on runoff characteristics due to rainfall. If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second letter is for undrained areas.

- **Hydrologic group A:** Soils have a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.
- **Hydrologic group B:** Soils have a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet, consist chiefly of moderately deep to deep, moderately well drained to well drained soils that have a moderately fine to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.
- **Hydrologic group C:** Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.
- **Hydrologic group D:** Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Hydric Soils – A hydric soil is one that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part of the soil profile that supports the growth or regeneration of hydrophytic vegetation. Soils with hydric inclusions have map units dominantly made up of non-hydric soils that may have inclusions of hydric soils in the lower positions on the landscape. Of the soils found onsite, two are classified as hydric (67A Harpster silty clay loam and 152A Drummer silty clay loam), four are non-hydric soils (60C2 LaRose silt loam, 149A Brenton silt loam, 512B Danabrook silt loam, and 663B Clare silt loam), and one is not rated (865 Pits, gravel). There are two soils on-site that are likely to contain hydric inclusions (149A Brenton silt loam and 865 Pits, gravel).

Prime Farmland – Prime farmland is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for agricultural production. Prime farmland soils are an important resource to Kendall County and some of the most productive soils in the United States occur locally. Of the soils found onsite, three are designated as prime farmland (149A Brenton silt loam, 512B Danabrook silt loam, and 663B Clare silt loam), two are considered prime farmland if drained (67A Harpster silty clay loam and 152A Drummer silty clay loam), one is not prime farmland (865 Pits, gravel), and one is designated as farmland of statewide importance (60C2 La Rose silt loam).

Soil Limitations – The USDA-NRCS Web Soil Survey rates the limitations of soils for dwellings without basements, dwellings with basements, small commercial buildings, shallow excavations, lawns/landscaping, local roads and streets, and septic systems. Soils have different properties which influence the development of building sites. The USDA-NRCS classifies soils as Not Limited, Somewhat Limited, and Very Limited. Soils that are Not Limited indicates that the soil has properties that are favorable for the specified use. They will perform well and will have low maintenance. Soils that are Somewhat Limited are moderately favorable, and their limitations can be overcome through special

planning, design, or installation. Soils that are Very Limited have features that are unfavorable for the specified use, and their limitations cannot easily be overcome.

Table 2: Soil Limitations

Soil Type	Small Commercial Buildings	Shallow Excavations	Lawns/ Landscaping	Local Roads & Streets	Conventional Septic Systems
60C2	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Suitable
67A	Very Limited	Very Limited	Very Limited	Very Limited	Unsuitable: Wet
149A	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Suitable
152A	Very Limited	Very Limited	Very Limited	Very Limited	Unsuitable: Wet
512B	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Suitable
663B	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Suitable
865	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	Unsuitable: Gravel

Septic Systems – The factors considered for determining suitability are the characteristics and qualities of the soil that affect the limitations for absorbing waste from domestic sewage disposal systems. The major features considered are soil permeability, percolation rate, groundwater level, depth to bedrock, flooding hazards, and slope. Soils are deemed unsuitable per the Kendall County Subdivision Control Ordinance. Installation of an on-site sewage disposal system in soils designated as unsuitable may necessitate the installation of a non-conventional onsite sewage disposal system. For more information please contact the Kendall County Health Department (811 W. John Street, Yorkville, IL; (630) 553-9100 ext. 8026).

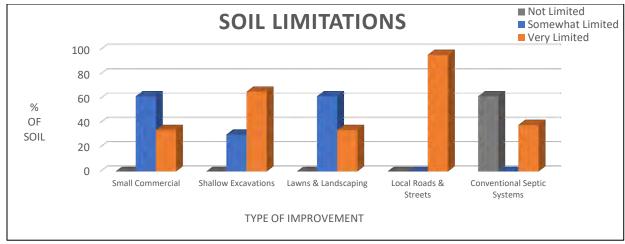


Figure 2: Soil Limitations

KENDALL COUNTY LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)

Decision-makers in Kendall County use the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) system to determine the suitability of a land use change and/or a zoning request as it relates to agricultural land.

The LESA system was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) and takes into consideration local conditions such as physical characteristics of the land, compatibility of surrounding land-uses, and urban growth factors. The LESA system is a two-step procedure that includes:

- Land Evaluation (LE): The soils of a given area are rated and placed in groups ranging from the
 best to worst suited for a stated agriculture use, cropland, or forestland. The best group is
 assigned a value of 100 and all other groups are assigned lower values. The Land Evaluation is
 based on data from the Kendall County Soil Survey. The Kendall County Soil and Water
 Conservation District is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.
 - The Land Evaluation score for this site is 90, indicating that this site is well suited for agricultural uses.
- **Site Assessment (SA)**: The site is numerically evaluated according to important factors that contribute to the quality of the site. Each factor selected is assigned values in accordance with the local needs and objectives. The Site Assessment value is based on a 200-point scale and accounts for 2/3 of the total score. The Kendall County LESA Committee is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.
 - The Site Assessment score for this site is 86.

The LESA Score for this site is 176, which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Note: Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. If the project is agricultural in nature, however, a higher score may provide an indication of the suitability of the project as it relates to the compatibility with existing agricultural land use.

WETLANDS

The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's National Wetland Inventory map **indicates the presence** of a wetland(s) on the proposed project site. To determine if a wetland is present, a wetland delineation specialist, who is recognized by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, should determine the exact boundaries and value of the wetlands. A Wetland Delineation Report dated July 28, 2020 was completed by ENCAP, Inc. This report was reviewed as part of this NRI assessment. The Wetland Delineation Report also indicates the presence of wetlands on the project site.

FLOODPLAIN

The Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for Kendall County, Community Panel No. 17093C0030G (effective date February 4, 2009) was reviewed to determine the presence of floodplain and floodway areas within the project site. According to the map, the parcel **is not located** within the floodplain or floodway.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

Development on this site should include an erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Soil erosion on construction sites is a resource concern because suspended sediment from areas undergoing development is a primary nonpoint source of water pollution. Please consult the *Illinois Urban Manual* (https://illinoisurbanmanual.org/) for appropriate best management practices.

LAND USE FINDINGS:

The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) Board has reviewed the proposed development plans for Petitioner Cordero Real Estate, LLC at the request of their contact, Attorney Daniel J. Kramer, for the proposed tree service business (zoning change request) within Bristol Township of Kendall County located in the SE ¼ of Section 6, Township 37N, and Range 7E of the 3rd Principal Meridian. Based on the information provided by the petitioner and a review of natural resource related data available to the Kendall County SWCD, the SWCD Board presents the following information.

The Kendall County SWCD has always had the opinion that Prime Farmland should be preserved whenever feasible. Of the soils found onsite, 96% are classified as prime farmland. A land evaluation (LE), which is a part of the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA), was conducted on this parcel. The soils on this parcel scored a 90 out of a possible 100 points indicating that the soils are well suited for agricultural uses. The total LESA Score for this site is 176 out of a possible 300, which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. If the project is agricultural in nature, however, a higher score may provide an indication of the suitability of the project as it relates to the compatibility with existing agricultural land use.

Soils found on the project site are rated for specific uses and can have potential limitations for development. Soil types with severe limitations do not preclude the ability to develop the site for the proposed use, but it is important to note that the limitation may require soil reclamation, special design/engineering, or maintenance to obtain suitable soil conditions to support development with significant limitations. This report indicates that for soils located on the parcel, 95.8% are very limited for local roads & streets, 65.5% are very limited for shallow excavations, and 34% are very limited for small commercial buildings and lawns/landscaping. The remaining soils are classified as either somewhat limited or not limited for these types of developments. Additionally, 38.2% are unsuitable for conventional septic systems. This information is based on the soil in an undisturbed state. If the scope of the project may include the use of onsite septic systems, please consult with the Kendall County Health Department.

This site is located within the Lower Fox River Watershed and Rob Roy Creek sub watershed. This development should include a soil erosion and sediment control plan to be implemented during construction. Sediment may become a primary non-point source of pollution; eroded soils during the construction phase can create unsafe conditions on roadways, degrade water quality and destroy aquatic ecosystems lower in the watershed.

For intense use, it is recommended that a drainage tile survey be completed on the parcel to locate the subsurface drainage tile and should be taken into consideration during the land use planning process. Drainage tile expedites drainage and facilitates farming. It is imperative that these drainage tiles remain undisturbed. Impaired tile may affect a few acres or hundreds of acres of drainage.

The information that is included in this Natural Resources Information Report is to assure that the Land Developers take into full consideration the limitations of that land that they wish to develop. Guidelines and recommendations are also a part of this report and should be considered in the planning process. The Natural Resource Information Report is required by the Illinois Soil and Water Conservation District Act (III. Complied Statues, Ch. 70, Par 405/22.02a).

SWCD Board Regresentative Date

PARCEL LOCATION

Location Map for Natural Resources Information Report #2102

SE ½ of Section 6, Township 37 North, Range 7 East (Bristol Township) on 24.97 acres. This parcel is located at the southwest corner of Galena Road and East Beecher Road in Bristol. The parcel is part of unincorporated Kendall County.

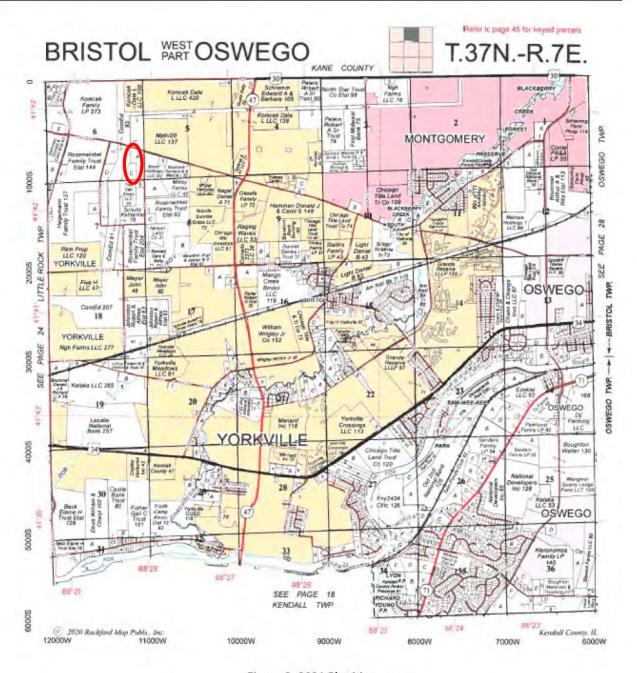


Figure 3: 2021 Plat Map

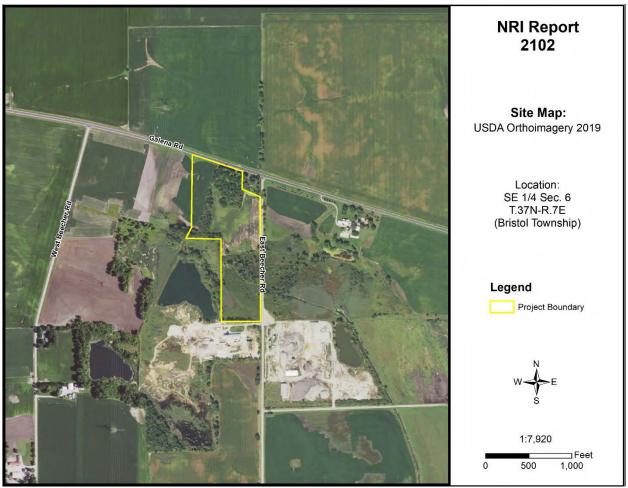


Figure 4: 2019 Aerial Map with NRI Site Boundary

ARCHAEOLOGIC/CULTURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION

Simply stated, cultural resources are all the past activities and accomplishments of people. They include the following: buildings; objects made or used by people; locations; and less tangible resources, such as stories, dance forms, and holiday traditions.

The Soil and Water Conservation District most often encounters cultural resources as historical properties. These may be prehistoric or historical sites, buildings, structures, features, or objects. The most common type of historical property that the Soil and Water Conservation District may encounter is non-structural archaeological sites. These sites often extend below the soil surface and must be protected against disruption by development or other earth moving activity if possible. Cultural resources are *non-renewable* because there is no way to "grow" a site to replace a disrupted site.

Landowners with historical properties on their land have ownership of that historical property. However, the State of Illinois owns all the following: human remains, grave markers, burial mounds, and artifacts associated with graves and human remains.

Non-grave artifacts from archaeological sites and historical buildings are the property of the landowner. The landowner may choose to disturb a historical property but may not receive federal or state assistance to do so. If an earth moving activity disturbs human remains, the landowner must contact the county coroner within 48 hours.

The Illinois Historic Preservation Agency has not been notified of the proposed land use change by the Kendall County SWCD. The applicant may need to contact the IHPA according to current Illinois law.

ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

WHAT IS BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY AND WHY SHOULD IT BE CONSERVED? 1

Biological diversity, or biodiversity, is the range of life on our planet. A more thorough definition is presented by botanist Peter H. Raven: "At the simplest level, biodiversity is the sum total of all the plants, animals, fungi and microorganisms in the world, or in a particular area; all of their individual variation; and all of the interactions between them. It is the set of living organisms that make up the fabric of the planet Earth and allow it to function as it does, by capturing energy from the sun and using it to drive all of life's processes; by forming communities of organisms that have, through the several billion years of life's history on Earth, altered the nature of the atmosphere, the soil and the water of our Planet; and by making possible the sustainability of our planet through their life activities now" (Raven 1994).

It is not known how many species occur on our planet. Presently, about 1.4 million species have been named. It has been estimated that there are perhaps 9 million more that have not been identified. What is known is that they are vanishing at an unprecedented rate. Reliable estimates show extinction occurring at a rate several orders of magnitude above "background" in some ecological systems (Wilson 1992, Hoose 1981).

The reasons for protecting biological diversity are complex, but they fall into four major categories. First, loss of diversity generally weakens entire natural systems. Healthy ecosystems tend to have many natural checks and balances. Every species plays a role in maintaining this system. When simplified by the loss of diversity, the system becomes more susceptible to natural and artificial perturbations. The chances of a system-wide collapse increase. In parts of the midwestern United States, for example, it was only the remnant areas of natural prairies that kept soil intact during the dust bowl years of the 1930s (Roush 1982).

Simplified ecosystems are almost always expensive to maintain. For example, when synthetic chemicals are relied upon to control pests, the target species are not the only ones affected. Their predators are almost always killed or driven away, exasperating the pest problem. In the meantime, people are unintentionally breeding pesticide-resistant pests. A process has begun where people become perpetual guardians of the affected area, which requires the expenditure of financial resources and human ingenuity to keep the system going.

A second reason for protecting biological diversity is that it represents one of our greatest untapped resources. Great benefits can be reaped from a single species. About 20 species provide 90% of the world's food. Of these 20, just three, wheat, maize, and rice-supply over one half of that food. American wheat farmers need new varieties every five to 15 years to compete with pests and diseases. Wild strains of wheat are critical genetic reservoirs for these new varieties.

Further, every species is a potential source of human medicine. In 1980, a published report identified the market value of prescription drugs from higher plants at over \$3 billion. Organic alkaloids, a class of

chemical compounds used in medicines, are found in an estimated 20% of plant species. Yet only 2% of plant species have been screened for these compounds (Hoose 1981).

The third reason for protecting diversity is that humans benefit from natural areas and depend on healthy ecosystems. The natural world supplies our air, our water, our food and supports human economic activity. Further, humans are creatures that evolved in a diverse natural environment between forest and grasslands. People need to be reassured that such places remain. When people speak of "going to the country," they generally mean more than getting out of town. For reasons of their own sanity and wellbeing, they need a holistic, organic experience. Prolonged exposure to urban monotony produces neuroses, for which cultural and natural diversity cure.

Historically, the lack of attention to biological diversity, and the ecological processes it supports, has resulted in economic hardships for segments of the basin's human population.

The final reason for protecting biological diversity is that species and natural systems are intrinsically valuable. The above reasons have focused on the benefits of the natural world to humans. All things possess intrinsic value simply because they exist.

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES CONCERNING THE SUBJECT PARCEL

As part of the Natural Resources Information Report, staff checks office maps to determine if any nature preserves or ecologically sensitive areas are in the general vicinity of the parcel in question. If there is a nature preserve in the area, then that resource will be identified as part of the report. The SWCD recommends that every effort be made to protect that resource. Such efforts should include, but are not limited to erosion control, sediment control, stormwater management, and groundwater monitoring.

Office maps indicate that ecologically sensitive area(s) <u>are</u> located near the parcel in question (PIQ). Wetlands are present and Rob Roy Creek is located east and south of the PIQ. Additionally, a July 27, 2020 consultation from the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service initiated by ENCAP, Inc. indicates the potential presence of 3 threatened, endangered, or candidate species (Indiana Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, and Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid) within the PIQ. An informational EcoCAT request submitted to Illinois Department of Natural Resources on July 27, 2020 by ENCAP, Inc. indicates that nature preserves were not found in the vicinity of the project location.

11

¹Taken from <u>The Conservation of Biological Diversity in the Great Lakes Ecosystem: Issues and Opportunities</u>, prepared by the Nature Conservancy Great Lakes Program 79W. Monroe Street, Suite 1309, Chicago, IL 60603, January 1994.

SOILS INFORMATION

IMPORTANCE OF SOILS INFORMATION

Soils information comes from the Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Maps and Descriptions for Kendall County. This information is important to all parties involved in determining the suitability of the proposed land use change.

Each soil polygon is given a number, which represents its soil type. The letter found after the soil type number indicates the soils slope class.

Each soil map unit has limitations for a variety of land uses such as septic systems, buildings with basements, and buildings without basements. It is important to remember that soils do not function independently of each other. The behavior of a soil depends upon the physical properties of adjacent soil types, the presence of artificial drainage, soil compaction, and its position in the local landscape.

The limitation categories (not limited, somewhat limited, or very limited) indicate the potential for difficulty in using that soil unit for the proposed activity and, thus, the degree of need for thorough soil borings and engineering studies. A limitation does not necessarily mean that the proposed activity cannot be done on that soil type. It does mean that the reasons for the limitation need to be thoroughly understood and dealt with in order to complete the proposed activity successfully. Very limited indicates that the proposed activity will be more difficult and costly to do on that soil type than on a soil type with a somewhat limited or not limited rating.

Soil survey interpretations are predictions of soil behavior for specified land uses and specified management practices. They are based on the soil properties that directly influence the specified use of the soil. Soil survey interpretations allow users of soil surveys to plan reasonable alternatives for the use and management of soils.

Soil interpretations do not eliminate the need for on-site study and testing of specific sites for the design and construction for specific uses. They can be used as a guide for planning more detailed investigations and for avoiding undesirable sites for an intended use. The scale of the maps and the range of error limit the use of the soil delineation.

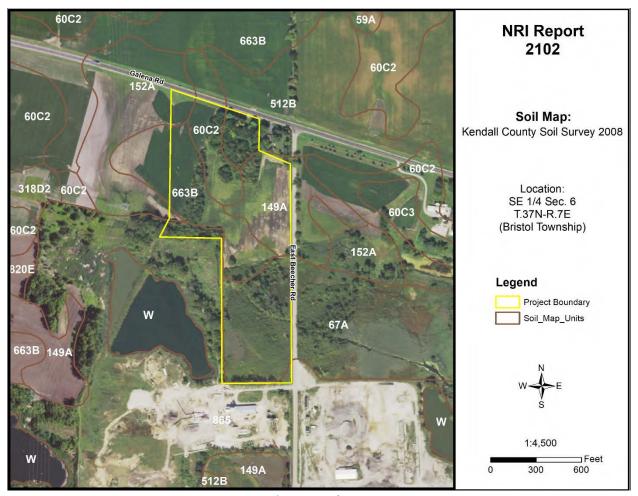


Figure 5: Soil Map

 Table 3: Soil Map Unit Descriptions

Symbol	Descriptions	Acres	Percent
60C2	La Rose silt loam, 5-10% slopes, eroded	3.2	13.1%
67A	Harpster silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	7.7	31.1%
149A	Brenton silt loam 0-2% slopes	4.5	18.4%
152A	Drummer silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	0.7	2.9%
512B	Danabrook silt loam, 2-5% slopes	1.7	6.9%
663B	Clare silt loam, 2-5% slopes	5.8	23.4%
865	Pits, gravel	1.0	4.2%

Source: National Cooperative Soil Survey - USDA-NRCS

SOILS INTERPRETATIONS EXPLANATION

GENERAL – NONAGRICULTURAL

These interpretative ratings help engineers, planners, and others to understand how soil properties influence behavior when used for nonagricultural uses such as building site development or construction materials. This report gives ratings for proposed uses in terms of limitations and restrictive features. The tables list only the most restrictive features.

Other features may need treatment to overcome soil limitations for a specific purpose. Ratings come from the soil's "natural" state, that is, no unusual modification occurs other than that which is considered normal practice for the rated use. Even though soils may have limitations, an engineer may alter soil features or adjust building plans for a structure to compensate for most degrees of limitations. Most of these practices, however, are costly. The final decision in selecting a site for a particular use generally involves weighing the costs for site preparation and maintenance. Soil properties influence development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Soil limitation ratings of not limited, somewhat limited, and very limited are given for the types of proposed improvements that are listed or inferred by the petitioner as entered on the report application and/or zoning petition. The most common types of building limitation that this report gives limitations ratings for is septic systems. It is understood that engineering practices can overcome most limitations for buildings with and without basements, and small commercial buildings. Limitation ratings for these types of buildings are not commonly provided. Organic soils, when present on the parcel, are referenced in the hydric soils section of the report. This type of soil is considered unsuitable for all types of construction.

LIMIATIONS RATINGS

- **Not Limited:** This soil has favorable properties for the use. The degree of limitation is minor. The people involved can expect good performance and low maintenance.
- Somewhat Limited: This soil has moderately favorable properties for the use. Special planning, design, or maintenance can overcome this degree of limitation. During some part of the year, the expected performance is less desirable than for soils rated slight.
- Very Limited: This soil has one or more properties that are unfavorable for the rated use. These
 may include the following: steep slopes, bedrock near the surface, flooding, high shrink-swell
 potential, a seasonal high water table, or low strength. This degree of limitation generally requires
 major soil reclamation, special design, or intensive maintenance, which in most situations is
 difficult and costly.

BUILDING LIMITATIONS

BUILDING ON POORLY SUITED OR UNSUITABLE SOILS

Building on poorly suited or unsuitable soils can present problems to future property owners such as cracked foundations, wet basements, lowered structural integrity and high maintenance costs associated with these problems. The staff of the Kendall County SWCD strongly urges scrutiny by the plat reviewers when granting parcels with these soils exclusively.

Small Commercial Building – Ratings are for structures that are less than three stories high and do not have basements. The foundation is assumed to be spread footings of reinforced concrete built on disturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs.

Shallow Excavations – Trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for utility lines, open ditches or other purposes. Ratings are based on soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing.

Lawns and Landscaping – Require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained (irrigation is not considered in the ratings). The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established.

Local Roads and Streets – They have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material, a base of gravel, crushed rock or soil material stabilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete) or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the east of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity.

Onsite Sewage Disposal – The factors considered are the characteristics and qualities of the soil that affect the limitations for absorbing waste from domestic sewage disposal systems. The major features considered are soil permeability, percolation rate, groundwater level, depth to bedrock, flooding hazards, and slope. The table below indicates soils that are deemed unsuitable per the Kendall County Subdivision Control Ordinance. Installation of an on-site sewage disposal system in soils designated as unsuitable may necessitate the installation of a non-conventional onsite sewage disposal system. For more information please contact the Kendall County Health Department – Environmental Health at (630) 553-9100 x8026.

Table 4: Building Limitations

Soil	Small Commercial	Shallow	Lawns &	Local Roads	Onsite Conventional	Δ	%
Type	Buildings	Excavations	Landscaping	& Streets	Sewage Systems	Acres	, ,
60C2	Somewhat Limited:	Very Limited:	Somewhat Limited:	Very Limited:	Suitable	3.2	13.1%
	Slope;	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	Low strength;			
	Depth to saturated zone	Dusty;	Dusty	Frost action;			
		Unstable excavation walls		Depth to saturated zone			
67A	Very Limited:	Very Limited:	Very Limited:	Very Limited:	Unsuitable:	7.7	31.1%
	Ponding;	Ponding;	Ponding;	Ponding; Depth to	Wet		
	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	saturated zone; Frost			
	Shrink-swell	Dusty;	Dusty	action; Low strength;			
		Unstable excavation walls		Shrink-swell			
149A	Somewhat Limited:	Very Limited:	Somewhat Limited:	Very Limited:	Suitable	4.5	18.4%
	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;			
	Shrink-swell	Dusty;	Dusty	Frost action; Low			
		Unstable excavation walls		strength;			
				Shrink-swell			
152A	Very Limited:	Very Limited:	Very Limited:	Very Limited:	Unsuitable:	0.7	2.9%
	Ponding;	Ponding;	Ponding;	Ponding; Depth to	Wet		
	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	Depth to saturated zone;	saturated zone; Frost			
	Shrink-swell	Dusty;	Dusty	action; Low strength;			
		Unstable excavation walls		Shrink-swell			
512B	Somewhat Limited:	Somewhat Limited:	Somewhat Limited:	Very Limited:	Suitable	1.7	6.9%
	Shrink-swell	Depth to saturated zone;	Dusty	Frost action;			
		Dusty;		Low strength;			
		Unstable excavation walls		Shrink-swell			
663B	Somewhat Limited:	Somewhat Limited:	Somewhat Limited:	Very Limited:	Suitable	5.8	23.4%
	Shrink-swell	Depth to saturated zone;	Dusty	Frost action;			
		Dusty;		Low strength;			
		Unstable excavation walls		Shrink-swell			
865	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	Unsuitable:	1.0	4.2%
					Gravel		
% Very Limited	34%	65.5%	34%	95.8%	38.2%		

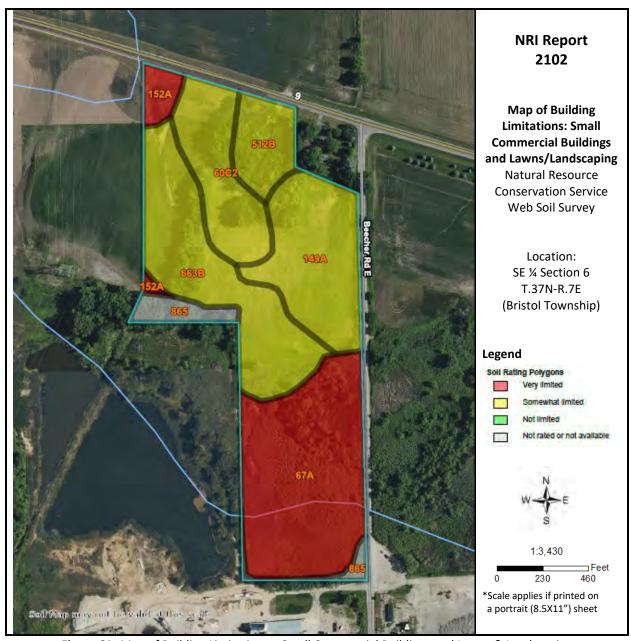


Figure 6A: Map of Building Limitations – Small Commercial Buildings and Lawns & Landscaping

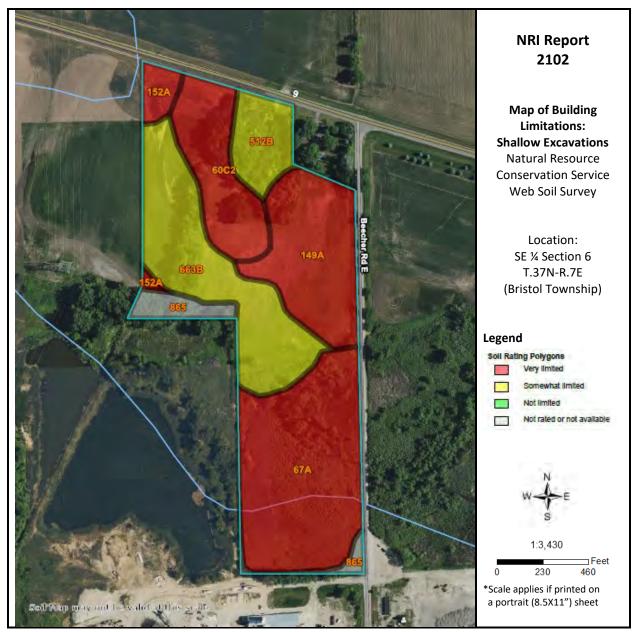


Figure 6B: Map of Building Limitations – Shallow Excavations

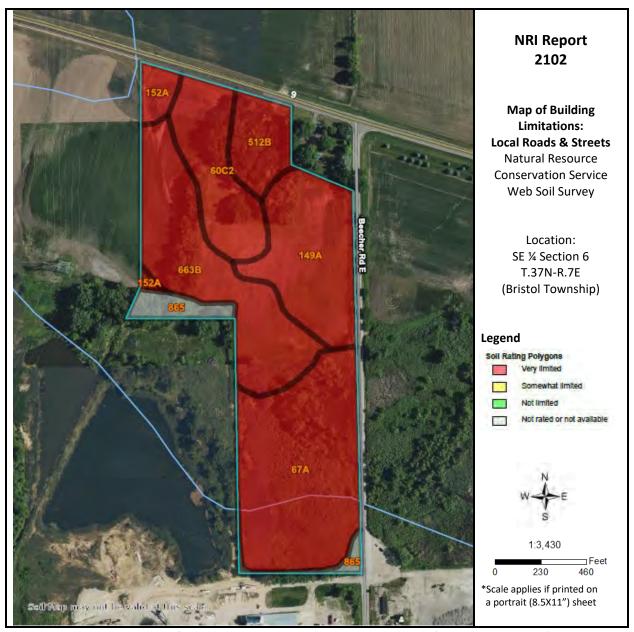


Figure 6C: Map of Building Limitations – Local Roads and Streets (Paved and Unpaved)

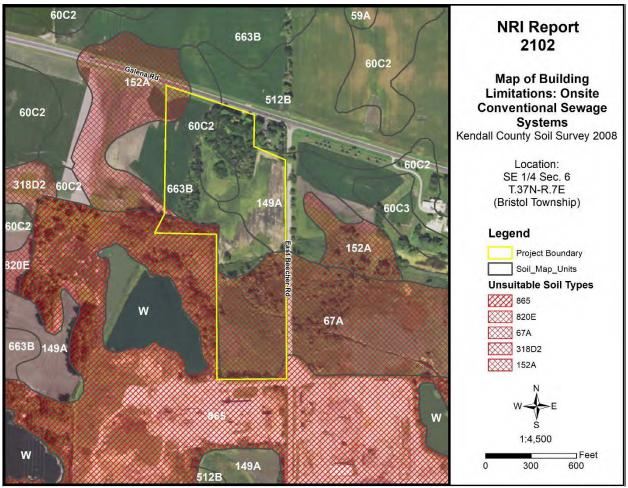


Figure 6D: Map of Building Limitations – Onsite Conventional Sewage System

SOIL WATER FEATURES

Table 5, below, gives estimates of various soil water features that should be taken into consideration when reviewing engineering for a land use project.

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS (HSGs) – The groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

- **Group A:** Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.
- **Group B:** Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.
- **Group C:** Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.
- **Group D:** Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Note: If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D or C/D) the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas.

SURFACE RUNOFF – Surface runoff refers to the loss of water from an area by flow over the land surface. Surface runoff classes are based upon slope, climate and vegetative cover and indicates relative runoff for very specific conditions (it is assumed that the surface of the soil is bare and that the retention of surface water resulting from irregularities in the ground surface is minimal). The classes are negligible, very low, low, medium, high, and very high.

MONTHS – The portion of the year in which a water table, ponding, and/or flooding is most likely to be a concern.

WATER TABLE – Water table refers to a saturated zone in the soil and the data indicates, by month, depth to the top (upper limit) and base (lower limit) of the saturated zone in most years. These estimates are based upon observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone (grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic features)) in the soil. Note: A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

PONDING – Ponding refers to standing water in a closed depression, and the data indicates surface water depth, duration and frequency of ponding.

- **Duration:** Expressed as *very brief* if less than 2 days, *brief* if 2 to 7 days, *long* if 7 to 30 days and *very long* if more than 30 days.
- **Frequency:** Expressed as: *none* meaning ponding is not possible; *rare* means unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (chance of ponding is 0-5% in any year); *occasional* means that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (chance of ponding is 5 to 50% in any year); and frequent means that it occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years (chance of ponding is more than 50% in any year).

FLOODING – The temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

- **Duration:** Expressed as: *extremely brief* if 0.1 hour to 4 hours; *very brief* if 4 hours to 2 days; *brief* if 2 to 7 days; *long* if 7 to 30 days; and *very long* if more than 30 days.
- Frequency: Expressed as: none means flooding is not probable; very rare means that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (chance of flooding is less than 1% in any year); rare means that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (chance of flooding is 1 to 5% in any year); occasional means that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (chance of flooding is 5 to 50% in any year but is less than 50% in all months in any year); and very frequent means that it is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions (chance of flooding is more than 50% in all months of any year).

Note: The information is based on evidence in the soil profile. In addition, consideration is also given to local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

Table 5: Water Features

Map Unit	Hydrologic Group	Surface Runoff	Water Table	Ponding	Flooding
60C2	С	High	January Upper/Lower Limit : February – April	January – December Surface Water Depth: Duration:	January – December Duration: Frequency: None
			Upper Limit: 2.0'-3.5' Lower Limit: 2.2'-4.0' May — December Upper/Lower Limit:	Frequency: None	
67A	B/D	Negligible	January - May Upper Limit: 0.0'-1.0' Lower Limit: 6.0' June – December Upper/Lower Limit:	January – May Surface Water Depth: 0.0'-0.5 Duration: Brief (2-7 days) Frequency: Frequent June – December	January – December Duration: Frequency: None
				Surface Water Depth: Duration: Frequency: None	
149A	B/D	Low	January - May Upper Limit: 1.0'-2.0' Lower Limit: 6.0' June – December Upper/Lower Limit:	January - December Surface Water Depth: Duration: Frequency: None	January – December Duration: Frequency: None
152A	B/D	Negligible	January - May Upper Limit: 0.0'-1.0' Lower Limit: 6.0' June – December Upper/Lower Limit:	January – May Surface Water Depth: 0.0'-0.5 Duration: Brief (2-7 days) Frequency: Frequent June – December Surface Water Depth: Duration: Frequency: None	January – December Duration: Frequency: None
512B	С	Low	January Upper/Lower Limit: February – April Upper Limit: 2.0'-3.5' Lower Limit: 3.0'-5.0' May – December Upper/Lower Limit:	January – December Surface Water Depth: Duration: Frequency: None	January – December Duration: Frequency: None
663B	С	Low	January Upper/Lower Limit: February – April Upper Limit: 2.0'-3.5' Lower Limit: 6.0' May – December Upper/Lower Limit:	January – December Surface Water Depth: Duration: Frequency: None	January – December Duration: Frequency: None
865	N/A	N/A	January – December Upper Limit: Lower Limit:	January – December Surface Water Depth: Duration: Frequency: None	January – December Duration: Frequency: None

SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion is the wearing away of the soil by water, wind, and other forces. Soil erosion threatens the Nation's soil productivity and contributes the most pollutants in our waterways. Water causes about two thirds of erosion on agricultural land. Four properties, mainly, determine a soil's erodibility: texture, slope, structure, and organic matter content.

Slope has the most influence on soil erosion potential when the site is under construction. Erosivity and runoff increase as slope grade increases. The runoff then exerts more force on the particles, breaking their bonds more readily and carrying them farther before deposition. The longer water flows along a slope before reaching a major waterway, the greater the potential for erosion.

Soil erosion during and after this proposed construction can be a primary non-point source of water pollution. Eroded soil during the construction phase can create unsafe conditions on roadways, decrease the storage capacity of lakes, clog streams and drainage channels, cause deterioration of aquatic habitats, and increase water treatment costs. Soil erosion also increases the risk of flooding by choking culverts, ditches, and storm sewers and by reducing the capacity of natural and man-made detention facilities.

The general principles of erosion and sedimentation control measures include:

- Reducing or diverting flow from exposed areas, storing flows or limiting runoff from exposed areas
- Staging construction in order to keep disturbed areas to a minimum
- Establishing or maintaining temporary or permanent groundcover
- Retaining sediment on site
- Properly installing, inspecting and maintaining control measures

Erosion control practices are useful controls only if they are properly located, installed, inspected, and maintained.

The SWCD recommends an erosion and sediment control plan for all building sites, especially if there is a wetland or stream nearby.

Table 6: Soil Erosion Potential

Soil Type	Slope	Rating	Acreage	Percent of Parcel
60C2	5-10%	Moderate	3.2	13.1%
67A	0-2%	Slight	7.7	31.1%
149A	0-2%	Slight	4.5	18.4%
152A	0-2%	Slight	0.7	2.9%
512B	2-5%	Slight	1.7	6.9%
663B	2-5%	Slight	5.8	23.4%
865	N/A	N/A	1.0	4.2%

PRIME FARMLAND SOILS

Prime farmland soils are an important resource to Kendall County. Some of the most productive soils in the United States occur locally. Each soil map unit in the United States is assigned a prime or non-prime rating. Prime agricultural land does not need to be in the production of food & fiber.

Section 310 of the NRCS general manual states that urban or built-up land on prime farmland soils is <u>not</u> prime farmland. The percentages of soils map units on the parcel reflect the determination that urban or built up land on prime farmland soils is not prime farmland.

т.	L. I.	 .	Prime	Г	اء ۔۔ ۔ ا	C = : I =
ıa	ınıe	٠/:	Prime	Farm	เลทต	SOIIS

Soil Types	Prime Designation	Acreage	Percent
60C2	Farmland of Statewide Importance	3.2	13.1%
67A	Prime Farmland (if drained)	7.7	31.1%
149A	Prime Farmland	4.5	18.4%
152A	Prime Farmland (if drained)	0.7	2.9%
512B	Prime Farmland	1.7	6.9%
663B	Prime Farmland	5.8	23.4%
865	Not Prime Farmland	1.0	4.2%
% Prime Farmland	95.8%		

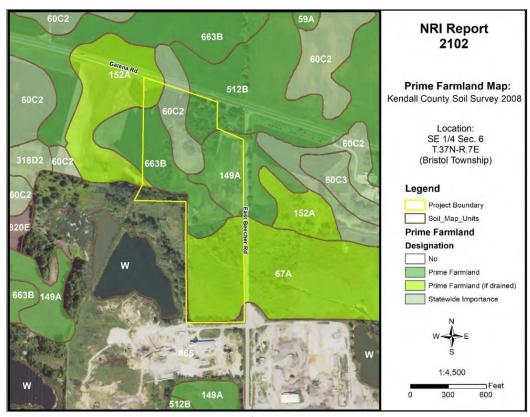


Figure 7: Map of Prime Farmland Soils

LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)

Decision-makers in Kendall County use the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) system to determine the suitability of a land use change and/or a zoning request as it relates to agricultural land. The LESA system was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) and takes into consideration local conditions such as physical characteristics of the land, compatibility of surrounding land-uses, and urban growth factors. The LESA system is a two-step procedure that includes:

LAND EVALUATION (LE)

The soils of a given area are rated and placed in groups ranging from the best to worst suited for a stated agriculture use, cropland, or forestland. The best group is assigned a value of 100, and all other groups are assigned lower values. The Land Evaluation is based on data from the Kendall County Soil Survey. The LE score is calculated by multiplying the relative value of each soil type by the number of acres of that soil. The sum of the products is then divided by the total number of acres; the answer is the Land Evaluation score on this site. The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

SITE ASSESSMENT (SA)

The site is numerically evaluated according to important factors that contribute to the quality of the site. Each factor selected is assigned values in accordance with the local needs and objectives. The value group is a predetermined value based upon prime farmland designation. The Kendall County LESA Committee is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

Please Note: A land evaluation (LE) score will be compiled for every project parcel. However, when a parcel is located within municipal planning boundaries, a site assessment (SA) score is not compiled as the scoring factors are not applicable. As a result, only the LE score is available, and a full LESA score is unavailable for the parcel.

Table 8A: Land Evaluation Computation

Soil Type	Value Group	Relative Value	Acres	Product (Relative Value x Acres)
60C2	5	82	3.2	262.4
67A	2	94	7.7	723.8
149A	1	100	4.5	450
152A	1	100	0.7	70
512B	2	94	1.7	159.8
663B	2	94	5.8	545.2
865	8	0	1.0	0
Totals	•		24.7	2,211.2
LE Calculation			(Product of relative value / Total Acres)	
LE Calculation			2,211.2 / 24.7 = 89.5	
LE Score				LE = 90

The Land Evaluation score for this site is 90, indicating that this site is designated as prime farmland that is well suited for agricultural uses considering the Land Evaluation score is above 80.

Table 8B: Site Assessment Computation

A.	Agricultural Land Uses	Points
	1. Percentage of area in agricultural uses within 1.5 miles of site. (20-10-5-0)	10
	2. Current land use adjacent to site. (30-20-15-10-0)	20
	3. Percentage of site in agricultural production in any of the last 5 years. (20-15-10-5-0)	10
	4. Size of site. (30-15-10-0)	10
В.	Compatibility / Impact on Uses	
	1. Distance from city or village limits. (20-10-0)	0
	2. Consistency of proposed use with County Land Resource Management Concept Plan	0
	and/or municipal comprehensive land use plan. (20-10-0)	
	3. Compatibility of agricultural and non-agricultural uses. (15-7-0)	7
C.	Existence of Infrastructure	
	1. Availability of public sewage system. (10-8-6-0)	8
	2. Availability of public water system. (10-8-6-0)	8
	3. Transportation systems. (15-7-0)	7
	4. Distance from fire protection service. (10-8-6-2-0)	6
	Site Assessment Score:	86

The Site Assessment score for this site is 86. The Land Evaluation value (90) is added to the Site Assessment value (86) to obtain a LESA Score of 176. The table below shows the level of protection for the proposed project site based on the LESA Score.

Table 9: LESA Score Summary

LESA SCORE	LEVEL OF PROTECTION
<mark>0-200</mark>	Low
201-225	Medium
226-250	High
251-300	Very High

Land Evaluation Value: <u>90</u> + Site Assessment Value: <u>86</u> = LESA Score: <u>176</u>

The LESA Score for this site is 176 which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Note: Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. If the project is agricultural in nature, however, a higher score may provide an indication of the suitability of the project as it relates to the compatibility with existing agricultural land use.

LAND USE PLANS

Many counties, municipalities, villages, and townships have developed land-use plans. These plans are intended to reflect the existing and future land-use needs of a given community. Please contact the Kendall County Planning, Building & Zoning for information regarding the County's comprehensive land use plan and map.

DRAINAGE, RUNOFF, AND FLOOD INFORMATION

U.S.G.S Topographic maps give information on elevations, which are important mostly to determine slopes, drainage directions, and watershed information.

Elevations determine the area of impact of floods of record. Slope information determines steepness and erosion potential. Drainage directions determine where water leaves the PIQ, possibly impacting surrounding natural resources.

Watershed information is given for changing land use to a subdivision type of development on parcels greater than 10 acres.

WHAT IS A WATERSHED?

Simply stated, a watershed is the area of land that contributes water to a certain point. The watershed boundary is important because the area of land in the watershed can now be calculated using an irregular shape area calculator such as a dot counter or planimeter.

Using regional storm event information, and site-specific soils and land use information, the peak stormwater flow through the point marked "O" for a specified storm event can be calculated. This value is called a "Q" value (for the given storm event) and is measured in cubic feet per second (CFS).

When construction occurs, the Q value naturally increases because of the increase in impermeable surfaces. This process decreases the ability of soils to accept and temporarily hold water. Therefore, more water runs off and increases the Q value.

Theoretically, if each development, no matter how large or small, maintains their preconstruction Q value after construction by the installation of stormwater management systems, the streams and wetlands and lakes will not suffer damage from excessive urban stormwater.

For this reason, the Kendall County SWCD recommends that the developer for intense uses such as a subdivision calculate the preconstruction Q value for the exit point(s). A stormwater management system

should be designed, installed, and maintained to limit the postconstruction Q value to be at or below the preconstruction value.

IMPORTANCE OF FLOOD INFORMATION

A floodplain is defined as land adjoining a watercourse (riverine) or an inland depression (non-riverine) that is subject to periodic inundation by high water. Floodplains are important areas demanding protection since they have water storage and conveyance functions which affect upstream and downstream flows, water quality and quantity, and suitability of the land for human activity. Since floodplains play distinct and vital roles in the hydrologic cycle, development that interferes with their hydrologic and biologic functions should be carefully considered.

Flooding is both dangerous to people and destructive to their properties. The following maps, when combined with wetland and topographic information, can help developers and future homeowners to "sidestep" potential flooding or ponding problems.

FIRM is the acronym for the Flood Insurance Rate Map, produced by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). These maps define flood elevation adjacent to tributaries and major bodies of water and superimpose that onto a simplified USGS topographic map. The scale of the FIRM maps is generally dependent on the size and density of parcels in that area. (This is to correctly determine the parcel location and floodplain location.) The FIRM map has three (3) zones. A is the zone of 100-year flood, Zone B is the 100 to 500-year flood, and Zone C is outside the floodplain.

The Hydrologic Atlas (H.A.) Series of the Flood of Record Map is also used for the topographic information. This map is different from the FIRM map mainly because it will show isolated or pocketed flooded areas. Kendall County uses both these maps in conjunction with each other for flooded area determinations. The Flood of Record maps show the areas of flood for various years. Both maps <u>stress</u> that the recurrence of flooding is merely statistical. A 100-year flood may occur twice in one year, or twice in one week, for that matter.

It should be noted that greater floods than those shown on the two maps are possible. The flood boundaries indicated provide a historic record only until the map publication date. Additionally, these flood boundaries are a function of the watershed conditions existing when the maps were produced. Cumulative changes in runoff characteristics caused by urbanization can result in an increase in flood height of future flood episodes.

Floodplains play a vital role in reducing the flood damage potential associated with an urbanizing area and, when left in an undisturbed state, also provide valuable wildlife habitat benefits. If it is the petitioner's intent to conduct floodplain filling or modification activities, the petitioner and the Unit of Government responsible need to consider the potentially adverse effects this type of action could have on adjacent properties. The change or loss of natural floodplain storage often increases the frequency and severity of flooding on adjacent property.

If the available maps indicate the presence of a floodplain on the PIQ, the petitioner should contact the IDOT-DWR and FEMA to delineate a floodplain elevation for the parcel. If a portion of the property is indeed floodplain, applicable state, county, and local regulations will need to be reflected in the site plans.

Another indication of flooding potential can be found in the soils information. Hydric soils indicate the presence of drainageways, areas subject to ponding, or a naturally occurring high water table. These need to be considered along with the floodplain information when developing the site plan and the stormwater management plan. Development on hydric soils can contribute to the loss of water storage within the soil and the potential for increased flooding in the area.

This parcel is located on gradual topography (slopes 0 to 10%) with an elevation of approximately 650-660' above sea level. According to the FIRM map, the parcel in question does not contain floodway or floodplain zones. The topographic map indicates that the parcel drains west and south towards on-site and off-site wetlands.

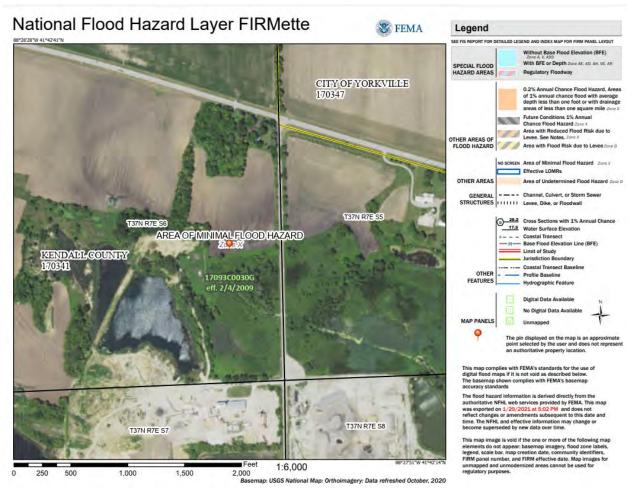


Figure 8: FEMA Floodplain Map

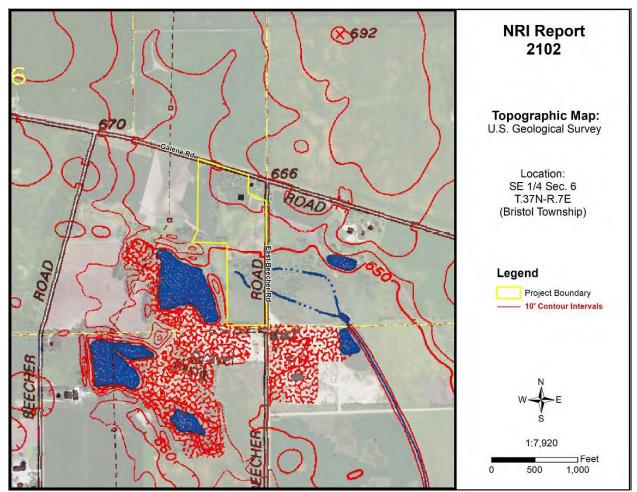


Figure 9: USGS Topographic Map

WATERSHED PLANS

WATERSHED AND SUB WATERSHED INFORMATION

A watershed is the area of land that drains into a specific point including a stream, lake, or other body of water. High points on the Earth's surface, such as hills and ridges define watersheds. When rain falls in the watershed, it flows across the ground towards a stream or lake. Rainwater carries pollutants such as oils, pesticides, and soil.

Everyone lives in a watershed. Their actions can impact natural resources and people living downstream. Residents can minimize this impact by being aware of their environment and the implications of their activities, implementing practices recommended in watershed plans, and educating others about their watershed.

The following are recommendations to developers for protection of this watershed:

- Preserve open space
- Maintain wetlands as part of development
- Use natural water management
- Prevent soil from leaving a construction site
- Protect subsurface drainage
- Use native vegetation
- Retain natural features
- Mix housing styles and types
- Decrease impervious surfaces
- Reduce area disturbed by mass grading
- Shrink lot size and create more open space
- Maintain historical and cultural resources
- Treat water where it falls
- Preserve views
- Establish and link trails

This parcel is located within the Lower Fox River Watershed and the Rob Roy Creek Sub Watershed.

WETLAND INFORMATION

IMPORTANCE OF WETLAND INFORMATION

Wetlands function in many ways to provide numerous benefits to society. They control flooding by offering a slow release of excess water downstream or through the soil. They cleanse water by filtering out sediment and some pollutants and can function as rechargers of our valuable groundwater. They also are essential breeding, rearing, and feeding grounds for many species of wildlife.

These benefits are particularly valuable in urbanizing areas as development activity typically adversely affects water quality, increases the volume of stormwater runoff, and increases the demand for groundwater. In an area where many individual homes rely on shallow groundwater wells for domestic water supplies, activities that threaten potential groundwater recharge areas are contrary to the public good. The conversion of wetlands, with their sediment trapping and nutrient absorbing vegetation, to biologically barren stormwater detention ponds can cause additional degradation of water quality in downstream or adjacent areas.

It has been estimated that over 95% of the wetlands that were historically present in Illinois have been destroyed while only recently has the true environmental significance of wetlands been fully recognized. America is losing 100,000 acres of wetland a year and has saved 5 million acres total (since 1934). One acre of wetland can filter 7.3 million gallons of water a year. These are reasons why our wetlands are high quality and important.

This section contains the NRCS (Natural Resources Conservation Service) Wetlands Inventory, which is the most comprehensive inventory to date. The NRCS Wetlands Inventory is reproduced from an aerial photo at a scale of 1" equals 660 feet. The NRCS developed these maps in cooperation with U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency,) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, using the National Food Security Act Manual, 3rd Edition. The main purpose of these maps is to determine wetland areas on agricultural fields and areas that may be wetlands but are in a non-agriculture setting.

The NRCS Wetlands Inventory in no way gives an exact delineation of the wetlands, but merely an outline, or the determination that there is a wetland within the outline. For the final, most accurate wetland **determination** of a specific wetland, a wetland **delineation** must be certified by NRCS staff using the National Food Security Act Manual (on agricultural land.) On urban land, a certified wetland delineator must perform the delineation using the ACOE 1987 Manual. See the glossary section for the definitions of "delineation" and "determination.

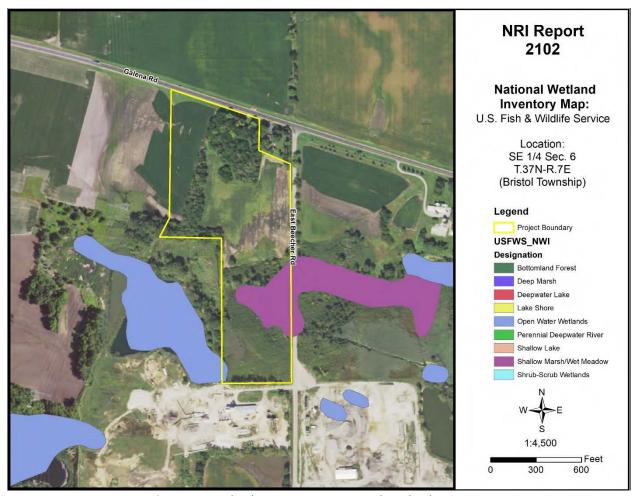


Figure 10: Wetland Map – USFWS National Wetland Inventory

Office maps indicate that mapped wetlands <u>are</u> present on the parcel in question (PIQ). A wetland delineation was completed on July 2, 2020 by ENCAP, Inc. According to the Wetland Delineation Report, "Three wetlands totaling approximately 10.04 acres were identified on the project area" (ENCAP, Inc., 2020). These findings should be taken into consideration during the land use planning process.

HYDRIC SOILS

Soils information gives another indication of flooding potential. The soils map on the following page indicates the soil(s) on the parcel that the Natural Resources Conservation Service indicates as hydric. Hydric soils, by definition, have seasonal high water at or near the soil surface and/or have potential flooding or ponding problems. All hydric soils range from poorly suited to unsuitable for building. One group of the hydric soils are the organic soils, which formed from dead organic material. Organic soils are unsuitable for building because of not only the high water table but also their subsidence problems.

It is important to add the possibility of hydric inclusions in a soil type. An inclusion is a soil polygon that is too small to appear on these maps. While relatively insignificant for agricultural use, hydric soil inclusions become more important to more intense uses such as a residential subdivision.

While considering hydric soils and hydric inclusions, it is noteworthy to mention that subsurface agriculture drainage tile occurs in almost all poorly drained and somewhat poorly drained soils. Drainage tile expedites drainage and facilitates farming. It is imperative that these drainage tiles remain undisturbed. A damaged subsurface drainage tile may return original hydrologic conditions to all the areas that drained through the tile (ranging from less than one acre to many square miles.)

For an intense land use, such as a subdivision, the Kendall County SWCD recommends the following: a topographical survey with 1 foot contour intervals to accurately define the flood area on the parcel, an intensive soil survey to define most accurately the locations of the hydric soils and inclusions, and a drainage tile survey on the area to locate the tiles that must be preserved to maintain subsurface drainage.

Table 10: Hydric Soils

Soil Types	Drainage Class	Hydric Designation	Hydric Inclusions Likely	Acreage	Percent
60C2	Moderately Well Drained	Non-hydric	No	3.2	13.1%
67A	Poorly Drained	Hydric	No	7.7	31.1%
149A	Somewhat Poorly Drained	Non-hydric	Yes	4.5	18.4%
152A	Poorly Drained	Hydric	No	0.7	2.9%
512B	Moderately Well Drained	Non-hydric	No	1.7	6.9%
663B	Moderately Well Drained	Non-hydric	No	5.8	23.4%
865	N/A	Non-hydric	Yes	1.0	4.2%

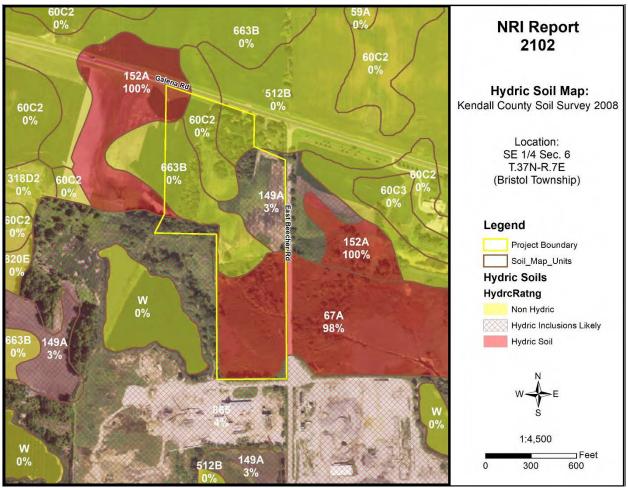


Figure 11: Hydric Soil Map

WETLAND AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING IF YOU ARE PLANNING TO DO ANY WORK NEAR A STREAM (THIS INCLUDES SMALL UNNAMED STREAMS), LAKE, WETLAND OR FLOODWAY.

The laws of the United States and the State of Illinois assign certain agencies specific and different regulatory roles to protect the waters within the State's boundaries. These roles, when considered together, include protection of navigation channels and harbors, protection against floodway encroachments, maintenance and enhancement of water quality, protection of fish and wildlife habitat and recreational resources, and, in general, the protection of total public interest. Unregulated use of the waters within the State of Illinois could permanently destroy or alter the character of these valuable resources and adversely impact the public. Therefore, please contact the proper regulatory authorities when planning any work associated with Illinois waters so that proper consideration and approval can be obtained.

WHO MUST APPLY?

Anyone proposing to dredge, fill, rip rap, or otherwise alter the banks or beds of, or construct, operate, or maintain any dock, pier, wharf, sluice, dam, piling, wall, fence, utility, floodplain or floodway subject to State or Federal regulatory jurisdiction should apply for agency approvals.

REGULATORY AGENCIES

- Wetland or U.S. Waters: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Clock Tower Building, Rock Island, IL
- **Floodplains**: Illinois Department of Natural Resources/Office of Water Resources, Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1270.
- Water Quality/Erosion Control: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, Springfield, IL

COORDINATION

We recommend early coordination with the regulatory agencies <u>BEFORE</u> finalizing work plans. This allows the agencies to recommend measures to mitigate or compensate for adverse impacts. Also, the agency can make possible environmental enhancement provisions early in the project planning stages. This could reduce time required to process necessary approvals.

CAUTION: Contact with the United States Army Corps of Engineers is strongly advised before commencement of any work in or near a Waters of the United States. This could save considerable time and expense. Persons responsible for willful and direct violation of Section 10 of the River and Harbor Act of 1899 or Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act are subject to fines ranging up to \$27,500 per day of violation and imprisonment for up to one year or both.

GLOSSARY

AGRICULTURAL PROTECTION AREAS (AG AREAS) - Allowed by P.A. 81-1173. An AG AREA consists of a minimum of 350 acres of farmland, as contiguous and compact as possible. Petitioned by landowners, AG AREAS protect for a period of ten years initially, then reviewed every eight years thereafter. AG AREA establishment exempts landowners from local nuisance ordinances directed at farming operations, and designated land cannot receive special tax assessments on public improvements that do not benefit the land, e.g. water and sewer lines.

AGRICULTURE - The growing, harvesting and storing of crops including legumes, hay, grain, fruit and truck or vegetable including dairying, poultry, swine, sheep, beef cattle, pony and horse production, fur farms, and fish and wildlife farms; farm buildings used for growing, harvesting and preparing crop products for market, or for use on the farm; roadside stands, farm buildings for storing and protecting farm machinery and equipment from the elements, for housing livestock or poultry and for preparing livestock or poultry products for market; farm dwellings occupied by farm owners, operators, tenants or seasonal or year around hired farm workers.

B.G. - Below Grade. Under the surface of the Earth.

BEDROCK - Indicates depth at which bedrock occurs. Also lists hardness as rippable or hard.

FLOODING - Indicates frequency, duration, and period during year when floods are likely to occur.

HIGH LEVEL MANAGEMENT - The application of effective practices adapted to different crops, soils, and climatic conditions. Such practices include providing for adequate soil drainage, protection from flooding, erosion and runoff control, near optimum tillage, and planting the correct kind and amount of high-quality seed. Weeds, diseases, and harmful insects are controlled. Favorable soil reaction and near optimum levels of available nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium for individual crops are maintained. Efficient use is made of available crop residues, barnyard manure, and/or green manure crops. All operations, when combined efficiently and timely, can create favorable growing conditions and reduce harvesting losses -- within limits imposed by weather.

HIGH WATERTABLE - A seasonal high watertable is a zone of saturation at the highest average depth during the wettest part of the year. May be apparent, perched, or artesian kinds of water tables.

- Watertable, Apparent: A thick zone of free water in the soil. An apparent water table is indicated
 by the level at which water stands in an uncased borehole after adequate time is allowed for
 adjustment in the surrounding soil.
- Watertable, Artesian: A water table under hydrostatic head, generally beneath an impermeable layer. When this layer is penetrated, the water level rises in an uncased borehole.
- **Watertable, Perched**: A water table standing above an unsaturated zone. In places an upper, or perched, water table is separated from a lower one by a dry zone.

DELINEATION - For Wetlands: A series of orange flags placed on the ground by a certified professional that outlines the wetland boundary on a parcel.

DETERMINATION - A polygon drawn on a map using map information that gives an outline of a wetland.

HYDRIC SOIL - This type of soil is saturated, flooded, or ponded long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service 1987).

INTENSIVE SOIL MAPPING - Mapping done on a smaller more intensive scale than a modern soil survey to determine soil properties of a specific site, e.g. mapping for septic suitability.

LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (L.E.S.A.) - LESA is a systematic approach for evaluating a parcel of land and to determine a numerical value for the parcel for farmland preservation purposes.

MODERN SOIL SURVEY - A soil survey is a field investigation of the soils of a specific area, supported by information from other sources. The kinds of soil in the survey area are identified and their extent shown on a map, and an accompanying report describes, defines, classifies, and interprets the soils. Interpretations predict the behavior of the soils under different used and the soils' response to management. Predictions are made for areas of soil at specific places. Soils information collected in a soil survey is useful in developing land-use plans and alternatives involving soil management systems and in evaluating and predicting the effects of land use.

PALUSTRINE - Name given to inland freshwater wetlands.

PERMEABILITY - Values listed estimate the range (in rate and time) it takes for downward movement of water in the major soil layers when saturated but allowed to drain freely. The estimates are based on soil texture, soil structure, available data on permeability and infiltration tests, and observation of water movement through soils or other geologic materials.

PIQ - Parcel in question

POTENTIAL FROST ACTION - Damage that may occur to structures and roads due to ice lens formation causing upward and lateral soil movement. Based primarily on soil texture and wetness.

PRIME FARMLAND - Prime farmland soils are lands that are best suited to food, feed, forage, fiber and oilseed crops. It may be cropland, pasture, woodland, or other land, but it is not urban and built up land or water areas. It either is used for food or fiber or is available for those uses. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for a well-managed soil economically to produce a sustained high yield of crops. Prime farmland produces in highest yields with minimum inputs of energy and economic resources and farming the land results in the least damage to the environment. Prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation. The temperature and growing season are favorable. The level of acidity or alkalinity is acceptable. Prime farmland has few or no rocks and is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated

with water for long periods and is not frequently flooded during the growing season. The slope ranges mainly from 0 to 5 percent (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service).

PRODUCTIVITY INDEXES - Productivity indexes for grain crops express the estimated yields of the major grain crops grown in Illinois as a single percentage of the average yields obtained under basic management from several of the more productive soils in the state. This group of soils is composed of the Muscatine, Ipava, Sable, Lisbon, Drummer, Flanagan, Littleton, Elburn and Joy soils. Each of the 425 soils found in Illinois are found in Circular 1156 from the Illinois Cooperative Extension Service.

SEASONAL - When used in reference to wetlands indicates that the area is flooded only during a portion of the year.

SHRINK-SWELL POTENTIAL - Indicates volume changes to be expected for the specific soil material with changes in moisture content.

SOIL MAPPING UNIT - A map unit is a collection of soil areas of miscellaneous areas delineated in mapping. A map unit is generally an aggregate of the delineations of many different bodies of a kind of soil or miscellaneous area but may consist of only one delineated body. Taxonomic class names and accompanying phase terms are used to name soil map units. They are described in terms of ranges of soil properties within the limits defined for taxa and in terms of ranges of taxadjuncts and inclusions.

SOIL SERIES - A group of soils, formed from a particular type of parent material, having horizons that, except for texture of the A or surface horizon, are similar in all profile characteristics and in arrangement in the soil profile. Among these characteristics are color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, and mineralogical and chemical composition.

SUBSIDENCE - Applies mainly to organic soils after drainage. Soil material subsides due to shrinkage and oxidation.

TERRAIN - The area or surface over which a particular rock or group of rocks is prevalent.

TOPSOIL - That portion of the soil profile where higher concentrations of organic material, fertility, bacterial activity and plant growth take place. Depths of topsoil vary between soil types.

WATERSHED - An area of land that drains to an associated water resource such as a wetland, river or lake. Depending on the size and topography, watersheds can contain numerous tributaries, such as streams and ditches, and ponding areas such as detention structures, natural ponds and wetlands.

WETLAND - An area that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient enough to support, and under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

REFERENCES

Hydric Soils of the United States. USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2007.

<u>DFIRM – Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Kendall County.</u> Prepared by FEMA – Federal Emergency Management Agency.

<u>Hydrologic Unit Map for Kendall County.</u> Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

<u>Land Evaluation and Site Assessment System.</u> The Kendall County Department of Planning Building and Zoning, and The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District. In cooperation with: USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

<u>Soil Survey of Kendall County</u>. United States Department of Agriculture 2008, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Illinois Urban Manual. Association of Illinois Soil & Water Conservation Districts, 2020.

Kendall County Land Atlas and Plat Book. 21st Edition, 2021.

<u>Potential For Contamination of Shallow Aquifers from Land Burial of Municipal Wastes</u>. Illinois State Geological Survey.

<u>Natural Resources Conservation Service National Wetland Inventory Map.</u> United States Department of Agriculture.

<u>Geologic Road Map of Illinois.</u> Department of Natural Resources, Illinois State Geological Survey, Natural Resources Building, 615 East Peabody, Champaign IL 61820-6964.

Wetlands - The Corps of Engineers' Administration of the Section 404 Program (GAO/RCED-88-110).

<u>Soil Erosion by Water</u> - United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Agriculture Information Bulletin 513.

The Conservation of Biological Diversity in the Great Lakes Ecosystem: Issues and Opportunities, prepared by the Nature Conservancy Great Lakes Program 79W. Monroe Street, Suite 1309, Chicago, IL 60603, January 1994.

Wetland Delineation Report Cordero Property – ENCAP, Inc. July 28, 2020.

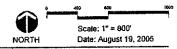




CONCEPT PLAN

YORKVILLE PROJECT

PULTE HOMES





SEC Planning Consultants

Finning Laubeape Acodocupe - Cassiana calling

- reméglaphous : temperkeudés u sufféries : égétes Eléves : élét : «. Base mapping complect from best available information. All map data should be considered as preliminary, in need of verification, and subject to change. This land plan is conceptual in nature and does not represent any regulatory approval. Plan is subject to change.



Reviewed By:	
Legal Finance Engineer City Administrator Community Development Purchasing	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #6
Tracking Number
EDC 2021-21

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Police **Public Works** Parks and Recreation

itle: TIF Inducem	ent Resolution – Nort	hwest Corner of	Van Emmon St. and S. Main St.
leeting and Date:	Economic Developr	nent Committee -	– March 2, 2021
ynopsis:			
Council Action Pre	eviously Taken:		
Date of Action:	Acti	on Taken:	
tem Number:			
Гуре of Vote Requ	ired: Majority		
Council Action Re	quested: Approval		
Submitted by:			Administration
	Name		Department
	Age	enda Item Notes:	:



Memorandum

To: Economic Development Committee From: Bart Olson, City Administrator

CC:

Date: February 24, 2021

Subject: 200 W block inducement resolution

Summary

Approval of a TIF inducement resolution in Downtown TIF #2 for four residential properties generally at the northwest corner of Van Emmon St and S Main St, currently under ownership by Imperial Investments but under contract with Fox River Group, LLC represented by Yonas Hagos.

Background

The City Council last discussed this item in January 2017. At that time, the City Council approved an inducement resolution for these residential properties with Imperial Investments, who was in line to close on the property at that time. Since City Council approval of the inducement resolution, Imperial Investments has decided to sell the property to local developers Fox River Group LLC. While there are no immediate plans for development of the property, the interested buyer has said that the ability to proceed in the future with any project will require TIF assistance and a TIF extension.

In order to preserve the right to request future reimbursement of any eligible redevelopment project costs being incurred prior to the negotiation and approval of a development plan and a redevelopment agreement, state law mandates that the corporate authority acknowledge that a development plan is being undertaken in order to permit these expenses to be "potentially" reimbursable from future revenues received as a result of the approved plan and project. This step is required for the new developer, even though the property already has an inducement resolution on it. As you are aware, this TIF inducement resolution makes no guarantee as to the amount or type of assistance to the owner, as these items will get negotiated with the City at a later date. Finally, the resolution specifically states that all undertakings by the City are contingent upon the City's approval of an agreement for the development of the property.

Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of the TIF inducement resolution with Fox River Group, LLC, represented by Yonas Hagos.

Resolution No. 2021-

A RESOLUTION OF THE UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE, KENDALL COUNTY, ILLINOIS, TO INDUCE THE REDEVELOPMENT OF CERTAIN PROPERTIES WITHIN THE YORKVILLE DOWNTOWN TAX INCREMENT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT AREA

WHEREAS, the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois (the "City") is a duly organized and validly existing municipality of the State of Illinois pursuant to the 1970 Illinois Constitution and the Illinois Municipal Code, as from time to time amended (the "Municipal Code") (65 ILCS 5/65-1-1-2, et seq.); and,

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council of the City (the "Corporate Authorities"), as authorized by the Municipal Code, undertook an eligibility study and report with respect to a redevelopment project and plan for a certain area; and, based on said report approved a redevelopment project and plan pursuant to Ordinance No. 2018-23 and thereafter, by Ordinance No. 2018-24, designated the area as the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area #2 (the "Project Area") and adopted tax increment financing for the payment and financing of redevelopment project costs incurred within the Project Area by Ordinance No. 2018-25, all of said Ordinances being adopted on April 10, 2018, pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-1, et seq., (the "TIF Act"); and,

WHEREAS, the City had been informed by Imperial Investments, Inc., an Illinois corporation in 2017, that it had acquired certain properties within the Project Area (the "Properties"), as listed on Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof, which properties it intended to redevelop by demolishing certain buildings and constructing new buildings; and,

WHEREAS, Imperial Investments, Inc., has now advised the City that rather than redeveloping the Properties, it has sold them to Fox River Group, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company (the "*Potential Developer*") who may redevelop the Properties in the future; and,

WHEREAS, the Potential Developer has requested the opportunity to preserve the right

to request future reimbursement of eligible "redevelopment project costs" as permitted by the TIF

Act upon undertaking the redevelopment of the Properties because its ability to proceed would

require financial assistance from the City; and,

WHEREAS, the Potential Developer would like to incur certain costs in connection with

the future redevelopment of the Properties prior to the approval of any ordinance authorizing the

execution of a redevelopment agreement with the City, wherein reimbursement for such costs may

be considered subject to certain conditions; and,

WHEREAS, this Resolution is intended to allow the Potential Developer to incur certain

costs relating to the redevelopment of the Properties that may be considered "Redevelopment

Project Costs" as such term is defined in the TIF Act, prior to approval of any ordinance

authorizing the execution of a redevelopment agreement with the City, subject to the condition set

forth in Section 3 of this Resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Mayor and City Council of the United

City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois, as follows:

Section 1. That the above recitals are incorporated herein and made a part hereof.

Section 2. That the City Council may consider expenditures that are Redevelopment

Project Costs as such term is defined by the TIF Act, in connection with the redevelopment of the

Properties incurred prior to the approval and execution of a redevelopment agreement to be

expenditures that are eligible for reimbursement through the TIF Act, provided that such costs

constitute "redevelopment project costs" as defined by the TIF Act; and, that the redevelopment

of the Properties shall be consistent with the redevelopment project and plan for the overall Project

Area.

Resolution No. 2021-____

Section 3. That all undertakings of the City set forth in this Resolution are specifically contingent upon the City approving and executing a redevelopment agreement with the Potential Developer which provides for the development or redevelopment of the Properties in accordance with the terms and conditions to be negotiated by the parties. Section 4. That any financial assistance rendered to the Potential Developer by the City shall be contingent upon the authority, restrictions, terms and conditions imposed by the TIF Act. Section 5. That this Resolution shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval as provided by law. Passed by the City Council of the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois this ____ day of _____, A.D. 2021. CITY CLERK KEN KOCH DAN TRANSIER JACKIE MILSCHEWSKI ARDEN JOE PLOCHER CHRIS FUNKHOUSER JOEL FRIEDERS SEAVER TARULIS JASON PETERSON **APPROVED** by me, as Mayor of the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois this _____ day of ______, A.D. 2021. MAYOR Attest:

CITY CLERK

