

United City of Yorkville

800 Game Farm Road Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Telephone: 630-553-4350

www.yorkville.il.us

AGENDA

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE MEETING

Tuesday, June 4, 2019 6:00 p.m.

City Hall Conference Room 800 Game Farm Road, Yorkville, IL

Citizen Comments:

Minutes for Correction/Approval: May 7, 2019

New Business:

- 1. EDC 2019-45 Building Permit Report for April 2019
- 2. EDC 2019-46 Building Inspection Report for April 2019
- 3. EDC 2019-47 Property Maintenance Report for April 2019
- 4. EDC 2019-48 Economic Development Report for May 2019
- 5. EDC 2019-49 Store Front Occupancy Report
- 6. EDC 2019-50 Selection of Committee Liaisons
- 7. EDC 2019-51 Meeting Dates
- 8. EDC 2019-52 E. Van Emmon and Benjamin Rezoning
- 9. EDC 2019-53 701 N. Bridge Street Rezoning and Variance

Old Business:

1. EDC 2019-23 Downtown Form-Based Code and Streetscape Master Plan

Additional Business:

2019/2020 City Council Goals – Economic Development Committee			
Goal	Priority	Staff	
"Southside Development"	4	Bart Olson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Lynn Dubajic	
"Downtown and Riverfront Development"	5	Bart Olson, Tim Evans & Krysti Barksdale-Noble	
"Metra Extension"	7	Bart Olson, Rob Fredrickson, Eric Dhuse, Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Erin Willrett	
"Manufacturing and Industrial Development"	8 (tie)	Bart Olson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble, Erin Willrett, Lynn Dubajic, Eric Dhuse & Brad Sanderson	
"Expand Economic Development Efforts"	10	Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Lynn Dubajic	
"Revenue Growth"	13	Rob Fredrickson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Lynn Dubajic	
"Entrance Signage"	17	Krysti Barksdale-Noble & Erin Willrett	

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE WORKSHEET

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE Tuesday, June 4, 2019

6:00 PM

CITY HALL CONFERENCE ROOM

SITIZEN COMMENTS:
IINUTES FOR CORRECTION/APPROVAL:
1. May 7, 2019
Approved
☐ As presented
☐ With corrections
EW BUSINESS:
1. EDC 2019-45 Building Permit Report for April 2019
☐ Informational Item
□ Notes

	☐ Informational Item
	□ Notes
	EDC 2019-47 Property Maintenance Report for April 2019
٦.	☐ Informational Item
	□ Notes
4.	EDC 2019-48 Economic Development Report for May 2019
	☐ Informational Item
	□ Notes

5.	EDC 2019-49 Store Front Occupancy Report Moved forward to CC Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item Notes
6.	EDC 2019-50 Selection of Committee Liaisons Approved by Committee Bring back to Committee Informational Item Notes
 7.	EDC 2019-51 Meeting Dates
	□ Moved forward to CC □ Approved by Committee □ Bring back to Committee □ Informational Item □ Notes

8. ED	C 2019-52 E. Van Emmon and Benjamin – Rezoning
	Moved forward to CC
	Approved by Committee
	Bring back to Committee
	Informational Item
	Notes
9. ED	C 2019-53 701 N. Bridge Street – Rezoning and Variance
	Moved forward to CC
	Approved by Committee
	Bring back to Committee
	Informational Item
	Notes
OLD BUS	<u>'INESS</u> :
 1	EDC 2019-23 Downtown Form-Based Code and Streetscape Master Plan
	Moved forward to CC
	Approved by Committee
	Bring back to Committee
	Informational Item
	Notes
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ADDITIONAL BUSINESS:	 	



Reviewed By

Legal	
Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Human Resources	
Community Development	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

Agenda	Item	Num	ber

Minutes

Tracking Number

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Minutes of the	e Economic Develop	pment Committee – May 7, 2019
Meeting and Date:	Economic Develop	pment Committee – June 4, 2019
Synopsis:		
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:	
Date of Action:	Act	tion Taken:
Item Number:		
Type of Vote Requi	red: Majority	
Council Action Req	uested: Committee	e Approval
Submitted by:		
	Name	Department
	Ag	genda Item Notes:

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Tuesday, May 7, 2019, 6:00pm City Conference Room

In Attendance:

Committee Members

Chairman Ken Koch Alderman Jason Peterson Alderman Joel Frieders Alderman Carlo Colosimo

Other City Officials

City Administrator Bart Olson (arr. 6:10pm) Assistant City Administrator Erin Willrett Alderman Chris Funkhouser Community Development Director Krysti Barksdale-Noble Code Official Pete Ratos

Other Guests

Rachel Engelhardt, Fox Hill
Chad Lockman, Fox Hill
Brian Hertz, Civil Engineer/MG2A
Lyman Tilman, Attorney
Greg Galgan, Gas N Wash
Vicki Berg, Fox Hill

Jacklyn Morganegg, Fox Hill
Amber Lockman, Fox Hill
Scott Pritchett, ARSA
Kevin McEnery, Gas N Wash
Tim Berg, Fox Hill

The meeting was called to order at 6:01pm by Chairman Ken Koch.

Citizen Comments: None

Minutes for Correction/Approval: April 2, 2019

The minutes were approved on a unanimous voice vote.

New Business

5. EDC 2019-44 Gas N Wash – Special Use Permit (out of sequence)

Ms. Noble gave a summary of the petition for a Special Use Permit and described the particulars and amenities of the proposed project. She said a Plan Council meeting had been held to address some of the project aspects and additionally, the petitioner held a meeting with residents to address their concerns. Additional information has been requested by the city prior to the Public Hearing at the PZC meeting on June 12.

Architect Scott Pritchett provided general information about the project including building materials, right in/right out, and use of Sycamore Rd. for entrance/exit. He also addressed the photo metric plan and signage.

Residents addressed increased truck traffic, light pollution and Gas N Wash representatives said the facility will not be open 24 hours. Other concerns included possible overnight truck parking, adequate width for trucks to turn onto Sycamore, contingency plans if the business ceases to operate (tanks would be removed if station closes), whether or not IDOT will approve the right in/right out, concern for diesel fumes wafting to nearby baseball fields, general location of the station and gambling at the facility. Another resident noted what she perceived as a lack of police presence in that part of town.

Alderman Frieders said that a gas station is needed on the outskirts of town since most current stations are concentrated in the middle of the city. He also commented that many citizens have protested gas prices, however, he said the city does not have control over the prices. In response to resident concerns, Alderman Colosimo pointed out that Casey's gas station is 3 times closer to residences than this project.

Citizen Rachel Engelhardt praised the city and residents for working on a Comp Plan together, however, she opposed the project for several reasons, including the project being contrary to the Comp Plan, not meeting the Special Use requirements and being close to residential areas. She said the project does not maintain the small town image that residents love. She presented a fact sheet comparing this with other gas stations and posed several questions for committee consideration. Alderman Frieders complimented Ms. Engelhardt's presentation.

Alderman Frieders presented this proposed project to his neighborhood and residents questioned if there was a long term plan for electric cars. There is none at this time, however, it could be considered in the future. The gas tanks were discussed and Gas N Wash reps said the tanks are double-walled with alarms. Berms were suggested due to the proximity to the ballfields and reps said a berm and plantings were used at another site and could be negotiated. Car wash waste water procedures were also discussed along with grease traps and storm sewers. Alderman Koch addressed the outdoor drain capacity which engineering will study. Storm detention and setbacks were also discussed.

1. EDC 2019-40 Building Permit Report for March 2019

Mr. Ratos reported 64 total permits for the month which included single family homes, fences, pools and miscellaneous.

2. EDC 2019-41 Building Inspection Report for March 2019

There was a total of 336 inspections in March, lighter than usual due to the weather.

3. EDC 2019-42 Property Maintenance Report for March 2019

Most of the 11 cases heard in March were for motor vehicle violations. Some cases result from complaints while others are discovered by the inspectors on their weekly rounds. Mr. Ratos said the police are called for any vehicles in the street that are in violation.

4. EDC 2019-43 Economic Development Report for April 2019

Mr. Olson presented the report and said he would discuss the BNSF site certification. He said the city has been invited to participate in the process and materials are being prepared for BNSF for the 400-acre site on Eldamain Road. One inquiry has already been made by a potential business. In other report updates, the Arby's site is waiting for a clear title, tenants are being recruited for Kendall Marketplace, Pinheadz is closed and the bowling alley is not serving liquor, both due to state liquor issues and other undisclosed issues.

In another matter, the committee talked about the 15-minute parking signs by Belladonna and how high the signs are set. Alderman Peterson said the signs are facing the car's passenger side and are not easily visible. He showed some photos he took of the sign positions. Alderman Funkhouser added that the Harmony owner asked for a 30-60 minute sign for their business. Ms. Noble said EEI is addressing the issue. The committee also spoke about the danger of pulling out on Rt. 47 and the inability to see the train tracks near Rowdy's. Live wires that were hit were also discussed and Mr. Ratos will email a summary to Mr. Frieders and Mr. Funkhouser.

Old Business

1. EDC 2019-38 Building Code Update

Mr. Ratos gave an update on the fire suppression requirements in the code. He said the changes may affect the bigger builders rather than the smaller ones. He will hold a roundtable discussion with builders and will recommend to exempt fire suppression which BKFD approves. Mr. Ratos said the revised code will increase safety.

Additional Business None

There was no further business and the meeting adjourned at 7:48pm.

Minutes respectfully submitted by Marlys Young, Minute Taker



Reviewed By:		
Legal		
Finance		
Engineer		
City Administrator		
Human Resources		
Community Development		
Police		
Public Works		
Parks and Recreation		

Agenda Item Number
New Business #1
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-45

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Building Permit Report for April 2019									
Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – June 4, 2019									
Synopsis: All permits issued in April 2019.									
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:								
Date of Action:	N/A Acti	on Taken: N/A							
Item Number:	N/A								
Type of Vote Requi	red: Informational								
Council Action Req	uested: None								
Submitted by:		Community Development							
	Name	Department							
	Age	enda Item Notes:							
		_							



UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

BUILDING PERMIT REPORT April 2019 TYPES OF PERMITS

	Number of Permits Issued	SFD Single Family Detached	B.U.I.L.D Single Family Detached Program Begins 1/1/2012	SFA Single Family Attached	Multi- Family Apartments Condominiums	Commercial Includes all Permits Issued for Commercial Use	Industrial	Misc.	Construction Cost	Permit Fees
April 2019	131	7	0	5	0	6	0	113	4,318,097.00	132,864.78
Calendar Year 2019	281	48	0	5	0	43	0	185	17,469,980.00	606,829.72
Fiscal Year 2020	980	217	0	5	0	118	0	640	56,778,613.00	2,066,352.00
April 2018	119	22	0	0	0	11	0	86	6,539,573.00	203,886.28
Calendar Year 2018	306	42	14	36	0	56	0	158	16,353,192.00	1,089,782.86
Fiscal Year 2019	1003	95	71	48	1	167	0	621	75,816,094.00	3,160,744.60
April 2017	85	1	10	0	0	12	0	62	2,834,204.00	149,497.02
Calendar Year 2017	233	16	28	0	0	44	0	145	10,591,244.00	583,909.53
Fiscal Year 2018	871	55	104	0	0	125	0	587	38,778,983.00	1,972,942.61
April 2016	98	2	11	0	0	12	0	73	3,021,167.00	166,920.82
Calendar Year 2016	222	7	30	0	0	41	0	144	8,490,876.00	463,436.34
Fiscal Year 2017	681	14	84	0	0	136	0	447	22,745,981.00	1,283,317.42



Reviewed By:	
Legal	
Finance	
Engineer	
City Administrator	
Human Resources	
Community Development	
Police	
Public Works	
Parks and Recreation	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #2
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-46

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Building Inspe	ection Report for April 2019								
Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – June 4, 2019									
Synopsis: All inspections scheduled in April 2019.									
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:								
Date of Action:	N/A Action Tak	en: N/A							
Item Number:	N/A								
Type of Vote Requi	red: Informational								
Council Action Req	uested: None								
Submitted by:	D. Weinert	Community Development							
	Name	Department							
	Agenda It	em Notes:							

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UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

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04/23/2019

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS

Comments1: GR UPLAND

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS LOT DATE DATE _____ 002-BND POOL BONDING 20100082 1562 CORAL DR 182 04/19/2010 PZ025-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20170655 577 E KENDALL DR 4&5 04/09/2019 ΒF Comments1: STAIRWELLS, HOLIDAY INN ΒF 026-INS INSULATION 04/09/2019 Comments1: STAIRWELLS, HOLIDAY INN AM 027-RFR ROUGH FRAMING ΒF 04/18/2019 Comments1: HOLIDAY INN 219-775-5829 - ALL OF FIRST Comments2: FLOOR INSPECTION NOTES: 1ST FLOOR COMMU Comments3: NE AREA MISSING HANGERS AT STAIR AND ADD Comments4: NAIL GUARDS AT LAUNDRY RM AM 028-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/18/2019 ΒF Comments1: HOLIDAY INN 219-775-5829 - FIRST FLOOR Comments2: GUEST ROOMS ONLY ΒF __ AM 029-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/18/2019 Comments1: HOLIDAY INN 219-775-5829 - FIRST FLOOR G Comments2: UEST ROOMS ONLY ΒF AM 030-INS INSULATION 04/23/2019 Comments1: GUEST ROOMS 1ST FLOOR, HOLIDAY INN _____ 015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20170900 1926 RENA LN 11 04/11/2019 PR 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 672 PR 20170926 3146 MATLOCK DR 04/18/2019 PR 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20170927 3142 MATLOCK DR 673 04/18/2019 ΒF 013-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20170937 3137 MATLOCK DR 653 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND EEI 014-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 20170938 3143 MATLOCK DR 654 04/11/2019 Comments1: FULL FINAL ВС 015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/11/2019 PR 016-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/11/2019 ВС 011-INS INSULATION 20170940 3177 MATLOCK DR 661 04/02/2019 013-STP STOOP 04/01/2019 ВC 014-STP STOOP 04/01/2019 ВC

ID: PT4A0000.WOW INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

DATE: 05/07/2019 UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE PAGE: 2
TIME: 16:01:17 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE ΒF ____ 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20170944 3157 MATLOCK DR 657 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR PM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20170955 2663 MCLELLAN BLVD ΒF 04/01/2019 Comments1: + PATIO, COX GR AM 005-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20180145 533 BLUESTEM DR ВС 04/03/2019 Comments1: POOL 04/30/2019 ВC 007-FIN FINAL INSPECTION Comments1: THE DISTANCE BTWN RAIL STILES MUST BE LE Comments2: SS THAT 4". INCLUDES STILES ON STEPS & E Comments3: NTIRE GUARD. ΒF 004-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20180222 407 COLTON ST 1 04/11/2019 Comments1: GARAGE SLAB, JIM PERKINS 630-363-5691 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180330 3126 MATLOCK DR PR 677 04/10/2019 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180331 3122 MATLOCK DR 679 04/18/2019 PR 007-BGS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS 04/24/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180336 3106 MATLOCK DR 681 04/04/2019 PR 04/30/2019 ΒF 007-BG BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR Comments1: UPLAND 013-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20180360 3132 MATLOCK DR 675 ВC 04/12/2019 014-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ PBF 04/12/2019 04/12/2019 EEI 015-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE Comments1: OK TO TEMP ΒF 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND ΒF 013-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180361 3133 MATLOCK DR 652 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20180362 3105 MATLOCK DR 636 ΒF 04/18/2019 Comments1: GR, HORTON _____ 017-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ PR 04/18/2019 EEI 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/18/2019 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP

DATE: 05/07/2019

PR

010-RFR ROUGH FRAMING

TIME: 16:01:17 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

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04/30/2019

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019 INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 017-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180363 3042 JUSTICE DR ΒF 630 04/26/2019 Comments1: UPLAND, GR _____ 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180364 3102 MATLOCK DR 682 PR 04/04/2019 _ 007-BG BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR 04/16/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR UPLAND AM 013-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20180365 3064 JUSTICE DR 629 04/12/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR - DR HORTON PBF AM 014-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/12/2019 Comments1: GR - DR HORTON EEI 015-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/11/2019 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP ΒF 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/26/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180366 3173 MATLOCK DR 660 04/23/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR UPLAND ΒF 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180367 3092 JUSTICE DR 04/26/2019 Comments1: UPLAND GR 014-MIS MISCELLANEOUS 20180479 42 W COUNTRYSIDE PKWY 04/09/2019 ΒF Comments1: PATIO FOR OUTDOOR SERVICE, GRACE COFFEE ВС 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20180546 3166 MATLOCK DR 668 04/08/2019 009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL ВС 04/08/2019 010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/08/2019 ВC 011-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH PR 04/08/2019 012-INS INSULATION 04/10/2019 ВC 013-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND 008-STP STOOP 20180547 3124 MATLOCK DR 678 ВC 04/01/2019 Comments1: F & R _____ 009-STP STOOP ВC 04/01/2019

019-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS

AM 016-GAR GARAGE FLOOR 20180747 2352 WINTERTHUR GREEN 181

Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX

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ВC

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

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04/24/2019

04/01/2019

ID: PT4A0000.WOW INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019 SCHED. INSPECTOR COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 011-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL PR 04/30/2019 ____ 012-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/30/2019 PR 013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH PR 04/30/2019 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180548 3128 MATLOCK DR 676 ΒF 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND PM 021-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180606 2651 BURR ST 8 4 04/01/2019 ΒF Comments1: COX, GR __ 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 206 ΒF 20180617 2821 SHERIDAN CT 04/09/2019 Comments1: GR MIDWEST 20180659 502 WINDETT RIDGE RD 175 04/24/2019 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS ΒF Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX 020-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180660 506 WINDETT RIDGE RD 174 ΒF 04/24/2019 Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180661 2721 PHELPS CT 267 04/25/2019 ΒF Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX AM 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180696 4294 E MILLBROOK CIR 277 ΒF 04/02/2019 Comments1: GR, RYAN 020-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180701 742 KENTSHIRE DR 116 04/24/2019 ΒF Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX ВС AM 016-STP STOOP 20180708 928 PURCELL ST 81 04/18/2019 019-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20180724 826 ALEXANDRA LN 33 ΒF 04/16/2019 Comments1: ALL OUTSIDE FLAT WORK, SOPRIS ΒF PM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180736 3333 CALEDONIA DR 19 04/26/2019 Comments1: CAL MIDWEST 019-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180744 510 WINDETT RIDGE RD 173 04/24/2019 ΒF Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX 20180745 821 CAULFIELD PT 108 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/24/2019 ΒF Comments1: WINDETT RIDGE COMEX

20180746 732 KENTSHIRE DR 117

DATE: 05/07/2019 TIME: 16:01:17 ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

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INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE ____ AM 017-STP STOOP ВС 04/01/2019 018-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20180754 828 ALEXANDRA LN 34 ΒF 04/16/2019 Comments1: ALL OUTSIDE FLAT WORK, SOPRIS MARKER 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180769 3102 LAUREN DR 107 04/26/2019 ΒF ΒF PM 017-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/29/2019 Comments1: CANCELLED PM 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS ΒF 04/30/2019 Comments1: CANCELLED 010-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20180770 3205 CANNONBALL TR 04/11/2019 PR 011-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/11/2019 PR BKF 012-FFD BKFD FINAL INSPECTION 04/15/2019 Comments1: VIA PHONE PM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180771 2688 MCLELLAN BLVD 52 04/01/2019 ΒF Comments1: COX, GR ΒF PM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180772 2602 MCLELLAN BLVD 61 04/01/2019 Comments1: COX GR PM 017-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180773 2642 BURR ST 11 04/01/2019 ΒF Comments1: COX, GR PM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180774 2639 BURR ST 82 ΒF 04/01/2019 Comments1: GR COX AM 003-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20180782 478 HONEYSUCKLE LN 160 ВC 04/02/2019 Comments1: POOL EEI 017-REI REINSPECTION 20180787 3148 BOOMBAH BLVD 128 04/26/2019 019-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180794 978 S CARLY CIR 107 04/10/2019 ВC Comments1: BBW NORWOOD 12:00 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180816 2849 KETCHUM CT 221 04/02/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR, MIDWEST NOT READY ΒF AM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/03/2019 Comments1: MIDWEST 019-REI REINSPECTION 20180817 3238 BOOMBAH BLVD 138 EEI 04/26/2019 DATE: 05/07/2019 TIME: 16:01:17 ID: PT4A0000.WOW

Comments1: CHILLS, RSS

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

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		INSP	ECTIONS S	SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO	04/30/2019		
INSPECT		TYPE OF INSPECTION	PERMIT	ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
BF _		020-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS s1: CAL MIDWEST	2018082	26 3171 LAUREN DR	86		04/26/2019
BF -		021-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS s1: CANCELLED				04/29/2019	
BF -		022-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS s1: CANCELLED				04/30/2019	
PR _		006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018084	18 3112 MATLOCK DR	680		04/18/2019
BF _		019-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS	2018084	19 4274 E MILLBROOK CIR	280		04/02/2019
BF -	Comment	017-EPW ENGINEERING- PUBLIC WALK s1: PARTIAL WALK AND DRIVE, MIDWE		50 3352 CALEDONIA DR	145		04/09/2019
BF -	Comment	018-EPW ENGINEERING- PUBLIC WALK s1: PARTIAL WALK AND DRIVE, MIDWE		51 383 FONTANA DR	61		04/09/2019
BC _		017-EPW ENGINEERING- PUBLIC WALK	2018085	52 3356 CALEDONIA DR	144		04/09/2019
BF -		018-PWK PRIVATE WALKS s1: MIDWEST CAL					04/23/2019
BC _		001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE	2018086	50 2678 LILAC WAY	379		04/29/2019
BF -	Comment	014-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS s1: KMP MCCUE	2018086	51 1041 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN	38		04/08/2019
PR -		015-FIN FINAL INSPECTION s1: KMP - MCCUE					04/18/2019
PR _		016-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR REA	D				04/18/2019
BC _	AM	016-GAR GARAGE FLOOR	2018086	54 762 KENTSHIRE DR	113		04/01/2019
BC _	AM	017-STP STOOP					04/01/2019
BC _		014-FIN FINAL INSPECTION	2018086	59 2431 FITZHUGH TURN	148		04/29/2019
PR _		015-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR REA	D				04/29/2019
EEI _	Comment	016-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSP s1: OK TO TEMP	E				04/29/2019
PR _		017-SUM SUMP					04/30/2019
BF _		014-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS	2018089	95 1972 MEADOWLARK LN	147		04/03/2019

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE
CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

CHEED TOK INDIDITION KETOKI

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

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INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE ВС 015-EDA ENGINEERING - DRIVEWAY AP 04/08/2019 Comments1: RSS, STOOPS, PATIO 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/23/2019 PR 017-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/23/2019 PR EEI 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/24/2019 AM 019-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180927 4282 E MILLBROOK CIR 279 04/02/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR, MIDWEST PR 005-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20180929 585 E KENDALL DR 04/24/2019 006-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/24/2019 PR 04/24/2019 PR 007-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 008-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL PR 04/24/2019 014-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180935 1911 WREN RD 14 04/25/2019 ΒF Comments1: PATIO, PW UPLAND ΒF 014-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180936 1901 WREN RD 1.3 04/25/2019 Comments1: UPLAND PM 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180949 4254 E MILLBROOK CIR 283 04/04/2019 ВC PM 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180950 4242 E MILLBROOK CIR 285 04/04/2019 ВС Comments1: CANCEL 019-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS ΒF 04/09/2019 Comments1: MIDWEST, GR ВС PM 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180956 4234 E MILLBROOK CIR 2.8.6 04/04/2019 PM 018-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20180957 4228 E MILLBROOK CIR ВC 287 04/04/2019 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180964 3101 REHBEHN CT 637 04/09/2019 PR 007-BG BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR 04/30/2019 ΒF Comments1: UPLAND, CRAWL AM 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180965 3102 REHBEHN CT 650 PR 04/29/2019 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20180966 3105 REHBEHN CT 638 04/16/2019 PR ΒF 007-BGS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS 04/24/2019 Comments1: GR UPLAND

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	TIME	TYPE OF	INSPECTION	PERMIT	ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	DATE
PR	AM	I 006-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018096	7 3108 REHBEHN CT	649		04/29/2019
PR		008-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018096	8 3109 REHBEHN CT	639		04/25/2019
PR		006-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018096	9 3121 REHBEHN CT	640		04/10/2019
BF	 Comment	007-BGS s1: GR U	BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS PLAND					04/23/2019
PR	AM	I 008-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018097	0 3122 REHBEHN CT	648	04/29/2019	
PR		006-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018097	1 3125 REHBEHN CT	641		04/25/2019
PR		008-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018097	2 3126 REHBEHN CT	647		04/09/2019
ВС		009-RFR	ROUGH FRAMING	2018097	3 3129 REHBEHN CT	642		04/03/2019
ВС		010-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL					04/03/2019
вс		011-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL					04/03/2019
PR		012-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH					04/03/2019
ВC	 Comment		INSULATION DR HORTON					04/04/2019
PR	AM	I 006-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018097	4 3132 REHBEHN CT	646	04/03/2019	
ВС		007-BG	BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR	_				04/17/2019
ВF	 Comment	008-STP						04/23/2019
PR		006-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018097	5 3133 REHBEHN CT	643		04/25/2019
3F	 Comment	014-WKS s1: GR U	PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS PLAND	2018097	6 3136 REHBEHN CT	645		04/23/2019
PR		006-PLU	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	2018097	7 3137 REHBEHN CT	644		04/25/2019
вс		017-PPS	PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE	2018099	2 2093 SQUIRE CIR	218		04/01/2019
3F		1 016-WKS	PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS READY	2018099	6 3287 BOOMBAH BLVD	143		04/23/2019
BF	 Comment	017-REI	REINSPECTION S					04/26/2019

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LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE _ 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20181003 3162 LAUREN DR 113 ΒF 04/03/2019 Comments1: CAL RYAN PBF 017-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/03/2019 Comments1: CAL RYAN 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE EEI 04/03/2019 Comments1: OK TO TEMP 004-BKF BACKFILL 20181004 2581 LYMAN LOOP 37 04/02/2019 ВC AM 005-BGS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS ΒF 04/22/2019 Comments1: GR COX ΒF __ PM 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20181005 2501 LYMAN LOOP 62 04/01/2019 Comments1: COX, GR ____ AM 016-SUM SUMP 04/23/2019 PR ____ 017-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20181014 3212 LAUREN DR 117 04/03/2019 ΒF Comments1: CAL RYAN PBF 018-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/03/2019 Comments1: CAL RYAN 019-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE EEI 04/03/2019 Comments1: OK TO TEMP PM 020-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 04/26/2019 ΒF Comments1: CAL MIDWEST--CANCELLED MONICA 4-26-19 ВС 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20181019 4210 E MILLBROOK CIR 289 04/09/2019 Comments1: GR MIDWEST ВС 016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/15/2019 _____ 017-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ PR 04/15/2019 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/12/2019 EEI Comments1: OK TO TEMP 007-GAR GARAGE FLOOR 20181025 1101 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN 44 ВС 04/08/2019 Comments1: STOOP 008-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/11/2019 PR 009-RFR ROUGH FRAMING ΒF 04/12/2019

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BF _		010-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL				04/12/2019
BF _	Commen	011-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL ts1: SEE NOTES ON INSPECTION REPO	RT FROM B&F			04/12/2019
	Comment	012-INS INSULATION ts1: KITCHEN WIN, WIN NEXT TO SLI ts2: SW CORNER1ST FLOOR AND WIN A ts3: 2ND FLOOR - ALL NEED TO BE I ts4: ATE BY UNDER HEATILATOR BASE	BOVE SLIDER OAMED. INSUL			04/17/2019
BC _		M 013-REI REINSPECTION tsl: INSULATION				04/18/2019
BC _		005-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR	20181026 901 BLACKBE	ERRY SHORE LN 24		04/11/2019
PR _		M 006-RFR ROUGH FRAMING ts1: KMP - MCCUE				04/22/2019
PR _	Ai	M 007-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL				04/22/2019
PR _	Ai	M 008-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL				04/22/2019
PR _	Ai	M 009-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH				04/22/2019
BC _		010-GAR GARAGE FLOOR				04/17/2019
BC _		011-STP STOOP				04/17/2019
PR _	Commen	012-INS INSULATION ts1: KMP, MCCUE				04/25/2019
BC _		003-BKF BACKFILL	20190001 938 PURCELL	ST 82		04/02/2019
PR _		004-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB				04/05/2019
BF _		M 005-BGS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS ts1: NOT READY				04/16/2019
BF _		M 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS ts1: CAL MIDWEST	20190002 3258 BOOMBA	AH BLVD 140		04/26/2019
BC _		016-FIN FINAL INSPECTION	20190003 3141 LAUREN	I DR 89		04/15/2019
PR _		017-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR RE	AD			04/15/2019
EEI _		018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INS	PE		04/15/2019	

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INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE ВС 008-GAR GARAGE FLOOR 20190004 2834 SILVER SPRINGS CT 256 04/10/2019 04/12/2019 ВC 009-STP STOOP ΒF 010-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 04/12/2019 011-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/12/2019 ΒF 04/12/2019 ΒF 012-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 013-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH PBF 04/12/2019 ____ 014-INS INSULATION ВC 04/16/2019 ____ AM 015-EPW ENGINEERING- PUBLIC WALK 04/24/2019 ΒF Comments1: MIDWEST GR AM 006-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR 20190015 1001 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN 34 ВC 04/16/2019 04/18/2019 ВC PM 008-GAR GARAGE FLOOR Comments1: NOT READY 004-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WAT 20190016 991 BLACKBERRY SHORE IN 33 PBF 04/02/2019 Comments1: KMP, MCCUE _____ 005-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB PR 04/25/2019 007-BSM BASEMENT FLOOR 20190017 1093 REDWOOD DR 47 04/03/2019 Comments1: HLC, MCCUE 04/24/2019 PR 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING PR 009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/24/2019 _____ 010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/24/2019 PR 011-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/24/2019 PM 012-INS INSULATION 04/30/2019 PR 015-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20190023 2832 SILVER SPRINGS CT 257 04/11/2019 ВC 016-PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READ 04/18/2019 017-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/18/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR, HORTON EEI 018-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/18/2019 Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP

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LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE ____ 016-WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS 20190030 4351 E MILLBROOK CIR 209 ВС 04/12/2019 ___ 019-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/26/2019 EEI Comments1: WINTER CONDITIONS OK TO TEMP PM 007-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20190031 3122 LAUREN DR 109 04/18/2019 ВC ____ PM 008-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL ВС 04/18/2019 04/18/2019 ВC PM 009-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL PM 010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/18/2019 PR ___ 011-INS INSULATION 04/23/2019 ΒF Comments1: CAL RYAN 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20190032 3291 LAUREN DR 81 04/08/2019 ВC 009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL ВС 04/08/2019 010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/08/2019 ВC _____ 011-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/08/2019 PR ____ 012-INS INSULATION ВС 04/10/2019 AM 013-GAR GARAGE FLOOR 04/08/2019 ВC Comments1: & STOOPS, CALEDONIA--AM PLEASE 003-BKF BACKFILL 83 ΒF 20190033 3251 LAUREN DR 04/02/2019 Comments1: CAL, MIDWEST 04/08/2019 PR 004-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB _____ 005-SEW SEWER INSPECTION 04/05/2019 PR ВС 006-BGS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS 04/10/2019 005-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20190035 2683 MCLELLAN BLVD 49 04/01/2019 PBF Comments1: GR PULTE ВС AM 006-BG BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR 04/04/2019 Comments1: COX, GR 007-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 04/15/2019 ВC 008-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL ВС 04/15/2019

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COMP. INSPECTOR SCHED. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 009-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL ВС 04/15/2019 _____ 010-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/15/2019 PR ___ AM 011-INS INSULATION ΒF 04/18/2019 Comments1: GR - PULTE PBF 006-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20190036 2692 MCLELLAN BLVD 51 04/01/2019 Comments1: GR, PULTE AM 001-FTG FOOTING ΒF 20190040 2577 LYMAN LOOP 36 04/22/2019 002-FOU FOUNDATION ΒF 04/23/2019 Comments1: GR COX __ 003-BKF BACKFILL 04/29/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR PULTE CANCELL PBF 005-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 20190043 2583 LYMAN LOOP 38 04/01/2019 Comments1: GR, PULTE ВF AM 006-BG BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR 04/22/2019 Comments1: GR, COX 007-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/26/2019 PR 008-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 04/29/2019 ВC 009-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/29/2019 ВC 04/29/2019 ВC 010-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 009-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20190044 2793 GAINES CT 193 04/01/2019 ВС _____ 010-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL ВC 04/01/2019 ВС 011-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/01/2019 012-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 04/01/2019 PBF Comments1: STACK, GR, RYAN 013-INS INSULATION 04/03/2019 ВC ΒF ___ AM 014-EPW ENGINEERING- PUBLIC WALK 04/25/2019 Comments1: MIDW GR EEI 015-EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPE 04/30/2019 Comments1: OK TO TEMP

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TINSPECTOR TIN		INSPECTION	PERMIT ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	DATE
BF	009-RFR	ROUGH FRAMING	20190045 485 SHADOW WOOD DR	105		04/11/2019
BF	010-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL				04/11/2019
BF	011-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL				04/11/2019
PR	012-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH				04/11/2019
BC	013-INS	INSULATION				04/15/2019
BC	-	GARAGE FLOOR PS, MIDWEST CAL				04/10/2019
вс	001-TRN	TRENCH - (GAS, ELECTRIC,	20190055 2393 AUTUMN CREEK BLV	D 269		04/02/2019
вс	002-BND	POOL BONDING				04/12/2019
BC	003-PPS nents1: PATIO	PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE AROUND IGP				04/12/2019
вс	001-TRN	TRENCH - (GAS, ELECTRIC,	20190057 736 HAYDEN DR	65		04/18/2019
вс	005-BSM	BASEMENT FLOOR	20190060 2445 WYTHE PL	6		04/01/2019
вс	006-GAR	GARAGE FLOOR				04/01/2019
PR	007-RFR	ROUGH FRAMING				04/30/2019
PR	008-REL	ROUGH ELECTRICAL				04/30/2019
PR	009-RMC	ROUGH MECHANICAL				04/30/2019
PR	010-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH				04/30/2019
	AM 006-BSM ments1: WIN,		20190061 2451 WYTHE PL	7		04/02/2019
	AM 007-GAR nents1: WIN,	GARAGE FLOOR COMEX				04/02/2019
PBF	006-PLU ments1: CAL,	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB RYAN	20190067 3192 LAUREN DR			04/02/2019
	_ AM 007-BGS nents1: MIDWE	BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS EST, CAL				04/03/2019
PR	008-PLR	PLUMBING - ROUGH				04/26/2019

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	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	OI INDIBOTION	I BIGIII I IIDDIGOO	201	DIII	DITTE
	000 5	ED DOUGH EDAMING				04/26/2010
PR		FR ROUGH FRAMING				04/26/2019
PR	010-RI	EL ROUGH ELECTRICAL				04/26/2019
'R	011-Ri	MC ROUGH MECHANICAL				04/26/2019
3C	012-II	NS INSULATION				04/30/2019
3C	AM 001-S	OL SOLAR PANEL SYSTEMS	20190072 556 REDBUD DR	33		04/11/2019
BC	AM 001-Pi Comments1: CAI		20190074 215 DICKSON CT		04/01/2019	
R	PM 002-PI	HD POST HOLE - DECK				04/05/2019
C	PM 003-Ri Comments1: CAi	FR ROUGH FRAMING NCELLED			04/09/2019	
sC.	004-R	FR ROUGH FRAMING				04/12/2019
	005-F: Comments1: DE	IN FINAL INSPECTION CK			04/23/2019	
BF	O05-Pi Comments1: CA		20190075 3272 LAUREN DR	120		04/02/2019
BF	O06-SI	EW SEWER INSPECTION NG SEWER				04/01/2019
3F	AM 007-B0 Comments1: MII	GS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOP DWEST CAL	·S			04/03/2019
PR	008-R	FR ROUGH FRAMING				04/24/2019
PR	009-RI	EL ROUGH ELECTRICAL				04/24/2019
PR	010-Ri	MC ROUGH MECHANICAL				04/24/2019
PR	011-P	LR PLUMBING - ROUGH				04/24/2019
3F	012-II	NS INSULATION L RYAN				04/26/2019
3C	001-F	IN FINAL INSPECTION	20190080 1452 WALSH DR	196		04/09/2019
вс	002-F1	IN FINAL INSPECTION	20190081 2241 PRAIRIE GRASS LN	296		04/03/2019
PR	004-P1	LU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB	20190085 2828 KETCHUM CT	215		04/09/2019

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INSPE	TIME		INSPECTION		ADDRESS	LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
зс			PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE					04/11/2019
3C		006-STP Sts1: MOVE Sts2: FOOTS	INSULATION ON SOUTH SID	E TO CONTA	ACT			04/11/2019
PR		001-WAT W		201900	86 2847 KETCHUM CT	220		04/10/2019
C		002-FTG I		201300	oo zora ngronom or			04/11/2018
F	PI	M 003-FOU H	FOUNDATION					04/15/2019
F		005-BKF						04/18/2019
R		006-PLU I	PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB					04/23/2019
F	Commen		PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE ORK AND STOOPS , GR , M					04/26/2019
BF		005-PLU Its1: PRESTV		201900	39 1941 WREN RD	17		04/01/2019
F			BASEMENT FLOOR CRAWL , UPLAND PRESTWI	CK				04/03/2019
sC.		001-FIN H	FINAL INSPECTION	201900	95 674 W VETERANS PKWY	9		04/29/2019
C	13:00	002-FIN H	FINAL INSPECTION	201900	96 1001 HOMESTEAD DR	122		04/03/2019
С		002-FIN H	FINAL INSPECTION	201900	97 734 JOHN ST	2		04/03/2019
С		001-PHF I	POST HOLE - FENCE	201900	98 2936 ELLSWORTH DR.			04/30/2019
F		M 001-HVC F ts1: AFTER	HVAC 12PM - CHERYL 630-531-		99 1991 MEADOWLARK LN	113	04/22/2019	
F		M 003-FOU Hts1: HLC, N		201901	00 501 OMAHA DR	3		04/02/2019
F	 Commen	004-BKF Hts1: HLC, N						04/09/2019
3C		001-FIN H	FINAL INSPECTION	201901	01 2088 NORTHLAND LN	85		04/04/2019
3F	11:00 Commen		PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE ING 'G' , MID VALLEY 63		02 147 COMMERCIAL DR 7	19		04/09/2019

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Comments1: AC PULTE (5 UNIT TOWNHOME)

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INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 003-BKF BACKFILL 20190105 800 ALEXANDRA LN ΒF 2.0 04/08/2019 Comments1: HMD, MARKER PR 004-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 04/08/2019 Comments1: HMD MARKER 005-UGE UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC PR 04/08/2019 Comments1: HMD, MARKER 04/25/2019 ΒF AM 006-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE Comments1: HMD, MARKER. PLASTIC NEED TO BE SEALED A Comments2: T ALL PENETRATION ANY OVERLAPS LESS THAN Comments3: 12" NEEDS TO BE SEALED, PIPES TAPED ___ AM 001-FTG FOOTING ΒF 20190108 1431 CRIMSON LN 223-1 04/23/2019 Comments1: AC PULTE (5 UNIT TOWNHOME) AC PULTE ___ 002-FOU FOUNDATION ΒF 04/25/2019 Comments1: RSS 5 UNIT TOWNHOME AM 003-BKF BACKFILL 04/29/2019 ВC AM 001-FTG FOOTING 20190109 1433 CRIMSON LN 223-2 ΒF 04/23/2019 Comments1: AC PULTE (5 UNIT TOWNHOME) ΒF ____ 002-FOU FOUNDATION 04/25/2019 Comments1: RSS 5 UNIT TOWNHOME AM 003-BKF BACKFILL ВC 04/29/2019 AM 001-FTG FOOTING 20190110 1435 CRIMSON LN 223-3 ΒF 04/23/2019 Comments1: AC PULTE (5 UNIT TOWNHOME) 04/25/2019 ΒF 002-FOU FOUNDATION Comments1: RSS 5 UNIT TOWNHOME ВC AM 003-BKF BACKFILL 04/29/2019 AM 001-FTG FOOTING 20190111 1437 CRIMSON LN 223-4 04/23/2019 ΒF Comments1: AC PULTE (5 UNIT TOWNHOME) ΒF 002-FOU FOUNDATION 04/25/2019 Comments1: RSS 5 UNIT TOWNHOME AM 003-BKF BACKFILL 04/29/2019 ВC ΒF AM 001-FTG FOOTING 20190112 1439 CRIMSON LN 223-5 04/23/2019

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LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 002-FOU FOUNDATION ΒF 04/25/2019 Comments1: RSS 5 UNIT TOWNHOME ВС AM 003-BKF BACKFILL 04/29/2019 001-WAT WATER 20190114 2821 SILVER SPRINGS CT 245 04/10/2019 PR _____ 002-FTG FOOTING 04/11/2019 ВC ___ PM 003-FOU FOUNDATION 04/15/2019 ΒF Comments1: MIDWEST - GR _____ 004-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB PR 04/23/2019 ΒF 005-BKF BACKFILL 04/18/2019 Comments1: GR - RYAN AM 006-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE ΒF 04/24/2019 Comments1: SLABS & STOOPS MIDWEST GR 007-PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB 04/24/2019 PR 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190118 204 LEISURE ST 109 ВС 04/09/2019 Comments1: SIDING? _____ 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190124 3223 PINEWOOD DR ВС 24 04/15/2019 001-ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & W 20190127 463 NORWAY CIR 8.0 04/03/2019 ВC AM 001-PHD POST HOLE - DECK 20190129 2649 FAIRFAX WAY 256 ВС 04/09/2019 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION ΒF 04/23/2019 Comments1: DECK ____ AM 001-FTG FOOTING ΒF 20190130 1112 CARLY DR 26 04/08/2019 Comments1: NORWOOD, BBW ВС ___ AM 002-FOU FOUNDATION 04/17/2019 Comments1: MID-AM ΒF AM 003-BKF BACKFILL 04/23/2019 Comments1: BBW NORWOOD ВС 11:00 001-PHF POST HOLE - FENCE 20190136 759 KENTSHIRE DR 138 04/11/2019 AM 001-PHD POST HOLE - DECK 20190141 361 TWINLEAF TR 80 ΒF 04/23/2019 002-RFR ROUGH FRAMING PR 04/25/2019

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INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

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SCHED. INSPECTOR COMP. LOT DATE TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190142 4442 PLEASANT CT 1199 ВC 04/03/2019 _____ 001-ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & W 20190145 1824 COUNTRY HILLS DR A 04/09/2019 ВC 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190146 2699 LILAC WAY ВC 321 04/30/2019 Comments1: NO WORK STARTED 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190147 311 SUTTON ST 195 04/16/2019 ВC 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190148 3208 BOOMBAH BLVD 136 04/25/2019 ΒF Comments1: CAL, CEMENTRIX, PREPOUR PATIO ____ AM 001-PHF POST HOLE - FENCE 20190151 2394 HOLLENBACK CT 423 ВC 04/16/2019 _____ 001-PHF POST HOLE - FENCE 20190153 1311 WILLOW WAY 219 ВC 04/09/2019 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190154 1406 CHESTNUT LN 04/17/2019 ВC Comments1: SLIDER 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190159 2472 FAIRFAX WAY 125 04/30/2019 ВC Comments1: SHED ____ AM 003-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20190165 1132 KATE DR 4 0 04/24/2019 ΒF Comments1: AFTER 1PM BASMENT -ΒF ___ AM 004-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/24/2019 Comments1: AFTER 1PM BASEMENT 001-PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 20190168 382 POPLAR DR 04/04/2019 PR 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190175 1063 WESTERN LN 61 04/18/2019 ВC Comments1: SHED 001-BND POOL BONDING 20190178 824 HOMESTEAD DR 20 04/26/2019 ВC ВC 002-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 04/26/2019 Comments1: CANCELLED AM 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190179 2631 BURR ST 82 04/29/2019 ВC PM 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190181 715 BRISTOL AVE 04/22/2019 ΒF Comments1: DRIVEWAY, _____ 001-ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & W 20190185 1015 INDEPENDENCE BLVD 4 ВС 04/17/2019 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190186 302 MILL ST 04/17/2019 ВC ВC AM 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190189 2639 BURR ST 82 04/26/2019

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

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INSPECTOR SCHED. COMP. LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE 001-PHF POST HOLE - FENCE 20190192 1604 CYPRESS LN 04/22/2019 _____ 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/30/2019 ВC __ AM 001-FTG FOOTING 20190193 272 WINDETT RIDGE RD 17 ΒF 04/24/2019 Comments1: WIN RIDGE COMEX 001-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20190196 503 W WASHINGTON ST 6 04/18/2019 ВC 002-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL 04/18/2019 ВC 003-RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL 04/18/2019 ВC 04/18/2019 ВC 004-INS INSULATION 11:00 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190197 512 W WASHINGTON ST 05/02/2019 ВC 001-ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WAT 20190199 875 PURCELL ST 71 04/18/2019 04/23/2019 ΒF AM 002-FTG FOOTING Comments1: BBW MCCUE PM 003-FOU FOUNDATION 04/29/2019 ВС 001-ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & W 20190201 585 W BARBERRY CIR 04/09/2019 ВС PM 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/16/2019 ВC Comments1: ROOF AM 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190205 234 BERTRAM DR ВС 04/15/2019 _____ 001-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 20190210 510 W BARBERRY CIR 74 ВC 04/29/2019 001-ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & W 20190214 4522 GARDINER AVE 1137 04/16/2019 ВC ВС 002-FIN FINAL INSPECTION 04/26/2019 Comments1: ROOF 001-PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE 20190223 4364 E MILLBROOK CIR 270 04/25/2019 ΒF Comments1: GR, PATIO, 001-RFR ROUGH FRAMING 20190224 608 E VETERANS PKWY 04/26/2019 ВC _____002-REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL ВС 04/26/2019 AM 001-PHD POST HOLE - DECK 20190233 1011 S CARLY CIR 87 04/22/2019 ΒF ВС PM 001-FTG FOOTING 20190243 1121 BLACKBERRY SHORE LN 46 04/26/2019 Comments1: 3 SEASON ROOM

DATE: 05/07/2019 UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE TIME: 16:01:17

CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

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COMP.

SCHED.

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

ID: PT4A0000.WOW

Comments1: , RIVERS EDGE

INSPECTOR

	TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION	ON PERMIT	ADDRESS	LOT	DATE	DATE
ВC	AM 001-PPS PRE-POUR	, SLAB ON GRADE 2019024	4 349 BERTRAM DR	1107		04/26/2019
BF	AM 001-ROF ROOF UNDI	ERLAYMENT ICE & W 2019024	7 355 BERTRAM DR	1108		04/22/2019
PR	001-ROF ROOF UND	ERLAYMENT ICE & W 2019025	4 301 OLSEN ST			04/23/2019
вс	002-FIN FINAL INS	SPECTION				04/29/2019
вс	001-PPS PRE-POUR	, SLAB ON GRADE 2019025	8 2663 MCLELLAN BLVD			04/30/2019
PR	001-ESW ENGINEER:	ING - SEWER / WAT 2019026	6 832 ALEXANDRA LN	36		04/29/2019
BF	11:00 001-ROF ROOF UNDE	ERLAYMENT ICE & W 2019027	4 377 POPLAR DR	87		04/25/2019

DATE: 05/07/2019

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE

INSPECTIONS SCHEDULED FROM 04/01/2019 TO 04/30/2019

PAGE: 22 TIME: 16:01:17 CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT ID: PT4A0000.WOW

SCHED. COMP. INSPECTOR LOT TIME TYPE OF INSPECTION PERMIT ADDRESS DATE DATE ADD ADDITION 1
AGP ABOVE-GROUND POOL 3
BIP BUILD INCENTIVE PROGRAM SFD 1 PERMIT TYPE SUMMARY: ADD ADDITION BSM BASEMENT REMODEL COM COMMERCIAL BUILDING CRM COMMERCIAL REMODEL 11 DCK DECK DRV DRIVEWAY 1 ESN ELECTRIC SIGN FNC FENCE FOU FOUNDATION GAR GARAGE HVC HVAC UNIT/S IGP IN-GROUND POOL MIS MISCELLANEOUS 1 12 PTO PATIO / PAVERS REM REMODEL 5 16 SFA SINGLE-FAMILY ATTACHED 16 SFD SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED 292 2 SHD SHED/ACCESSORY BUILDING SOL SOLAR PANELS WHR WATER HEATER REPLACEMENT 1 WIN WINDOW REPLACEMENT BG BASEMENT AND GARAGE FLOOR 6
BGS BASEMENT GARAGE STOOPS 8
BKF BACKFILL 14
BND POOL BONDING 3
BSM BASEMENT FLOOR 6
EDA ENGINEERING - DRIVEWAY APRON 1
EFL ENGINEERING - FINAL INSPECTION 13 INSPECTION SUMMARY: EPW ENGINEERING- PUBLIC WALK ESW ENGINEERING - SEWER / WATER FFD BKFD FINAL INSPECTION 1 FIN FINAL INSPECTION FOU FOUNDATION 11 FTG FOOTING GAR GARAGE FLOOR 12 10 HVC HVAC 1 INS INSULATION 17 MIS MISCELLANEOUS 1 PHD POST HOLE - DECK
PHF POST HOLE - FENCE PLF PLUMBING - FINAL OSR READY 13 PLR PLUMBING - ROUGH 18 33 PLU PLUMBING - UNDERSLAB

UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE CALLS FOR INSPECTION REPORT

PAGE: 23 TIME: 16:01:17

INSPECTIONS	SCHEDULED	FROM	04/01/2019 TO	04/30/2019

INSPECTOR TIME TYP	PE OF	INSPECTION PERMIT AI		LOT	SCHED. DATE	COMP. DATE
		PPS PRE-POUR, SLAB ON GRADE	22			
		PWK PRIVATE WALKS	1			
		REI REINSPECTION	4			
		REL ROUGH ELECTRICAL	21			
		RFR ROUGH FRAMING	25			
		RMC ROUGH MECHANICAL	19			
		ROF ROOF UNDERLAYMENT ICE & WATER	8			
		SEW SEWER INSPECTION	2			
		SOL SOLAR PANEL SYSTEMS	1			
		STP STOOP	11			
		SUM SUMP	2			
		TRN TRENCH - (GAS, ELECTRIC, ETC)	2			
		UGE UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC	1			
		WAT WATER	2			
		WKS PUBLIC & SERVICE WALKS	55			
INSPECTOR SUMMARY:			2			
		BC BOB CREADEUR	141			
		BF B&F INSPECTOR CODE SERVICE				
		BKF BRISTOL KENDALL FIRE DEPT	1			
		EEI ENGINEERING ENTERPRISES	15			
		PBF BF PLUMBING INSPECTOR	14			
		PR PETER RATOS	90			
		PZ PAUL ZABEL	1			
	_		0.0			
STATUS SUMMARY:		BC	29			
		BF	10			
		EEI	4			
	С	PR	5			
	C	PZ	1			
	I		2			
		BC	99			
	I	BF	80			
	I	BKF	1			
	I		2			
	I		10			
	I		79			
	M		1			
	T	BC	12			
	T	BF	4 6			
	T	EEI	9			
	T	PBF	4			
	Т	PR	6			

400



Reviewed By:	
Legal Finance Engineer City Administrator Human Resources Community Development	
Police Public Works Parks and Recreation	

Agenda Item Number
New Business #3
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-47

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Property Mai	ntenance Report for April 2019	
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development Commi	ttee – June 4, 2019
Synopsis:		
Council Action Pre	viously Taken:	
Date of Action:	•	
Item Number:		
Type of Vote Requi	ired: Informational	
Council Action Req	quested: None	
	_	
Submitted by:		Community Development
	Name	Department
	Agenda Item No	otes:



Memorandum

To: Economic Development Committee

From: Pete Ratos, Code Official

CC: Bart Olson, Krysti Barksdale-Noble, Lisa Pickering

Date: May 7, 2019

Subject: April Property Maintenance

Property Maintenance Report April 2019

Adjudication:

15 Property Maintenance Cases heard in April

4/15/2019			
N 0446	2074 Ingemunson Ln	Motor Vehicle	Continued
N 0447	2074 Ingemunson Ln	Motor Vehicle	Continued
N 0448	2074 Ingemunson Ln	Motor Vehicle	Continued
N 0450	335 E Van Emmon St	Junk, Trash, Refuse	Dismissed
4/22/2019			
N 3926	2366 Sumac Dr	Motor Vehicle	Liable \$150
N 3927	310 A Walter St	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3928	310 B Walter St	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3929	307 Heustis St	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3930	2398 Iroquois Ln	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3931	2352 Sumac Dr	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3932	2744 Alan Dale Ln	Motor Vehicle	Liable \$150
N 3933	953 Heartland Dr	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3934	308 E Fox St	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed
N 3935	410 E Main St	Accessory Building	Liable \$2,550
N 3936	574 Shadow Wood Dr	Motor Vehicle	Dismissed

Case Report

04/01/2019 - 04/30/2019

Case #	Case Date	ADDRESS OF COMPLAINT	TYPE OF VIOLATION	STATUS	VIOLATION LETTER SENT	FOLLOW UP STATUS	CITATION ISSUED	DATE OF HEARING
20190243	4/18/2019	Spruce Ct	Commercial Vehicle	CLOSED		COMPLIANT		
20190241	4/29/2019	3298 Seeley St	Trees and Branches	IN VIOLATION	4/30/2019			
20190240	4/29/2019	2075 Marketview Dr	Motorhome	IN VIOLATION	5/3/2019			
20190239		521 W. Ridge Street	Junk Cars and machinery	IN VIOLATION				
20190238	4/26/2019	216 A Hillcrest Ave	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			
20190237	4/26/2019	1303 A/B Sunset Ave	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			
20190236	4/26/2019	221 A Hillcrest Ave	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			
20190235	4/26/2019	223 B Hillcrest Ave		IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			
20190234	4/26/2019	223 A Hillcrest Ave		IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			
20190233	4/26/2019	227 B Hillcrest Ave	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			
20190232	4/26/2019	227 A Hillcrest Ave	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019			

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20190231	4/26/2019	226 A/B Hillcrest Ave	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019		
20190230	4/26/2019	204 A Hillcrest Ave	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/26/2019		
20190229	4/24/2019	639 Andrea Ct	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190228	4/24/2019	560 Fairhaven Dr	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190227	4/24/2019	423 Fairhaven Dr	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190226	4/24/2019	313 Essex Ct	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190225		2744 Alan Dale Ln	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190224	4/24/2019	2366 Sumac Dr	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190223	4/23/2019	210 E Van Emmon St	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/24/2019		
20190222	4/23/2019	1347 Chestnut Ln	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/24/2019		
20190221	4/23/2019	Shadow Wood Dr - Caledonia	Junk, Trash & Refuse	CLOSED		COMPLIANT	
20190220	4/23/2019	4562 Gardiner Ave	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/24/2019		
20190219	4/23/2019	303 Bertram Dr	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/24/2019		
20190218	4/23/2019	355 Bertram Dr	Snipe Signs	IN VIOLATION	4/24/2019		
20190217	4/23/2019	4528 Marquette St	Junk, Trash & Refuse	IN VIOLATION	4/24/2019		

20190216	4/23/2019	401 E. Main St	Accessory Building/Deck & Lack of Inspection/Appr oval	IN VIOLATION	4/23/2019		
20190215	4/22/2019	0208100006	Fire at Green Organics	PENDING			
20190214		Alice Ave next to Whispering Meadows	Grass Clippings in Street	IN VIOLATION	4/23/2019		
20190213	4/22/2019	1407 Cannonball	Sign without Permit	IN VIOLATION	4/22/2019		
20190212	4/22/2019	202 E Countryside	Junk, Trash & Refuse	CLOSED	4/22/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190211		1901 S Bridge St	Light Pole	IN VIOLATION	4/19/2019		
20190210	4/17/2019	2210 Northland Ln	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/17/2019		
20190209	4/17/2019	609 Heustis St	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/17/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190208		124 Naden Ct	Branches in Street	CLOSED	4/17/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190207	4/17/2019	106 E Park St	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/17/2019		
20190206	4/16/2019	107 A Park St	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/17/2019		
20190205	4/16/2019	2374 Titus Dr	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/17/2019		
20190204	4/16/2019	2182 Burr Ct	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/17/2019	COMPLIANT	1
20190203	4/15/2019		Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/16/2019		
20190202	4/15/2019	620 A Veterans	Sign	CLOSED		COMPLIANT	
20190201	4/12/2019	101 D Colonial Pkwy	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	

20190200	4/12/2019	101 C Colonial Pkwy	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190199	4/12/2019	101 B Colonial Pkwy	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190198	4/12/2019	101 A Colonial Pkwy	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190197	4/12/2019	305 A/B Walter St		IN VIOLATION	4/25/2019		
20190196	4/12/2019	307 Olsen St	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/15/2019		
20190195	4/12/2019	316 E Orange St	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190194	4/12/2019	309 E Washington St	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190193	4/12/2019	316 E Washington St	Lack of Address Indentification	IN VIOLATION	4/15/2019		
20190192	4/12/2019	307 E Washington St	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190191	4/12/2019	305 E Fox St	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190190	4/12/2019	308 W Kendall Dr	Branches in Street	CLOSED	4/15/2019	COMPLIANT	

20190189		577 E Kendall Dr	and Sediment Control Maintenance, 2.Junk, Trash & Refuse 3.Grading and Drainage	IN VIOLATION	3/14/2019		
20190188		1202 Sunset	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/12/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190187		204 A Hillcrest Ave	Vehicle	IN VIOLATION	4/12/2019		
20190186	4/12/2019	4489 Tampa Dr	Trailer Parking	CLOSED	4/12/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190185	4/11/2019	771 Windette	Trash	COMPLIANT			
20190184	4/11/2019	223 Pleasure Dr	Vehicle	COMPLIANT			
20190183	4/10/2019	102 Worsley Ln	Exterior Property Maintenance	IN VIOLATION	4/11/2019		
20190182	4/10/2019	1975 Meadowlark Ln	Public Sidewalk Deteriorating	CLOSED			
20190181	4/8/2019		Mud/Nails on Street	CLOSED		COMPLIANT	
20190180	4/9/2019	503 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190179	4/9/2019	506 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190178	4/9/2019	521 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190177	4/9/2019	529 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	

20190176	4/9/2019	541 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190175		525 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190174	4/9/2019	596 W Barberry Cir	Lack of Address Indentification	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190173	4/9/2019		Debris in Empty Lot and Street	CLOSED	4/10/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190172	4/8/2019	2338 Emerald	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/8/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190171	4/8/2019	3223 Pinewood	Sign	CLOSED	4/8/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190170	4/5/2019	276 Burnett St	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/8/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190169	4/5/2019	3178 Boombah	Sign	CLOSED	4/8/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190168	4/5/2019	1824 A Country	Missing Siding	CLOSED	4/5/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190167		348 E Van Emmon St	Rubbish	IN VIOLATION	4/5/2019		
20190166		901 Freemont St	Junk, Trash & Refuse	CLOSED	4/4/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190165	4/4/2019	284 Bruell St	Branches in Street	CLOSED	4/4/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190164		1602 N Bridge St	Junk, Trash & Refuse	CLOSED	4/3/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190163	4/2/2019	306 W	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/3/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190162	4/2/2019	2399 Autumn	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/3/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190161	4/2/2019	622 Andrea Ct	Trailer Parking	CLOSED	4/3/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190160	4/2/2019	101 Naden Ct	Branches in Street	CLOSED	4/2/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190159	4/1/2019	202 Naden Ct	Branches in Street	CLOSED	4/2/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190158	4/1/2019	1047 Hampton	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/1/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190157		1184 Western	Vehicle	CLOSED	4/1/2019	COMPLIANT	
20190142	4/15/2019	98 E Schoolhouse	Sign without Permit	IN VIOLATION	4/15/2019		

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Total Records: 87



Reviewed By:	
Legal Finance Engineer	

City Administrator Human Resources Community Development Police **Public Works** Parks and Recreation

Agenda Item Number
New Business #4
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-48

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: Economic De	evelopment Report for May 20	019
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development Co	mmittee – June 4, 2019
Synopsis: See attac	ehed.	
Council Action Pre	eviously Taken:	
Date of Action: N/A	Action Take	n:
Item Number:		
Type of Vote Requ	ired:	
Council Action Rec	quested:	
Submitted by:	Bart Olson	Administration
<u> </u>	Name	Department
	Agenda Ite	m Notes:



651 Prairie Pointe Drive, Suite 102 • Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Phone 630-553-0843 • FAX 630-553-0889

Monthly Report – for June 2019 EDC Meeting of the United City of Yorkville

May 2019 Activity

Downtown Redevelopment:

- Worked with parties interested in downtown space, including the former "Capitano's Deli". I am not able to disclose particulars at this time, but the party is very serious and is hopeful to reopen later this summer.

Development south of Fox River:

- Continue working with Eleno Silva on banquet center. Eleno is completing both exterior and interior construction in Stagecoach Crossing. Official name of the business is "Martini Banquets". He is focusing on opening in summer of 2019.
- Continue to work with "Hively Garden Center" on a new "ground up" business at Routes 71 and 126. Matt is eager to begin construction this year.
- Continue to work with the owners of "Fountain Village" attract new in line tenants. There is a lot of interest in the center.
- Working with a business who is interested in the NE corner of Route 47 and 71 to do a major ground up project.

Development north of the Fox River:

- Kendall Crossing...Construction is in full swing for the "Hacienda Real" building, the "Flight Tasting Room & Bottle Shoppe" building, and of course the "Holiday Inn Express & Suites" and "Kendall Banquets". "Burnt Barrel Social" with 2,300 square feet and "Chicago Title" with 1,600 square feet will complete the remainder of the multi- tenant building. "Burnt Barrell Social" is a new local gathering place with great food, and small batch whiskey. The final outlot at Kendall Crossing has a serious potential buyer. We may see the project fully built out within the next year.
- **Kendall Marketplace**...Continue to work with specialist consultants from "Bespoke" who have been hired by center owner, Alex Berman, to work through a plan to determine new options and opportunities for the remainder of the project. Also working with perspective inline tenants, and a national restaurant for new construction on an outlot. Preparation continued for ICSC convention. This includes meeting coordination with Alex's broker, Jason Pesola.
- "Arby's" has submitted their building plans for remodel of the former Hardee's location on Route 47 in early 2019. Yonas Hagos, Yorkville resident, will be the owner. Remodel will begin mid-June. Arby's is on pace to open around Labor Day.
- "Gas N Wash" has moved to a new site in Yorkville. They have a 5-acre parcel under contract at Route 47 and Waterpark Way. It is their desire to formally apply to begin the approval process in June. They hope they can be open no later than May 1, 2020.
- Working with a variety of retail and service based businesses that are exploring opportunities in Yorkville. Also, a one-acre outlot immediately north of the multi-tenant building with Rosati's is under contract for a new ground up single use. Details will be forthcoming.

Industrial Development:

- Working with "Yorkville Commercial Center" who is building a 34,560 square foot mulit unit industrial condo building on 2 acres of land in the Yorkville Business Center. Yorkville resident Rick Plachtecka will be moving his company "Machine Tool Diagnostics, Inc" into 3 units with 15 employees. The building will also be the home to another start up business called "TankServ360" which will create 15 new jobs and use one additional unit. There are total of 18 units in the building. Attended the UIRVDA Board meeting, where we were successful in getting Board approval for Enterprise Zone status for the project. The owner now continues the process with the State of Illinois to receive their certification.

Recreation:

- **Go for it Sports**...continue working with the center. "Go For It Sports" continues to develop exciting new programs such as "Adult Soccer", "Car, Truck, Bike & Jeep Show", and "Indoor Mushball League". They are also preparing for "Summer Camps at the Dome".

Other Activity:

- Attended "Chase for Business" workshop on assistance for Women Owned Business at the Hyatt Regency O'Hare.
- Personally met with 37 existing Yorkville businesses in May.
- Attended annual ICSC Conference in Las Vegas from May 19th to May 22nd. See attached recap report.

Respectfully submitted,

Lynn Dubazic

Lynn Dubajic

651 Prairie Pointe Drive, Suite 102

Yorkville, IL 60560 lynn@dlkllc.com 630-209-7151 cell

DLK, LLC (Lynn Dubajic) Recap for ICSC Conference 2019

RECON Conference -May 19th to May 22nd in Las Vegas, NV Over 40,000 Badged Attendees and over 8,000 Unbadged Attendees

Business Category:	Number of Meetings
Restaurants	11
General Retail	5
Health/Wellness	2
Childcare	2
Entertainment/Recreation	1
Developers	10

Attennded Full Conference with Mayor John Purcell and Bart Olson Additionally, Attended 2 Official Dinners and Additionally, Attended 3 Private "By Invitation Only" Receptions

This high energy, large and very busy conference allows attendees to meet with new concepts and historical winners in the Shopping Center Industry.

This Industry is strong and positive...it understand the need to grow and adjust with the economy and reflect consumers desires.



Reviewed By:				
Legal Finance Engineer City Administrator Human Resources				
Community Development Police				

Agenda Item Number
New Business #5
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-49

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Public Works Parks and Recreation

Title: Store Front Occupancy Report					
Meeting and Date:	Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – June 4, 2019				
Synopsis: See attacl	ned.	_			
Council Action Prev	viously Taken:				
Date of Action: N/A	Date of Action: N/A Action Taken:				
Item Number:					
Type of Vote Requi	red:				
Council Action Req	uested:				
Submitted by:	Bart Olson	Administration			
	Name	Department			
Agenda Item Notes:					

Multi Tenant Retail Buidings Yorkville, IL 60560

As of June 1, 2019

•			Square	Vacant Square	Percentage of	Percentage
Center Name	Location	Key Tenant	Footage	Footage	Occupancy	of Vacancy
Yorkville Business Center Retail	Rt 47 & Boombah Blvd	Scrap Cabana	43,308	1,200		
River North	Rt 47 & Cannonall Trail	Olive Gallery	15,000	2,400	84%	16% Verified with Ron Weissenhofer
Yorkville Crossing - Retail 1	Rt 47 & Kennedy	Rosati's	10,211	O	100%	0% Verified with Laurie Kapaldo
Yorkville Crossing - Retail 2	Rt 47 & Countryside Pkwy	Pet Supply Plus	10,608	1,309	88%	12% Verified with Laurie Kapaldo
Kendall Crossing - Retail 1	Rt 47 & Rt 34 NW Corner	Natural Pharmacy	8,400	O	100%	0% Verified with Jim Ratos
Kendall Crossing - Retail 2	Rt 47 & Rt 34 NW Corner	Flight	7,000	O	100%	0% Verified with Jim Ratos
Walgreen's Center -Retail 1	Rt 47 & Rt 34 SW Corner	Advance Auto	7,471	0	100%	0% Verified with Laurie Kapaldo
Walgreen's Center -Retail 1	Rt 47 & Rt 34 SW Corner	Great Clips	5,899	0	100%	0% Verified with Laurie Kapaldo
Yorkville Marketplace	Rt 47 & Rt 34 SE Corner	Jewel	111,591	9,675	91%	9% Verified with Inland
Yorkville Marketplace - Outlot	Rt 47 & Rt 34 SE Corner	Maciano's	5,200	1,875	64%	36% Verfied with Barry Reggi
Yorkville Bowl - Sm Retail	Rt 47 & South of R7 34	Subway	3,536	0	100%	0% Verified with Brandon Partridge
Small Retail	Rt 47 & Landmark	Dave's Meat Market	5,500	1,375	75%	25% Verified with Marlon Mathre
Walnut Center	Rt 47 & Walnut NE Corner	Auto Zone	12,000	0	100%	0% Verfied with Robyn Menheim
Cozy Corner	Rt 47 & Rt 126	Anytime Fitness	14,916	4,000	73%	27% Verified with Mark Reiter
Fountain Village	Rt 47 & Rt 71	Roadhouse	27,385	8,950	68%	32% Verified with Brandon Partridge
Stagecoach Crossing	Rt 47 & Saravanos Dr.	Langston Ped Therapy	5,500	0	100%	0% Verified with Jason Langston/Darren Fox
Heartland Center	Rt 34 & McHugh	Mike & Denise's	28,000	0	100%	0% Verified with Jim Ratos
Shops on 34	Rt 34 & Marketplace Dr	Tuffy's	11,000	0	100%	0% Verified with Brandon/Kim Kribbs
Cannonball Run - Retail 1	Rt 34 & Cannonball SE Corner	BH Martial Arts	12,000	1,700	86%	14% Verified with Jim Karvelas
Cannonball Run - Retail 2	Rt 34 & Cannonball SE Corner	Salsa Verde	12,000	0	100%	0% Verified with Jim Karvelas
Cannonball Run - Retail 3	Rt 34 & Cannonball SE Corner	Legends	8,800	0	100%	0% Verified with Jim Ratos
Town Crossing Center	Rt 34 & Cannonball SW Corner	Wings Etc	18,806	8,050	57%	43% Verified with Jason Pesola
Kendall Marketplace	Rt 34 & Cannonball NW Corner	Marshalls/PetMart	623,376	85,011	. 86%	14% Verified with Jason Pesola
Fox Hill Center	Rt 34 & Sycamore	Cancun Café	23,800	12,000	50%	50% Verified with Chris Mastorakos
TOTALS			1,031,307	137,545	87%	5 13%



Reviewed By:				
	Legal			
	Finance			
	Engineer			
	City Administrator			
	Human Resources			
	Community Development			
	Police			

Agenda Item Number
New Business #6
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-50

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Public Works Parks and Recreation

Title: Selection of Committee Liaisons					
Meeting and Dat	Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – June 4, 2019				
Synopsis: Select	ion of liaisons to the Planning and Zoning Co	mmission and the Kendall			
Count	y Plan Commission.				
Council Action P	Previously Taken:				
Date of Action:	Date of Action: Action Taken:				
Item Number:					
Type of Vote Rec	quired:				
Council Action R	Requested:				
Submitted by:	Bart Olson	Administration			
· <u> </u>	Name	Department			
Agenda Item Notes:					



Reviewed By:				
Legal				
Finance				
Engineer				
City Administrator				
Human Resources				
Community Development				
Police				
Public Works	ΙШ			
Parks and Recreation				

Agenda Item Number
New Business #7
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-51

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: 2019 Meeting Dates				
Meeting an	nd Date:	Economic Development C	Committee – June 4, 2019	
Synopsis:	Review of	the remainder of 2019 med	eting dates for the Economic Development	
	Committ	ee.		
Council Ac	ction Prev	iously Taken:		
Date of Act	tion:	Action Tak	en:	
Item Numb	er:			
Type of Vo	te Requir	ed:		
Council Ac	ction Requ	iested:		
Submitted	by:	Bart Olson	Administration	
		Name	Department	
Agenda Item Notes:				



United City of Yorkville

800 Game Farm Road Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Telephone: 630-553-4350

www.yorkville.il.us

2019 MEETING SCHEDULE

This meeting schedule is subject to revision. Upon revision, all entities that have lodged a request for the meeting schedule will be sent the updated/revised schedule.

City Council Meeting	2 nd & 4 th Tuesday – 7:00 pm at City Hall
January 8 & 22	July 9 & 23
February 12 & 26	August 13 & 27
March 12 & 26	September 10 & 24
April 9 & 23	October 8 & 22
May 14 & 28	November 12 & 26
June 11 & 25	December 10
Administration Committee	3 rd Wednesday – 6:00 pm at City Hall
January 16	July 17
February 20	August 21
March 20	September 18
April 17	October 16
May 15	November 20
June 19	December 18
Economic Development Committee	1st Tuesday – 6:00 pm at City Hall
January 2* (Wednesday, due to Jan. 1st holiday)	July 2
February 5	August 6
March 5	September 3
April 2	October 1
May 7	November 5
June 4	December 3
Public Safety Committee	Quarterly - 1 st Thursday – 6:00 pm at City Hall
January 3	July 3* (Wednesday, due to July 4 th holiday)
April 4	October 3

Public Works Committee	3 rd Tuesday – 6:00 pm at City Hall
January 15	July 16
February 19	August 20
March 19	September 17
April 16	October 15
May 21	November 19
June 18	December 17
Fire and Police Commission	Quarterly, 4 th Wednesday - 6:00 pm at City Hall
January 23	July 24
April 24	October 23
Library Board Meeting	2 nd Monday - 7:00 pm at Library
January 14	July 8
February 11	August 12
March 11	September 9
April 8	October 14
May 13	November 18* (due to Nov. 11 th Veterans Day holiday)
June 10	December 9
Park Board	2 nd Thursday bi-monthly – 6:30 pm at Parks Maintenance Bldg – 185 Wolf Street
January 10	July 11
March 14	September 12
May 9	November 14
Planning and Zoning Commission	2 nd Wednesday - 7:00 pm at City Hall
January 9	July 10
February 13	August 14
March 13	September 11
April 10	October 9
May 8	November 13
June 12	December 11
Police Pension Fund Board	Quarterly, 2nd Tuesday - 5:00 p.m. at Police Dept.
February 12	August 13
May 21* (3 rd Tuesday)	November 12



Reviewed By:				
Legal				
Finance				
Engineer				
City Administrator				
Human Resources				
Community Development				
Police				
Public Works	Ш			
Parks and Recreation				

Agenda Item Number
New Business #8
Tracking Number
EDC 2019-52

Aganda Itam Summary Mama

Agenda Item Su	inimary Memo
E Van Emmon and Benjamin	n Street Rezone
Economic Development Co	mmittee – June 4, 2019
roposed rezone request for pr	operties at the corner of E Van Emmon and
n Street	
viously Taken:	
Action Take	n:
red:	
uested:	
Jason Engberg	Community Development
Name	Department
Agenda Ite	m Notes:
	E Van Emmon and Benjamin Economic Development Co roposed rezone request for pr n Street viously Taken: Action Take red: Jason Engberg Name Agenda Ite



Memorandum

To: Economic Development Committee From: Jason Engberg, Senior Planner CC: Bart Olson, City Administrator

Krysti J. Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director

Date: May 24, 2019

Subject: PZC 2019-15 E Van Emmon and Benjamin Rezone Request

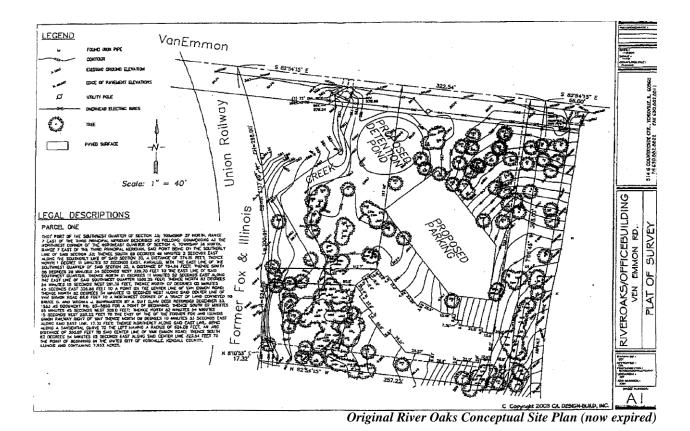
PROPOSED REQUEST:

The petitioner, Ivaylo Gramatikov, is seeking rezoning approval for the parcels located at the southwest and southeast corner of the E Van Emmon Street and Benjamin Street intersection. The petitioner is requesting rezoning approval from B-2 Retail Commerce Business District to R-1 Single-Family Suburban Residence District. The total proposed area to be rezoned consists of approximately 3.47 acres of vacant land. The petitioner is requesting the rezone to market them as large single-family home sites and has no current plans to build on the properties.



PROPERTY BACKGROUND:

The properties at the southern corners of E Van Emmon Street and Benjamin Street is the former River Oaks development. The River Oaks project had a conceptual plan to be a multi-use building containing offices, personal services, and loft apartments on the southwest parcel. A development agreement was adopted in 2010 (Ordinance 2010-27) which approved a concept plan and rezoned the both properties from R-1 One Family Residence District to B-2 General Business District. A term of 5 years for development was established at the time the agreement was adopted. Therefore, the agreement expired in 2015 and now the subject property owners must meet all current ordinances, regulations, and codes. Although, the development agreement and its provisions have expired, the zoning classification must remain, as zoning is not subject to timeframes and the adopted ordinance officially rezoned the parcels.



SITE ANALYSIS:

The following are the current immediate surrounding zoning and land uses:

	Zoning	Land Use
North	M-1 Limited Manufacturing OS-2 Open Space Active	Single-Family Homes, Light Industrial, Baseball Field
South	R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District	Vacant Residential Lots (Kendallwood Estates)
East	R-2 One Family Residential (Kendall County)	Single-Family Homes
West	R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District B-4 Service Business District	Single-Family Homes, Light Industrial

Land Use

The petitioner has been attempting to sell these properties but is having trouble with the current zoning classification. He has received inquiries from potential buyers if a single-family home may be permitted but must deny them due to the B-2 zoning. Therefore, he wants to rezone the properties to market them accurately and attempt to sell them as single-family lots. Single-family detached homes are permitted in the R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District.

Comprehensive Plan (Future Land Use)

The subject properties' future land use is classified as "Suburban Neighborhood." This land use category is designated to generally provide detached single-family residential dwellings on larger lots with street connectivity within the existing development fabric. The overall intent in this land use

classification is to create well-designed, walkable neighborhoods that incorporate open space and appropriate linkages to surrounding areas. The proposed R-2 zoning classification is in line with the Comprehensive Plan's future land use designation. Additionally, the size and location of these lots is much more suitable for residential homes and providing connections between residential use as opposed to commercial uses as stated in the Comprehensive Plan.

FINDINGS OF FACT FOR REZONING:

Section 10-4-10-B of the City's Zoning Ordinance establishes criteria for findings of fact related to rezoning (map amendment) requests. No rezoning shall be recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission without each of the following considered:

- 1. The existing uses and zoning of nearby property.
- 2. The extent to which the property values are diminished by the particular zoning restrictions.
- 3. The extent to which the destruction of the property values of plaintiff promotes the health, safety, morals or general welfare of the public.
- 4. The relative gain to the public as compared to the hardship imposed upon the individual property owner.
- 5. The suitability of the subject property for the zoned purpose.
- 6. The length of time the property has been vacant as zoned considered in the context of land development in the area in the vicinity of the subject property.
- 7. The community need for the proposed use.
- 8. The care to which the community has undertaken to plan its land use development.

The petitioner has provided written responses to these findings as part of their application (see attached) and will request inclusion of those responses into the public record at the Planning and Zoning Commission meeting.

STAFF COMMENTS:

Staff is seeking feedback from the Economic Development Committee regarding this project. This rezone request is tentatively scheduled to go to a public hearing in front of the Planning and Zoning Commission at the July 10, 2019 meeting.

ATTACHMENTS:

- **1.** Application with attachments
- 2. Legal Description



INTENT AND PURPOSE:

An application for Map Amendment, or commonly referred to as "rezoning", is a request to reclassify a property from one zoning designation to within another zoning district. Requests for rezoning must not be merely arbitrary, but has to have validity as to the appropriate zoning classification for the existing or proposed land use in consideration of certain factors such as: the existing land use and zoning of the surrounding properties; suitability of the land use within the current zoning district; the trend of development in the general area; impact the proposed rezoning would have on traffic; the potential diminishment of property values due to the rezoning; and the promotion of public health, safety, morals or general welfare of the public as a result of the proposed rezoning.

This packet explains the process to successfully submit and complete an Application for Rezoning. It includes a detailed description of the process and the actual application itself. Please type the required information in the application on your computer. The application will need to be printed and signed by the petitioner. The only item that needs to be submitted to the city from this packet is the application. The rest of the packet is to help guide you through the process unto completion.

For a complete explanation of what is legally required throughout the Rezoning Request process, please refer to "Title 10, Chapter 14, Section 7 Amendments" of the Yorkville, Illinois City Code.

APPLICATION PROCEDURE:



STAGE 1: APPLICATION SUBMITTAL

The following must be submitted to the Community Development Department:

- One (1) original signed application with legal description.
- Three (3) 11" x 17" copies each of the exhibits, proposed drawings, location map, and site plan. Large items must be folded to fit in a 10" x 13" envelope.
- · Appropriate filing fee.
- One (1) CD or portable USB drive containing one (1) electronic copy (pdf) of each of the following: signed application (complete with exhibits),
 proposed drawings, location map, and site plan. A Microsoft Word document with the legal description is also required.

Within one (1) week of submittal, the Community Development Department will determine if the application is complete or if additional information is needed. These materials must be submitted a minimum of forty five (45) days prior to the targeted Planning and Zoning Commission meeting. An incomplete submittal could delay the scheduling of the project.

Petitioner will be responsible for payment of recording fees and public hearing costs, including written transcripts of the public hearing and outside consultant costs (i.e. legal review, land planner, zoning coordinator, environmental, etc.). The petitioner will be required to establish a deposit account with the city to cover these fees. The Petitioner Deposit Account/Acknowledgement of Financial Responsibility form is attached to this document and must be submitted with the application.



STAGE 2: PLAN COUNCIL

Petitioner must present the proposed plan to the Plan Council. The Plan Council meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursday of the month. The members of the Council include the Community Development Director, City Engineer, the Building Department Official, the Public Works Director, the Director of Parks and Recreation, a Fire Department Representative, and a Police Department Representative. Upon recommendation by the Plan Council, petitioner will move forward to the Planning and Zoning Commission hearing.

STAGE 3: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Applicant must present the proposed plan to the Economic Development Committee. Economic Development Committee meets at 7:00 p.m. on the 1st Tuesday of each month. This session is to discuss and consider recommendations prior to full City Council considerations and provide informal feedback. The Economic Development Committee will submit its recommendation to City Council.

STAGE 4: PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Petitioner will attend a public hearing conducted by the Planning and Zoning Commission. The Planning and Zoning Commission meets on the 2nd Wednesday of the Month at 7:00pm. Notice will be placed in the Kendall County Record by the United City of Yorkville. The petitioner is responsible for sending certified public hearing notices to adjacent property owners within five hundred (500) feet of the subject property no less than fifteen (15) days and no more than thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing date. Twenty four (24) hours prior to the public hearing, a certified affidavit must be filed by the petitioner with the Community Development Department containing the names, addresses and permanent parcel numbers of all parties that were notified. The Planning and Zoning Commission will conduct a public hearing on the request, take public comments, discuss the request, and make a recommendation to City Council. No rezoning shall be recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission unless it follows the standards set forth in City's Zoning Ordinance. The Certified Mailing Affidavit form is attached to this document and must be submitted prior to the scheduled Planning and Zoning Commission meeting.

STAGE 5: CITY COUNCIL

Petitioner will attend the City Council meeting where the recommendation of the rezoning will be considered. The City Council meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of the month at 7:00pm. City Council will make the final approval of the rezoning.



DORMANT APPLICATIONS

The Community Development Director shall determine if an application meets or fails to meet the requirements stated above. If the Director determines that the application is incomplete it will become dormant under these circumstances:

- The applicant has been notified of such deficiencies and has not responded or provided a time line for completing the application within ninety (90) days from the time of notification.
- The applicant has not responded in writing to a request for information or documentation from the initial plan commission review within six (6) months from the date of that request.
- The applicant has not responded to a request for legal or engineering deposit replenishment for city incurred costs and fees within ninety (90) days from the date of the request.

If the Community Development Director has sent the required notice and the applicant has not withdrawn their application or brought it into compliance, then the director shall terminate the application. After termination, the application shall not be reconsidered except after the filing of a completely new application.

Withdrawal or termination of an application shall not affect the applicant's responsibility for payment of any costs and fees, or any other outstanding debt owed to the city. The balance of any funds deposited with the city that is not needed to pay for costs and fees shall be returned to the applicant. (Ord. 2011-34, 7-26-2011)



INVOICE & WORKSHEET PETITION APPLICATION					
CONCEPT PLAN REVIEW	☐ Engineering Plan Review deposit \$500.00	Total: \$			
AMENDMENT	☐ Annexation \$500.00 ☐ Plan \$500.00 ☐ Plat \$500.00 ☐ P.U.D. \$500.00	Total: \$			
ANNEXATION	\$250.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres				
5=	x \$10 = + \$250 = \$ Amount for Extra Acres Total Amount	Total: \$			
REZONING	\$200.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres				
	rezoning to a PUD, charge PUD Development Fee - not Rezoning Fee	Total: \$ 200			
SPECIAL USE	\$250.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres				
5 = # of Acres	x \$10 = + \$250 = \$ Amount for Extra Acres Total Amount	Total: \$			
ZONING VARIANCE	\$85.00 + \$500.00 outside consultants deposit	Total: \$			
PRELIMINARY PLAN FEE	\$500.00	Total: \$			
PUD FEE	\$500.00	Total: \$			
FINAL PLAT FEE	\$500.00	Total: \$			
ENGINEERING PLAN REVIEW DEPOSIT	☐ Less than 1 acre \$5,000.00 ☐ Over 1 acre, less than 10 acres \$10,000.00 ☐ Over 10 acres, less than 40 acres \$15,000.00 ☐ Over 40 acres, less than 100 acres \$20,000.00 ☐ Over 100 acres \$25,000.00	Total: \$			
OUTSIDE CONSULTANTS DEPOSIT Legal,	land planner, zoning coordinator, environmental services				
	For Annexation, Subdivision, Rezoning, and Special Use:				
	☐ Less than 2 acres \$1,000.00 ☐ Over 2 acres, less than 10 acres \$2,500.00 ☐ Over 10 acres \$5,000.00	Total: \$ 2500			
	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE:	\$ 2700			



DATE: 3/28/19	PZC NUMBER:	DEVELOPMENT NAME: FRONTAGE OF MENDALL WOODS ENTRY				
PETITIONER INFORMATION						
NAME: IVAYLO 6	RAMATIKOV	COMPANY: N/A				
MAILING ADDRESS: 2931	Majestic Oaks D	RIVE				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	arles II. 60531	TELEPHONE: 6308026918				
EMAIL: I Vay long	eyahoo, com	FAX: N/A				
PROPERTY INFORMATION						
NAME OF HOLDER OF LEGAL TITLE:	EVAYLO GRAMA	TKOV				
F LEGAL TITLE IS HELD BY A LAND TRUST,	LIST THE NAMES OF ALL HOLDERS OF ANY	BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN:				
PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 5 W	L VANERMON "	2 SEC VAN EMMON				
		3-37-7 - Outached				
CURRENT ZONING CLASSIFICATION:	BZ	REQUESTED ZONING CLASSIFICATION:				
COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FUTURE LAND US	EDESIGNATION: Sulviban n	reign burkthed TOTAL ACREAGE: 1.95 + 1.52= 3.49				
ZONING AND LAND USE OF SURROUND						
NORTH: W1 + 05	2,					
EAST: RA						
SOUTH: R2		Description of the second seco				
WEST: RAYBY						
KENDALL COUNTY PARCEL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER(S)						
SWC	02-33-376-015	VANEMMON				
SEC	02-33-376-015	VANEMMON				
	V.					



ATTORNEY INFORMATION				
NAME: D) KRAMER	COMPANY: KRAMERLAW			
MAILING ADDRESS: 107 Bridge St				
CITY, STATE, ZIP: YORKWILLE IL-COSGO	TELEPHONE: 630 553 9500			
EMAIL: do dan kramer law. com	FAX:			
ENGINEER INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
LAND PLANNER/SURVEYOR INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
ATTACHMENTS				
Petitioner must attach a legal description of the property to this application ar	nd title it as "Exhibit A".			

Petitioner must list the names and addresses of any adjoining or contiguous landowners within five hundred (500) feet of the property that are entitled notice of application under any applicable City Ordinance or State Statute. Attach a separate list to this application and title it as "Exhibit B".



REZONING STANDARDS

PLEASE STATE THE EXISTING ZONING CLASSIFICATION(S) AND USES OF THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE GENERAL AREA OF THE PROPOSED REZONED PROPERTY:

-> Residential Demensionent

PLEASE STATE THE TREND OF DEVELOPMENT, IF ANY, IN THE GENERAL AREA OF THE PROPERTY IN QUESTION, INCLUDING CHANGES, IF ANY, WHICH HAVE TAKEN PLACE SINCE THE DAY THE PROPERTY IN QUESTION WAS PLACED IN ITS PRESENT ZONING CLASSIFICATION:

Residential Benelopment Park near

PLEASE STATE THE EXTENT TO WHICH PROPERTY VALUES ARE DIMINISHED BY THE PARTICULAR ZONING RESTRICTIONS:

Diminishes characterfor future land use Beneficial to plan a Surbahan neighborhood

PLEASE STATE THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY VALUES OF PETITIONER PROMOTES THE HEALTH, SAFETY, MORALS, AND GENERAL WELFARE OF THE PUBLIC:

Vacant & notas asthetic & pleasing to the eye Having Residents - Bring in more Rovenus to Community



KEZUNING SIAN	DAKD2							
Annual Property and the last		10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1						
DI EACE CTATE THE	LENCTH OF TIME TO	E DOODEDTY HAC DE	THI WACANIT AC 701	IED CONCIDENTS II	N THE CONTENT OF	LAND DEVELOPE	CALL IN THE ABE	IN THE MENUTY

THE SUBJECT PROPERTY:

ALWAYS - AS LONG AS AWARE

PLEASE STATE THE COMMUNITY NEED FOR THE PROPOSED LAND USE:

Suburban Plan

WITH RESPECT TO THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, PLEASE STATE THE CARE WITH WHICH THE COMMUNITY HAS UNDERTAKEN TO PLAN ITS LAND USE DEVELOPMENT:

Development for potential Growth Kendallwood Suldivision Streets,

PLEASE STATE THE IMPACT THAT SUCH RECLASSIFICATION WILL HAVE UPON TRAFFIC AND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS ON SAID ROUTES; THE EFFECT, IF ANY, SUCH RECLASSIFICATION AND/OR ANNEXATION WOULD HAVE UPON EXISTING ACCESSES TO SAID ROUTES; AND THE IMPACT OF ADDITIONAL ACCESSES AS REQUESTED BY THE PETITIONER UPON TRAFFIC AND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS AND FLOW ON SAID ROUTES (ORD. 1976-43, 11-4-1976):

NA



REZONING STANDARDS

APPLICATION FOR REZONING

PLEASE STATE THE RELATIVE GAIN TO THE PUBLIC AS COMPARED TO THE HARDSHIP IMPOSED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY OWNER:
Community TAX A
PROMOTE HOUSENG Community - Kindail woods
PLEASE STATE THE SUITABILITY OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY FOR THE ZONED PURPOSES:
ALREADY IN RI Status in past on lot Lots
A NOW COMENT REHEAD NATO LONG
Host are alreedy Establish As Residential-It
that are alredy Establish As Residential-It makes sense for it to Blend & equally be Resendential
AGREEMENT
I VERIFY THAT ALL THE INFORMATION IN THIS APPLICATION IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDERSTAND AND ACCEPT ALL REQUIREMENTS AND FEES AS OUTLINED AS WELL AS ANY INCURRED ADMINISTRATIVE AND PLANNING CONSULTANT FEES WHICH MUST BE CURRENT BEFORE THIS PROJECT CAN PROCEED TO THE NEXT SCHEDULED COMMITTEE MEETING.
I UNDERSTAND ALL OF THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND UNDERSTAND THAT IF AN APPLICATION BECOMES DORMANT IT IS THROUGH MY OWN FAULT AND I MUST THEREFORE FOLLOW THE REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED ABOVE.
Cpularies 3-28-19
PETITIONER SIGNATURE DATE
OWNER HEREBY AUTHORIZES THE PETITIONER TO PURSUE THE APPROPRIATE ENTITLEMENTS ON THE PROPERTY.
OWNER SIGNATURE DATE
DATE.
THIS APPLICATION MUST BE
NOTARIZED PLEASE NOTARIZE HERE:



PETITIONER DEPOSIT ACCOUNT/ ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

PROJECT NUMBER:	FUND ACCOUNT NUMBER:	PROPERTY ADDRES	SS:			
APPLICATION/APPROVAL TYPE (check appl	ropriate box(es) of approval requested):					
CONCEPT PLAN REVIEW	☐ AMENDMENT (TEXT)	☐ ANNEXATION ☐ REZONING				
☐ SPECIAL USE	☐ MILE AND 1/2 REVIEW	☐ ZONING VARIANCE ☐ PRELIMINARY PL			PLAN	
☐ FINAL PLANS	☐ PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT	☐ FINAL PLAT				
PETITIONER DEPOSIT ACCOUNT FUND: It is the policy of the United City of Yorkville to require any petitioner seeking approval on a project or entitlement request to establish a Petitioner Deposit Account cover all actual expenses occurred as a result of processing such applications and requests. Typical requests requiring the establishment of a Petitioner Deposit Account include, but are not limited to, plan review of development approvals/engineering permits. Deposit account funds may also be used to cover costs for services related fees, engineering and other plan reviews, processing of other governmental applications, recording fees and other outside coordination and consulting fees. Each function is established with an initial deposit based upon the estimated cost for services provided in the INVOICE & WORKSHEET PETITION APPLICATION. This initial deposit against to pay for these services related to the project or request. Periodically throughout the project review/approval process, the Financially Responsible Party will nitial deposit account. At any time the balance of the fund account fall below ten percent (100%) of the original deposit amount invoice reflecting the charges made against the account. At any time the balance of the fund account fall below ten percent (100%) of the original deposit are required. In the event that a deposit account is not immediately replenished, review by the administrative staff, consultants, boards and commiss be suspended until the account is fully replenished. If additional funds remain in the deposit account at the completion of the project, the city will refund the balan Financially Responsible Party. A written request must be submitted by the Financially Responsible Party to the city by the 15th of the month in order for the refund chapter when the account was established.					Deposit Account Fund ervices related to legal fees. Each fund account initial deposit is drawn sible Party will receive all deposit amount, the nt reviews/fees related and commissions may und the balance to the the refund check to be	
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FINANCIAL RES	PONSIBILITY					
NAME: IVAYLOGFA	mATIKOV	COMPANY:				
MAILING ADDRESS: 2931 Ma	63,000					
CITY, STATE, ZIP: St Charle:	SIL 60174	TELEPHONE: 6	30-802	6918		
EMAIL:	,	FAX:			-	
I will provide additional funds to maintain Corporation of their obligation to maintain funds. Should the account go into deficit, all	Financially Responsible Party, expenses may the required account balance. Further, the a positive balance in the fund account, unlil City work may stop until the requested replaced from ATIK ov	e sale or other disposi less the United City of lenishment deposit is TITLE	ition of the property d f Yorkville approves a C	loes not relieve the in	ndividual or Company/	
ACCOUNT CLOSURE AUTHORIZATION						
DATE REQUESTED:		☐ COMPLETED	☐ INACTIVE			
PRINT NAME:		□WITHDRAWN	COLLECTIONS			
SIGNATURE:		OTHER				
DEPARTMENT ROUTING FOR AUTHORIZATION	ON: COM. DEV.	BUILDING	☐ ENGINEERING	☐ FINANCE	☐ ADMIN.	

Policy Page 5 Policy Number: 2134299

SCHEDULE A

First American Title Insurance Company

Name and Address of Title Insurance Company: First American Title Insurance Company 27775 Diehl Road Warrenville, IL 60555

File No.: **2134299** Policy No.: **2134299**

Amount of Insurance: \$69,000.00 Date of Policy: December 01, 2011

1. Name of Insured:

Ivaylo Gramatikov and Stella Marie S. Gramatikov

2. The estate or interest in the Land that is insured by this policy is:

Fee Simple

3. Title is vested in:

Ivaylo Gramatikov and Stella Marie S. Gramatikov, as joint tenants with rights of survivorship

4. The Land referred to in this policy is described as follows:

Real property in the City of Yorkville, County of KENDALL, State of Illinois, described as follows:

Parcel One:

That part of the Southwest Quarter of Section 33, Township 37 North, Range 7 East of the Third Principal Meridian described as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of the Northeast Quarter of Section 4, Township 36 North, Range 7 East of the Third Principal Meridian, said point being on the Southerly line of said Section 33; thence South 89 degrees 46 minutes 03 seconds East along the Southerly line of said Section 33, a distance of 374.81 feet; thence North 01 degrees 11 minutes 52 seconds East, parallel with the East line of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 33, a distance of 794.66 feet; thence 88 degrees 28 minutes 34 seconds West 329.70 feet to East line of said Southwest Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 11 minutes 52 seconds along the East line of said Southwest Quarter 1509.25 feet; thence North 82 degrees 54 minutes 15 seconds West 291.36 feet; thence North 07 degrees, 05 minutes, 45 seconds East 326.86 feet to the point on the center line of Van Emmon Road; thence North 82 degrees 54 minutes 15 seconds West along said center line of Van Emmon Road, 66.0 feet to a Northwest corner of a tract of land conveyed to Bruce O. and Virginia J. Buhrmaster by a Quit Claim Deed recorded December 23, 1983 as Document Number 83-5890 for a point of beginning; thence South 07 degrees 05 minutes 45 seconds West 308.0 feet; thence North 82 degrees 54 minutes 15 seconds West 257.22 feet to the East line of the former Fox and Illinois Union Railway right of Way; thence North 08 degrees 10 minutes 53 seconds East along said East line 17.32 feet; thence Northerly along said East line, being along a tangential curve to the left having a radius of 624.08 feet, an arc distance of 300.91 feet to said center line of Van Emmon Road; thence South 82 degrees 54 minutes 15 seconds East along said center line 322.54 feet to the point of beginning in the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois.

Parcel Two:

That part of the Southwest Quarter of Section 33, Township 37 North, Range 7 East of the Third Principal Meridian described as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of the Northeast

Flush Associates Title T. .

Quarter of Section 4, Township 36 North, Range 7 East of the Third Principal Meridian, said point being on the Southerly line of said Section 33; thence South 89° 46' 03" East along the Southerly line of said Section 33, a distance of 374.81 feet; thence North 01° 11' 52" East parallel with the East line of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 33, a distance of 794.66 feet; thence South 88° 28' 34" West 329.70 feet to the East line of said Southwest Quarter; thence North 01° 11' 52" East along the East line of said Southwest Quarter 1509.25 feet to a Northeast Corner of a tract of land conveyed to Bruce O. and Virginia J. Buhrmaster by a Quit Claim Deed recorded on December 23, 1983 as Document 83-5890 for a point of beginning; thence North 82° 54' 15" West 291.36 feet; thence North 07° 05' 45" East 326.86 feet to a point on the center line of Van Emmon Road; thence South 82° 54' 15" East along said center line of Van Emmon Road 161.94 feet; thence South 10° 27' 25" West 202.20 feet; thence South 76° 52' 34" East 130.50 feet to said East line; thence South 01° 11' 52" West along said East line 111.89 feet to the point of beginning in the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois.

First American Title Toning of Comment



Reviewed By:				
Legal				
Finance				
Engineer				
City Administrator				
Human Resources				
Community Development				
Police				
Public Works				
Parks and Recreation				

Agenda Item Number	
New Business #9	
Tracking Number	
EDC 2019-53	

Agenda Item Summary Memo

Title: PZC 2019-17	701 N Bridge Street Rezone	and Variance		
Meeting and Date:	Economic Development Co	mmittee – June 4, 2019		
Synopsis: Details proposed rezone and variance request for 701 N Bridge Street				
Council Action Previously Taken:				
Date of Action:	Action Take	n:		
Item Number:				
Type of Vote Requi	red:			
Council Action Requested:				
Submitted by:		Community Development		
	Name	Department		
Agenda Item Notes:				
See attached memo.				



Memorandum

To: Economic Development Committee From: Jason Engberg, Senior Planner CC: Bart Olson, City Administrator

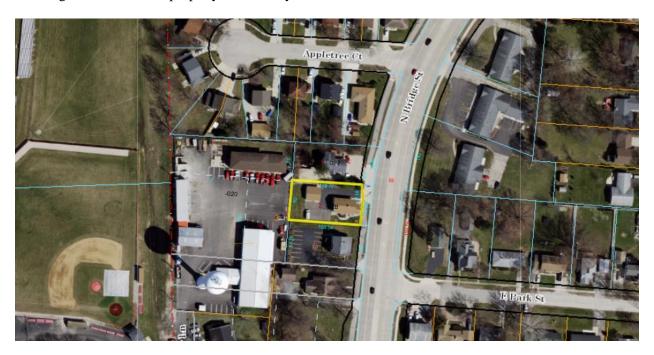
Krysti J. Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director

Date: May 26, 2019

Subject: PZC 2019-17 701 N Bridge Street Rezone and Variance Request

PROPOSED REQUEST:

The petitioner, Margaret LeGrand is seeking rezoning classification and bulk regulation variance approval for 701 N Bridge Street. The property is located on the west side of N Bridge Street south of the Apple Tree Court intersection and north of the E Park Street intersection. The petitioner is requesting rezoning approval from B-1 Local Commerce Business District to R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District. Additionally, the petitioner is requesting variance approval for minimum lot size, lot coverage, and front yard setback requirements within the R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District to allow the existing dwelling to remain on the property without any non-conformities.



PROPERTY BACKGROUND:

The structure on the subject property was originally built as a single-family home site (Kendall County data states it was built in 1930). The property was used as a residential use until 2002 when the property was rezoned to the B-1 zoning district (Ordinance 2002-41). The property's overall lot size and front lot line were reduced in 2015 due to the IDOT expansion of State Route 47.

SITE ANALYSIS:

The following are the current immediate surrounding zoning and land uses:

	Zoning	Land Use
North	R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District	Multi-Family Dwelling
South	B-1 Local Commerce Business District	Small Business (Counselor)
East	R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District R-3 Multi-Family Attached Residence District	Accessory Garage, Multi-Family Dwelling
West	R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District	Yorkville Public Works Facilities

Land Use Request

The petitioner is requesting that this property be rezoned to a residential district, so she may live in the existing house. She has no plans of running a business or home occupation at this location. The R-2 Single-Family Traditional Residence District permits single-family detached homes as well as accessory garages. The R-2 District is the most appropriate residential district due to the size of the lot, dwelling unit density, and proximity to other R-2 zoned properties.

It should be noted that the petitioner is currently living in the house during this rezoning process. They are aware that if rezoning to the R-2 District is not approved, they will not be compliant with the Yorkville Zoning Code.

Bulk Regulations

The following are the bulk regulations for the R-2 District compared to the petitioner's actual measurements:

	Min. Lot Size	Max. Lot Coverage	Min. Front Yard Setback	Min. Side Yard Setback	Min. Rear Yard Setback
Required Regulations	12,000 sq. ft.	45%	30 ft.	10 ft.	40 ft.
Petitioner's Measurements	11,041 sq. ft.	48%	10.1 ft.	27 ft.	49 ft.

The three highlighted measurements are not in compliance with the R-2 District. The petitioner is requesting to vary these regulations to the existing measurements so the structure will be compliant in the zoning district. The following lists the requested variances:

Minimum Lot Size to be reduced to 11,041 square feet

The petitioner is requesting to reduce the minimum lot size by 959 square feet (8%). Before the State Route 47 expansion in 2015, the 12,000 square foot minimum lot size would have been met and the only reason to apply for a variance is because of that expansion.

Minimum Front Yard Setback to be reduced to 10.1 feet

The petitioner is requesting to reduce the required front yard setback by 19.9 feet (66%). Before the State Route 47 expansion in 2015, the structure was set back 27 feet to the front property line. The front yard setback in the B-1 District is also 30 feet, which means even before the expansion, this property was legally non-conforming. With a 10.1-foot front yard setback, this property contains a legally non-conforming structure and the requested variance would make this structure legally conforming.

Maximum Lot Coverage to be increased to 48 percent

The petitioner is requesting to increase the maximum allowable lot coverage by three (3%) percent. The existing structures and paved surfaces take up 48 percent of the property. The petitioner has no intention to add any additional structures or accessories that will increase their lot coverage ratio.

Section 10-4-7-D of the Yorkville Zoning Ordinance lists authorized variances which the Planning and Zoning Commission may approve without City Council review. Of the three requested variances, only the reduction in minimum lot size is an authorized variance. Section 10-4-7-D-h states:

"To exceed any of the authorized variations allowed under this subsection when a lot of record or a zoning lot, vacant or legally used on the effective date hereof, is, by reason of the exercise of the right of eminent domain by any authorized governmental domain proceeding, reduced in size so that the remainder of said lot of record or zoning lot or structure on said lot does not conform with one or more of the regulations of the district in which said lot of record or zoning lot or structure is located."

Since the sole reason for the request to reduce the minimum lot size requirement is the result of IDOT's widening of Route 47, this request will be reviewed and authorized by the Planning and Zoning Commission. The other two variance requests must be reviewed and approved by the City Council. The front yard setback is not an authorized variance because the structure was already non-conforming to the 30 foot required front yard setback and the widening did not cause the non-conformity. Additionally, there are no authorized variations in the code which address lot coverage variances.

Comprehensive Plan (Future Land Use)

The subject property's future land use is classified as "Traditional Neighborhood Residential." This land use category is designated to generally provide detached single-family homes with existing or enhanced infrastructure. This category emphasizes maintaining existing densities and preserving or rehabilitating existing housing. The proposed land use and R-2 zoning classification are in line with the Comprehensive Plan's future land use designation for this property.

FINDINGS OF FACT FOR REZONING:

Section 10-4-10-B of the City's Zoning Ordinance establishes criteria for findings of fact related to rezoning (map amendment) requests. No rezoning shall be recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission without each of the following considered:

- 1. The existing uses and zoning of nearby property.
- 2. The extent to which the property values are diminished by the particular zoning restrictions.
- 3. The extent to which the destruction of the property values of plaintiff promotes the health, safety, morals or general welfare of the public.
- 4. The relative gain to the public as compared to the hardship imposed upon the individual property owner.
- 5. The suitability of the subject property for the zoned purpose.
- 6. The length of time the property has been vacant as zoned considered in the context of land development in the area in the vicinity of the subject property.
- 7. The community need for the proposed use.
- 8. The care to which the community has undertaken to plan its land use development.

STANDARDS FOR GRANTING A VARIANCE:

The Planning and Zoning Commission must base its decision to vary, or recommend varying, the Petitioner's request for relief of the Zoning Ordinance regulation upon the following standards (Section 10-4-7-C):

- 1. Because of the particular physical surroundings, shape or topographical conditions of the specific property involved, a particular hardship to the owner would result, as distinguished from a mere inconvenience, if the strict letter of the regulations was carried out.
- 2. The conditions upon which the petition for a variation is based are unique to the property for which the variation is sought and are not applicable, generally, to other property within the same zoning classification.
- 3. The alleged difficulty or hardship is caused by this title and has not been created by any person presently having an interest in the property.
- 4. The granting of the variation will not be detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to other property or improvements in the neighborhood in which the property is located.
- 5. The proposed variation will not impair an adequate supply of light and air to adjacent property, or substantially increase the congestion in the public streets, or increase the danger to the public safety, or substantially diminish or impair property values within the neighborhood.
- 6. The proposed variation is consistent with the official comprehensive plan and other development standards and policies of the city.

The petitioner has provided written responses to these findings as part of their application (see attached) and will request inclusion of those responses into the public record at the Planning and Zoning Commission meeting.

STAFF COMMENTS:

Staff is seeking feedback from the Economic Development Committee regarding this project. This rezone and variance request is tentatively scheduled to go to a public hearing in front of the Planning and Zoning Commission at the July 10, 2019 meeting.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Rezoning Application
- **2.** Variance Application
- **3.** Plat of Survey
- **4.** Property Owners within 500 Feet



United City of Yorkville 800 Game Farm Road Yorkville, Illinois, 60560 Telephone: 630-553-4350 Fax: 630-553-7575

APPLICATION FOR REZONING

INTENT AND PURPOSE:

An application for Map Amendment, or commonly referred to as "rezoning", is a request to reclassify a property from one zoning designation to within another zoning district. Requests for rezoning must not be merely arbitrary, but has to have validity as to the appropriate zoning classification for the existing or proposed land use in consideration of certain factors such as: the existing land use and zoning of the surrounding properties; suitability of the land use within the current zoning district; the trend of development in the general area; impact the proposed rezoning would have on traffic; the potential diminishment of property values due to the rezoning; and the promotion of public health, safety, morals or general welfare of the public as a result of the proposed rezoning.

This packet explains the process to successfully submit and complete an Application for Rezoning. It includes a detailed description of the process and the actual application itself. Please type the required information in the application on your computer. The application will need to be printed and signed by the petitioner. The only item that needs to be submitted to the city from this packet is the application. The rest of the packet is to help guide you through the process unto completion.

For a complete explanation of what is legally required throughout the Rezoning Request process, please refer to "Title 10, Chapter 14, Section 7 Amendments" of the Yorkville, Illinois City Code.

APPLICATION PROCEDURE:

STAGE 1

Submit Application, Fees, and All Pertinent Information to the Community Development Department

STAGE 2

olan Council view

on he 2nd 4th The ssday the Month

STAGE 3

Economic Development Committee

Meets on the 1st Tuesday of the Month

STAGE 4

Planning and Zoning Commission Public Hearing

Meets on the 2nd Wednesday of the Month

STAGE 5

City Council Public Hearing

Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of the Month

STAGE 1: APPLICATION SUBMITTAL

The following must be submitted to the Community Development Department:

- · One (1) original signed application with legal description.
- Three (3) 11" x 17" copies each of the exhibits, proposed drawings, location map, and site plan. Large items must be folded to fit in a 10" x 13" envelope.
- Appropriate filing fee.
- One (1) CD or portable USB drive containing one (1) electronic copy (pdf) of each of the following: signed application (complete with exhibits), proposed drawings, location map, and site plan. A Microsoft Word document with the legal description is also required.

Within one (1) week of submittal, the Community Development Department will determine if the application is complete or if additional information is needed. These materials must be submitted a minimum of forty five (45) days prior to the targeted Planning and Zoning Commission meeting. An incomplete submittal could delay the scheduling of the project.

Petitioner will be responsible for payment of recording fees and public hearing costs, including written transcripts of the public hearing and outside consultant costs (i.e. legal review, land planner, zoning coordinator, environmental, etc.). The petitioner will be required to establish a deposit account with the city to cover these fees. The Petitioner Deposit Account/Acknowledgement of Financial Responsibility form is attached to this document and must be submitted with the application.



STAGE 2: PLAN COUNCIL

Petitioner must present the proposed plan to the Plan Council. The Plan Council meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursday of the month. The members of the Council include the Community Development Director, City Engineer, the Building Department Official, the Public Works Director, the Director of Parks and Recreation, a Fire Department Representative, and a Police Department Representative. Upon recommendation by the Plan Council, petitioner will move forward to the Planning and Zoning Commission hearing.

STAGE 3: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Applicant must present the proposed plan to the Economic Development Committee. Economic Development Committee meets at 7:00 p.m. on the 1st Tuesday of each month. This session is to discuss and consider recommendations prior to full City Council considerations and provide informal feedback. The Economic Development Committee will submit its recommendation to City Council.

STAGE 4: PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Petitioner will attend a public hearing conducted by the Planning and Zoning Commission. The Planning and Zoning Commission meets on the 2nd Wednesday of the Month at 7:00pm. Notice will be placed in the Kendall County Record by the United City of Yorkville. The petitioner is responsible for sending certified public hearing notices to adjacent property owners within five hundred (500) feet of the subject property no less than fifteen (15) days and no more than thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing date. Twenty four (24) hours prior to the public hearing, a certified affidavit must be filed by the petitioner with the Community Development Department containing the names, addresses and permanent parcel numbers of all parties that were notified. The Planning and Zoning Commission will conduct a public hearing on the request, take public comments, discuss the request, and make a recommendation to City Council. No rezoning shall be recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission unless it follows the standards set forth in City's Zoning Ordinance. The Certified Mailing Affidavit form is attached to this document and must be submitted prior to the scheduled Planning and Zoning Commission meeting.

STAGE 5: CITY COUNCIL

Petitioner will attend the City Council meeting where the recommendation of the rezoning will be considered. The City Council meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of the month at 7:00pm. City Council will make the final approval of the rezoning.



DORMANT APPLICATIONS

The Community Development Director shall determine if an application meets or fails to meet the requirements stated above. If the Director determines that the application is incomplete it will become dormant under these circumstances:

- The applicant has been notified of such deficiencies and has not responded or provided a time line for completing the application within ninety (90) days from the time of notification.
- The applicant has not responded in writing to a request for information or documentation from the initial plan commission review within six (6) months from the date of that request.
- The applicant has not responded to a request for legal or engineering deposit replenishment for city incurred costs and fees within ninety (90) days from the date of the request.

If the Community Development Director has sent the required notice and the applicant has not withdrawn their application or brought it into compliance, then the director shall terminate the application. After termination, the application shall not be reconsidered except after the filing of a completely new application.

Withdrawal or termination of an application shall not affect the applicant's responsibility for payment of any costs and fees, or any other outstanding debt owed to the city. The balance of any funds deposited with the city that is not needed to pay for costs and fees shall be returned to the applicant. (Ord. 2011-34, 7-26-2011)



INVOICE & WORKSHEET PE	TITION APPLICATION	
CONCEPT PLAN REVIEW	☐ Engineering Plan Review deposit \$500.00	Total: \$
AMENDMENT	☐ Annexation \$500.00 ☐ Plan \$500.00 ☐ Plat \$500.00 ☐ P.U.D. \$500.00	Total: \$
ANNEXATION -5 = Acres over 5		Total: \$
	\$200.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres e; if rezoning to a PUD, charge PUD Development Fee - not Rezoning Fee x \$10 = + \$200 = \$ Amount for Extra Acres Total Amount	Total: \$ ZCC
		Total: \$
ZONING VARIANCE	\$85.00 + \$500.00 outside consultants deposit	Total: \$ 95
PRELIMINARY PLAN FEE	\$500.00	Total: \$
PUD FEE	\$500.00	Total: \$
FINAL PLAT FEE	□ \$500.00	Total: \$
ENGINEERING PLAN REVIEW DEPOSIT	□ Less than 1 acre \$5,000.00 □ Over 1 acre, less than 10 acres \$10,000.00 □ Over 10 acres, less than 40 acres \$15,000.00 □ Over 40 acres, less than 100 acres \$20,000.00 □ Over 100 acres \$25,000.00	Total: \$
OUTSIDE CONSULTANTS DEPOSIT Leg		
	For Annexation, Subdivision, Rezoning, and Special Use: Less than 2 acres \$1,000.00 Over 2 acres, less than 10 acres \$2,500.00 Over 10 acres \$5,000.00	Total: \$ 1,000
	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE	# 1,285



DATE: 4-B-19	PZC NUMBER:	DEVELOPMENT NAME:			
PETITIONER INFORMATION					
NAME: MARGARET L	E GRAND	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS: 701	N. BRIDGE S	Et .			
CITY, STATE, ZIP: YORKUILL	a a	TELEPHONE: 630-217-0718			
EMAIL: peggie 3/1 09	Panail com	FAX:			
PROPERTY INFORMATION					
NAME OF HOLDER OF LEGAL TITLE:			-		
MARGARET LEGRAND INTRUSTA OF LEGRIND	LIST THE NAMES OF ALL HOLDERS OF ANY I	BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN: RACFH J LEERAND IN TRUSTEE OF LEGRAND GRANDCHILDREN TRUST 12-9-11	2		
PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 70	1 N BRIDGE .				
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY'S PHYSICAL LOT 2 IN NORTH 3 GRANTED TO BERT OF THE CIRCUIT GOYET HUMBER 2011-2060	OCATION: BRIDGE STREET SUBDIVISION RAYS PORTAIN STATE OF TOR KENDALL COUNTY, - 3 IN YORKVILLE K.	ON, EXCEPTING THERE FORE THAT PART OF LANGE ATT. BY COURT ORDER ENTERED IN CASE NO HED. FRINCIS & RECORDED 12-9-2011 DOCUMENT ENDAL COURTS JUINOIS	W 25		
CURRENT ZONING CLASSIFICATION:	CURRENT ZONING CLASSIFICATION: $B-1$ REQUESTED ZONING CLASSIFICATION: $R-Z$				
COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FUTURE LAND USE	DESIGNATION:	TOTAL ACREAGE:			
ZONING AND LAND USE OF SURROUND	ING PROPERTIES				
NORTH: RES					
EAST: LEN RES-CON	7 17				
SOUTH: RES - COMM	***************************************				
WEST: Comm					
KENDALL COUNTY PARCEL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER(S)					



ATTORNEY INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:	***************************************		
ENGINEER INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
LAND PLANNER/SURVEYOR INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
ATTACHMENTS		**********		
Petitioner must attach a legal description of the pro	perty to this application and title it as "Exhibit A".			
	adjoining or contiguous landowners within five hundred (500) feet of the property that are entitled not	tice		

of application under any applicable City Ordinance or State Statute. Attach a separate list to this application and title it as "Exhibit B".



REZONING STANDARDS
PLEASE STATE THE EXISTING ZONING CLASSIFICATION(S) AND USES OF THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE GENERAL AREA OF THE PROPOSED REZONED PROPERTY:
R-Z B-1
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PLEASE STATE THE TREND OF DEVELOPMENT, IF ANY, IN THE GENERAL AREA OF THE PROPERTY IN QUESTION, INCLUDING CHANGES, IF ANY, WHICH HAVETAKEN PLACE SINCE THE DAY THE PROPERTY IN QUESTION WAS PLACED IN ITS PRESENT ZONING CLASSIFICATION:
BOTH COMM. + RES.
PLEASE STATE THE EXTENT TO WHICH PROPERTY VALUES ARE DIMINISHED BY THE PARTICULAR ZONING RESTRICTIONS:
THEY ARE UST
1401/410 001
PLEASE STATE THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY VALUES OF PETITIONER PROMOTES THE HEALTH, SAFETY, MORALS, AND GENERAL WELFARE OF THE
PUBLIC:
None



DETANING CTANDADDO

APPLICATION FOR REZONING

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PLEASE STATE THE LENGTH OF TIME THE PROPERTY HAS BEEN VACANT AS ZONED CONSIDERED IN THE CONTEXT OF LAND DEVELOPMENT IN THE AREA IN THE VICINITY OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY:

NOT **VAC.***

PLEASE STATE THE COMMUNITY NEED FOR THE PROPOSED LAND USE:

EXSISTING NEAR BY USES

WITH RESPECT TO THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, PLEASE STATE THE CARE WITH WHICH THE COMMUNITY HAS UNDERTAKEN TO PLAN ITS LAND USE DEVELOPMENT:

FUTURE LAND USE RESIDENTAL

PLEASE STATE THE IMPACT THAT SUCH RECLASSIFICATION WILL HAVE UPON TRAFFIC AND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS ON SAID ROUTES; THE EFFECT, IF ANY, SUCH RECLASSIFICATION AND/OR ANNEXATION WOULD HAVE UPON EXISTING ACCESSES TO SAID ROUTES; AND THE IMPACT OF ADDITIONAL ACCESSES AS REQUESTED BY THE PETITIONER UPON TRAFFIC AND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS AND FLOW ON SAID ROUTES (ORD. 1976-43, 11-4-1976):

NONE



REZONING STANDARDS

APPLICATION FOR REZONING

PLEASE STATE THE RELATIVE GAIN TO THE PUBLIC AS COMPARED TO THE HARDSHIP	IMPOSED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY OWNER:
NONE	
TYONE	
PLEASE STATE THE SUITABILITY OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY FOR THE ZONED PURPOS	SES:
ALREADY HOUSE	
MLKEADY MO4SE	
AGREEMENT	
	OF MY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDERSTAND AND ACCEPT ALL REQUIREMENTS AND FEES AS
SCHEDULED COMMITTEE MEETING.	ANT FEES WHICH MUST BE CURRENT BEFORE THIS PROJECT CAN PROCEED TO THE NEXT
	ERSTAND THAT IF AN APPLICATION BECOMES DORMANT IT IS THROUGH MY OWN FAULT
AND I MUST THEREFORE FOLLOW THE REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED ABOVE.	
	. / .
Managet De aland	4/9/19
PETITIONER SIGNATURE	DATE
<i>V</i>	
OWNER HEREBY AUTHORIZES THE PETITIONER TO PURSUE THE APPROPRIATE ENTITL	EMENTS ON THE PROPERTY.
Margaret Jebra d	4/9/19
OWNERSIGNATURE	DATE
	OFFICIAL SEAL
	ANDREA M WEINERT NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS
THIS APPLICATION MUST BE	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:12/27/22
NOTARIZED PLEASE NOTARIZE HERE:	



PETITIONER DEPOSIT ACCOUNT/ ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

PROJECT NUMBER:	FUND ACCOUNT NUMBER:	PROPERTY ADDRE	. /	BRIDGE	F	VORKUME
APPLICATION/APPROVAL TYPE (check appropriate box(es) of approval requested):						
CONCEPT PLAN REVIEW	☐ AMENDMENT (TEXT)	☐ ANNEXATION		🔀 REZO	NING	
☐ SPECIAL USE	☐ MILE AND 1/2 REVIEW	ZONING VARIA	NCE	☐ PREL	IMINARY PL	LAN
☐ FINAL PLANS	PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT	☐ FINAL PLAT				
PETITIONER DEPOSIT ACCOUNT FUND: It is the policy of the United City of Yorkville to require any petitioner seeking approval on a project or entitlement request to establish a Petitioner Deposit Account Force all actual expenses occurred as a result of processing such applications and requests. Typical requests requiring the establishment of a Petitioner Deposit Account include, but are not limited to, plan review of development approvals/engineering permits. Deposit account funds may also be used to cover costs for services related to fees, engineering and other plan reviews, processing of other governmental applications, recording fees and other outside coordination and consulting fees. Each fund a is established with an initial deposit based upon the estimated cost for services provided in the INVOICE & WORKSHEET PETITION APPLICATION. This initial deposit is against to pay for these services related to the project or request. Periodically throughout the project review/approval process, the Financially Responsible Party will an invoice reflecting the charges made against the account. At any time the balance of the fund account fall below ten percent (10%) of the original deposit amou Financially Responsible Party will receive an invoice requesting additional funds equal to one-hundred percent (100%) of the initial deposit if subsequent reviews/fees to the project are required. In the event that a deposit account is not immediately replenished, review by the administrative staff, consultants, boards and commission be suspended until the account is fully replenished. If additional funds remain in the deposit account at the completion of the project, the city will refund the balance Financially Responsible Party. A written request must be submitted by the Financially Responsible Party to the city by the 15th of the month in order for the refund check when the account was established.					Deposit Account Fund vices related to legal as. Each fund account itial deposit is drawn ble Party will receive deposit amount, the reviews/fees related nd commissions may do the balance to the refund check to be	
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FINANCIAL RE	SPONSIBILITY					
NAME: MARGARET L	E GRAND	COMPANY:	*****			
MAILING ADDRESS: 701 N &	BR106E ST					
CITY, STATE, ZIP: YOR KUICLE		TELEPHONE:	130-2	17-0718	2	
EMAIL: Peggie 311 @	amail com	FAX:				
FINANCIÁLLY RÉSPONSIBLE PARTY: I acknowledge and understand that as the I I will provide additional funds to maintain Corporation of their obligation to maintain funds. Should the account go into deficit, al	Financially Responsible Party, expenses may be the required account balance. Further, the apositive balance in the fund account, unly a little work may stop until the requested replace.	sale or other dispos ess the United City o	ition of the pro f Yorkville appr	perty does not reli	eve the indi	ividual or Company/
		DATE	7	***************************************		
ACCOUNT CLOSURE AUTHORIZATION						
DATE REQUESTED:		☐ COMPLETED	☐ INACTIV	E		
PRINT NAME:		□ WITHDRAWN	COLLECT	TIONS		
SIGNATURE:		OTHER				
DEPARTMENT ROUTING FOR AUTHORIZATI	ON: COM. DEV.	BUILDING	☐ ENGINEE	RING FINAN	ICE	☐ ADMIN.



INTENT AND PURPOSE:

The purpose of a variance is to provide relief from certain regulations of the zoning ordinance to permit the use of land in a way that is not otherwise permitted under the ordinance. A variance is granted when the terms of the zoning ordinance, if literally applied, would create an unreasonable hardship on the landowner, making the property virtually useless.

This packet explains the process to successfully submit and complete an Application for a Variance Request. It includes a detailed description of the process and the actual application itself. Please type the required information in the application on your computer. The application will need to be printed and be signed by the petitioner. The only item that needs to be submitted to the city from this packet is the application. The rest of the packet is to help guide you through the process unto completion.

For a complete explanation of what is legally required throughout the Variance Request process, please refer to "Title 10, Chapter 4, Section 7 Variations" of the Yorkville, Illinois City Code.

APPLICATION PROCEDURE:

STAGE 1

Submit
Application, Fees, and All Pertinent Information to the Community Development Department

STAGE 2 Plan Council

Review (if applicable)

Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursday of the Month

STAGE 3

Planning and Zoning Commission Public Hearing

Meets on the 2nd Wednesday of the Month

STAGE 4 City Council

Public Hearing (if applicable)

Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of the Month

STAGE 1: APPLICATION SUBMITTAL

The following must be submitted to the Community Development Department:

- One (1) original signed application with legal description.
- Three (3) 11" x 17" copies each of the exhibits, proposed drawings, location map, and site plan. Large items must be folded to fit in a 10" x 13" envelope.
- · Appropriate filing fee.
- One (1) CD or portable USB drive containing one (1) electronic copy (pdf) of each of the following: signed application (complete with exhibits), proposed drawings, location map, and site plan. A Microsoft Word document with the legal description is also required.

Within one (1) week of submittal, the Community Development Department will determine if the application is complete or if additional information is needed. These materials must be submitted a minimum of forty five (45) days prior to the targeted Planning and Zoning Commission meeting. An incomplete submittal could delay the scheduling of the project. The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District requires Natural Resource Inventory (NRI) applications from petitioners seeking variances. A copy of this application can be found on the District's website (www.KendallSWCD.org).

Petitioner will be responsible for payment of recording fees and public hearing costs, including written transcripts of the public hearing and outside consultant costs (i.e. legal review, land planner, zoning coordinator, environmental, etc.). The petitioner will be required to establish a deposit account with the city to cover these fees. The Petitioner Deposit Account/Acknowledgment of Financial Responsibility form is attached to this document and must be submitted with the application.



STAGE 2: PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Petitioner will attend a public hearing conducted by the Planning and Zoning Commission. The Planning and Zoning Commission meets on the 2nd Wednesday of the Month at 7:00pm. Notice will be placed in the Kendall County Record by the United City of Yorkville. The petitioner is responsible for sending certified public hearing notices to adjacent property owners within five hundred (500) feet of the subject property no less than fifteen (15) days and no more than thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing date. Twenty four (24) hours prior to the public hearing, a certified affidavit must be filed by the petitioner with the Community Development Department containing the names, addresses and permanent parcel numbers of all parties that were notified. The Certified Mailing Affidavit form is attached to this document and must be submitted prior to the scheduled Planning and Zoning Commission meeting.

If the Planning and Zoning Commission decides that the requested variance adheres to the standards set forth by the Illinois municipal code, then the variance may be granted under these instances and no others:

- To permit any yard or setback less than the yard or setback required by the applicable regulations, but by no more than twenty-five percent (25%).
- To permit the use of a lot or lots for a use otherwise prohibited solely because of insufficient area or widths of the lot or lots but in no event shall the respective area and width of the lot or lots be less than ninety percent (90%) of the required area and width. The percentage set forth in this subsection is not to be reduced by any other percentage for minimum lot width and area set forth in this title.
- To permit the same off street parking facility to qualify as required facilities for two (2) or more uses provided the substantial use of such facility by each use does not take place at approximately the same hours of the same days of the week.
- To reduce the applicable off street parking or loading facilities required by not more than one (1) parking space or loading space, or twenty percent (20%) of the applicable regulations, whichever number is greater.
- To increase by not more than twenty five percent (25%) the maximum distance that required parking spaces are permitted to be located from the use served.
- To allow for the deferment, or land banking, of required parking facilities for a reasonable period of time, such period of time to be specified in the variance.
- To increase by not more than ten percent (10%) the maximum gross floor area of any use so limited by the applicable regulations.
- To exceed any of the authorized variations allowed under this subsection when a lot of record or a zoning lot, vacant or legally used on the effective date hereof, is, by reason of the exercise of the right of eminent domain by any authorized governmental domain proceeding, reduced in size so that the remainder of said lot of record or zoning lot or structure on said lot does not conform with one or more of the regulations of the district in which said lot of record or zoning lot or structure is located.

If the Planning and Zoning Commission decides the requested variance follows the Illinois standards but is not included in the list of instances above, then the variance must be approved by City Council.

STAGE 3: CITY COUNCIL

If necessary, the petitioner will attend a City Council public hearing where the Planning and Zoning Commission decision will be discussed and reviewed. The City Council meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of the month at 7:00pm. Variations other than those listed above may be granted by the City Council, but only after a public hearing for an authorized variation. The concurring vote of two-thirds (2/3) of all members of the City Council shall be necessary to reverse the recommendations of the Planning and Zoning Commission.



DORMANT APPLICATIONS

The Community Development Director shall determine if an application meets or fails to meet the requirements stated above. If the Director determines that the application is incomplete it will become dormant under these circumstances:

- The petitioner has been notified of such deficiencies and has not responded or provided a time line for completing the application within ninety (90) days from the time of notification.
- The petitioner has not responded in writing to a request for information or documentation from the initial plan commission review within six (6) months from the date of that request.
- The petitioner has not responded to a request for legal or engineering deposit replenishment for city incurred costs and fees within ninety (90) days from the date of the request.

If the Community Development Director has sent the required notice and the petitioner has not withdrawn their application or brought it into compliance, then the director shall terminate the application. After termination, the application shall not be reconsidered except after the filing of a completely new application.

Withdrawal or termination of an application shall not affect the petitioner's responsibility for payment of any costs and fees, or any other outstanding debt owed to the city. The balance of any funds deposited with the city that is not needed to pay for costs and fees shall be returned to the petitioner. (Ord. 2011-34, 7-26-2011)



INVOICE & WORKSHEET PETITION APPLICATION				
CONCEPT PLAN REVIEW	☐ Engineering Plan Review deposit \$500.00	Total: \$		
AMENDMENT	☐ Annexation \$500.00 ☐ Plan \$500.00 ☐ Plat \$500.00 ☐ P.U.D. \$500.00	Total: \$		
ANNEXATION	\$250.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres			
5 = # of Acres	x \$10 =+ \$250 = \$ Amount for Extra Acres Total Amount	Total: \$		
REZONING	\$200.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres			
5=	rezoning to a PUD, charge PUD Development Fee - not Rezoning Fee	Total: \$		
SPECIAL USE	\$250.00 + \$10 per acre for each acre over 5 acres			
5 = # of Acres	x \$10 = + \$250 = \$ Amount for Extra Acres Total Amount	Total: \$		
ZONING VARIANCE	\$85.00 + \$500.00 outside consultants deposit	Total: \$		
PRELIMINARY PLAN FEE	□ \$500.00	Total: \$		
PUD FEE	\$500.00	Total: \$		
FINAL PLAT FEE	□ \$500.00	Total: \$		
ENGINEERING PLAN REVIEW DEPOSIT	☐ Less than 1 acre \$5,000.00 ☐ Over 1 acre, less than 10 acres \$10,000.00 ☐ Over 10 acres, less than 40 acres \$15,000.00 ☐ Over 40 acres, less than 100 acres \$20,000.00 ☐ Over 100 acres \$25,000.00	Total: \$		
OUTSIDE CONSULTANTS DEPOSIT Legal, land planner, zoning coordinator, environmental services				
	For Annexation, Subdivision, Rezoning, and Special Use: Less than 2 acres \$1,000.00 Over 2 acres, less than 10 acres \$2,500.00 Over 10 acres \$5,000.00	Total: \$		
ALL OF	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE:			



DATE:	PZC NUMBER:	DEVELOPMENT NAME:	W44444		
PETITIONER INFORMATION					
NAME: MAREARET	E GRAND	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS: 70/	N. BRIDGE &	7.			
CITY, STATE, ZIP: YOR IK VILL	£ IT 60540	TELEPHONE: 430-21	17.0718		
EMAIL: PEGGIE 311 @	gmail.com	FAX:			
PROPERTY INFORMATION	/				
NAME OF HOLDER OF LEGAL TITLE:					
MARGARET LEGA	LIST THE NAMES OF ALL HOLDERS OF ANY E BAND TRUSTA SEN TRUSTA SEN TRUST 3-9-11 G	LEGRAND .	7 3-9-11		
PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 701	N BRIDGE	ST YARRUS	118 71 6000		
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY'S PHYSICAL LI LOT 2 IN NORTH 13 LOND GRANTED TO DEET TO VORKY WIFE KEN	OCATION: PRIDGE STREET SUBDIVISE OF TRASPORTATION STATE (KENDALL COUNTY JILLING). PAGE COUNTY JULIANS	ON, EXCEATING THERE 14 II. BY COURT GROWN 5 4-RECORDED 12-9-2011	ENTERDIN CASE No. 11ED. DOCUMENT NO. 2611-20 60		
CURRENT ZONING CLASSIFICATION:	31				
ZONING AND LAND USE OF SURROUND	ING PROPERTIES				
NORTH: RES					
EAST: Res Com	M				
SOUTH: Res - CON	n H(
WEST: Comm					
KENDALL COUNTY PARCEL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER(S)					
WATER TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T					



ATTORNEY INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
ENGINEER INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
LAND PLANNER/SURVEYOR INFORMATION				
NAME:	COMPANY:			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY, STATE, ZIP:	TELEPHONE:			
EMAIL:	FAX:			
ATTACHMENTS				
Petitioner must attach a legal description of the property to this application a	nd title it as "Exhibit A".			
Petitioner must list the names and addresses of any adjoining or contiguous landowners within 500 feet of the property that are entitled notice of application under any applicable City Ordinance or State Statute. Attach a separate list to this application and title it as "Exhibit B".				
VARIANCE STANDARDS				
PLEASE CONFIRM THE PROPOSED VARIATION IS CONSISTENT WITH THE OFFI POLICIES OF THE CITY.	CIAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND OTHER DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS AND			



R.Z

Front yard Lot size Lot coverage

PLEASE STATE HOW THE PARTICULAR SURROUNDINGS, SHAPE OR TOPOGRAPHICAL CONDITIONS OF THE SPECIFIC PROPERTY INVOLVED, A PARTICULAR HARDSHIP TO THE OWNER WOULD RESULT, AS DISTINGUISHED FROM A MERE INCONVENIENCE, IF THE STRICT LETTER OF REGULATIONS WAS CARRIED OUT: Moneton

PLEASE STATE HOW THE CONDITIONS UPON WHICH THE APPLICATION FOR A VARIATION IS BASED ARE UNIQUE TO THE PROPERTY FOR WHICH THE VARIATION IS SOUGHT AND ARE NOT APPLICABLE, GENERALLY, TO OTHER PROPERTY WITHIN THE SAME ZONING CLASSIFICATION:

NONE

PLEASE STATE HOW THE ALLEGED DIFFICULTY OR HARDSHIP IS CAUSED BY THIS TITLE AND HAS NOT BEEN CREATED BY ANY PERSON PRESENTLY HAVING AN INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY:



VARIANCE STANDARDS	
PLEASE STATE HOW THE GRANTING OF THE VARIATION WILL NOT BE DETRIMENTAL TO NEIGHBORHOOD IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED:	THE PUBLIC WELFARE OR INJURIOUS TO OTHER PROPERTY OR IMPROVEMENTS IN TH
NONE - ALREADY RE	S. ZUNEP AREA
PLEASE STATE HOW THE PROPOSED VARIATION WILL NOT IMPAIR AN ADEQUATE THE CONGESTION IN THE PUBLIC STREETS, OR INCREASE THE DANGER TO THE PUBLIC NEIGHBORHOOD:	
AGREEMENT	
I VERIFY THAT ALL THE INFORMATION IN THIS APPLICATION IS TRUE TO THE BEST COUTLINED AS WELL AS ANY INCURRED ADMINISTRATIVE AND PLANNING CONSULTA	
SCHEDULED COMMITTEE MEETING. I UNDERSTAND ALL OF THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND UNDE AND I MUST THEREFORE FOLLOW THE REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED ABOVE.	RSTAND THAT IF AN APPLICATION BECOMES DORMANT IT IS THROUGH MY OWN FAUL
- Rand Xa. C	4/9/19
PETITIONER SIGNATURE	DATE
OWNER HEREBY AUTHORIZES THE PETITIONER TO PURSUE THE APPROPRIATE ENTITLE	MENTS ON THE PROPERTY.
Managet Salamel	4/4/19
OWNERSIGNATURE	OFFICIAL SEAL
THIS APPLICATION MUST BE NOTARIZED PLEASE NOTARIZE HERE:	ANDREA M WEINERT NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:12/27/22



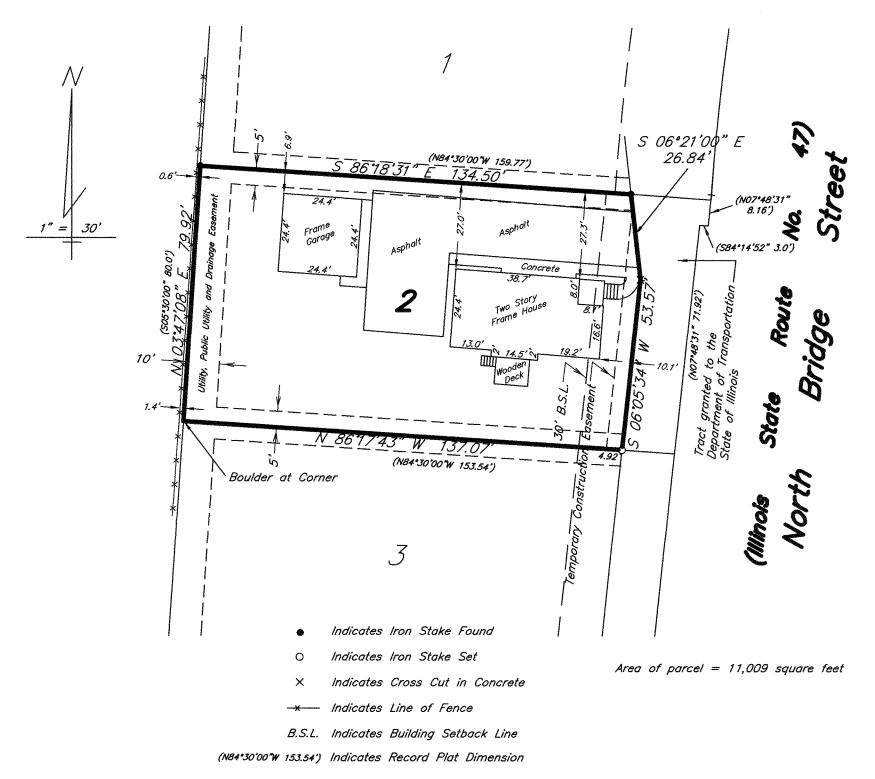
United City of Yorkville 800 Game Farm Road Yorkville, Illinois, 60560 Telephone: 630-553-4350 Fax: 630-553-7575

Website: www.yorkville.il.us

PETITIONER DEPOSIT ACCOUNT/ ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

PROJECT NUMBER:	FUND ACCOUNT NUMBER:	PROPERTY ADDRE		1DG8 .	57	YORKULLE
APPLICATION/APPROVAL TYPE (check app	ropriate box(es) of approval requested):		<u> </u>	(007	<u>~ / </u>	JOHNOTCEP
CONCEPT PLAN REVIEW	☐ AMENDMENT (TEXT)	☐ ANNEXATION		☐ REZO	NING	
☐ SPECIAL USE	☐ MILE AND 1/2 REVIEW	ZONING VARIA	NCE	☐ PREL	IMINARY	PLAN
☐ FINAL PLANS	☐ PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT	☐ FINAL PLAT				
PETITIONER DEPOSIT ACCOUNT FUND: It is the policy of the United City of Yorkville to require any petitioner seeking approval on a project or entitlement request to establish a Petitioner Deposit Account Fund to cover all actual expenses occurred as a result of processing such applications and requests. Typical requests requiring the establishment of a Petitioner Deposit Account Fund include, but are not limited to, plan review of development approvals/engineering permits. Deposit account funds may also be used to cover costs for services related to legal fees, engineering and other plan reviews, processing of other governmental applications, recording fees and other outside coordination and consulting fees. Each fund account is established with an initial deposit based upon the estimated cost for services provided in the INVOICE & WORKSHEET PETITION APPLICATION. This initial deposit is drawn against to pay for these services related to the project or request. Periodically throughout the project review/approval process, the Financially Responsible Party will receive an invoice reflecting the charges made against the account. At any time the balance of the fund account fall below ten percent (10%) of the original deposit amount, the Financially Responsible Party will receive an invoice requesting additional funds equal to one-hundred percent (100%) of the initial deposit if subsequent reviews/fees related to the project are required. In the event that a deposit account is not immediately replenished, review by the administrative staff, consultants, boards and commissions may be suspended until the account is fully replenished. If additional funds remain in the deposit account at the completion of the project, the city will refund the balance to the Financially Responsible Party. A written request must be submitted by the Financially Responsible Party to the city by the 15th of the month in order for the refund check to be processed and distributed by the 15th of the following month. All refund checks will be mad						
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FINANCIAL RE	SPONSIBILITY					
NAME: MARGARET L	E GRAND	COMPANY:				
MAILING ADDRESS: 701 N	BRIDGE ST					
CITY, STATE, ZIP: YORKULLE	Il 60560	TELEPHONE: 4	030-2/1	0718	2	
EMAIL: Deggie 3/1	2 amaic com	FAX:				
FINANCIALLY RESPÓNSIBLE PARTY: I acknowledge and understand that as the Financially Responsible Party, expenses may exceed the estimated initial deposit and, when requested by the United City of Yorkville, I will provide additional funds to maintain the required account balance. Further, the sale or other disposition of the property does not relieve the individual or Company/ Corporation of their obligation to maintain a positive balance in the fund account, unless the United City of Yorkville approves a Change of Responsible Party and transfer of funds. Should the account go into deficit, all City work may stop until the requested replenishment deposit is received. PRINT NAME TITLE 4-8-19 DATE						
ACCOUNT CLOSURE AUTHORIZATION						
DATE REQUESTED:		COMPLETED	☐ INACTIVE			
PRINT NAME:		☐ WITHDRAWN	COLLECTIONS			
SIGNATURE:		OTHER				
DEPARTMENT ROUTING FOR AUTHORIZATION	ON: COM. DEV.	BUILDING	☐ ENGINEERING	☐ FINAN	VCE	☐ ADMIN.

Plat of Survey of Part of Lot 2 North Bridge Street Subdivision Yorkville Kendall County Illinois



Legal Description:

Lot 2 in North Bridge Street Subdivision, excepting therefrom that part of land granted to the Department of Transportation State of Illinois by Court Order entered in Case No. 11ED25 in the Circuit Court of Kendall County, Illinois, and recorded December 9, 2011 as Document Number 2011-20603, in Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois.

State of Illinois: :55 County of Kendall:

This is to certify that I, James M. Olson, an Illinois Professional Land Surveyor employed by James M. Olson Associates, Ltd., have surveyed and located improvements on the foregoing described property as shown by the plat hereon drawn which is a correct representation of said survey. This professional service meets the current Illinois Minimum Standards for a Boundary Survey. The field work was completed December 26, 2014.

Dated at Yorkville, Illinois January 2, 2015.

James M. Olson Illinois Professional Land Surveyor No. 2253 License expires November 30, 2016 James M. Olson Associates, Ltd.

> 107 West Madison Street Yorkville, Illinois 60560 (630) 553-0050



PIN	NAME	ADDRESS	CITY, STATE, ZIP
02-28-302-008	UNITED CITY OF THE VILLAGE OF YORKVILLE	800 GAME FARM RD	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-303-025	BEHRENS, BRETT & CARA	801 N BRIDGE ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-304-001	REINERT, RONALD SHERRIL & REINERT GEORGE & JAMIE	1208 A BADGER ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-304-002	PRO-SOURCE PROPERTIES LLC	1560 DENNY RD	SUGAR GROVE, IL 60554
02-28-304-003	PRO-SOURCE PROPERTIES LLC	1560 DENNY RD	SUGAR GROVE, IL 60554
02-28-304-004	AUTEN-SWANSON LLC	716 E CHURCH ST	SANDWICH, IL 60548
02-28-304-005	AUTEN-SWANSON LLC	716 E CHURCH ST	SANDWICH, IL 60548
02-28-304-006	FUSEK, JEFF F	105 A APPLETREE CT	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-304-007	REMINGTON, JANICE K	103 A APPLETREE CT	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-304-008	REMINGTON, JANICE K	103 A APPLETREE CT	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-304-010	CHAPMAN, JOHN E JR & SANDRA K	506 KELLY AVE	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-001	THE WILLIAMS GROUP LLC-112 APPLETREE	399 TALLGRASS LN	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-002	HAMLING, STACEY	1005 SUNSET AVE	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-003	PETERSON, STACEY	1005 SUNSET AVE	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-004	BARTKOSKE, BRETT & AMARINDER	520 ARBOR LN	OSWEGO, IL 60543
02-28-351-005	REINERT, RONALD R	1208 A BADGER ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-006	REINERT, RONALD R	1208 A BADGER ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-007	PRO SOURCE PROPERTIES LLC, % REINERT JOSHUA	1560 DENNY RD	SUGAR GROVE, IL 60554
02-28-351-011	UNITED CITY OF THE VILLAGE OF YORKVILLE	800 GAME FARM RD	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-012	REINERT, RONALD R & REINERT GEORGE R	1208 A BADGER ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-013	VANDEUSEN, LYNN O & VIRGINIA L	4223 E 2551ST RD	SHERIDAN, IL 60551
02-28-351-014	WARPECHA, RUSSELL R & ROSEANN	604 TOWER LN	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-018	HOLLENBECK, ARNOLD	103 W SOMONAUK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-019	STATE OF ILLINOIS	700 E NORRIS DR	OTTAWA, IL 61350
02-28-351-020	UNITED CITY OF THE VILLAGE OF YORKVILLE	800 GAME FARM RD	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-024	UNITED CITY OF THE VILLAGE OF YORKVILLE	800 GAME FARM RD	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-025	PETERSON, KIM A	PO BOX 234	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-026	WEAVER, BRENDA, WEAVER FAMILY TR	863 WESTERN LN	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-027	STATKUS, DANIEL J	711 N BRIDGE ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-029	REDEMPTION HOLDINGS LLC	26 S THIRD ST, P.O. BOX 507	GENEVA, IL 60134
02-28-351-030	LOFTUS, ROBERT M	11159 FAXON RD	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-351-031	WIRTH, MICHAEL P	105 B W SOMONAUK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-007	SELLMAN, THOMAS J & RUTH L	803 BRISTOL AVE	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-009	TATE, JOHN R & EMMA L	711 BRISTOL ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-011	GREEN, MARTHA L TRUST	P O BOX 116	WAYNE, IL 60184
02-28-352-012	CULBERSON, MARCELLA & NATALIE	105 PARK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-014	HERIAUD, JOS & CAROLYNNE	1650 CREEK RD	PLANO, IL 60545
02-28-352-015	HERIAUD, CHAD A & JOANN M	1670 CREEK RD	PLANO, IL 60545

02-28-352-016	ASHLEY, LISA	109 PARK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-020	WAYNE, FRED	7335 RTE 71	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-021	PALOMBO, II, BETH & RICHARD C	715 BRISTOL AVE	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-022	RICHARDS, PHILLIP G & SHIRLEY L	313 MUSTANG DR	OSWEGO, IL 60543
02-28-352-023	ASSOCIATION FOR INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT	309 W NEW INDIAN TRAIL CT	AURORA, IL 60506
02-28-352-025	RATOS, JAMES C & JAMES G	3150 D CANNONBALL TRL	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-026	WILLIAMS GROUP LLC 704-706 N BRIDGE	399 TALLGRASS LN	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-352-027	RATOS, JAMES C & JAMES G	3150 D CANNONBALL TRL	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-002	OSMAN, DARREL & SUE	104 E PARK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-003	KREMPSKI, MICHAEL & MOLLY	6790 MINKLER RD	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-004	EDWARDS, JOHN S & STACEY A	108 E PARK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-005	SAMPSON, TERRY L	110 E PARK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-008	NIESEN, EDWARD D JR & CATHERINE M LIV TR	103 E SOMONAUK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-009	THREM, OLIVER D	107 E SOMONAUK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-010	WAYNE, MARK W & ALLISON J	109 E SOMONAUK ST	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-28-354-013	MLS & SWS PROPERTIES LLC	713 E MAIN ST	SAINT CHARLES, IL 60174
02-28-354-014	OSMANI, MEHMET	403 LIBERTY CT	OSWEGO, IL 60543
02-29-477-001	YORKVILLE COMM SCHOOL DIST 115	602 CENTER PKWY STE A	YORKVILLE, IL 60560
02-29-477-006	HAUSLER, BONNIE A	2450 ROCK CREEK RD	PLANO, IL 60545
02-29-477-008	YORKVILLE COMM SCHOOL DIST 115	602 CENTER PKWY STE A	YORKVILLE, IL 60560



Reviewed By:		
Legal		
Finance		
Engineer		
City Administrator		
Human Resources		
Community Development		
Police	l □	
Public Works		
Parks and Recreation		

Agenda Item Number		
Old Business #1		
Tracking Number		
EDC 2019-23		

Agenda Item Summary Memo			
Title: Downtown Form Based Code and Master Streetscape Plan			
Meeting and Date: Economic Development Committee – June 4, 2019			
Synopsis: Revisions proposed for the downtown overlay district Streetscape Masterplan and			
Form-Based Code documents			
Council Action Previously Taken:			
Date of Action: 5-14-19 Action Taken: Referred to committee			
Item Number:			
Type of Vote Required: Vote			
Council Action Requested: Feedback			
Submitted by: Krysti J. Barksdale-Noble, AICP Community Development			
Name Department			
Agenda Item Notes:			
See attached memo.			



Memorandum

To: Economic Development Department

Krysti J. Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director

Bart Olson, City Administrator Jason Engberg, Senior Planner

Date: May 23, 2019

From:

CC:

Subject: Downtown Form Based Code and Streetscape Master Plan

SUMMARY:

Additional review and discussion of the proposed final draft of the Yorkville Downtown Overlay District Plan consisting of a Streetscape Master Plan and Form-Based Code.

BACKGROUND:

As you may recall, the final draft of the Yorkville Downtown Overlay District Plan was presented at the May 14, 2019 City Council meeting for its first reading prior to adoption. A presentation of the highlights of the Streetscape Master Plan and the Form-Based Code for the overlay district was given at that meeting by the consultant, Doug Farr of Farr & Associates. The plans are intended to establish the broader guidance for street character and development opportunities within the downtown which can be facilitated through public capital improvement projects and private redevelopment.

Over the course of 18-months, beginning in January 2018, the consultant and staff hosted a project website; conducted two (2) public workshops; previewed a draft plan at a committee meeting; held a public open house; and had a public hearing before the Planning and Zoning Commission; all to gather input and solicit feedback on the various drafts of the plan. All feedback received during this time was incorporated into the plan. A formal recommendation for adoption was made by the Planning and Zoning Commission on April 10, 2019.

At the May 14th meeting, staff received comments from members of the City Council regarding two (2) matters in the plan related to street treatment recommendations and the misidentification of parcel ownership in the Streetscape Master Plan. Staff was asked to address these comments, and any other feedback from the council provided to the City Administrator and bring back to the committee for further discussion.

PROPOSED REVISIONS:

Gravel Street Apron

The Streetscape Master Plan identifies "gravel street aprons" as a potential long-term treatment for residential streets in the downtown district (page 38). This aesthetic detail on the residential 'B' streets (Main St., W Van Emmon St., W Madison St., State St. and Adams St.) would provide the visual transition from roadway to landscape where curbs do not exist. Additionally, the 18"-24" gravel edge will filtrate and slow down the flow of stormwater runoff from the streets before entering the roadside swales.

While there has been concern expressed about the upkeep of gravel street aprons, staff believes the gain in stormwater filtration and the limited scope where this treatment can be applied (approx. 2,550 linear feet or a little less than ½ mile) outweighs any potential minor maintenance concern. If, however, the committee seeks an alternative to the proposed gravel edge street apron treatment, a suggestion would be either a roller compacted concrete edge or a 18"-24" concrete curb ribbon. Illustrations of both alternatives are provided in the attached alternate page 38 of the Streetscape Master Plan.

Parcel Ownership Map

It was noted on the map titled "Parcel Ownership" on page 62 of the Streetscape Masterplan that the parcel for the Van Emmon Activity Center was mislabeled as privately owned. That map has been revised to correctly identify the parcel as city-owned. The updated map has been attached for your review.

STAFF COMMENTS:

Staff feels that the proposed revisions have addressed the comments/feedback provided at the May 14th City Council meeting. At the time of this memo, no other comments have been forwarded to staff by the City Administrator of any other requested revisions, corrections or updates by the City Council for the proposed Streetscape Masterplan or Form-Based Code. We welcome any additional feedback you may have on the attached revised documents.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Yorkville Streetscape Master Plan revisions to Page 38
 - a. Alternative A optional roadway edge treatment (Rolled Concrete)
 - b. Alternative B optional roadway edge treatment (Concrete Ribbon)
 - c. Revised Parcel Ownership Map
- 2. Draft Yorkville Streetscape Master Plan
- 3. Draft Yorkville Downtown Form-Based Code
- 4. Draft Ordinances

Rolled Concrete Apron

Curbless streets often become unkempt with grass, weeds and dirt loosely defining the edge between roadway and shoulder. To maintain visual tidiness, an 18"-24" roller-compacted concrete (RCC) or rolled concrete apron may be used to transition from roadway to landscape. The durability and cost savings of this material is beneficial and provides for a cleaner delineation of the roadway and amenity zone.



Figure 54 - Rolled Concrete Apron (Specify Concrete)

Roadside Swales

Fitting with the character, roadside swales are often seen along rural or small-town streets or highways. They can take many forms and be aesthetically pleasing or simply utilitarian. They help detain and direct stormwater runoff from the roadway and provide a layer of buffer between sidewalk and street. Swales can be personalized by adjacent property owners or fully planted and maintained by the City.



Figure 55 - Personalized Swale (City of Seattle)

Over-Swale Pedestrian Bridges

Small pedestrian bridges can connect the street to sidewalk at each property. Each can take on a slightly different design language or be required to adhere to set design guidelines. These bridges could be a unique contribution to a 'B' Street that features minimal design qualities.

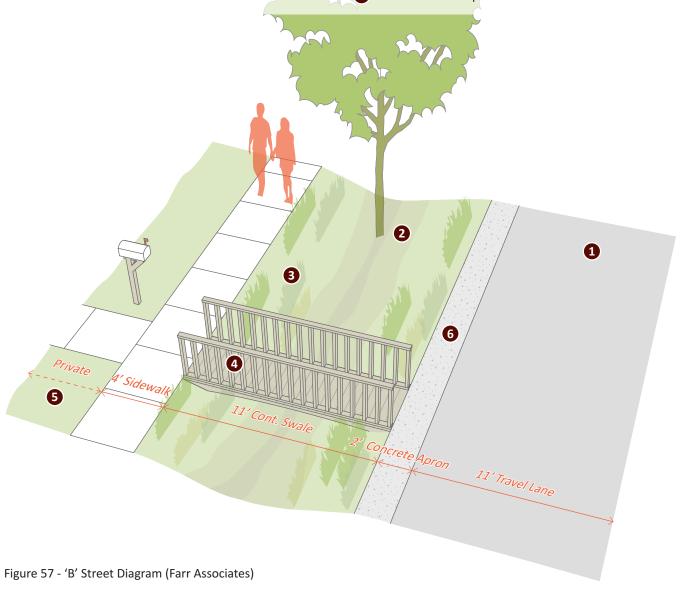


Figure 56 - Bridge Over Swale (Chesapeake Dock)

Maintaining Small Town Charm

Each component from street, to swale, to narrow residential sidewalk works together to maintain a small town feel. No improvements should look over-engineered or oversized on Yorkville's quaint neighborhood streets. These 'B' Streets should feel like a place where kids can play in the street and parents can take a quiet nighttime stroll.

- 1 Resurfaced Travel Lane
- 2 Flood Tolerant Street Trees
- 3 Continuous Swale Along N/S Streets
- 4 Bridge Over Swale
- 5 Private Property
- 6 Rolled Concrete Apron



Concrete Curb Ribbon Apron

Curbless streets often become unkempt with grass, weeds and dirt loosely defining the edge between roadway and shoulder. To maintain visual tidiness, a 18"-24" concrete curb ribbon may be used to transition from roadway to landscape. This straight curb type is often used along roads to prevent vehicles from crossing over into a pedestrian walkway or any outdoor landscaped area and provides a barrier between the roadway and amenity zone.

Roadside Swales

Fitting with the character, roadside swales are often seen along rural or small-town streets or highways. They can take many forms and be aesthetically pleasing or simply utilitarian. They help detain and direct stormwater runoff from the roadway and provide a layer of buffer between sidewalk and street. Swales can be personalized by adjacent property owners or fully planted and maintained by the City.

Over-Swale Pedestrian Bridges

Small pedestrian bridges can connect the street to sidewalk at each property. Each can take on a slightly different design language or be required to adhere to set design guidelines. These bridges could be a unique contribution to a 'B' Street that features minimal design qualities.



Figure 54 – Concrete Curb Ribbon (TJ Campbell)



Figure 55 - Personalized Swale (City of Seattle)

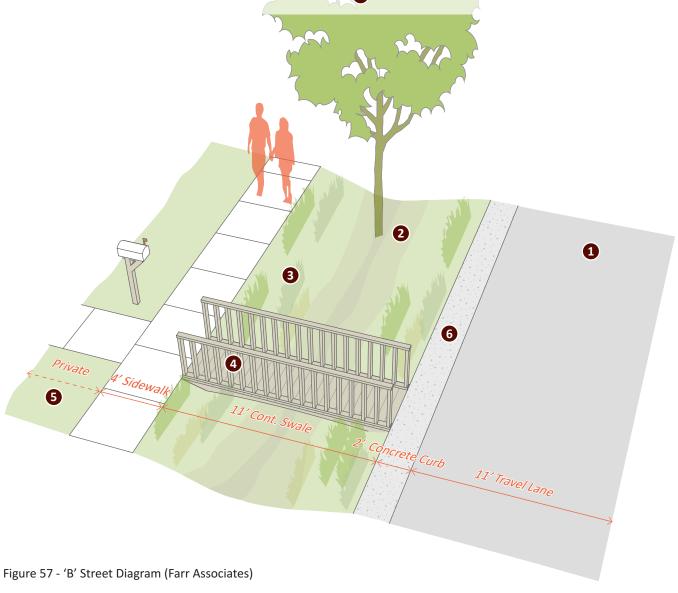


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- 1 Resurfaced Travel Lane
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- 4 Bridge Over Swale
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- 6 Concrete Curb Ribbon



Streetscape Master Plan



YORKVILLE

Downtown Overlay District

Streetscape Master Plan





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Van Emmon Street	p. 26
'B' Street	p. 34
Appendix	p. 52

Acknowledgements

United City of Yorkville
Farr Associates
Mayor Gary J. Golinski
Bart Olson, City Administrator
Erin Willrett, Assistant City Administrator
Krysti Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director
Jason Engberg, Senior Planner
Eric Dhuse, Public Works Director
Lisa Pickering, Deputy City Clerk
Richard T. Hart, Chief of Police
Tim Evans, Director of Parks and Recreation
Brad Sanderson, EEI, Engineering Consultant





Introduction

A streetscape master plan provides guidance for the direction and character of future street related capital improvement projects. As downtown Yorkville continues to evolve, so too should its streets and public spaces to support the changing land uses over time. Downtown has experienced multiple moments of transition over the years, but recently, downtown has experienced a renaissance of sorts with desirable new restaurants and small local businesses occupying existing structures. An improved Fox River-oriented park and other recreational amenities add another layer to downtown's assets.

At its heart, Yorkville is a small-town on a sleepy river with residents committed to improving the quality of the city for all. What better place to start than improving a downtown that should be the center of the community, where events, festivals, and family gatherings take place regularly. The streets of downtown Yorkville should be the armature that supports these functions and helps contribute to building community and quality of life.

Downtown Overlay District Streetscape Master Plan

Street Type Classification	p.	08
Bridge Street	p.	10
Hydraulic Street	p.	16
Van Emmon Street	p.	24
'B' Street	p.	32
Wayfinding and Signage	p.	40
General Streetscape Guidance	p.	42

Streetscape Master Plan

Why a Streetscape Master Plan?



Figure 1 - Bridge Street (Farr Associates)

Because downtown Yorkville needs one. Investors and property owners interested in improving their downtown assets may think twice if they do not sense a commitment from the City. The downtown TIF I was certainly an effort to encourage redevelopment within downtown and TIF II is an added incentive for owners to invest; however, the lack of an inspiring plan that presents future capital improvement priorities for the City leaves much to be desired. This streetscape master plan is intended to get people excited about the potential of downtown. Knowing that improvements are in the pipeline, investors can get out in front and establish a presence prior to downtown realizing its full potential.

A streetscape master plan's focus is on the public realm - most notably the streets, furnishing zones, and sidewalks. It helps to establish what role each street will play moving forward. For example, it establishes which streets are 'A' Streets; meaning a street that should be accompanied by building frontages, glazing, signage, and activity. They are the

streets that residents come to downtown to stroll along and enjoy a sunny Saturday afternoon. Alternatively, a 'B' Street supports the 'A' Street. Parking access, sides of buildings, and service oriented functions should be accessed off 'B' Streets. Like 'A' Streets, they are critical to the functioning successes of places we love. Accommodating both within downtown, while defining which is which, can help property owners prioritize where their future front entry is located or where that new café tenant should face.

Downtown was identified as a primary concern in the 2016 Yorkville Comprehensive Plan for good reason. Despite its current downfalls, downtown contains exciting assets to build upon. Restaurants, old buildings packed with potential, plenty of infill and redevelopment opportunities, and a fantastic recreational amenity in the Fox River, all bode well for the future of downtown. This plan demonstrates some of the strategies the City can implement to pave the way for the future of downtown.

Providing Framework for the FBC

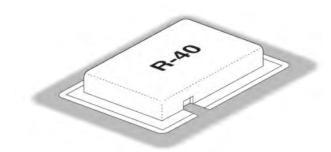
The streetscape master plan is structured to complement the Downtown Yorkville Form-Based Code. Form-based codes (FBC) are land development regulations that seek to produce predictable built results that prioritize building form over building use as a distinguishing factor. Often times, a regulatory zone or framework is applied at the block level, much like zoning, where parcels fall into a specific FBC classification.

The Downtown Yorkville Form-Based Code uses the street types as a regulatory framework. The parcels that front a specific street type identified in this plan use that street type as the underlying FBC classification. If a parcel fronts more than one street, the FBC articulates the process of discerning which FBC zone takes precedent. The FBC includes further instruction on how to identify a parcel, determine the underlying regulatory zone, and easily interpret the zone's requirements for redevelopment.

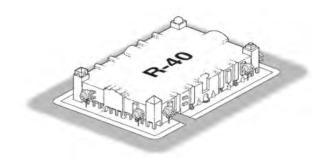
The streetscape master plan brings a visual interpretation of what form and character future capital improvements will exhibit. Though the streetscape master plan and the FBC are intended to be stand-alone documents, they are coordinated efforts that provide layers of detail to collectively envision the future of downtown Yorkville.

The series of diagrams on the right is from the Form-Based Codes Institute (FBCI) and meant to visualize the physical consequences that stem from conventional zoning (top), conventional zoning with supporting design guidelines (middle), and form-based codes (right). Standards that prioritize form over use have the capabilities of encouraging a more fine-grained outcome.

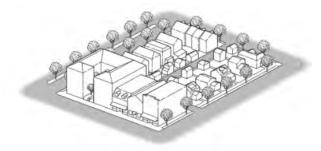
Conventional Zoning (FBCI)



Zoning Design Guidelines (FBCI)



Form-Based Codes (FBCI)



Street Type Classification

Street Type Classification

The following street types represent what will be the guiding framework for the form-based code (FBC) parcel classifications. Parcels fronting their respective street type should follow the form-based guidelines outlined in the Downtown Yorkville Form-Based Code. The different street types are

- 'A' Streets
 - Bridge Street
 - Hydraulic Street
 - Van Emmon
- 'B' Streets



Figure 2 - Bridge Street (Google Maps)



Figure 4 - Van Emmon Street (Google Maps)

These street types are represented on the following pages with the existing condition, proposed near-term improvements, and proposed long-term vision. The street types are represented at typical segments along key stretches; therefore, minor variations will occur where applicable.

This Streetscape Master Plan is intended to envision the character and role each street contributes to the future of downtown Yorkville and does not represent finalized landscape and construction details.



Figure 3 - Hydraulic Street (Google Maps)



Figure 5 - Main Street (Google Maps)



Bridge Street (Existing)

IDOT's Improvements

Bridge Street, between Hydraulic Street to the north and Van Emmon Street to the south, was clearly the historic downtown core of Yorkville. Though this stretch is only one block long, it retains much of the scale and character of the past. Bridge Street was historically a two travel-lane street with parallel parking on either side to serve the businesses. Traffic became congested, since Bridge Street (IL 47) is the main truck route through Yorkville. The Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) studied widening the street along with other improvements to alleviate the congestion. Many years after the initial plan of a five-lane Bridge Street, the proposal was finally taken to construction. Yorkville residents were anxious to speed up flow through a downtown long removed from representing the heart of the community.

Since the IDOT improvements, the commercial viability of the businesses were challenged. Travel lanes replaced parallel parking and concrete barriers were placed between street and sidewalk. The combination of road widening, increased speed, lack of parallel parking, and other factors drove many of the primary building entries around to the backs of the Bridge Street buildings. The increased speeds and lack of pedestrian traffic along Bridge Street have effectively drained downtown of any potential for vitality. Residents have mixed opinions about the impacts of IDOT's improvements; however, it is clear that the term "improvements" may not be the correct expression for Bridge Street's new character.

This stretch of Bridge Street may be considered the gateway into downtown Yorkville and retains potential to become the iconic stretch that helps draw people into local businesses and displays an attractive image that represents the people of Yorkville.



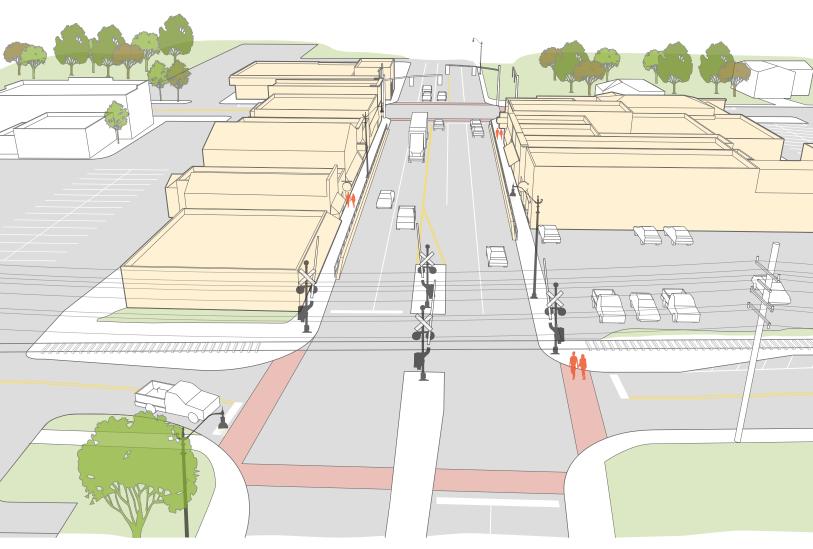
Figure 6 - Bridge Street Facades (Farr Associates)



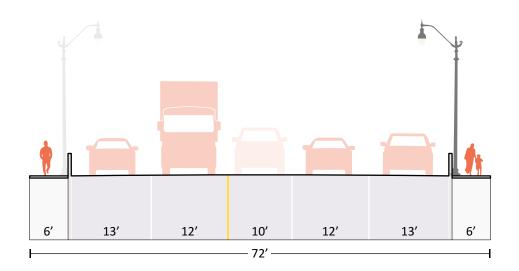
Figure 7 - Bridge Street Blank Wall (Farr Associates)



Figure 8 - Bridge Street Sidewalk/Barrier (Farr Associates)



Bridge Street (Existing)



Bridge Street (Near-Term)

Tactical Interventions

Meaningful measures to display an image of vitality and interest can be taken with a cost sensitive approach. For example, instead of temporarily narrowing traffic lanes or tearing down the now important concrete barriers flanking Bridge Street; beautification strategies might include painting the concrete barriers and hand rails with a custom design or painting large iconic murals on the blank downtown building walls. Each of these interventions could contribute to the overall character of downtown and play a dual role of encouraging vehicular and pedestrian traffic to be cautious and slow down.

Because this segment of Bridge Street is such an important gateway for the City, concentrating multiple interventions on this location within the greater downtown should take priority over other streets and locations. Drivers would recognize that downtown could be worth visiting. The larger scale of these proposed interventions caters to the car, because it is in this brief moment that downtown has to attract the attention of passersby.

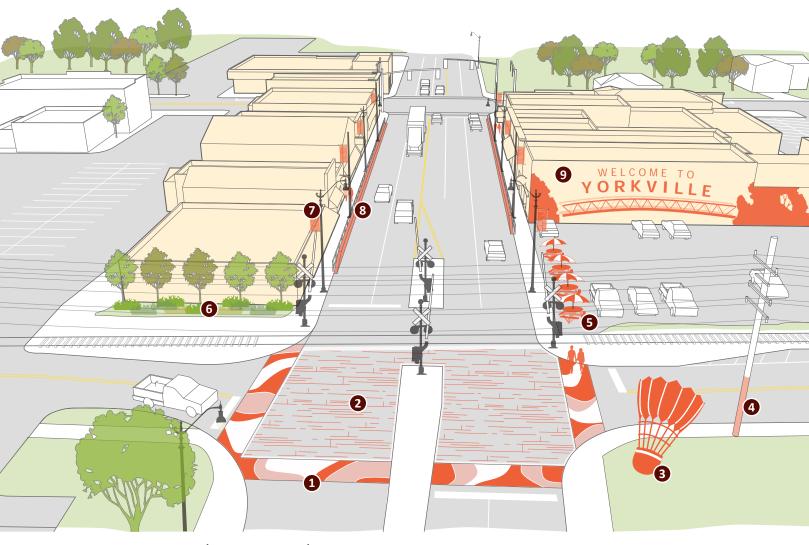
- Painted Crosswalks
- Paving Texture or Material Change
- 3 Public Art/Sculpture
- Painted Light Poles
- Outdoor Restaurant Seating
- 6 Entry Landscape Improvements
- 7 Seasonal Banners
- 8 Painted Bridge Street Barrier/Railing
- 9 Yorkville Entry Wall Mural



Figure 9 - Wall Mural (Philly Magazine)



Figure 5 - Outdoor Restaurant Seating (Pictures Boss)



Bridge Street (Near-Term)



Figure 11 - Painted Concrete Barrier (NYC Parks)



Figure 12 - Public Art / Sculpture (Designboom)

Bridge Street (Long-Term)

Minor Upgrades Go a Long Way

The existing Bridge Street right-of-way affords very little flexibility for major improvements; however, that does not preclude meaningful upgrades from happening. Squeezing in improvements where possible, such as: the addition of seasonal banners to the light poles; repaving the sidewalks with high-quality and interesting materials for pedestrians; or replacing the damaged handrail with a feature handrail that may be an art installation; can make a surprisingly dramatic impact for both drivers and pedestrians. Additionally, if the buildings better engage the sidewalks through accessible entrances, signage, and outdoor seating options, this would improve this highly visible stretch of downtown Yorkville.

A reduction in lane width on Bridge street, which would require a reclassification from IDOT to remove its truck route status, is not currently an option. Therefore, a five-lane street will likely be the long-term reality.

It will be critical for the City to address the perception issues with Bridge Street through near-term solutions that may last many years. Near-term strategies can add value to downtown Yorkville through amplified crosswalks, branding and wayfinding elements, visible outdoor seating, and much more.



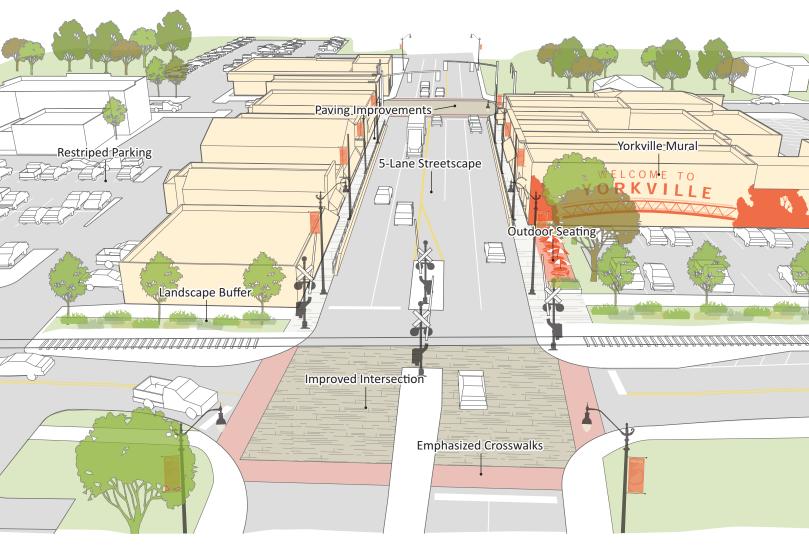
Figure 13 - Improved, Feature Handrail (Hype Science)



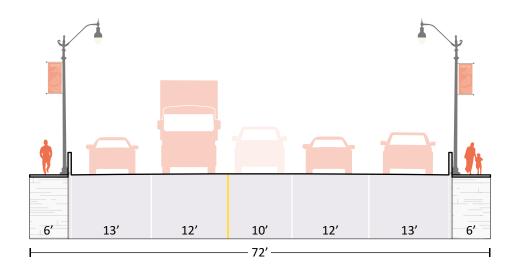
Figure 14 - Seasonal Banners (Farr Associates)



Figure 15 - Improved Sidewalk Pavement (California DOT)



Bridge Street (Long-Term)



Hydraulic Street (Existing)

Unique Industrial Character

Hydraulic Street includes complex conditions, such as utility poles landing in the street; a tapering right-of-way that narrows from west to east; and an active freight rail line that runs parallel to the street surface within the right-of-way. Because it runs parallel to the Fox River, there are multiple access and view corridors that connect pedestrians on Hydraulic Street to one of Yorkville's most important assets.

The freight rail line tracks are immediately adjacent to the southern edge of the street. This proximity could be a safety issue; however, during the citizen engagement events, residents did not voice much concern over the rail, except the noise complaints and potential for trains to back up traffic along Bridge Street. Though only one rail company utilizes the line, it is important to the natural gas industry because it accesses select sand used for the fracking process. Any expectations of the rail line closure are unrealistic, at least in the near-term. The active rail line will remain something that any redesign plans, current or future, must address.

Hydraulic Street features a unique industrial character as a result of the rail and adjacent buildings and uses. The short, utilitarian buildings, as well as agricultural relics, such as the grain elevator, create an eclectic mix of land uses and character. Multiple popular businesses and parks exist along Hydraulic Street, and the existing character seems to support these types of businesses. As improvements occur to make Hydraulic Street a more attractive, safe, and usable street, a respect for its industrial past and present should be retained.



Figure 16 - Hydraulic Street (Farr Associates)



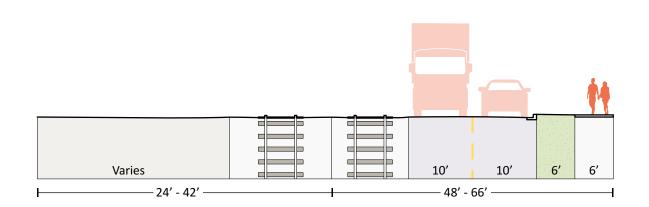
Figure 17 - Hydraulic Street (Farr Associates)



Figure 18 - Inactive Grain Elevator (Farr Associates)



Hydraulic Street (Existing)



Hydraulic Street (Near-Term)

Tactical Interventions

Hydraulic Street character will remain unique and interesting with or without planning interventions. The low traffic counts and limited number of businesses that currently front onto Hydraulic Street suggest that a lower level of resources should be placed in its near-term improvements.

However, a few key improvements that help support the current businesses should be prioritized. This could include allowing outdoor seating areas either in the parking lots or at the edge of the street and sidewalks; painting the existing light poles with unique artwork; adding seasonal banners to the existing light poles; and improving the rear facade of Bridge Street, as this has effectively become the primary entry to many of those businesses. The rear facade of the Bridge Street buildings is highly visible since no structures currently exist to obscure mid-block views.

Additionally, moveable planters with trees and other vegetation could bring life, shade, and color to an otherwise utilitarian Hydraulic Street.

Painted Light Poles

- 1 Seasonal Banners
- Outdoor Restaurant Seating
- 3 Temporary Tree Planters
- 4 Painted Crosswalks
- Maintain Gravel Between Tracks
- 6 Bridge Street Rear Facade Improvements
- 7 Street Surface Lane Striping

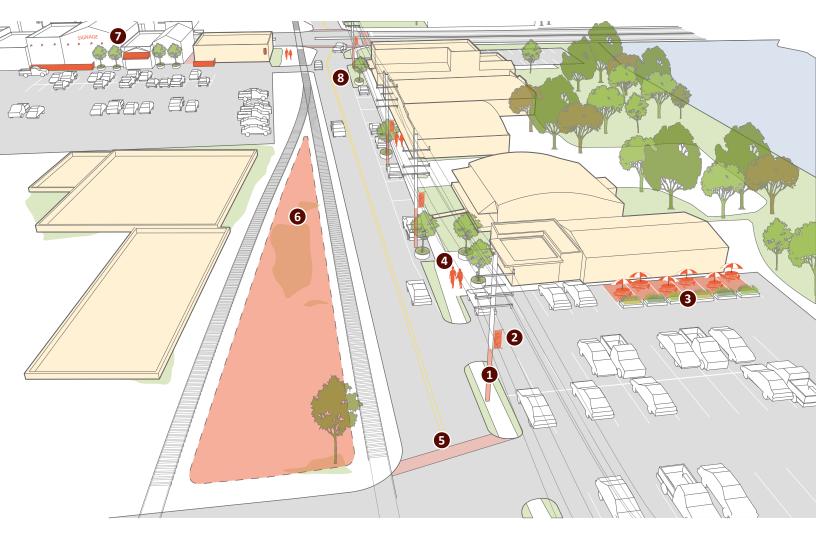




Figure 19 - Painted Light Pole (Tops Images)



Figure 20 - Well Maintained Gravel Surface (Dare Inc.)



Hydraulic Street (Near-Term)

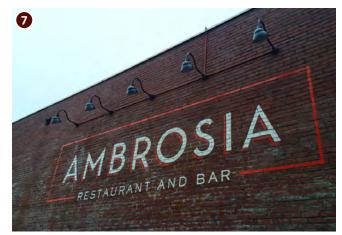


Figure 21 - Rear Facade Lighting and Signage (House St. Clair)



Figure 22 - Outdoor Restaurant Seating (South Milwaukee)

Hydraulic Street (Long-Term)

Conversion to a Shared Street

The unique qualities of Hydraulic Street with its irregular street section, limited traffic count, paralleling of the Fox River, and already funky, casual character lends itself well to becoming a woonerf, or "shared street". This long-term vision would allow Hydraulic Street to be closed down for festivals or events between the current driveway aligning with the rear entrances of the Bridge Street buildings and Heustis or Mill Street. Circulation around the block would still be possible through the use of a "slip lane" or access lane that would run along the south edge of the railroad tracks in order to access future redevelopment on those parcels.

Hydraulic Street could take on a unique design such as permeable pavers to add character and stormwater management benefits. Being adjacent to the Fox River, an effort to minimize stormwater runoff and encourage percolation would be an environmentally conscious solution. Continuous pavers spanning between vehicular travel areas and traditional pedestrian areas would effectively blur the line between pedestrian and car right-of-way. This would encourage slow moving traffic on non-event days when Hydraulic Street is open, and add an attractive frontage for the businesses along Hydraulic Street.

A shared street deserves a custom design. When City budget is allocated towards Hydraulic Street capital improvements, an emphasis should be placed on hiring highly-qualified landscape architects experienced in right-of-way redesign.



Figure 23 - Catenary Lighting (Rope and Cable Canada)



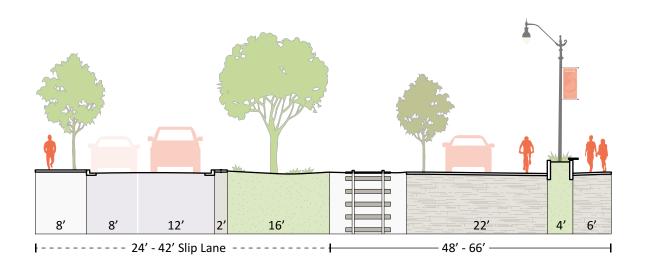
Figure 24 - Funky Outdoor Seating (Asik Site)



Figure 25 - Shared Street (Ithaca College)



Hydraulic Street (Long-Term)



Hydraulic Street Shared Street

As previously mentioned, a shared street should blur the lines between vehicle and pedestrian zones. Subtle changes to paving materials and the use of planters, street furnishings, and markings can define where cars should or should not drive. Since Hydraulic Street runs parallel with the Fox River, a street section that sheet flows stormwater into a continuous drainage channel within paving change is an example of integrated street design. These site design details are important, as this will become a major downtown

- 1 Paving Texture or Material Change
- 2 Chicane Planting Beds
- 3 Maintain Existing Distance from Tracks
- 4 Raised Planting Beds
- 5 Planter Seating Ledge
- 6 Continuous Drainage Channel on One Side

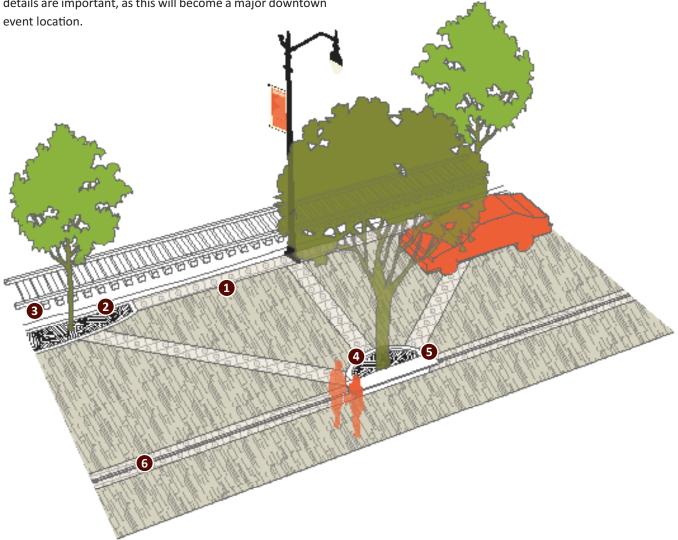


Figure 26 - Hydraulic Street Diagram (Farr Associates)

Material Contrast

Subtle paving details, such as a change in material, texture, or orientation, contribute interest to the pedestrian environment. Minor variations can help make a design unique to a specific location and help brand the place. Paving details may be used to delineate where vehicles are allowed to drive or park. These variations may help inform the location of custom street furniture, emphasize locations for tree plantings and signage locations, or simply add aesthetic appeal.

Street to Woonerf Transition

Shared streets typically have vehicular travel routes and parking at the same elevation as a sidewalk. This means that the street section will not have its typical curb and gutter condition and will also need to reconcile where a regular street meets the woonerf. Raised intersections and crosswalks commonly feature short ramp transition zones to raise travel lanes to the desired shared height. The transition zones can also help alert drivers that they are entering a special area and a heightened awareness for pedestrians is necessary.

Planter Seating Ledge

A custom street design can include custom street planters and seating. In the instance of a shared street, raised planters made of a durable material could house low plantings and street trees; accommodate one or multiple built in seating ledges; and play a role in vehicular circulation by delineating the travel lanes, narrowing travel lanes to encourage slower travel speeds, or creating chicanes that slow-traffic to a greater degree.



Figure 27 - Paving Texture Change (Site Design Group)



Figure 28 - Raised Intersection (NACTO)



Figure 29 - Planter Seating Ledge (Transform KC)

Van Emmon Street (Existing)

Downtown's Second Gateway

Traveling east from downtown Yorkville, Van Emmon Street eventually becomes Van Emmon Road and meets Route 71, which connects Yorkville with Oswego. Van Emmon Street acts as the second gateway into downtown, particularly at its intersection with Bridge Street. Recently, buildings have been torn down along Van Emmon Street and the expectation of future redevelopment is not unreasonable.

The approach traveling west into downtown along Van Emmon does not best represent Yorkville. Vegetation overgrowth between Mill Street and Heustis Street; an imbalanced street section of residential buildings with parking in front; a concrete retaining wall; and multiple "missing teeth" in the urban fabric leave much to be desired. Additionally, the intersection of Van Emmon Street and Bridge Street is not particularly inspiring, as each corner does not activate the intersection. Businesses are making an effort at providing visible programming at the intersection, but improvements are needed to establish the cohesive image the downtown Yorkville deserves.

Van Emmon Street west of Bridge Street has a different character. It generally becomes more residential after the first half block. Naturally, the street section abruptly adjusts as it enters the neighborhood.



Figure 30 - View West Down Van Emmon Street (Google)



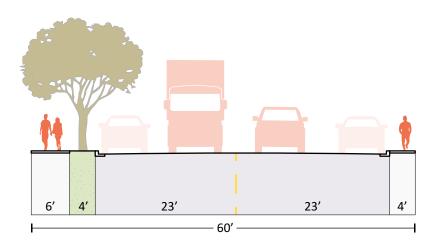
Figure 31 - View West Down Van Emmon Street (Google)



Figure 32 - View West Down Van Emmon Street (Google



Van Emmon Street (Existing)



Van Emmon Street (Near-Term)

Tactical Interventions

Interventions should be focused at the intersection of Van Emmon Street and Bridge Street. Businesses on either side of the intersection are already considering providing outdoor seating options, which would add visible energy to the downtown when approaching from the south. This is a positive direction and can be amplified with the removal of parking spaces to construct a temporary or permanent parklet, providing a canopy or other form of weather protection, or introducing outdoor space heaters to extend seating months.

This intersection is also the primary crossing for pedestrians and vehicles moving between the east and west sides of Bridge Street due to traffic signalization and pedestrian crossing indicators. Painting the crosswalk and intersection would be an opportunity to brand downtown, enhance safety and visibility for crossing pedestrians, and draw attention to its businesses.

In addition to intersection treatments, the southwest corner of the intersection could be used for signage that greets residents and visitors traveling into downtown. Plans are already underway to improve the County Courthouse slope.

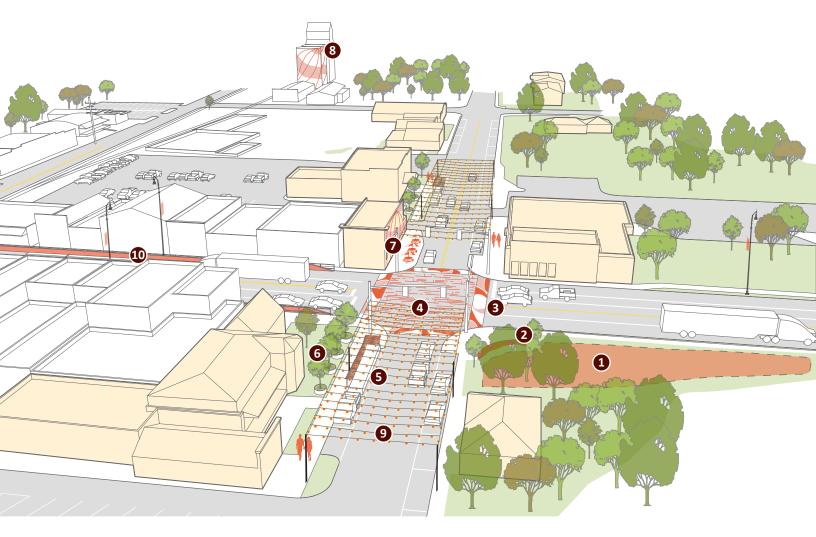
- 1 County Courthouse Landscape Beautification
- 2 Gateway Monument Signage
- 3 Painted Crosswalks
- 4 Painted Intersection
- 5 Parklet
- 6 Temporary Street Trees
- Outdoor Seating
- 8 Painted Grain Elevator
- 9 Catenary Lights
- 10 Painted Bridge Street Barrier/Railing



Figure 33 - Landscape Beautification (Cedrus Landscaping)



Figure 34 - Painted Grain Elevator (News OK)



Van Emmon Street (Near-Term)



Figure 35 - Temporary Street Trees (ASLA)



Figure 36 - Painted Crosswalk (Broward Palm Beach)

Van Emmon Street (Long-Term)

Greeting Visitors with Beauty

Van Emmon Street should be beautiful to establish a first impression to visitors, particularly east of Bridge Street. The mix of topography and building forms can be challenging when the desired outcome is a pleasant street; however, the asymmetry can be accommodated through careful design considerations.

A primary consideration should include where stormwater is flowing. With elevated parcels on the south edge of Van Emmon Street, surface water will flow towards the street and sidewalk. Utilizing rain gardens that temporarily store rainwater before discharge or percolation and/or using permeable pavers that allow water to dissipate through the parking surface, are ways to accommodate the increased runoff. Also helping with stormwater, street trees should be planted on either side of the approach from the east to create a block long gateway when driving into Yorkville from Oswego.

Downtown branding elements, such as seasonal banners and wayfinding signage, can add to the cohesion of downtown. The historic Kendall County Courthouse slope can act as a gateway feature incorporating signage, or some other built element, to establish a four-sided Van Emmon and Bridge Street intersect. These improvements could be completed in the near-term with the expectation that they would remain as other capital improvements take place.



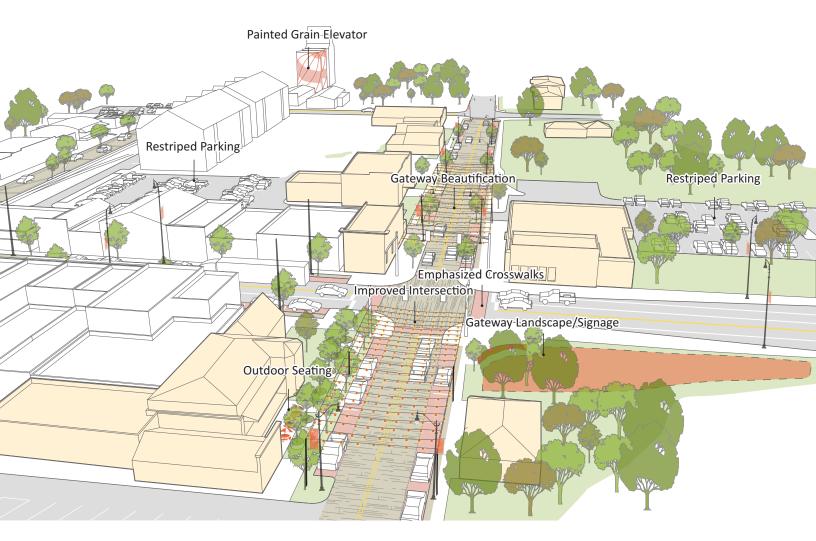
Figure 37 - Stormwater Streetscape (novitalas.com)



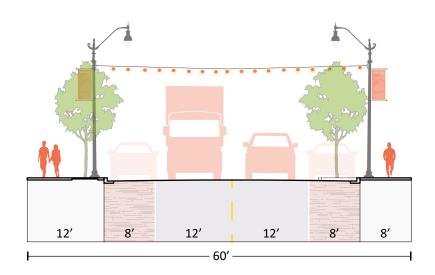
Figure 38 - Intersection Improvements (PicSnaper)



Figure 39 - Permable Parking Pavers (Village of Shorewood)



Van Emmon Street (Long-Term)



Stormwater Bulb-Outs

Bulb-outs typically narrow roadways to direct traffic, slow speeds down, expand the sidewalk, or simply accommodate plantings. Integrating bulb-outs that also perform stormwater management functions, would be an attractive design feature along Van Emmon Street. Bulb-out curbs should be slotted, or notched with openings, to allow surface stormwater to enter and exit the planting zone of the bulb-out.



Stormwater rain gardens could be used to improve runoff quality and provide detention for significant storm events. Like bulb-outs, they can accommodate a variety of planting types and should have inlets allowing water to flow in and out from the street. Trees and a variety of plantings that provide color and texture would add to the beautification of Van Emmon Street.

Permeable Parking Pavers

Tying designs back to other streets within downtown, Van Emmon Street could feature open grid permeable pavers that both define the parking areas and increase stormwater capacity. Coordinating pavers between Van Emmon Street, Hydraulic Street, and any other location they are used in the greater downtown would support a cohesive design and branding language.



Figure 40 - Stormwater Bulb-Out (Toni Best)



Figure 41 - Rain Garden (Vava)



Figure 42 - Permeable Pavers (Terran Capital)

Sustainable Street Section

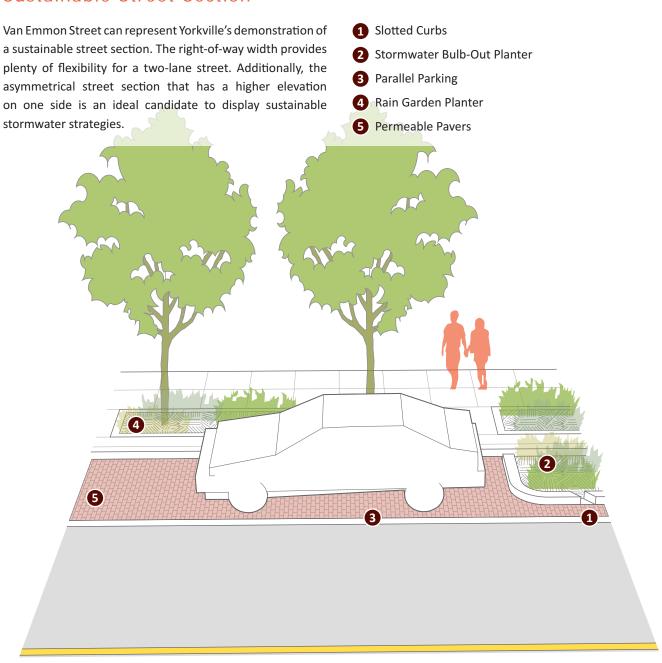


Figure 43 - Van Emmon Street Diagram (Farr Associates)

'B' Street (Existing)

Small-Town Character

One of the most charming aspects of Yorkville, is the historic, small-town character inherent in the City's streets and buildings. These streets may have narrow or no sidewalks, are often curbless, and exhibit a casual feel that may slightly change between each individual property. Many of these streets are both the front door and driveway access to homes and buildings. These types of streets that serve buildings through parking and service access are vital to the functionality of the neighborhoods.

Around downtown the north/south streets that run parallel with Bridge Street act as 'B' Streets. These streets that feature a small-town character should continue to support the downtown uses, as well as provide a framework for future development to take place.

Because future development will likely be limited, to an extent, and single-family homes exist immediately adjacent to the downtown blocks, the 'B' Streets should maintain a small-town character that aligns with many future uses but does not negatively affect existing single-family homes.



Figure 44 - View North Down Main Street (Google)



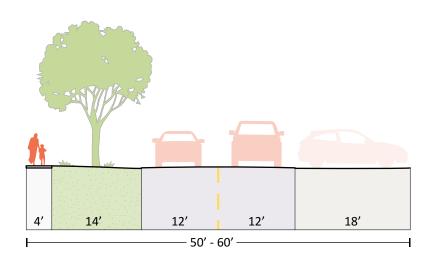
Figure 45 - View North Down Main Street (Google)



Figure 46 - View North Down Main Street (Google)



'B' Street (Existing)



'B' Street (Near-Term)

Tactical Interventions

The 'B' Streets should be less of an investment priority. They receive less of the pedestrian and vehicular traffic compared to Bridge Street, Hydraulic Street, and Van Emmon Street. It is imporant that they play a supporting role, but resource allocation should be minimal.

Ensuring sidewalk continuity and basic maintenance should be the City's top priority. Having overgrown landscape shoulders, missing and poorly maintained portions of the sidewalks, and poor road surfacing are examples of issues that should be addressed. Downtown's 'B' Streets should be eligible for resurfacing and landscape maintenance.

One unique aspect of downtown's 'B' Streets, which primarily run north/south, is how they terminate into the Fox River. Each of these moments where drivers and pedestrians can look down the street and have a visual connection to the river is an opportunity that should be taken advantage of by implementing such measures as prohibiting parking, providing an active or focal point of interest, and trimming back overgrown vegetation to reveal the water.

- Added Crosswalks Towards River
- Roadside Swale Improvements
- 3 Additional Street Trees
- 4 River Access Signage
- Public Art/Sculpture at Main Street Terminus
- 6 Trim Vegetation for View Towards Water



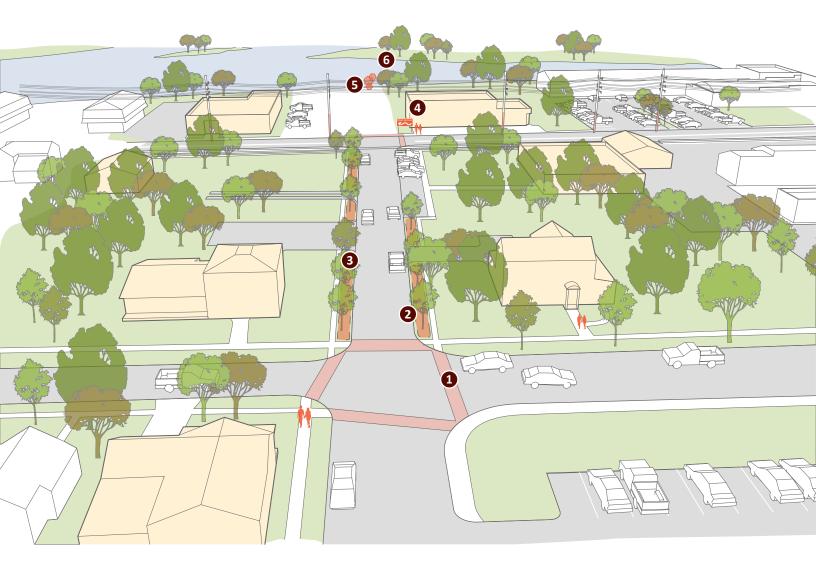
Figure 47 - River Access Signage (Google)



Figure 48 - Road Resurfacing (Decatur Daily)



Figure 49 - View Towards Water (Google)



'B' Street (Near-Term)



Figure 50 - Basic Roadside Swale (NACTO)

'B' Street (Long-Term)

Redefining Small Town Streets

As streets are rebuilt to support a changing downtown, it will remain important to minimize impact on the pleasant, historic character of the surrounding neighborhood. Careful design consideration to not over-correct the 'B' Streets should be maintained. Community members have expressed how they value the small-town character that brought many of them to Yorkville, or kept them there, in the first place.

Roadside swales can be used to both direct and detain stormwater. Plantings can include a mixture of City contributions and resident contributions. This will allow the property owner to make some customizations to the extension of their front lawn. For example, small wooden bridges might connect the street with the sidewalk to their front door. These small customizations add to the character that already exists.

Small details can make these streets more attractive, such as having a curbless intersection that allows stormwater runoff to enter the roadside swales. The edge of the street pavement can be a gravel transition that delineates between travel lane and shoulder. Trees could be planted irregularly or even provided by the property owners from an approved landscape palette. Sidewalks should be narrow, but continuous to have minimal impact while providing maximum connectivity.



Figure 51 - Roadside Swale (Green Infrastructure Digest)



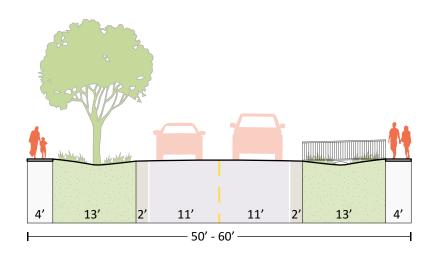
Figure 52 - Roadside Swale (Mithun)



Figure 53 - Roadside Swale (IPFS)



'B' Street (Long-Term)



Gravel Street Apron

Curbless streets often become unkempt with grass, weeds, and dirt loosely defining the edge between roadway and shoulder. To maintain visual tidiness, an 18" - 24" gravel edge may be used to transition from roadway to landscape. This can be maintained more easily and provides clear delineation of the roadway and amenity zone.



Figure 54 - Gravel Street Apron (OttawaVeloOutaouais)

Roadside Swales

Fitting with the character, roadside swales are often seen along rural or small-town streets or highways. They can take many forms and be aesthetically pleasing or simply utilitarian. They help detain and direct stormwater runoff from the roadway and provide a layer of buffer between sidewalk and street. Swales can be personalized by adjacent property owners or fully planted and maintained by the City.



Figure 55 - Personalized Swale (City of Seattle)

Over-Swale Pedestrian Bridges

Small pedestrian bridges can connect the street to sidewalk at each property. Each can take on a slightly different design language or be required to adhere to set design guidelines. These bridges could be a unique contribution to a 'B' Street that features minimal design qualities.

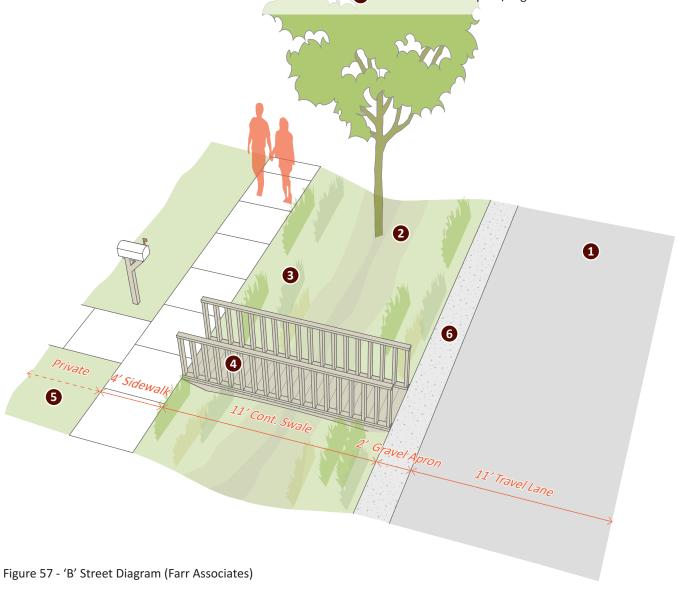


Figure 56 - Bridge Over Swale (Chesapeake Dock)

Maintaining Small Town Charm

Each component from curbless street, to swale, to narrow residential sidewalk works together to maintain a small town feel. No improvements should look over-engineered or oversized on Yorkville's quaint neighborhood streets. These 'B' Streets should feel like a place where kids can play in the street and parents can take a quiet nighttime stroll.

- 1 Resurfaced Travel Lane
- 2 Flood Tolerant Street Trees
- 3 Continuous Swale Along N/S Streets
- 4 Bridge Over Swale
- **5** Private Property
- 6 Gravel Transition Apron/Edge

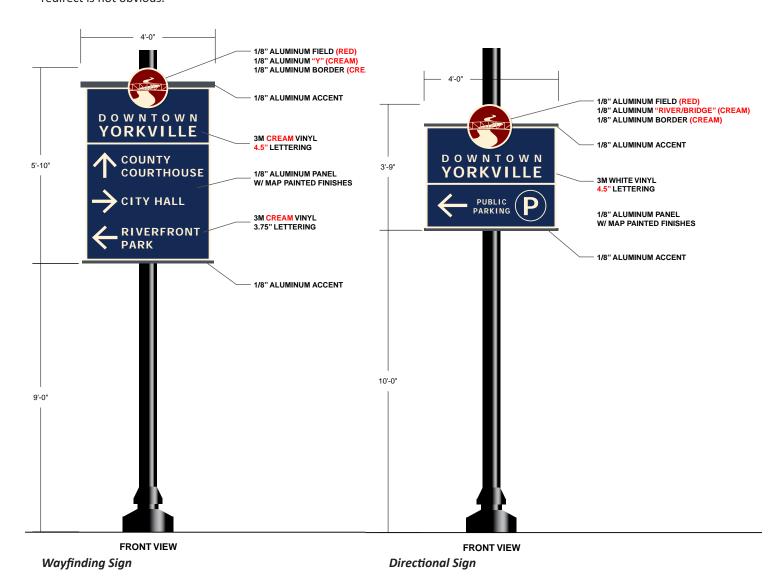


Downtown Signage and Wayfinding

Cohesive Downtown Signage

Effectively navigating downtown is one of the major elements to be improved. For example, there is currently sufficient parking to accommodate patrons of the downtown uses; however, that parking is dispersed unevenly throughout downtown and is difficult to locate unless you are familiar with the area. Situations, such as no left turns allowed at the Bridge Street and Hydraulic Street intersection, make it difficult to navigate if a turn is missed and an opportunity to redirect is not obvious.

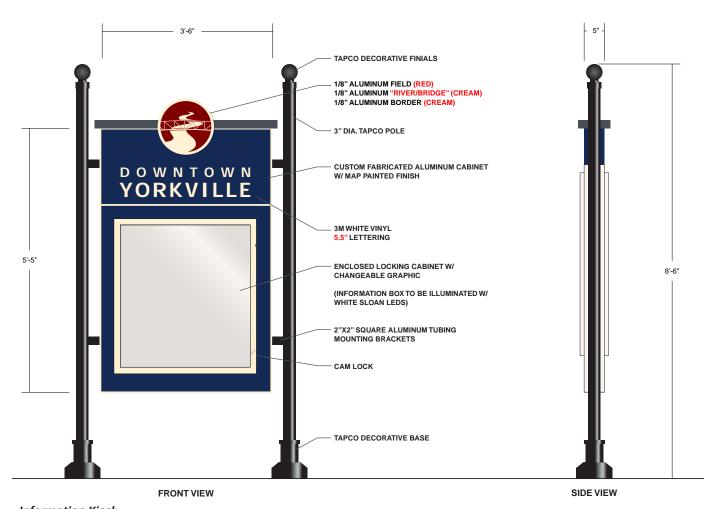
One way to help alleviate this problem is through providing downtown signage. This signage can make a statement and solidify a cohesive brand and image for the area as a whole. From signage to banners or emblems, consistent, beautiful signage shows visitors that the city cares about providing an inviting user experience.







Seasonal Banners



Information Kiosk

Downtown Wayfinding

Starting with three different wayfinding sign types: (1) an informational kiosk; (2) pole mounted directional signage; and (3) branded wayfinding signage; Yorkville can make a near-term impact on how users navigate the area.

Informational kiosks can house either rotating or stationary content, such as maps, historic markers, or recreational programming. Maps can help pedestrians identify where they are in relation to other nearby destinations and help them discover new places to explore. These kiosks will be sidewalk mounted and cater to the pedestrian over vehicles.

Directional signage is most effectively mounted on the existing light poles in locations that help drivers know when to turn for parking or riverfront access. The directional signage should have a specific purpose of getting someone from point A to point B. Though these signs should be pole mounted and high enough to be visible for passing cars, they should also be easily visible to pedestrians.

As with each type of sign, wayfinding signage should be both branded and informative, letting users know that they are located in the proper area or neighborhood and provide markers for points of interest. Points of interest within downtown Yorkville may include specific restaurants, the historic Kendall County Courthouse, County offices, Bicentennial Riverfront Park, and public parking lots.



Figure 58 - Informational Kiosk (Trans Associates)

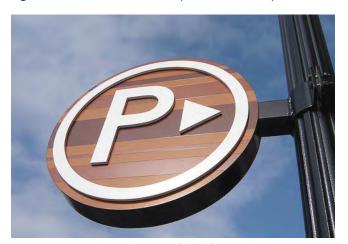


Figure 59 - Directional Signage (Flickr)



Figure 60 - Branded Wayfinding Signage (Google)



Lighting Strategies

Implement Lighting Best Practices

Lighting is a key component of walkability, as it lends itself to creating a more safe environment for pedestrians. There are several streets where street lighting exists, but the lighting is inconsistent and is not always human-scaled. Lighting in the downtown can serve multiple functions, including branding the area, creating more vibrancy, and increasing safe conditions for residents and visitors. The increase and consistency of lighting gives people a sense of street character and trust of what is to come, and encourages walking and biking.

Nancy Clanton of Clanton & Associates has provided lighting best-practices for municipalities by creating some "dos and don'ts" for street and facade lighting. In general, well-designed lighting strategies should not only light the area, but take into account all view angles while creating a beautiful ambiance without glare and annoyance. The list on page 45 expands on Nancy Clanton's strategies.

High color temperature (CCT) light sources have the highest concentration of blue light. Many municipalities are limiting the CCT of their street and pedestrian lighting to 3000K or less which is similar to the color of the setting sun. Dimming or turning off lighting is another strategy to reduce overlighting an area.

Ideally, light sources should change color over the course of the evening and into the late night. Blue light will enhance visibility during the rush hour, but as vehicular and pedestrian traffic decreases at night, the spectrum can minimize blue light and switch to the red range.



Figure 61 - Street Lighting "Do" (American City and County)



Figure 62 - Building Lighting "Do" (Houzz)



Figure 63 - Public Space Lighting "Do" (Google)



Figure 64 - Street Lighting "Don't" (Farr Associates)

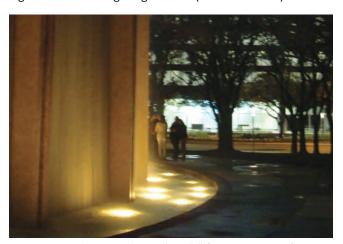


Figure 65 - Building Lighting "Don't" (Farr Associates)



Figure 66 - Public Space Lighting "Don't" (Google)

Lighting "Dos"

Street Lighting

- Light sidewalks and streets appropriately for the neighborhood and explicitly where needed
- · Use low-glare streetlights
- Minimize uplight of all kinds (cobra lights, etc.)

Building Lighting

- · Mount light at the top of facades and aim inward
- Emphasize architectural features such as columns and arches using beam distributions
- · Use warm-colored, dim light

Public Space Lighting

- Define the space with lighting of a consistent type and brightness
- Dimly light the features where people gather: seating areas, outdoor dining, public parks and plazas

Lighting "Don'ts"

Street Lighting

- Use streetlights to light yards and private property
- Overlight
- Use high-glare streetlights

Building Lighting

- · Aim across a visual path with a floodlight
- Aim up a façade
- Overlight
- · Select glaring luminaries

Public Space Lighting

- · Light individual elements unless they are features
- Flood the public space with heavy lighting
- · Appear messy and unorganized
- Include multiple types of lighting accomplishing the same goal

Stormwater Management

Green Infrastructure

It is widely understood that stormwater runoff from roofs, pavement, and other urban surfaces are contributing to water body degradation and flooding. Minimizing this impact, particularly in urban contexts, is often difficult because of the amount of land dedicated to dense buildings, supportive surface parking lots, and wide streets with generous sidewalks; however, there are strategies to accommodate both the urban and green infrastructure solutions.

Yorkville has been a settlement for a long time - even longer than many other cities and villages in the greater Chicago area. The Fox River was the main reason for locating Yorkville where it is today, so taking measures to preserve the water quality, beauty, and function of the river should be a priority. The City has old stormwater infrastructure, so removing some of the burden would help to lengthen its useful life. As capital improvements occur, there is an opportunity to do two things: 1) updated the stormwater infrastructure and 2) construct green infrastructure in the public rights-of-way to reduce potential negative impacts of storm surges and surface runoff degradation the Fox River. Strategies such as rain gardens, bioswales on the sloped streets, or even green roofs could all contribute to beauty and utility.

Signage Encouraging Awareness

Green infrastructure is not familiar to everyone, so these can be excellent educational opportunities for the public. Signage and story-telling of why the City is placing rain gardens next to sidewalks and bioswales cascading down slopes could encourage residents to invest in doing the same on their properties. Additionally, the City could incentivize rain gardens or rain water cisterns for private residences to minimize negative impacts on natural resources and reduce flooding.



Figure 67 - Residential Rain Garden (Metro Blooms)



Figure 68 - Rain Garden Off Curbless Street (Prairie Rivers)



Figure 69 - Rain Garden Signage (City of Springfield, MO)



Figure 70 - Pervious Pavers (Techniseal)



Figure 71 - Pervious Pavers (MWMO)



Figure 72 - Paver Laying Machine (Detroit News)

Pervious Pavement

Permeable paving products, such as porous asphalt and concrete, as well as permeable pavers allow water to pass through the surface and into a stone storage layer below.

The water stored in the stone layer either infiltrates into the soil below or is slowly released to a sewer or other drainage system to reduce stormwater runoff volumes and rates. Sediment, metals, and organic compounds are filtered and/ or biologically treated as the runoff moves through and is stored in the system.

Properly designed permeable paving systems are applicable to both pedestrian and vehicular areas. Permeable paving should be avoided in the through lanes of high traffic areas (such as County and State highway routes) and areas of high sediment or other pollutant loading that could clog the system or overwhelm the system's ability to treat typical urban runoff pollutants.

Ideal locations for pervious pavement might be Hydraulic Street, parallel parking lanes, mid-block alleys, and surface parking lots.

Installing Pervious Pavers

Pavers appear laborious to lay down in large quantities, such as a street or sidewalk; however, technology advancements have bred paver laying machines that lay down entire swaths of pavers in one motion. This drastically minimizes installation times, but still provides that hand-laid, classic look that is often loved for its character. Pavers can be cost competitive to concrete, because of the external impact it has on sizing stormwater infrastructure systems.

Public Art and Sculpture

The Role of Public Art

Yorkville's current downtown does not compete well with some of the loved downtowns nearby, such as Oswego and Plainfield; however, it should not need to directly compete. Yorkville can distinguish itself with its own identity and unique character as a community. There are few better ways to do this than through public art.

First and foremost, public art is free. Anyone can experience and enjoy it. It also adds a layer of uniqueness when so many downtowns attempt to emulate each other and therefore lose some of their authenticity. There are plenty of opportunities for public art, from blank walls on the sides of buildings, to vacant parcels and parking lots, and even the grain elevator. Each can become a canvas for community expression.

The City should seek to commission works in addition to allowing community members to contribute pieces to the collection through interactive events for residents of all ages. When everyone can get involved, there is more of a sense of ownership over the end product. Public art is a medium to show visitors what Yorkville is all about.

Make it Interactive!

Not only can art be something to experience visually, but it can also be interactive. This can be done through sculptures that encourage climbing or provide a backdrop for a photograph. Art can cater to children and adults alike and should remain informal enough to fit into Yorkville's beloved small-town character.



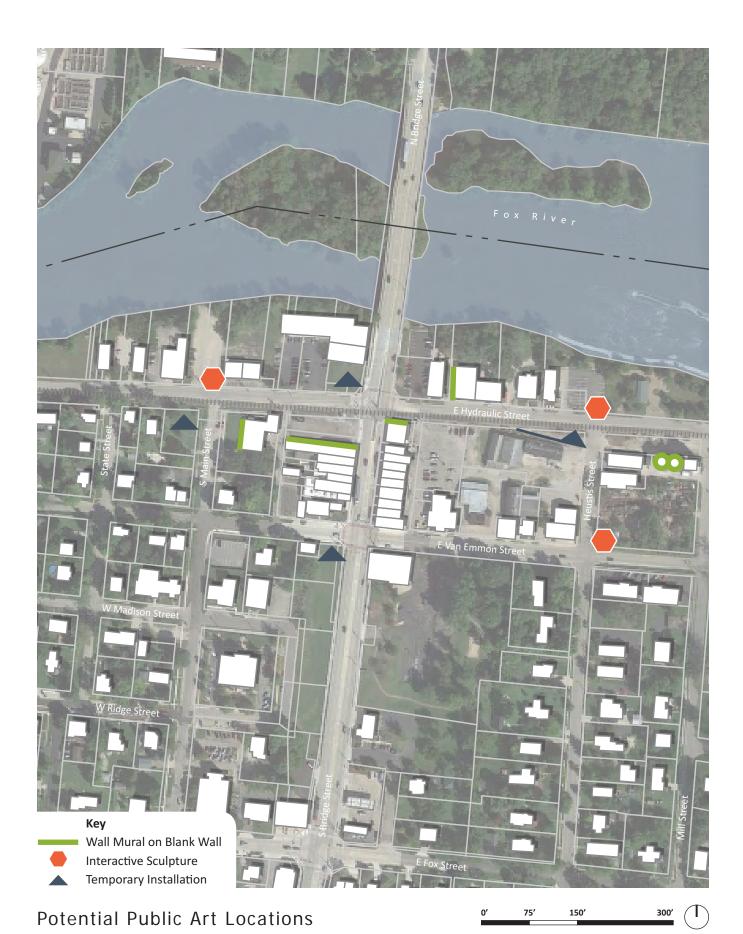
Figure 73 - Wall Mural on Blank Wall (City of Missouri City)



Figure 74 - Interactive Sculpture (ISU College of Design)



Figure 75 - Temporary Installation (Playscapes)



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Appendix

Supplemental Content

Context Scale Analysis Mapping	p.	52
Site Scale Analysis Mapping	p.	60
Website Survey Results	p.	68

Downtown Overlay Context Scale

Downtown Overlay District

The Downtown Overlay District context scale includes both the defined downtown from the 2016 Comprehensive Plan and the immediate surrounding areas, which includes the north banks of the Fox River. The following series of analysis maps reveals that downtown Yorkville has a variety of commercial, industrial, and public land uses surrounded by primarily lower density single-family housing. The underlying zoning allows for a more intense development pattern than currently exists; therefore, downtown has potential to densify and redevelop to more intense land uses. With relatively high traffic counts along Bridge Street, downtown experiences crosstown traffic that makes it visible and accessible by pedestrians and vehicles, and it could take advantage of higher traffic through non-residential uses.

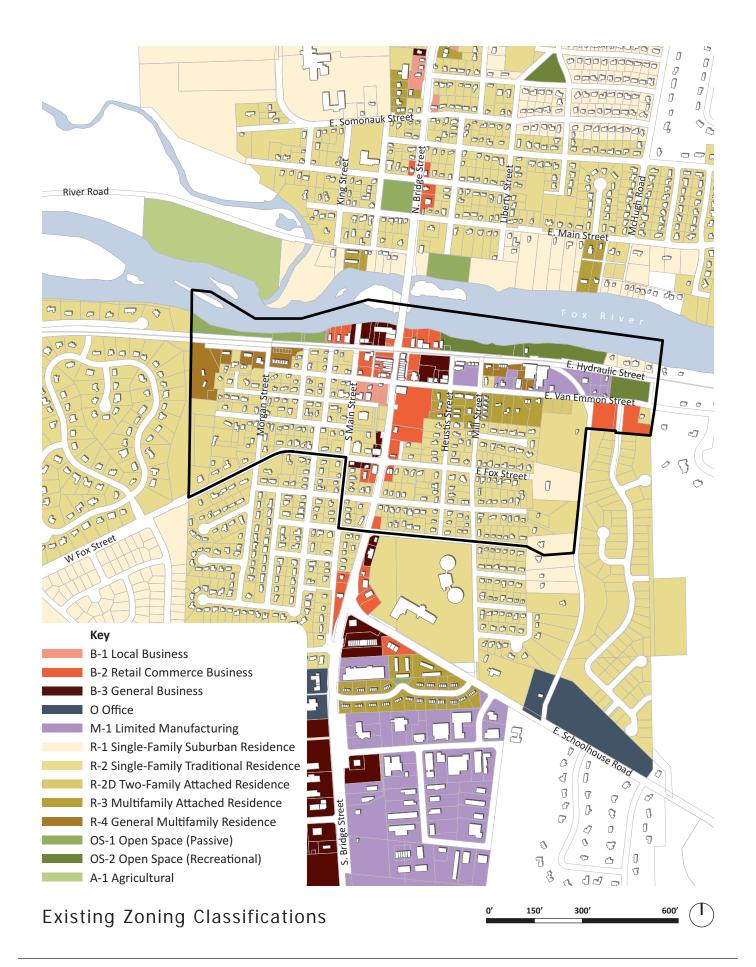
A TIF 1 and 2 are current and future strategies that seek to encourage reinvestment in the downtown. Though the TIF boundaries are not consistent with the downtown boundary defined in the map, it does include much of the downtown land and parcels along the Fox River. Parcels along the Fox River may be the most attractive to investors because of the views towards the river and access to recreation.

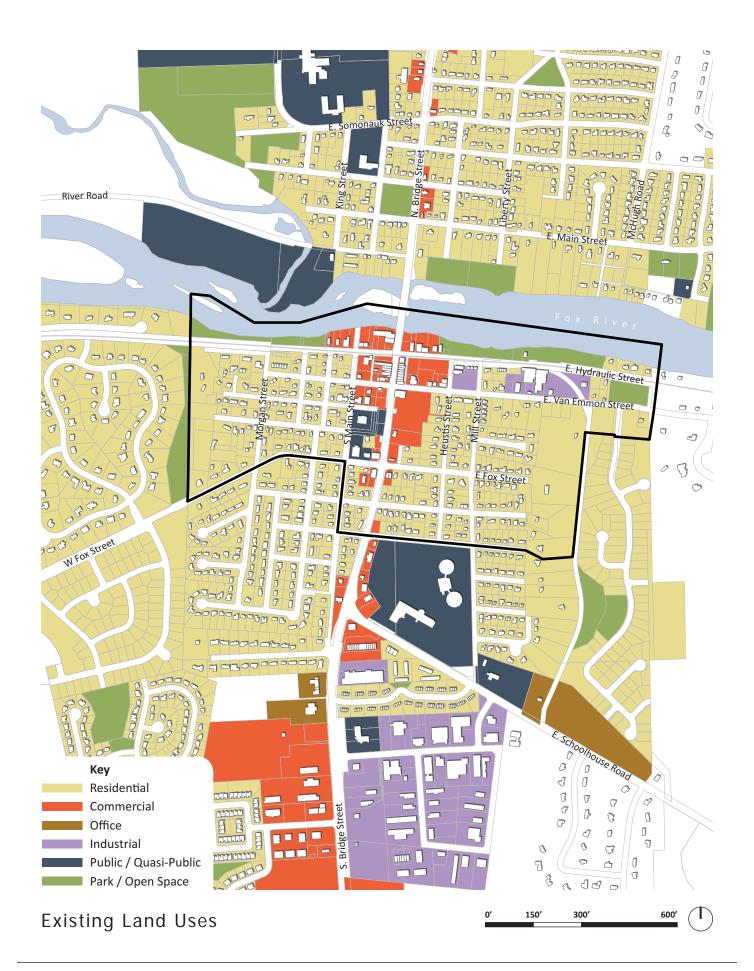
Investment in public space along the river has helped provide a destination for visitors and residents alike. Additionally, recreational bicycle facilities, trails, and connections to the greater trail system offer opportunities to improve quality of life and may become a catalyst for future real estate investment.

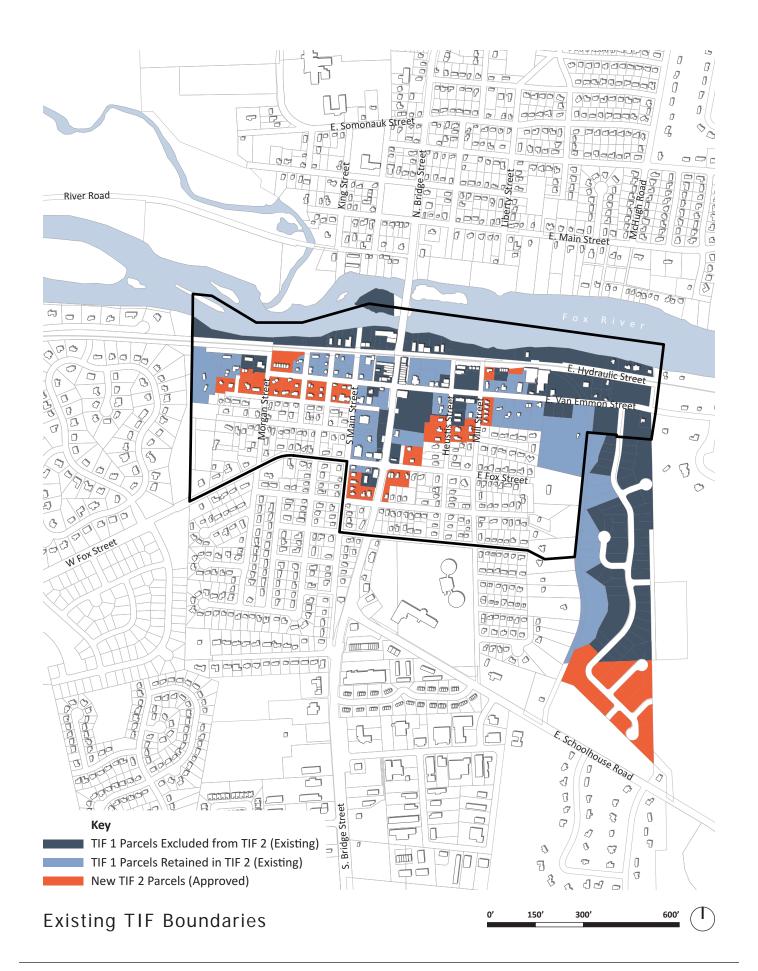


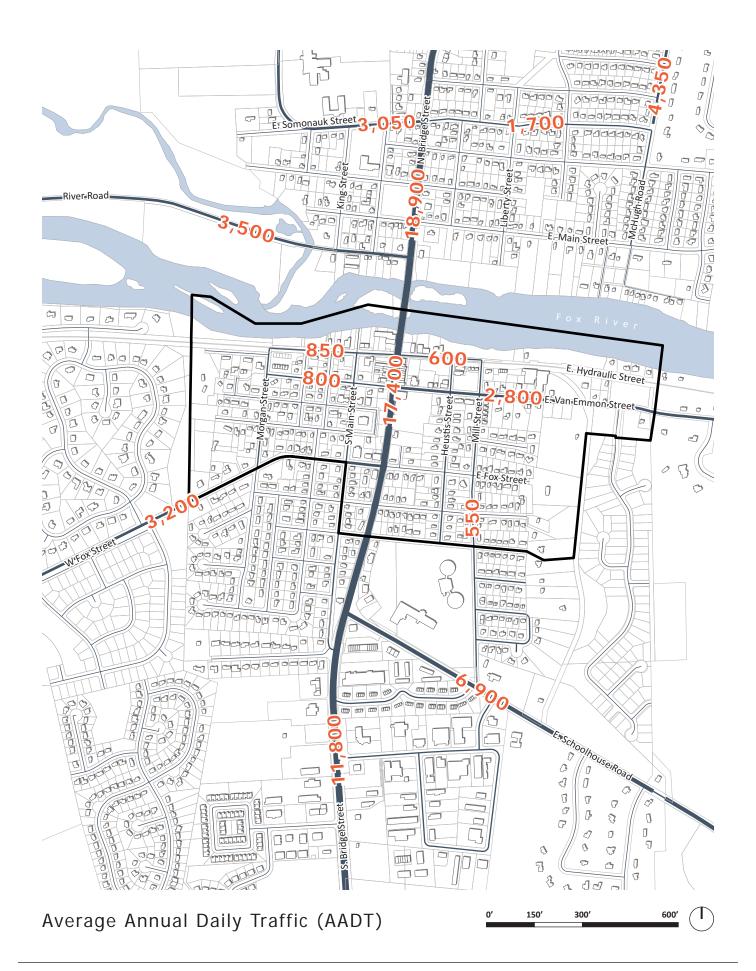
Area Scale Map (Aerial)

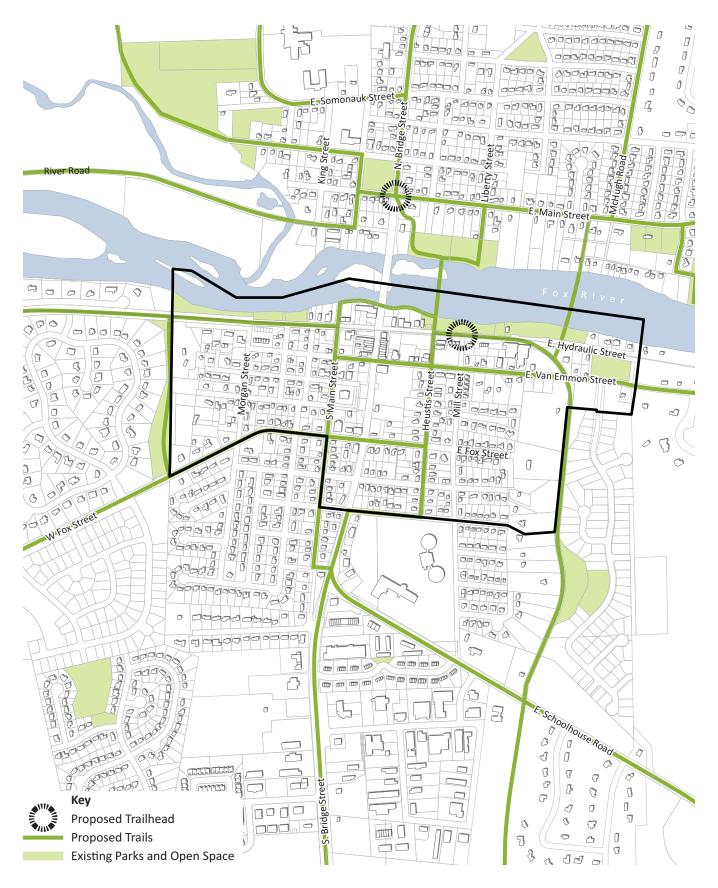
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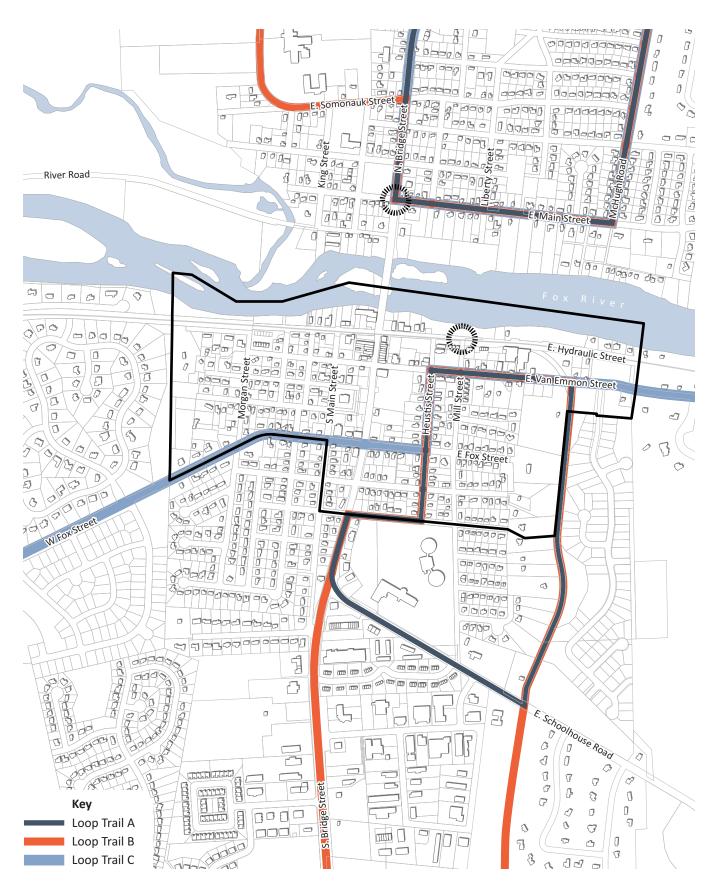








Parks and Proposed Trail Network



Proposed Loop Trail System

Downtown Overlay Site Scale

Downtown Overlay District

The Downtown Overlay District site scale includes most of the downtown as defined in the 2016 Comprehensive Plan, as well as the immediate areas to the north and south. The following series of analysis maps illustrates that downtown Yorkville features a walkable grid; however, certain factors are minimizing its effectiveness. Notable contributing factors include segments of non-continuous sidewalks, primary building entries being oriented towards parking lots, and blocks that feature highly visible surface parking.

The primary stretch of downtown is defined by buildings that are built to the sidewalk in a continuous row along Bridge Street; however, Bridge Street's priority as a truck route has added to an anti-pedestrian feel. With only a small stretch of downtown being defined by urban building types, walkability is limited.

There are few buildings taller than two-stories, which reduces visual cues that downtown Yorkville is in fact a downtown. Some exceptions to this include the historic courthouse and grain elevator, which provide a unique sense of place. Large, vacant, or underutilized parcels are ripe for redevelopment and, with generous underlying zoning, should be attractive investments with modified guidelines.



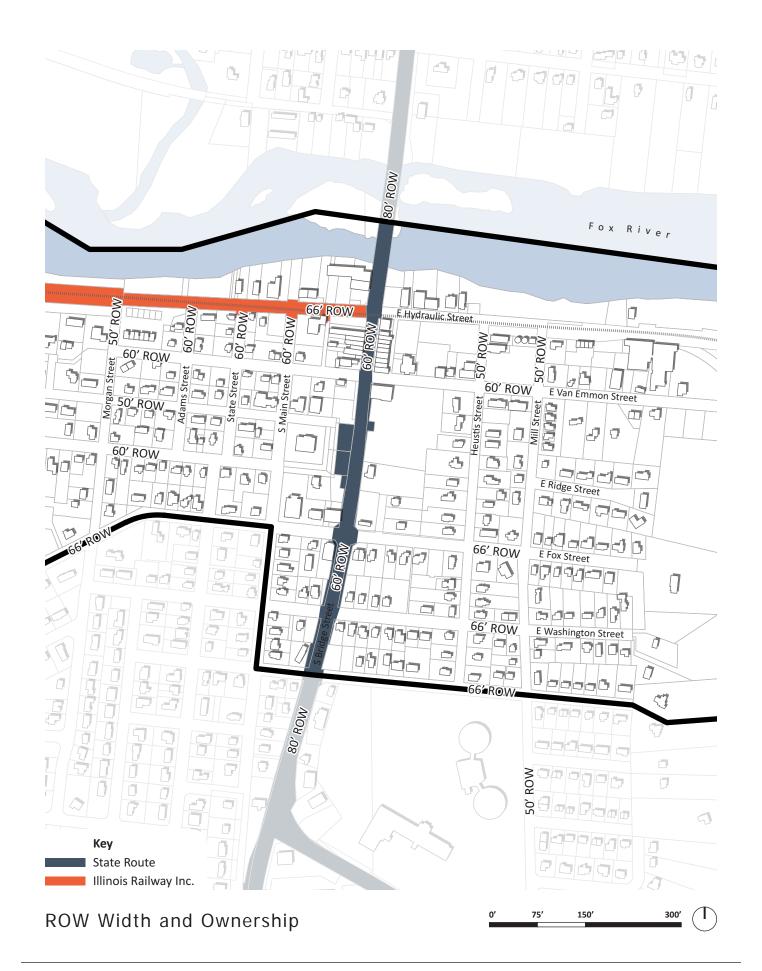
Area Scale Map (Aerial)

0′ 75′ 150′ 300′













Website Survey Results

www.downtownyorkville.com/

The Yorkville Downtown Overlay District website survey was posted between February 19, 2018, and March 12, 2018. The survey gathered **473 responses**. The survey participants were conentrated in the 18 - 49 years old range. Key takeaways from the online survey include:

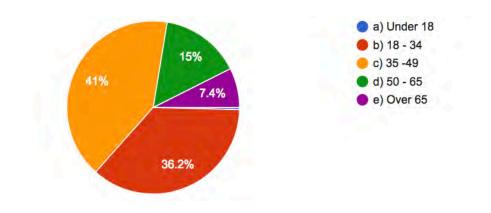
- A faster actual driving speed on Bridge Street is revealed
- People seem to feel safer than expected walking along Bridge Street; however, online comments conflict
- There is a perceived or real lack of parking
- Bridge Street is clearly important from a downtown image standpoint
- All gateway elements seem popular; however, the overhead lights are leading
- Bridge Street, Hydraulic Street, and Van Emmon Street are the focus
- The form-based code should not regulate architectural

style to leave flexibility

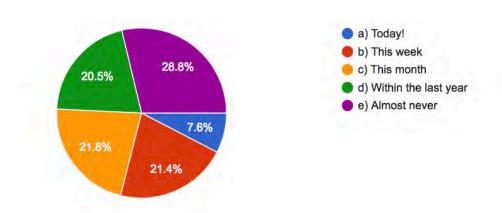
- The "step back" question was difficult to comprehend in the survey format
- The front of Bridge Street needs a makeover



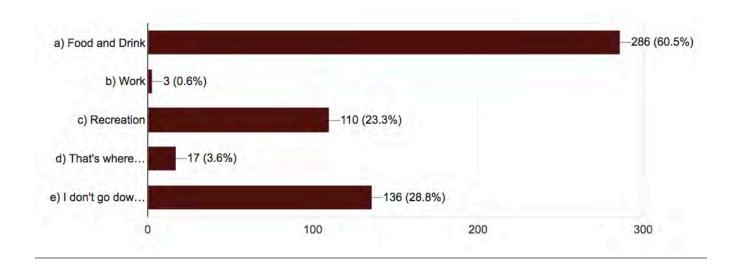
Question 1
Which is our age group?



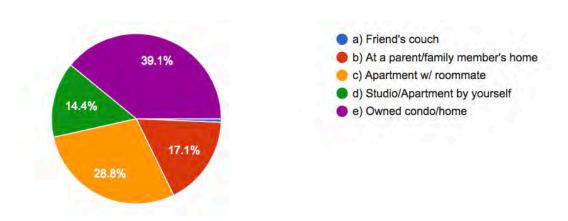
Question 2
When was the last time you visited downtown?



Question 3
What is the primary reason you come to downtown? (Check multiple)



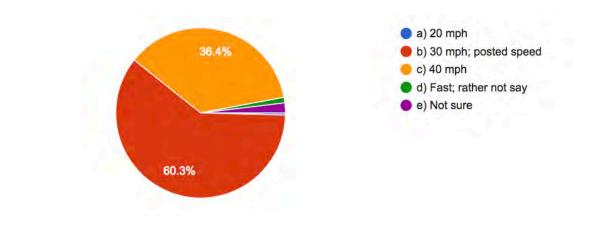
Where was the first place you lived as an adult?



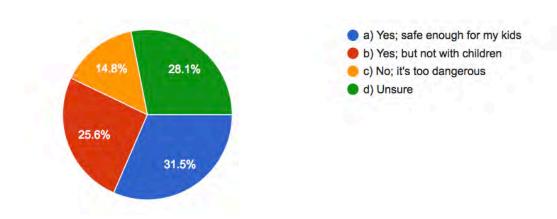
Question 4

Question 5

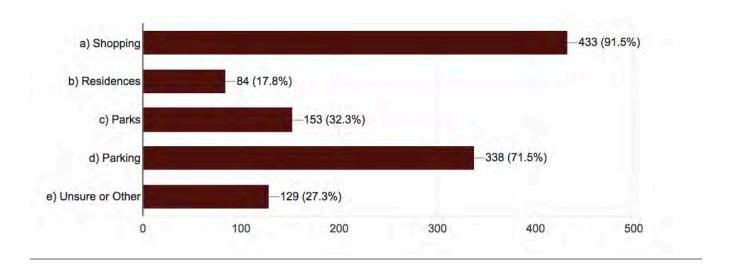
How fast do you drive through downtown on Bridge Street?



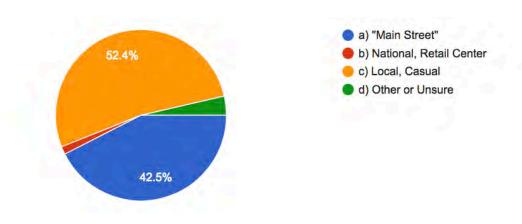
Question 6
Would you feel safe walking along Bridge Street?



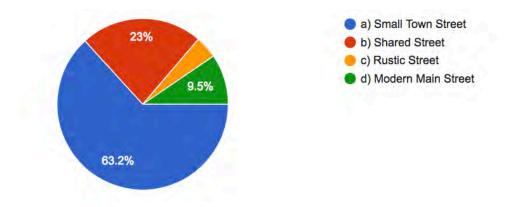
Question 7
What is missing most from downtown? (Check multiple)



Question 8
Which image most represents your vision of downtown?

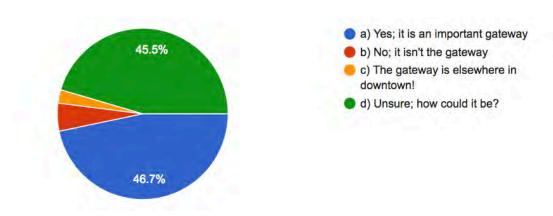


Question 9
Which street character do you prefer?

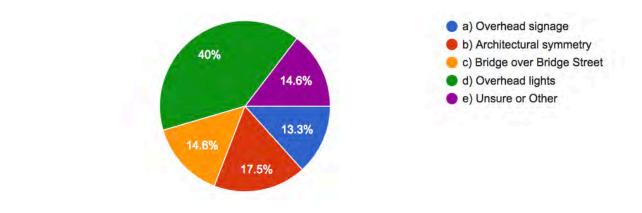


Question 10

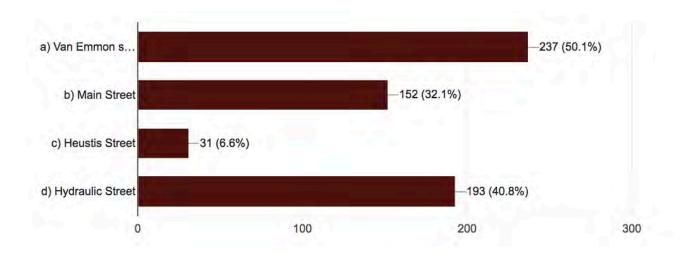
Should Bridge Street be a gateway to downtown?



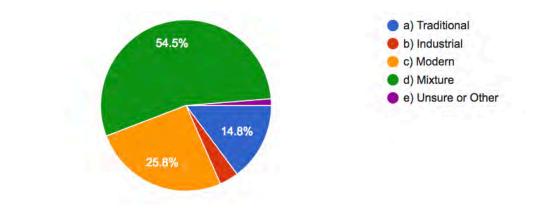
Question 11
Which is a preferred gateway element into downtown?



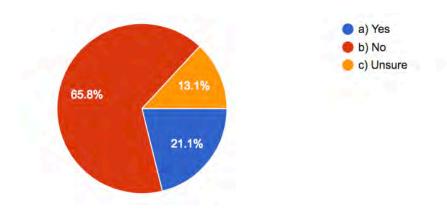
Question 12
Which street do you most consider an 'A' Street? (Check multiple)



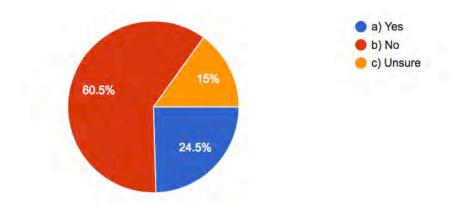
Question 13
Which architectural character do you prefer?



Question 14
Would attached housing be a good fit downtown?

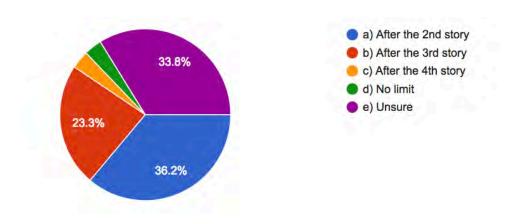


Question 15
Would multi-family housing be a good fit downtown?

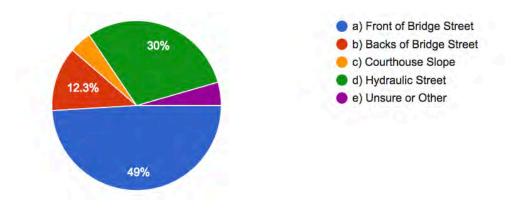


Question 16

After how many stories should upper levels "step back" from the facade?



Question 17
Which place would you invest in first?



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YORKVILLE

Downtown Overlay District

Form-Based Code



Acknowledgments

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Mayor Gary J. Golinski
Bart Olson, City Administrator
Erin Willrett, Assistant City Administrator
Krysti Barksdale-Noble, Community Development Director
Jason Engberg, Senior Planner
Eric Dhuse, Public Works Director
Lisa Pickering, Deputy City Clerk
Richard T. Hart, Chief of Police
Tim Evans, Director of Parks and Recreation
Brad Sanderson, EEI, Engineering Consultant





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A. Title

This Article 10-21 shall be known, cited, and referred to as the Downtown Overlay District code. Any reference to this Article following its effective date shall mean this entire Article as it may hereafter be amended.

B. Intent

It is the intent of this Article to provide development standards to the United City of Yorkville for downtown and adjacent redevelopment areas that promote public health, safety, and general welfare of the community, including, but not limited to the specific purposes set forth below.

- To guide the development of a mix of uses and a pedestrianoriented environment as established in the United City of Yorkville 2016 Comprehensive Plan, adopted September 2016, and the 2019 Yorkville Downtown Overlay District Streetscape Master Plan.
- To provide for a mix of housing types within the Downtown Overlay District and adjacent areas for people of all ages and lifestyles.
- To achieve development that is appropriate in scale and intensity for the Downtown Overlay District and adjacent neighborhoods.

C. Overview of the Code

- 1. Section 10-21-2: Districts. These regulations are organized within street types for adoption into the City's existing code. These zoning districts shall be mapped on the City's Zoning Map; however, the Primary Streets designation shall be referenced from Figure 10-21-2G (4). The following Districts are established for mixed use, commercial, and residential development within downtown and adjacent redevelopment areas. Figure 10-21-1B (1) illustrates the locations for the districts.
 - S1: Bridge Street District
 - S2: Hydraulic Street District
 - S3: Van Emmon Street District
 - S4: 'B' Street District
 - S5: 'B' Street Residential District
- Section 10-21-3: Uses. Use requirements are defined in Section 10-21-3 for each of the Street Districts. Uses may also be further limited by the Building Types. Refer to Section 10-21-2 Building Types and the "Uses" section in the tables per building type.
- 4. Section 10-21-4: Building Types. Six (6) Building Types are defined for use in the Street Districts. A mix of building types are typically permitted per district. These Building Types outline the desired building forms for the new construction and renovation of structures and contain regulations that determine physical building elements such as build-to-zones, transparency levels, entrance location, and parking location. Refer to Figure 10-21-4A (1) for a typical Building Type page layout.
- 5. Section 10-21-5: Site Development Standards. The site development standards provide references to other City ordinances or parts of the zoning ordinance and may include additional information or revision to those ordinances applicable only to the Street Districts. These include signage, parking, and landscape.

D. Applicability

These regulations apply to the downtown and adjacent redevelopment areas within the City as mapped on the City's zoning map. Refer to Figure 10-21-1B (1) for affected parcels.

E. How to Use the Code.

Refer to Figure 10-21-1D (1) for a step by step illustration about applying the code to a parcel. Throughout this section, call out boxes titled "How to Use the Code" appear with code application instructions.

F. Development Approval Process

- Site Plan Review. An approved site plan is required for the development or redevelopment of all parcels in any District (refer to 10-4 of the Zoning Ordinance) with the following revisions:
 - (a) The Community Development Director may approve a major site plan if the site plan complies with all requirements of the city's zoning ordinance. If the Community Development Director denies approval of a major site plan, including the provision of written comments as to the reason for such denial, the denial may be appealed by the applicant to the Planning and Zoning Commission for review. The Planning and Zoning Commission shall then recommend approval to City Council the major site plan, recommend approval to City Council of the major site plan with conditions, or recommend denial of the site plan to City Council.
- Deviations. The Applicant shall submit requested deviations to the Community Development Director with the Site Plan application. The Director may approve deviations to a site plan for the following:
 - (a) Minor Deviations. The Community Development Director may approve minor deviations to any dimension or percentage as follows:
 - The location of the building within up to one (1) foot from any minimum yard requirement or build-to zone width/ location.
 - Up to five percent (5%) increase in total impervious coverage, not to exceed the total amount of permitted impervious plus semi-pervious coverage.
 - Up to five percent (5%) decrease in Front Property Line coverage.
 - iv. Additional height of any story up to two (2) feet, as long as the overall building height does not exceed the allowable height of all floors at their maximum permitted height.
 - (b) Design Deviations. The Community Development Director shall review and make a recommendation for the following deviations:
 - i. Alternative Building Materials. The Director may approve alternative building materials from the requirements of Section 10-21-5, with the exception of the prohibited materials. For approval, the Applicant shall submit samples and local examples of the material a minimum of four weeks prior to the review, to allow site visits to the location.
 - ii. Facade Variety Alternative. The Director may approve a

reprieve from the facade variety requirements in Section 10-21-4. The Applicant shall submit fully rendered elevations and three (3) dimensional drawings of all street facades with materials samples for all surfaces to prove a higher quality building design with variation and relief from monotony.

- (c) Existing Building Deviations. The Planning and Zoning Commission shall review and make a recommendation to City Council for the following deviations, when applied to the renovation of an existing building(s):
 - For renovation of existing buildings, the maximum front property line coverage may be waived with an existing coverage of sixty percent (60%); however, any expansion on the ground story shall contribute to the extension of the front property line coverage.
 - For renovation of existing buildings, the location of the building within up to five (5) feet from any minimum yard requirement or build-to zone width/location.
 - iii. For renovation of existing buildings, the minimum height of the ground story and upper story may be increased or decreased by up to two (2) feet for existing stories.
 - iv. For renovation of existing buildings, other required dimensions may be modified up to five (5) feet or ten percent (10%), whichever is less, unless otherwise modified by this section.

G. Nonconforming Structures

- Nonconforming Uses. Refer to Section 10-15 of this Article for Non-Conforming Uses requirements with the following exception and addition.
- Nonconforming Structures. The following regulations allow for the continuation of occupation of a structure that was legally constructed prior to the adoption or amendment to this code, but that could not occur under the provisions of this code.
 - (a) All Building Type standards apply to all new construction and renovation of existing structures, where the renovation includes an addition of more than sixty percent (60%) in gross building square footage.
 - (b) When the existing front or corner facade is located within the build-to zone and a renovation of the front facade occurs with or without any added building square footage, the Street Facade Requirements and Entrance Type Requirements of any permitted Building Type shall be met when the renovation includes any of the following:
 - Installation of additional doors or a change in location of a door:
 - ii. Expansion or change in location of thirty percent (30%) of windows on any street façade; or
 - Replacement of thirty percent (30%) or more of facade materials on any street facade with a different facade material.
 - (c) When the existing building front or corner facade is located within the build-to zone and a renovation of the shape or style of the roof occurs with or without added building square footage, the Roof Type Requirements of any permitted

How To Use The Code

10-21-1 Introduction

Locate your parcel on the Yorkville Regulating Plan to determine district.

Refer to Figure 10-21-1B (1) Yorkville Regulating Plan and Section 10-21-2 Districts for district descriptions.



10-21-4 Building Types

What Building Types are permitted in my designated district(s)?

Refer to Section 10-21-4 Building Types.

Determine permitted Building Types per district in Table 10-21-4A (1) Permitted Building Types by District. Select one Building Type per building or segment of building.

Refer to the applicable Building Type regulations for building siting, height, use restrictions, street facade requirements, and roof type requirements found in Sections 10-21-4C through 10-21-4K.

General Design Requirements apply. Refer to Section 10-21-4.



10-21-3 Uses

What uses are permitted in my designated district(s)?

Refer to Section 10-21-2 Uses.

Determine permitted uses per district in Table 10-21-3B (1) Permitted Uses. Other standards per Section 10-21-3 may apply.



10-21-5 Development Standards

What other requirements apply to Yorkville districts?

Refer to Section 10-21-5 Site Development Standards.

Refer to the applicable Signage, Parking, Landscape, Street, and Temporary Structure requirements found in Sections 10-21-5A through 10-21-5E.

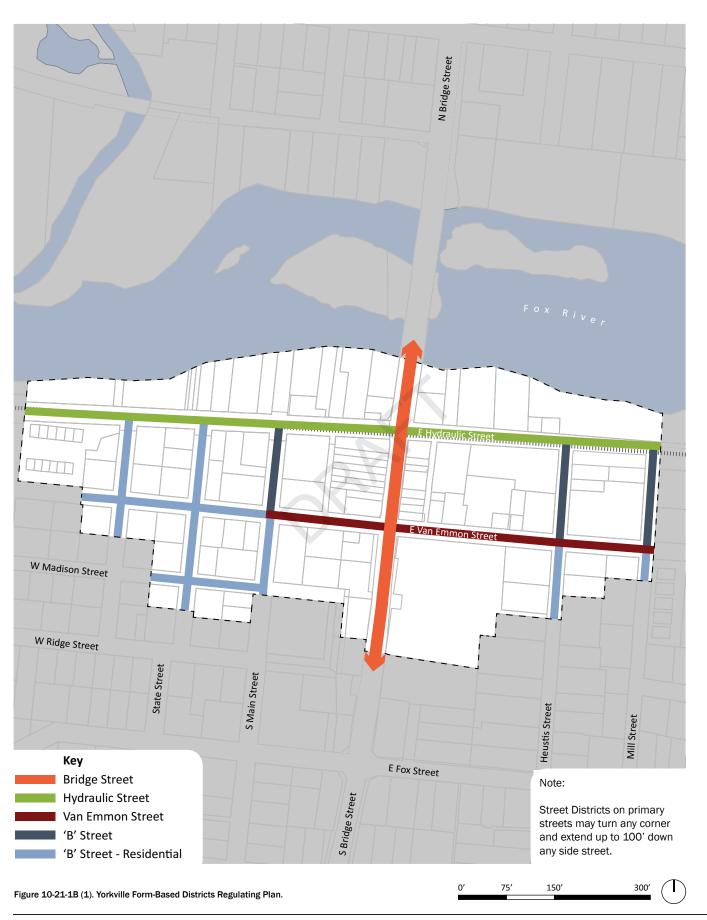


10-21-1F Administration

What are the City's submittal requirements?

Refer to Section 10-21-1F Administration for the required submittal processes.

Figure 10-21-1D (1). Yorkville Code Flow Chart.



- Building Type shall be met.
- (d) Under all circumstances, no portion of the Building Type standards must be met in the case of normal repairs required for safety and continued use of the structure, such as replacement of window or door glass.

H. Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

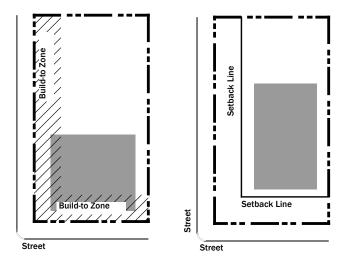
- Applicant. The Owner of a subject property or the authorized representative of the Owner on which a land development application is being made.
- Block. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition.
- Block Depth. A Block measurement that is the horizontal distance between the Front Lot Line on a Block Face and the Front Lot Line of the parallel or approximately parallel Block Face.
- Block Ends. The Lots located on the end of a Block; these Lots are often larger than the Lots in the interior of the Block or those at the opposite end of the Block and can be located on a more intense Street Type. They are typically more suitable for more intensive development, such as multiple family or mixed Use development.
- Block Face. The aggregate of all the building Facades on one side of a Block.
- Block Length. A Block measurement that is the horizontal distance along the Front Lot Lines of the Lots comprising the Block.
- Building Type. The Facade of a structure defined by the combination of configuration, form, and function as it relates to the adjacent street. Refer to 10-21-4B Building Type Standards for more information and the list of permitted Building Types.
- Build-to Zone. An area in which the front or corner side facade of a building shall be placed; it may or may not be located directly adjacent to a lot line. The zone dictates the minimum and maximum distance a structure may be placed from a lot line. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (3).
- Courtyard. An outdoor area enclosed by a building on at least three (3) sides and is open to the sky.
- Coverage, Building. The percentage of a Lot developed with a Principal or Accessory Structure.
- Coverage, Impervious Site. The percentage of a Lot developed with Principal or Accessory Structures and Impervious Surfaces, such as driveways, sidewalks, and patios. Refer to "Lot Coverage" in Section 10-2-3.
- Eave. The edge of a pitched roof, typically overhangs beyond the side of a building.
- Entrance Type. The permitted treatment types of the Ground Floor Facade of a Building Type. Refer to Section 10-21-4I for more information and a list of permitted Entrance Types.
- Expression Line. An architectural feature consisting of a decorative, three (3) dimensional, linear element, horizontal or vertical, protruding or indented at least two (2) inches from the exterior

- facade of a building typically utilized to delineate the top or bottom of floors or stories of a building.
- Facade. The exterior face of a building, including but not limited to the wall, windows, windowsills, doorways, and design elements such as Expression Lines. The front facade is any building face adjacent to the Front Lot Line.
- Frontage District. A type of zoning district specific to this Article, where the location, height and bulk of structures is defined by Building Types. Refer to Section 10-21-4.
- Landscape Area. Area on a Lot not dedicated to a structure, parking or loading facility, frontage buffer, side and rear buffer, or interior parking lot landscaping. Landscape Areas may include landscape, sidewalks, patios, or other pedestrian amenities.
- Lot, Flag. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (2).
- Lot, Interior. For the purposes of this Chapter, a parcel of land abutting a vehicular Right-of-Way, excluding an Alley, along one Lot Line; surrounded by Lots along the remaining Lot Lines.
- Lot, Through. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (2).
- Lot Area. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition; it is typically denoted in square feet or acres.
- Lot Depth. For the purposes of this Chapter, the smallest horizontal distance between the Front and Rear Lot Lines measured approximately parallel to the Corner and/or Side Lot Line. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (2).
- Lot Frontage. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition.
- Lot Line, Corner. For the purposes of this Chapter, a boundary of a Lot that is approximately perpendicular to the Front Lot Line and is directly adjacent to a public Right-of-Way, other than an Alley or railroad. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (2).
- Lot Line, Front. For the purposes of this Chapter, the boundary abutting a Right-of-Way, other than an Alley, from which the required Setback or Build-to Zone is measured, with the following exceptions.
 - (a) Corner and through Lots that abut a Primary Street (refer to Figure 10-21-2G (4)) shall have the Front Lot Line on that Primary Street.
 - (b) Corner and Through Lots that abut two (2) Primary Streets or do not abut a Primary Street shall utilize the orientation of the two (2) directly adjacent lots, or shall have the Front Lot Line determined by the Director.
 - (c) Lot Line, Rear. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (2).
- Occupied Space. Interior building space regularly occupied by the building users. It does not include storage areas, utility space, or parking.
- Open Space. Refer to Section 10-2-3 (Public Open Space and Usable Open Space) for definitions. Open space may also be utilized to host temporary private or community events, such as a farmer's market or art fair.

- Pedestrianway. A pathway designed for use by pedestrians; it can be located mid-block allowing pedestrian movement from one street to another without traveling along the block's perimeter.
- Pervious Surface. Also referred to as pervious material. A material or surface that allows for the absorption of water into the ground or plant material, such as permeable pavers or a vegetated roof.
- Primary Street. A street that receives priority over other streets in terms of setting front lot lines and locating building entrances. Refer to Figure 10-21-2G (4) for mapped Primary Streets.
- Roof Type. The detail at the top of a building that finishes a Facade, including a pitch roof with various permitted slopes and a parapet. Refer to 10-21-4l for more information and a list of the permitted Roof Types.
- Scale. The relative size of a building, street, sign, or other element of the built environment.
- Semi-Pervious Surface. Also referred to as semi-pervious material. A material that allows for at least forty percent (40%) absorption of water into the ground or plant material, such as pervious pavers, permeable asphalt and concrete, or gravel.
- Setback. For the purposes of this Chapter, the horizontal distance from a Lot Line inward, beyond which a structure may be placed. For the purposes of this Chapter, structures and parking lots are not permitted within a Setback, unless specifically stated otherwise in this Chapter. Refer to Figure 10.21.1H (1).
- Solar Reflectance Index (SRI). A measure of a constructed surface's ability to reflect solar heat, as shown by a small temperature rise. The measure utilizes a scale from zero (0) to one hundred (100) and is defined so that a standard black surface is zero (0) and a standard white surface is one hundred (100). To calculate for a given material, obtain the reflectance value and emittance value for the material; calculate the SRI according to ASTM E 1980-01 or the latest version.
- Story. For the purposes of this Chapter, a habitable level within a building measured from finished floor to finished floor. Refer to Section 10-21-4 for dimensions.
- Story, Ground. Also referred to as ground floor. The first floor of a building that is level to or elevated above the finished Grade on the Front and Corner Facades, excluding basements or cellars.
- Story, Half. For the purposes of this Chapter, a story either in the base of the building, partially below grade and partially above grade, or a story fully within the roof structure with transparency facing the street.
- Story, Upper. Also referred to as upper floor. The floors located above the Ground Story of a building.
- Street Face. The Facade of a building that faces a public Right-of-Way.
- Street Frontage. Also refer to Lot Frontage. The portion of a building or Lot directly adjacent to a vehicular Right-of-Way.
- Street Termini. At a three (3)-way or "T" intersection, it is the location where one street terminates at the other street.
- Streetwall. The vertical plane created by building Facades along a street. A continuous Streetwall occurs when buildings are located in a row next to the sidewalk without vacant Lots or significant

Setbacks.

- Transparency. The measurement of the percentage of a facade that has highly transparent, low reflectance windows. Mirrored glass is not permitted.
- Yard. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition. Refer to Figure 10-21-1H (3) Illustration of Yards. Note that the Rear Yard is fully screened from the street by the Structure.
 - (a) Yard, Corner Side. A Yard extending from the corner side building Facade along a Corner Side Property Line between the Front Yard and Rear Property Line.
 - (b) Yard, Front. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition.
 - (c) Yard, Rear. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition.
 - (d) Yard, Side. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition.
- Visible Basement. A half story partially below grade and partially exposed above with required transparency on the street facade.



Build-to Zone vs Setback Line

A setback line indicates the closest a building may be placed to a property line, but is silent on where behind that line a building may be placed. A build-to zone indicates a zone or area in which the Facade of a building must be located. The use of a build-to zone allows some control over building placement, while the range provides some flexibility. This method also provides an element of predictability that is absent when the only requirement is to locate a building beyond a certain line.

Figure 10.21.1H (1). Build-to Zone vs. Setback Line.

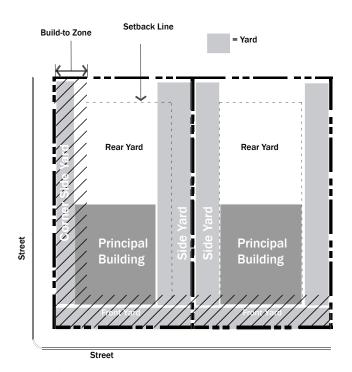


Figure 10-21-1H (3). Illustration of Yards.

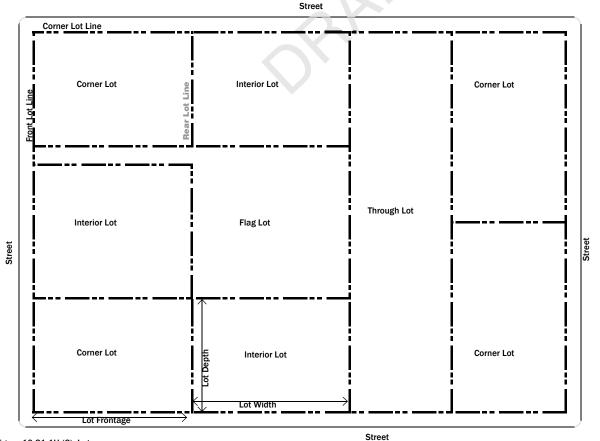


Figure 10-21-1H (2). Lots.

9

The following Districts are established for mixed use, commercial, and residential development within downtown and adjacent redevelopment areas. Figure 10-21-1B (1) illustrates the locations for the districts.

S 1: Bridge Street District

S 2: Hydraulic Street District

S 3: Van Emmon Street District

S 4: 'B' Street District

S 5: 'B' Street - Residential District

A. S1: Bridge Street District

The Bridge Street District may be considered the gateway into downtown Yorkville and retains potential to become the iconic stretch that helps draw people into local businesses and displays an attractive image that represents the people of Yorkville. The form of this retail and service-centered area establishes a street wall of storefront style-building facades with shallow build-to-zones along the sidewalk and parking in the rear or off-site. It focuses pedestrian-friendly retail and service uses on the ground story with office uses in upper stories.

Bridge Street				
Building Placement				
Build-to Zone	0' to 10'			
Space Between Buildings				
Attached	0'			
Detached	5' to 10'			
Building Volume				
Maximum Building Height	80'			
Maximum Stories	6			
Minimum Ground Floor Height	14'			
Typical Street Attributes				
Typical ROW Width	72'			
Number of Travel Lanes	4			
Lane Width	10' to 13'			
Dedicated Turn Lanes	1			
Parking Lanes	none			
Pavement Width	60'			
Dedicated Bicycle Facilities	none			
Pedestrian Realm				
Pedestrian Facilities	6' wide sidewalk			
Street Buffer	concrete barrier			

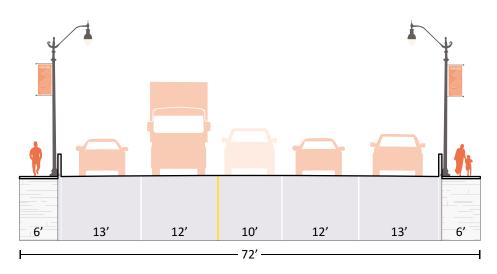


Figure 10-21-2A (1). Bridge Street (Long-term).

B. S2: Hydraulic Street District

The Hydraulic Street District includes complex conditions, including a tapering right-of-way that narrows from west to east and an active freight rail line that runs parallel to the street surface within the right-of-way. Hydraulic Street features short, utilitarian buildings, as well as agricultural relics, such as the grain elevator, that create an eclectic mix of land uses and character. The form of this area remains pedestriancentered but storefront-style buildings focus a broader spectrum of retail and service uses on the ground story with residential and/or office uses in upper stories.

Hydraulic Street					
Building Placement					
Build-to Zone	0' to 15'				
Space Between Buildings					
Attached	0'				
Detached	10'				
Building Volume					
Maximum Building Height	80'				
Maximum Stories	5				
Minimum Ground Floor Height	14'				
Typical Street Attributes ¹					
Typical ROW Width	48' to 66'				
Number of Travel Lanes	2				
Lane Width	10' to 12'				
Dedicated Turn Lanes	none				
Parking Lanes	1 lane of parallel parking on south side of street				
Pavement Width	22'				
Dedicated Bicycle Facilities	Multi-purpose lane on north side of street				
Pedestrian Realm					
Pedestrian Facilities	6' to 8' wide sidewalk				
Street Buffer	1 lane of parallel parking on south side of street; 4' planter on north side of multi-purpose street				

Notes:

¹ The Streetscape Master Plan includes a proposed slip lane on the south side of Hydraulic Street between Bridge Street and Heustis Street. This table includes dimensions for the public right-of-way section of the street.

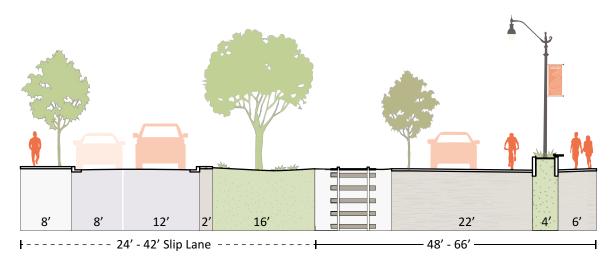


Figure 10-21-2B (1). Hydraulic Street (Long-term).

C. S3: Van Emmon Street District

The Van Emmon Street District is a lower scale district. Commercial, residential, and mixed use buildings make up this district in variety of building types. A broader spectrum of retail, service, and office uses support the Bridge Street and Hydraulic Street Districts and ground floor residential is permitted. The form of this area is pedestrian-centered, but allows for more vehicular access and off-street parking options.

Van Emm	on Street				
Building Placement					
Build-to Zone	0' to 20'				
Space Between Buildings					
Attached	0'				
Detached	10'				
Building Volume					
Maximum Building Height	80'				
Maximum Stories	5				
Minimum Ground Floor Height	12'				
Typical Street Attributes					
Typical ROW Width	60'				
Number of Travel Lanes	2				
Lane Width	12'				
Dedicated Turn Lanes	none				
Parking Lanes	1 lane of parallel parking on each side of street; permeable paving 1 lane of parallel parking each side of street (intermittent planting on south side to accommodate parking)				
Pavement Width	24' to 40'				
Dedicated Bicycle Facilities	none				
Pedestrian Realm					
Pedestrian Facilities	8' to 12' wide sidewalk				
Street Buffer	1 lane of parallel parking on north side of street; street trees or 1 lane of parallel parking on south side of street				

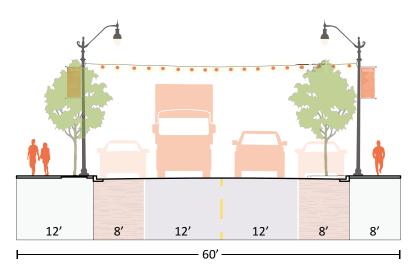


Figure 10-21-2C (1). Van Emmon Street (Long-term).

2.0 Districts

D. S4: 'B' Street District

The 'B' Street District is a lower scale commercial district designed to serve adjacent neighborhoods and the greater community. Flanked by the Hydraulic and Van Emmon Districts, a wider range of residential uses is permitted. As one of the main street types between primary thoroughfares, pedestrian access and safety remains a priority.

'B' Street				
Building Placement				
Build-to-line Location	0' to 20'			
Space Between Buildings				
Attached	0'			
Detached	10'			
Building Volume				
Maximum Building Height	80'			
Maximum Stories	5			
Minimum Ground Floor Height	9'			
Typical Street Attributes				
Typical ROW Width	50'-60'			
Number of Travel Lanes	2			
Lane Width	11'			
Dedicated Turn Lanes	none			
Parking Lanes	1 lane of parallel parking each side of street (reduce planting where appropriate to accommodate parking)			
Pavement Width	26'			
Dedicated Bicycle Facilities	none			
Pedestrian Realm				
Pedestrian Facilities	4' wide sidewalk			
Street Buffer	13' swale and/or stormwater buffer; optional parking			

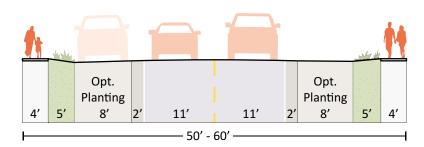


Figure 10-21-2D (1). 'B' Street (Long-term).

2.0 Districts

E. S5: 'B' Street - Residential District

The 'B' Street Residential District is a lower-scale residential district with a mix of townhouses and yard buildings. With a maximum height of six (6) stories under the general provision of the zoning code, this area provides for a mix of housing types adjacent to downtown for people of all ages and lifestyles.

'B' Street - Residential					
Building Placement					
Build-to-line Location	0' to 15'				
Space Between Buildings					
Attached	0'				
Detached	10'				
Building Volume					
Maximum Building Height	80'				
Maximum Stories	3.5				
Minimum Ground Floor Height	9'				
Typical Street Attributes					
Typical ROW Width	50' to 60'				
Number of Travel Lanes	2				
Lane Width	11'				
Dedicated Turn Lanes	none				
Parking Lanes	lane of parallel parking each side of street (reduce planting where appropriate to accommodate parking)				
Pavement Width	26'				
Dedicated Bicycle Facilities	none				
Pedestrian Realm					
Pedestrian Facilities	4' wide sidewalk				
Street Buffer	13' swale and/or stormwater buffer; optional parking				

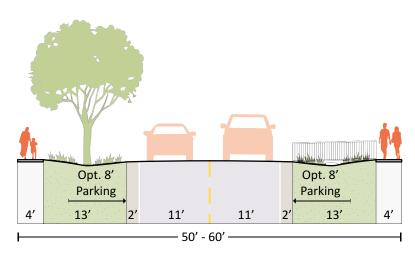


Figure 10-21-2E (1). 'B' Street - Residential (Long-term).

F. Hierarchy of Districts

Development under this code is regulated by street type. The various street types are related to each other in a hierarchical manner. When these streets intersect, the primary street frontage is determined by its higher order in the hierarchy. The front of a building and its main entrance must face the primary street. Figure 10.21.2G (1) illustrates the hierarchy of street types.

G. Primary Streets

The Primary Streets Map designates Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Streets within the Downtown Overlay District. These designations prioritize the street frontages for locating the Front Lot Line for required amounts building frontage and allowable amounts of parking frontage. Refer to Figure 10.21.2G (4).

- Vehicular Access. Vehicular access is also managed through this street prioritization within the Building Type requirements (refer to Section 10-21-4). See Figure 10.21.2G (2) and Figure 10.21.2G (3) for illustration of permitted vehicular access locations.
 - (a) The order of access is typically as follows, unless otherwise permitted by Building Type:
 - Lane (Tertiary Street) or Alley (un-mapped) permits unlimited access.
 - ii. If no Lane or Alley exists, one (1) driveway per secondary street frontage is permitted.
 - iii. If no tertiary or secondary street abuts the parcel, one driveway is permitted off the Primary Street and shared access with adjacent properties is encouraged.
 - (b) Refer to the Subdivision Control Ordinance for additional requirements of vehicular access off adjacent streets. Interparcel Access requirements shall be met.
- 2. Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Street Designations.
 - (a) Primary Streets. Primary streets require the most intact and continuous streetwall with few, if any, driveway access. The Front Lot Line shall always be located on the Primary Street. When a parcel is fronted by more than two (2) primary streets, the Director shall determine which is the appropriate street for the Front Lot Line. The determination should be based on locations of existing and other proposed development Front Lot Lines.
 - Vehicular access should not be located off a primary street, unless no other options exists. Refer to Section 10-21-4 Building Type requirements for allowances of vehicular access, if applicable.
 - (b) Secondary Streets. Secondary streets are intended to have a fairly continuous streetwall, but will likely have a driveway for each parcel. If no tertiary street exists, access will likely be off the secondary street.
 - (c) Tertiary Streets. Tertiary streets typically have no streetwall requirements and could be fronted by parking structures and parking lots with multiple drives and/or vehicular access points.

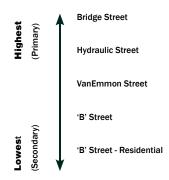


Figure 10-21-2G (1). Hierarchy of Street Types.

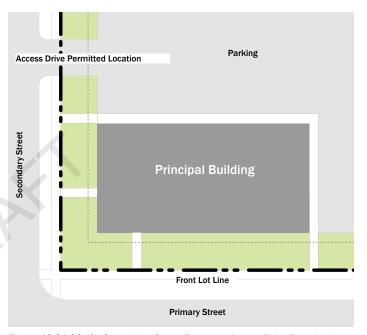


Figure 10-21-2G (2). Secondary Street Frontage: Access Drive Permitted Location

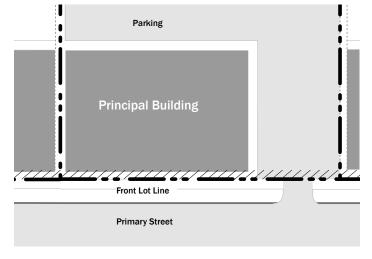


Figure 10-21-2G (3). Primary Street Frontage Only: Access Drive Permitted Location



A. General Provisions

The following establishes a simplified set of uses permitted within the Building Forms of each downtown form-based zoning district.

- Uses by District. Permitted and special uses available in each formbased district are shown in Table 10-21-3B (1).
- 2. **Use Definitions.** Uses listed in Tables 10-21-3C (1) 10-21-3C (4) are defined in Section 10-2-3 of the Zoning Ordinance. Further definitions applicable only to the Yorkville Form-Based Districts are located in Section 10-21-3C.
- Permitted Use ("●"). These uses are permitted by-right in the form districts in which they are listed.
- 4. Permitted in Upper Stories Only ("—"). These uses are permitted by-right in the districts in which they are listed, provided that the uses are located in the upper stories of a structure. These uses may also be located in the ground story provided that they are located beyond a depth of at least twenty feet from the front primary facade.
- 5. Requires a Special Use Permit ("○"). These uses require a Special Use Permit (refer to Section 10-6 Special Use Regulations) in order to occur in the districts in which they are listed and must follow any applicable development standards associated with the use as well as meet the requirements of the special use.
- 6. Permitted with Development Standards ("①"). These uses are permitted in the districts in which they are listed, provided that they are developed utilizing the listed development standards. These standards, combined with the Building Type requirements, are intended to alleviate any negative impacts associated with the use, making it appropriate in a district where it otherwise might not have been appropriate.
- Prohibited Use. A blank cell or an unlisted use in the use table indicates that the land use is prohibited in that district.
- 8. **City Determination.** When a proposed land use is not explicitly listed in Table 10-21-3B (1), the Director shall determine whether or not it is included in the definition of a listed use or is so consistent with the size, scale, operating characteristics and external impacts of a listed use that it should be treated as the same use. Any such determination may be appealed to the Planning and Zoning Commission.
- Temporary Accessory Uses. Temporary accessory uses are permitted in all Downtown Overlay Districts, including outdoor displays, seasonal displays and sales, festivals, and vendors. The following requirements apply:
 - (a) Outdoor displays are permitted up to eight (8) hours per day, no more than three (3) consecutive days in any one (1) month.
 - (b) Build-to Zone. Temporary outdoor displays of merchandise are permitted in the Build-to Zone without a permit, subject to all other requirements of Section 10-21-3.
 - (c) Right-of-way. Any temporary outdoor display or occupation in the right-of-way requires a review approval by the Community Development Director.

How To Use The Code Permitted Use Table The Permitted Use Table contains all the uses permitted in the Downtown Overlay District. It is organized by district, so only the information in a parcel's district is applicable to that parcel. The other columns do not apply. For example, a parcel in CC1 only applies the standards from that column, illustrated below. **Districts** Key Permitted Residential / Office Permitted in Upper Stories Only Permitted with Development CC3: Core Support Standards CC2: Shopping Requires Use Permit CC1: Core **Residential & Lodging Uses** Residential Bed & Breakfast Hotel/Motel **Care Facilities** Senior Housing Civic / Institutional Uses Assembly Uses Civic Offices & Services Library/Museum School: Elementary, Secondary School: High School School, Private or Special **Retail Uses** Neighborhood Retail • 0 **General Retail** Adult Establishments lacksquare**Service Uses Neighborhood Service General Service Automotive Specialty Shop** Service Station Commercial Amusement, Outdoor **Daycare Facility** Hospital Veterinary Clinic/Hospital or Kennel

Figure 10-21-3A (1). Yorkville Code Permitted Uses How-To.

(Enclosed)

	Stre	ulic S	Emmon	eet	Street - I
	S 1: Bridge Stre	Hydraulic	Van Er	'B' Street	'B' Str
	# #	ä	ä	4.	ij
Residential & Lodging Uses C		orv	O	S	S
Residential Dwelling		•		•	
Hotel/Motel	0	0	0	0	
Bed & Breakfast Inn		•	0	0	0
Residential Care Facility				0	0
Senior Housing		0	0	0	0
Civic & Institutional Uses Cat	egory				
Civic Offices & Services		•		•	
Library/Museum	•	•	•	0	0
Police & Fire	0	0	0		
Post Office (no distribution)		•	•		
Religious & Organization Assembly		•	•	•	•
School: Public or Private	0	0	0	0	0
School: College	0	0	0	0	0
Retail & Service Uses Catego	ry				
Neighborhood Retail (<8,000 sf)		•		•	0
General Retail	•	0	0		
Neighborhood Service		•		0	0
General Service	•	0	0		
Recreation/Entertainment		•	0	0	
Automotive Services		0	0	0	
Food Services & Drinking Places	•	•	•	•	0
Office & Industrial Uses Cate	gory				
Office		•		•	
Small-Scale Industry	0	0	0	•	
Infrastructure Uses Category					
Communication Antennae & Towers		0	0	0	0
Parking Lot	0	0	0	0	0
Parking Structure	0	0	0	0	0
Public Utility & Infrastructure	•	•	•	•	•
Open Space Uses Category					
Open Space	0	•	•	0	•

	Di	stric	ts	
S 1: Bridge Street	S 2: Hydraulic Street	S 3: Van Emmon Street	S 4: 'B' Street	S 5: 'B' Street - Residential

^			-		••	
А	CC	:es	50	rv	u	ses

Districts

Residential

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Key

- Permitted
- Permitted in Upper Stories Only
- Permitted with Development Standards
- Requires Special Use Permit

B. Permitted Use Table

See Table 10-21-3B (1) for a list of permitted and special uses.

C. Use Requirements

- Residential and Lodging Uses. A category of uses that include several residence types.
 - (a) Refer to 10-2-3 for the following definitions.
 - i. Residential.
 - ii. Bed & Breakfast Inn.
 - (b) Hotel/Motel. Refer to 10-2-3 for definition. In the districts where a hotel/motel requires development standards ("♥"), rooms shall be located in the upper stories. Lobbies and eating facilities shall be located on the ground floor.
 - (c) Residential Care Facility. A facility offering temporary or permanent lodging to the public consisting of an unlimited number of sleeping rooms with or without in-room kitchen facilities. Includes such uses as independent and assisted living facilities, nursing homes, residential care homes, and transitional treatment facilities. Assistance with daily activities may be provided for residents. Secondary service uses may also be provided, such as dining and meeting rooms. Rooms shall be accessed from the interior of the building. In the districts where this use requires a special use permit ("()"), refer to Section 10-21-1F for procedure and development standards.
 - (d) Senior Housing. In the districts where Senior Housing requires development standards ("●"), the following shall apply:
 - Housing shall be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with the Fair Housing Amendments Act.
 - ii. The Property shall comply with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations and copies of any applicable permits shall be provided to the Department prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.
 - (e) Use Permits. When a use is listed as permitted with a Use Permit "\(\)," refer to Section 10-21-1F for procedure and development standards.
- Civic & Institutional Uses. A category of uses related to fulfilling the needs of day-to-day community life including assembly, public services, educational facilities, and hospitals.
 - (a) Civic Offices & Services. Any use that involves transactions between the City government and residents, property owners, or others doing business with the City or other activities related to the function of the municipality.
 - (b) Library/Museum. A structure open to the general public housing educational, cultural, artistic, or historic information, resources, and exhibits. May also include food service and a gift shop.
 - (c) Police & Fire. A facility providing public safety and emergency services; training facilities, locker rooms, and limited overnight accommodations may also be included. The facilities shall be housed in a permitted building, but shall have the following additional allowances:
 - i. Garage doors are permitted on the front facade.
 - ii. Exempt from maximum driveway widths.

- (d) Post Office. A publicly accessed facility for the selling of supplies and mail related products and the small scale collection and distribution of mail and packages. Large-scale postal sorting and distribution is not permitted.
- (e) Religious & Organization Assembly. Assembly Uses include Assembly Hall; Church, Temple, or Other Place of Worship; and Clubs.
- (f) Use Permits. When a use is listed as permitted with a Use Permit "O," refer to Section 10-21-1F for procedure and development standards.
- Retail & Service Uses. A category of uses that include several retail and service types. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definitions.
 - (a) Neighborhood Retail. A use in this category occupies a space of less than 8,000 square feet. Neighborhood retail includes such uses as those listed in Table 10-21-3C (1).
 - When Neighborhood Retail is permitted with development standards "€", it is limited to 8,000 square feet.
 - (b) General Retail. A use in this category includes all Neighborhood Retail uses occupying a space of greater than 8,000 square feet and such uses as those listed in Table 10-21-3C (1).
 - (c) Service Uses. A category of uses that provide patrons services and limited retail products related to those services. Visibility and accessibility are important to these uses, as most patrons do not utilize scheduled appointments.
 - (d) Neighborhood Service. A use in this category occupies a space of less than 8,000 square feet. Neighborhood service includes such uses as those listed in Table 10-21-3C (2).
 - When Neighborhood Service is permitted with development standards "€", it is limited to 6,000 square feet.
 - (e) General Service. A use in this category includes all Neighborhood Service uses occupying a space of greater than 8,000 square feet and such uses as those listed in Table 10-21-3C (2).
 - (f) Recreation/Entertainment. Refer to Table 10-21-3C (3).
 - (g) Automotive Services. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition. In the districts where this use requires a special use permit ("\(^"\)"), the following applies:
 - The use shall meet all of the requirements of the Building Type, refer to Section 10-21-4.
 - ii. Service doors shall all be located on the rear or interior side facade of the building.
 - iii. The showroom or retail space shall be located in the front storefront of the building and shall occupy a minimum of twenty percent (20%) of the gross floor area.
 - (h) Food Services & Drinking Places. Food Services & Drinking Places include only the following:
 - i. Full Service Restaurants
 - ii. Carry-out Food Service Stores
 - iii. Quick Service Restaurants
 - iv. Banquet Centers & Caterers
 - v. Drinking Places (Alcoholic Beverages)

- vi. Brewpubs. A microbrewery that brews beer for both on and off-premise consumption, and may include a bar and/or restaurant.
- vii. Wine Establishments. A properly licensed business which sells wine only (not liquor or beer) for both on and offpremise consumption, as well as wine accessories and/ or merchandise.
- 4. Office & Industrial Uses. A category of uses for businesses that involve the transaction of affairs of a profession, service, industry, or government. Patrons of these businesses usually have set appointments or meeting times; the businesses do not typically rely on walk-in customers. Office uses include those listed in Table 10-21-3C (4), List of Typical Uses in Office Category.
 - (a) Office. Office uses include those listed in Table 10-21-3C (4), List of Typical Uses in Office Category.
 - (b) Small-Scale Industry. A use involving small scale manufacturing, production, assembly, and/or repair with little to no noxious by-products that includes a showroom or small retail outlet. Small-Scale Industry includes such uses as those found in Table 10-21-3C (5). List of Typical Uses in Cottage Industry Category. The following development standards apply:
 - This use may also include associated facilities such as offices and small scale warehousing, but distribution is limited to vans and small trucks. Distribution access shall be from the rear.
 - The maximum overall gross floor area is limited to 10,000 square feet, unless otherwise noted.
 - iii. The showroom or retail outlet shall be located in the front storefront of the building and shall occupy a minimum of twenty five percent (25%) of the gross floor area.

5. Infrastructure & Open Space Uses.

- (a) Communication Antennae & Towers. Refer to Section 10-18. Communication Antennae & Towers located within the right-of-way or on utility poles are premitted.
- (b) Parking Lot. A lot that does not contain a permitted building and is solely used for the parking of vehicles. In the districts where a parking lot requires a special use permit ("\(^\)"), the following applies:
 - Corner Lots. A corner lot shall not be used as a parking lot
 - Adjacent Parking Lots. Two (2) parking lots cannot be located directly adjacent to one another.
 - Single Family. Parking lot cannot be associated with a single family use.
 - iv. Distance. Parking lot must be within 1,300 feet of the principal entrance to the associated use unless:
 - At least seventy five percent (75%) of the spaces are dedicated for public use.
 - (ii) An approved joint parking agreement is in place.
 - v. Pedestrian Access. Must be connected to associated use by a dedicated, public pedestrian pathway.
 - vi. Commercial Vehicles. Parking lots for commercial

vehicles are not permitted in Downtown Overlay Districts.

- (c) Parking Structure. A parking structure on a lot that does not contain a permitted Building Type and is solely used for the parking of vehicles. In the districts where a parking lot requires a special use permit ("○"), the following applies:
 - Corner Lots. A corner lot shall not be used for a parking structure.
 - Adjacent Parking Lots. Two (2) parking facilities (lots or structures) cannot be located directly adjacent to one another.
 - iii. Primary Street. No facade of the Parking Structure shall be located on a Primary Street. Refer to Figure 10-21-2G (4). For Parking Structures located on a Primary Street, the Main Street Building Type shall be utilized, requiring occupation of the building in the front thirty (30) feet of the facade on any Primary Street.
 - Distance. Parking lot must be within 1,300 feet of the principal entrance to the associated use unless:
 - At least seventy five percent (75%) of the spaces are dedicated for public use.
 - (ii) An approved parking agreement is in place (refer to Section 10-16).
 - Pedestrian Access. Must be connected to associated use by a dedicated, public pedestrianway.
 - Commercial Vehicles. Parking structures for commercial vehicles are not permitted in these districts.
- (d) Utility and Infrastructure. A lot that is primarily utilized for the City's infrastructure needs. Utility and infrastructure includes such uses as electric or gas services, sewage treatment, water treatment and storage, and energy conversion systems.
- 6. Open Space Uses. A use of land for active or passive, public or private, outdoor space, including such uses as parks, plazas, greens, playgrounds, or community gardens. Open space uses may also be utilized to host temporary private or community events, such as a farmer's market or art fair. In the districts where open space is permitted with development standards ("●"), the following apply:
 - Stormwater Accommodations. Open space that incorporates stormwater management on a site or district scale is encouraged.
 - Stormwater facilities shall be designed to accommodate additional uses, such as an amphitheater or a sports field.
 - Stormwater facilities shall be designed not to be fenced and shall not impede public use of the land they occupy.
 - This use may involve small scale food and beverage service, no more than two hundred (200) square feet in space, located in a kiosk, with no service access.
 - Buildings located directly adjacent to an open space use shall treat facades facing this use with street facade requirements.
- Accessory Uses. A category of uses that are not permitted to serve as the principal use on a zoning lot. These uses are incidental to

and customary in connection with the principal building or use and located on the same lot with such principal building or use.

- (a) Alternative Energy Generation. Refer to Section 10-19. Alternative energy generation includes structures for solar, wind, and geothermal. The following development standards apply:
 - Roof or Building Mounted Solar panels are permitted with the following requirements:
 - Panels mounted at the same angle of the roof or flush on the building facade are permitted on any roof or building face.
 - (ii) Panels projecting off the roof or building at a different angle are limited to the rear and side facing roofs, unless solar access is limited in these locations.
 - (iii) Panels shall not extend more than ten (10) feet at maximum pitch/tilt above the surface of the roof to which they are attached. On pitched roofs, panels shall not extend more than three (3) feet.
 - ii. Roof Mounted Small Wind Energy Systems are permitted with the following requirements:
 - Maximum rated capacity of five kW is permitted per turbine.
 - (ii) One turbine is permitted for each seven hundred and fifty (750) square feet of roof area.
 - (iii) Maximum height is fifteen (15) feet above the surface of the roof.
 - iii. Geothermal Energy is permitted in any yard with the following requirements:
 - (i) Any related above ground structure shall be located in a side or rear yard with a maximum height of ten (10) feet, subject to all requirements of the Building Type.
- (b) Amphitheater. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definition. In the districts where an amphitheater is permitted with development standards ("⊕"), the following apply:
 - Location. The amphitheater shall be located within an Open Space District (refer to Section 10-10).
 - ii. The hours of operation shall be posted and limited to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m.
- (c) Car Washes, Detail Shops and/or Service Stations. Refer to Section 10-2-3 for definitions. In the districts where car washes, detail shops and/or service stations are permitted with a special use permit ("\(\cdot\)"), the following apply:
 - Location. Use must be located inside a parking garage and not visible from the exterior of the parking garage.
- (d) Drive-through Facility. In the districts where drive-through structures are permitted with development standards ("●"), the following applies. Refer to Figure 10-21-3C (1) for one illustration of the following requirements.
 - Structure/Canopy. Drive-through structures or canopies shall be located on the rear facade of the building or in the rear of the lot behind the building, where permitted by use. The structure shall not be visible from any Primary Street.

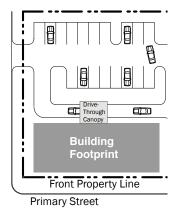


Figure 10-21-3C (1). Recommended drive-through Facility layout.

- Stacking Lanes. Stacking lanes shall be located perpendicular to the Primary Street or behind the building.
- The canopy and structure shall be constructed of the same materials utilized on the building.
- (e) Home Occupation. An occupational use that is clearly subordinate to the principal use as a residence and does not require any alteration to the exterior of a building.
- (f) Outdoor Storage of Goods.
 - i. Commercial Uses. This use includes outdoor storage of goods not typically housed or sold indoors, such as large scale materials and building and landscape supplies. In the districts where Outdoor Storage of Goods is permitted with development standards ("●"), the following apply:
 - (i) Loose materials shall not be stacked higher than six(6) feet.
 - (ii) Loose materials shall at a minimum be stored in a three sided shelter and shall be covered.
 - (iii) Materials shall be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from any property line.
 - (iv) Materials shall not be located on required parking spaces or associated drive aisles.
 - (v) All outdoor storage areas shall be screened from view of adjacent parcels and vehicular rights-of-way using the Side or Rear Buffer.
 - ii. Residential Uses. This use includes temporary storage of personal or household goods in personal on demand storage (PODS) containers. In the districts where outdoor storage of goods is permitted with development standards ("●"), the following development standards apply:
 - (i) One (1) storage container can be located on a lot at a time.
 - (ii) On site storage of a container is permitted for up to two (2) months per year.
 - (iii) Containers shall not be located in the Front Yard, but permitted on a driveway.
- (g) Outdoor Restaurant Dining. Commercial outdoor dining, serviced by an adjacent service use, and permitted in any

- yard. When in a side yard along the front Lot Line, the Patio Frontage buffer is required.
- (h) Parking Lot. An uncovered paved surface used solely for the parking of vehicles, intended for use by the occupants in an adjacent building on the lot. Parking lot locations are regulated by Building Type. Refer to Section 10-21-4.
- (i) Parking Structure. A structure used solely for the parking of vehicles, intended for use by the occupants in an adjacent building on the lot. Parking Structures within the buildings are regulated per Building Type. Refer to Section 10-21-4.
- Roadside Produce Stand or Vending. Refer to Section 10-21-1 for definition.
- (k) Sidewalk Sales. A temporary outdoor sale of merchandise by retail businesses, typically occurring on the sidewalk within the public right-of-way for a limited period of time. In the districts where a Sidewalk Sale is permitted with development standards "
 ," the following apply:
 - A minimum of four (4) feet of the sidewalk must remain available for passing pedestrians.
 - Sidewalk Sales are permitted for up to three (3) days no more than six (6) times per calendar year.
 - Merchandise must be stored inside the building during non-business hours.
 - Merchandise sold shall either be regularly carried within the store, or have been regularly carried within the store in the past year.
- (I) Temporary Storage Containers. Outdoor storage of personal or retail stock materials on a temporary basis within a portable storage container. When a Temporary Outdoor Storage use is permitted with development standards "

 "," the following apply.
 - i. One (1) storage container may be located on a lot at a time
 - ii. On site storage of a container is permitted for up to two
 (2) weeks; up to four (4) weeks is permtted with approval of the Director.
 - iii. The container shall be located in the rear yard, screened by the building from any primary or secondary street.
- (m) Mobile Food Vendors. A motorized or towed wheeled vehicle that is designed and equipped to sell food. Shall include both "hot trucks" upon which food is cooked and prepared for vending, and "cold trucks" from which only ready to eat or packaged foods are handled. Refer to Section 10-3-14.

Neighborhood Retail

(less than 8,000 square feet)

Antique Shop

Art & Education Supplies

Art Gallery

Bakery, Retail

Bicycle Sales & Repair

Book, Magazine, & Newspaper Store

Camera & Photo Supply Store

Candy Store

China & Glassware Shop

Clothing & Clothing Accessories

Coffee Shop

Computer Software Sales

Delicatessen

Electronic Sales & Service

Fabric & Craft Store

Florist

Garden Center/Plant Nursery

Gift, Novelty, & Souvenir Shop

Hardware Store

Hobby Shop

Jewelry Sales & Repair

Luggage & Leather Goods

Microbreweries, Microwineries

Music Store & Instruction

Musical Instrument Repair & Sales

Office Supply

Optical Goods

Paint & Wallpaper

Party Supply Shop

Pet & Pet Supply

Specialty Food Market (Butcher,

Fish Market, Produce, etc.), with no

alcohol sales

Sporting Goods Sales & Rental

Stationary & Paper Store

Toy Shop

Video/Game Sales

Wine Establishment (no liquor/beer)

General Retail

All Neighborhood Retail (over 8,000

square feet)
Appliance Sales & Service

Department Store
Drug Store/Pharmacy

Furniture & Home Furnishings General Merchandise Stores

Grocery Store

Medical Supply Store

Used Merchandise Stores (not including books, clothing &

antiques)

Recreation/Entertainment

Billiard Parlor

Boat Sales & Rental

Boat Storage

Indoor Playground

Indoor Shooting Gallery/ Gun Range

Marina

Outdoor Music Venue

Railroad Passenger Station

Skating Rink

Stadium

Swiming Pool

Table 10-21-3C (3). List of Typical Uses in Recreation/Entertainment Category

Office

Architecture/Engineering/Design Broadcasting & Telecommunications Studio Building Contractor (office only)

Business Consulting

Charitable Institutions

Clinic

Computer Programming & Support

Detective Services

Educational Services (tutor & testing)

Employment Agency

Financial & Insurance

Government Offices

Legal Services

Management Services
Medical & Dental with Laboratory

Motion Picture & Sound Recording Studio

PR & Advertising Professional Services Property Development Real Estate Research & Development Research Agency Surveying

Tax Services

Table 10-21-3C (1). List of Typical Uses in Retail Category. Neighborhood Service General Service

All Neighborhood Services (over

Bowling Alley

8,000 square feet)

(less than 8,000 square feet)

Amusement Arcade

Barber Shop & Beauty Salon

Catering/Carry-Out & Delivery

Communication Service Childcare Centers

Dance/Fitness Studio

Dry Cleaning & Laundry

Emergency Care Clinic

Framing

Health & Fitness Center

Home Furniture & Equipment Repair

Locksmith

Mailing Services

Massage Establishments

Nail Salon & Specialty Body

Pet Grooming

Photocopying & Printing

Photography Studio & Supplies

Physical Therapy/Physical

Rehabilitation

Repair of Small Goods & Electronics

Restaurant/Bar

Services (Spa)

Shoe Repair

Tailor & Seamstress

Theater
Travel Agency, Ticketing & Tour Operator

Veterinarian (no outdoor training,

boarding or kennels)

Table 10-21-3C (2). List of Typical Uses in Service Category.

Table 10-21-3C (4). List of Typical Uses in Office Category.

Small-Scale Industry

Apparel & Finished Fabric Products

Bakery & Confections

Beverages, including Beer, Wine,

Coffee

Botanical Products Brooms & Brushes

Canning & Preserving Food

Dairy Products
Electrical Fixtures

Electrical

Engraving Fabricated Metal Products

Fabricated M

Film Making Furniture & Fixtures

Glass

Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, &

Silverware

Leather Products
Microbreweries, Microwineries

Musical Instruments & Parts

Pottery, Ceramics, & Related

Products

Research Laboratory

Shoes & Boots

Signs & Advertising Smithing

Taxidermy

Toys & Athletic Goods Upholstery

Woodworking

Table 10-21-3C (5). List of Typical Uses in Small-Scale Industry Category.

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4.0 Building Types

A. Introduction to Building Type Standards

The buildings detailed in this section outline the Building Types permitted for new construction and renovated structures within the Districts defined in Section 10-21-2.

- General. All Building Types shall meet the following requirements to achieve the intents defined for the districts.
 - (a) Zoning Districts. Each Building Type shall be constructed only within its designated districts. Refer to Table 10-21-4A (1)
 Permitted Building Types by Districts.
 - (b) Uses. Each Building Type can house a variety of uses depending on the district in which it is located. Refer to 15.3 for uses permitted per district. Some Building Types have additional limitations on permitted uses.
 - (c) No Other Building Types. All buildings constructed shall meet the standards of one of the Building Types within the zoning district of the lot.
 - (d) Permanent Structures. All buildings constructed shall be permanent construction without a chassis, hitch, or wheels, or other features that would make the structure mobile, unless otherwise noted.
 - (e) Accessory Structures.
 - i. Attached accessory structures are considered part of the

- principal structure.
- Detached accessory structures are allowed per each Building Type and shall comply with all setbacks except the following:
 - (i) Detached accessory structures are not permitted in the front yard.
 - (ii) Detached accessory structures shall be located behind the principal structure in the rear yard.
 - (iii) Detached accessory structures shall not exceed the height or size (area) of the principal structure.
- Page Layout. Document pages are laid out to provide the maximum amount of information for each building type on one spread of two pages. Refer to Figure 10-21-4A (1) for a typical Building Type layout page.
 - (a) Tables. Refer to Section 10-21-4B for further information on each Table.
 - (b) Graphics typically represent one example of a building that could be developed utilizing the standards for that building type. Graphics are provided to illustrate general intent. In all cases, tables and text supercede graphic representations.

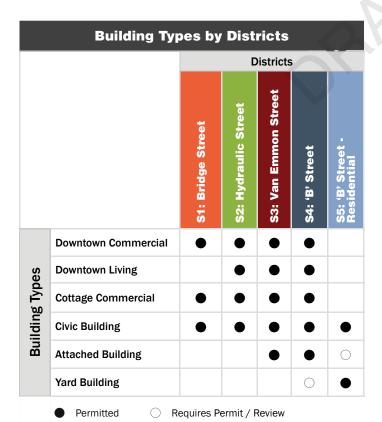


Table 10-21-4A (1). Permitted Building Types by District

How To Use The Code

Page Layout

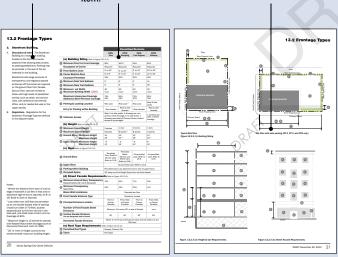
Building Type pages are laid out to provide the maximum amount of information for each Building Type on one spread of two pages.

Graphics typically represent one example of a building that could be developed utilizing the standards for that Building Type. Graphics are provided to illustrate general intent. In all cases, tables and text supercede graphic representations.

regulations for each Building Type. Refer to 10-21-4B Explanation of Building Type Table Building Type. Standards for narrative explanation of each line item.

Tables define the

Graphics related to the tables on the left. Graphics typically represent one example of Building Type standards



One Building Type per Spread of Two Pages

Figure 10-21-4A (1). Representative Building Types Spread.

Building Type Tables

Refer to 10-21-4B for an explanation of each line item on the tables. Building Type tables contain all the standards for that Building Type. They are organized by district, so only the information in a parcel's district is applicable to that parcel. The other columns do not apply.

For example, a parcel in CC1 only applies the standards from that column, illustrated below.

			Permitted Districts		
		CC1: Core	CC2: Shopping	CC3: Core Support	
	(a) Building Siting Refer to Figure 13.	2.2 (1).			
а	Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	95%	90% ²	90%	
	Occupation of Corner	Required	Required	Required	
b	Front Build-to Zone	0' to 10'	5' to 15' 1	0' to 15'	
G	Corner Build-to Zone	0' to 5'	5' to 10'	0' to 10'	
	Courtyard Permitted	25%	30%	30%	
d	Minimum Side Yard Setback	0'	5'	5'	
е	Minimum Rear Yard Setback	5'	5'	5'	
	Minimum Lot Width Maximum Building Width	30' none	30' none	30' none	
	Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	75% 25%	65% 15%	75% 20%	
D	Parking & Loading Location	Rear yard	Rear yard ²	Rear yard	
	Entry for Parking within Building	Rear facade	Rear & side facades	Rear facades	
0	Vehicular Access	Alley; if no alley primary street f driveway permit access is encou	ey exists, 1 driveway per non- t f ontage; if no side street, 1 nitred off Primary Street; share ouraged.		
	(b) Height Refer to Figure 13.2.2 (2)				
0	Minimum Overall Height	2 stories	1 story	2 stories	
B	Maximum Overall Height	8 stories	8 stories 3	8 stories	
D	Ground Story: Minimum Height Maximum Height	14' 18'	14' 24' ⁴	14' 18'	
	Upper Stories: Minimum Height Maximum Height	9' 12'	9' 15'	9' 12'	
	(c) Uses Refer to Figure 13.2.2 (2)				
n	Ground Story	Permitted Civic, Retail & Service uses. Refer to 13.6.	Permitted Retail, Service, and Office uses. Refer to 13.6.	All permitted uses. Refer to 13.6.	
0	Upper Story	All perm	tted uses. Refer	to 13.6.	
_	Parking within Building	Permitted fully i upper floors	n any basement	and in rear of	
q	Occupied Space	30' deep on all front facade	full height floors	from the	
	(d) Street Facade Requiremen	ts Refer to Figur	e 13.2.2 (3).		
()	Minimum Ground Story Transparency Measured between 18" and 8' above grade	75%	65%	75%	
s	Minimum Transparency Upper Stories	20%	15%	20%	
	Blank Wall Limitations	F	equired per floo	or	
0	Front Facade Entrance Type	5	torefront, Arcad	e	
0	Principal Entrance Location	Front or Corner Facades	Front, Side, or Corner Facades	Front or Corner Facades	
	Number of Front Facade Entrances		or every 60' or le		
V	Vertical Facade Divisions One per designated width of facade	30'	50'	30'	
	Horizontal Facade Divisions		top of the grour om of any fifth f		
	(e) Roof Type Requirements R				
W	Permitted Roof Types	Parapet, Pitche			
-	Tower	Permitted			

Figure 10-21-4A (2). Building Type Table Example.

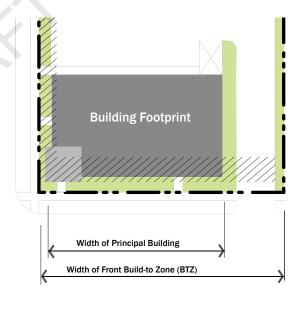
B. Explanation of Building Type Table Standards

The following explains and further defines the standards outlined on the tables for each Building Type, refer to Sections 10-21-4C through 10-21-4H.

- Building Siting. The following explains the line item requirements for each Building Type Table within the first section entitled "Building Siting". Table 10-21-4B (1) illustrates an example of a Building Siting Table from a typical Building Type.
 - (a) Multiple Principal Structures. The allowance of more than one (1) principal structure on a lot.
 - (b) Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage. Refer to Figure 10-21-4B (1). Measurement defining the minimum percentage of street wall or building facade along the street. The width of the principal structure(s) (as measured within the front build-to zone) shall be divided by the maximum width of the front build-to zone (BTZ).
 - Certain buildings have this number set to also allow the development of a courtyard along the front lot line.
 - ii. Some frontage types allow side yard parking to be exempted from the front lot line coverage calculation. If such an exemption is permitted, the width of up to one (1) double loaded aisle of parking, located with the drive perpendicular to the street and including adjacent sidewalks and landscaping, may be exempted, to a set maximum in feet.
 - iii. When driveway is located at the front lot line (Figure 10-21-4B (1)) and a side yard parking is not utilized, a driveway width of twenty (20) feet may be deducted from the width of the BTZ and is not included in the calculation of the minimum front lot line.
 - (c) Occupation of Corner. Occupying the intersection of the front and corner build-to zones with a principal structure.
 - (d) Front Build-to Zone. The build-to zone or setback parallel to the front lot line. Building components, such as awnings or signage, are permitted to encroach beyond the build-to zone.
 - All build-to zone and setback areas not covered by building shall contain either landscape, patio space, or sidewalk space.
 - (e) Corner Build-to Zone. The build-to zone or setback parallel to the corner side property line.
 - All build-to zone and setback areas not covered by building shall contain either landscape, patio space, or sidewalk space.
 - (f) Minimum Side Yard Setback. The minimum required setback along a side property line.
 - All build-to zone and setback areas not covered by building shall contain either landscape, patio space, or sidewalk space.
 - (g) Minimum Rear Yard Setback. The minimum required setback along a rear property line.
 - All build-to zone and setback areas not covered by building shall contain either landscape, patio space, or sidewalk space.
 - (h) Minimum Lot Width. The minimum width of a lot, measured at the build-to zone.

	Permitted Districts		
	District A	District B	
(a) Building Siting			
Multiple Principal Buildings	Not permitted	Not permitted	
Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	95%	65%	
Occupation of Corner	Required	Required	
Front Build-to Zone	0' to 20' 1	5' to 20' 1	
Corner Build-to Zone	0' to 5'	0' to 10'	
Minimum Side Yard Setback	0'	5'	
Minimum Rear Yard Setback	5'; 25' if located adjacent to residential		
Minimum Lot Width Maximum Building Width	30' none	30' none	
Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	75% ³ 25%	65% ³ 15%	
Parking & Loading Location	Rear yard	Rear yard	
Entry for Parking within Building	Rear & Side Facad	des	
Vehicular Access	Alley; if no alley ex per street frontage		

Table 10-21-4B (1). Example Building Siting Requirements Table from a Typical Building Type.



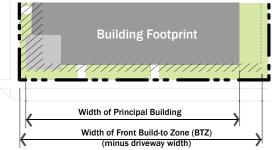


Figure 10-21-4B (1). Measuring Front Lot Line Coverage

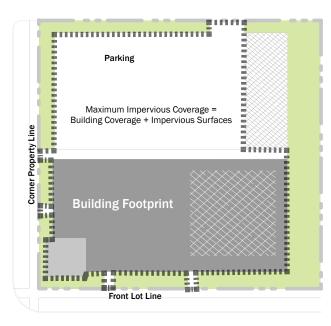
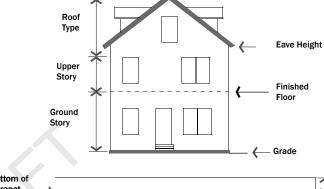


Figure 10-21-4B (2). Maximum Impervious & Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage.

- Maximum Building Width. The maximum width of a building, measured across the front facade.
- (j) Maximum Impervious Coverage. (Refer to Figure 10-21-4B (2)). The maximum percentage of a lot permitted to be covered by principal structures, accessory structures, pavement, and other impervious surfaces.
- (k) Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage. The additional percentage of a lot beyond the Maximum Impervious Coverage, which may be surfaced in a semi-pervious material, including a green roof or pavers.
- Parking & Loading Location. The yard in which a surface parking lot, detached garage, attached garage door access, loading and unloading, and associated drive is permitted.
- (m) Entry for Parking within Building. Permitted garage door location for parking entrance when parking is located within building.
- (n) Vehicular Access. The permitted means of vehicular ingress and egress to the lot.
 - Alleys, when present, shall always be the primary means of access.
 - When alleys are not present, a driveway may be permitted per Building Type and, if an alternative is available, shall not be located off a Primary Street.
- 2. **Height.** The following explains the line item requirements for each Building Type Table within the second section entitled "Height". Table 10-21-4B (2), illustrates an example of a Height Requirements Table from a typical Building Type.
 - (a) Minimum Height (in Stories). The minimum overall height for

	Permitted Districts	
	District A	District B
(b) Height		
Minimum Overall Height	2 stories	2 story
Maximum Overall Height	5 stories	5 stories
Ground Story: Minimum Height Maximum Height	14' 18'	14' 18'
Upper Stories: Minimum Height Maximum Height	9' 12'	9' 12'

Table 10-21-4B (2). Example Height Requirements Table from a Typical Building Type.



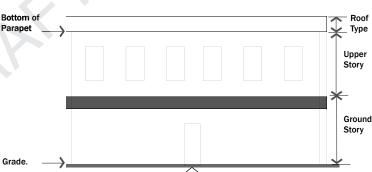


Figure 10-21-4B (3). Measuring Height

the building shall be located within the build-to zone; stories above the minimum height may be stepped back from the facade.

- (b) Maximum Height (in Stories). The sum of a building's total number of stories.
 - Half stories are located either completely within the roof structure with street-facing windows or in a visible basement exposed a maximum of one half story above grade.
 - ii. A building incorporating both a half story within the roof and a visible basement shall count the height of the two (2) half stories as one (1) full story.
 - iii. Some Building Types require a building facade to step back as its height increases. The upper stories of any building facade with street frontage shall be setback a designated amount beyond the building facade of the lower stories.

- iv. Floors within the building shall be visibly designated on the street facades by the use of expression lines or the layout of the windows.
- (c) Ground Story and Upper Story, Minimum and Maximum Height. (Refer to Figure 10-21-4B (3)). Each frontage type includes a permitted range of height in feet for each story. Additional information is as follows:
 - Floor height is measured in feet between the floor of a story to the floor of the story above it.
 - ii. For single story buildings and the uppermost story of a multiple story building, floor to floor height shall be measured from the floor of the story to the tallest point of the ceiling.
 - Double height spaces may be located along any nonstreet facade or in the entrance way to the building. The entrance way shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the street facade.
- 3. Uses. The following explains the line item requirements for each Building Type Table within the third section entitled "Uses." Refer to Section 10-21-3 for uses permitted within each District. The requirements in this section of the Building Type Tables may limit those uses within a specific Building Type. Table 10-21-4B (3) illustrates an example of the Uses table from a typical Building Type.
 - (a) Ground and Upper Story. The uses or category of uses which may occupy the ground and/or upper story of a building.
 - (b) Parking Within Building. The area(s) of a building in which parking is permitted within the structure.
 - (c) Occupied Space. The area(s) of a building that shall be designed as occupied space, defined as interior building space regularly occupied by the building users. It does not include storage areas, utility space, or parking.
- 4. Street Facade Requirements. The following explains the line item requirements for each Building Type Table within the fourth section entitled "Street Facade Requirements." These requirements apply only to facades facing a public or private street right-of-way. The rear or interior side yard facades are not required to meet these standards unless otherwise stated. Table 10-21-4B (4) illustrates an example of a Street Facade Requirements Table from a typical Building Type.
 - (a) Minimum Ground Story and Upper Floor Transparency. (Refer to Figure 10-21-4B (5)). The minimum amount of transparency on street facades with street frontage.
 - Transparency is any glass in windows and/or doors, including any mullions, that is highly transparent with low reflectance.
 - (i) Ground Story Transparency, when defined separately from the overall minimum transparency, shall be measured between two (2) feet and eight (8) feet from the base of the front facade.
 - (ii) A general Minimum Transparency requirement shall be measured from floor to floor of each story.
 - (b) Blank Wall Limitations. A restriction of the amount of windowless area permitted on a facade with street frontage. If required, the following shall both be met for each story:

- No rectangular area greater than thirty percent (30%) of a story's facade, as measured from floor to floor, may be windowless; and
- No horizontal segment of a story's facade greater than fifteen (15) feet in width may be windowless.

Entrance Type.

- (a) Front Facade Entrance Type. The Entrance Type(s) permitted for the entrance(s) of a given Building Type. A mix of permitted Entrance Types may be utilized. Refer to Section 10-21-4I Entrance Types for definition of and additional requirements for each.
- (b) Principal Entrance Location. The facade on which the primary building entrance is to be located.

	Permitte	Permitted Districts	
	District A	District B	
(c) Uses			
Ground Story	Per Section 15.3	Per Section 15.3 Uses	
Upper Story	Per Section 15.3	Per Section 15.3 Uses	
Parking within Building	,	Permitted fully in any basement and in rear of upper floors	
Occupied Space		20' deep on all full height floors from the front facade	

Table 10-21-4B (3). Example Uses Table from a Typical Building Type.

	Permitted Districts	
	District A	District B
(d) Street Facade Requirem	ents	
Minimum Ground Story Transparency Measured between 2' and 8' above grade	65%	65%
Minimum Transparency Upper Stories	20%	20%
Blank Wall Limitations	Required per floor	
Front Facade Entrance Type	Storefront, Arcade	
Principal Entrance Location	Front or Corner Facades	
Number of Street Entrances	Minimum 1 for every 50' or less of facade	
Ground Story Vertical Divisions	One per every 30' of facade width	
Horizontal Facade Divisions	Within 3' of the top of the ground story and the bottom of any fifth floor	
Facade Variety Required Refer to 15.4B.4(h) for requirements.	Every 80' of facade width	

Table 10-21-4B (4). Example Street Facade Requirements Table from a Typical Building Type.

- (c) Number of Street Entrances. The minimum number of and maximum spacing between entrances on the ground floor building facade with street frontage.
- (d) Ground Story Vertical Divisions. The use of a vertically oriented expression line or form to divide the ground floor facade into increments no greater than the dimension shown in Figure 10-21-4I (1), as measured along the base of the facade, and extending a minimum of eighty percent (80%) from the average grade of the facade elevation to the interior ceiling. Elements may include a column, pilaster, or other continuous vertical ornamentation.
- (e) Horizontal Facade Divisions. The use of a horizontally oriented expression line or form to divide portions of the facade into horizontal divisions, extending a minimum of ninety percent (90%) of the full width of the facade. Elements may include a cornice, belt course, molding, string courses, or other continuous horizontal ornamentation a minimum of one and a half inch depth.
- (f) Facade Variety Requirements. Building design shall vary between designated vertical facade divisions, where required per the Building Type, and from adjacent buildings by the type of dominant material or color, scale, or orientation of that material and at least two of the following. Refer to Figure 10-21-4B (5) for one illustration of this requirement.
 - i. The proportion of recesses and projections.
 - The location of the entrance and window placement, unless storefronts are utilized.
 - iii. Roof type, plane, or material, unless otherwise stated in the Building Type requirements.
- 6. Roof Type. The following explains the line item requirements for each Building Type Table in Sections 10-21-4C through 10-21-4H, within the fifth section entitled "Roof Types." Table 10-21-4B (5) illustrates an example of a Roof Type Requirements Table from a typical Building Type.
 - (a) Permitted Roof Type. The roof type(s) permitted for a given Building Type. Refer to Section 10-21-4J for more specific requirements.
 - (b) Tower. A vertical building extension that may be permitted in conjunction with another roof type on certain Building Types. Refer to Section 10-21-4J.



Figure 10-21-4B (4). Building Variety.

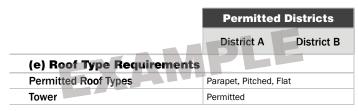
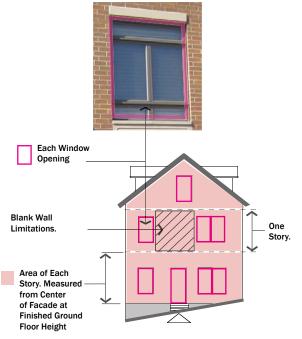


Table 10-21-4B (5). Example Roof Type Requirements Table from a Typical Building Type.



Measuring Ground Floor Transparency on a Storefront Base.



Measuring Transparency on Each Story with Slope. Figure 10-21-4B (5). Measuring Transparency.

C. Downtown Commercial Building

Description & Intent. The Downtown
 Commercial Building is a building
 located at the front and corner
 property lines allowing easy access
 to passing pedestrians. Parking
 may be provided in the rear of the
 lot, internally in the building, or, in
 some cases, no off-street parking is
 required.

Storefronts with large amounts of transparency and regularly spaced entrances off the street are utilized on the ground floor front facade. Ground floor uses are limited to those with high levels of pedestrian activity, such as retail, service, and office uses, with additional commercial, office, and/or residential uses in the upper stories.

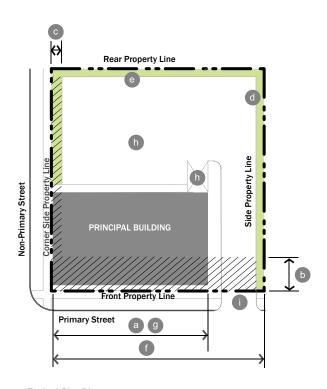
 Regulations. Regulations for the Downtown Commercial Building Type are defined in the adjacent table.

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140	w.

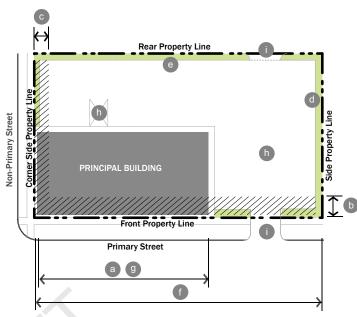
- ¹ Each building shall meet all requirements of the Building Type.
- ² A max. six (6) foot gap is allowed if it serves as a walkable passage.
- ³ If located adjacent to flood hazard area, refer to requirements of the Yorkville Stormwater Ordinance No. 2012-56. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ⁴ Maximum Impervious Coverage shall be applied only to all non-flood hazard areas. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ⁵ Lots wider than one hundred (100) feet are permitted one double-loaded aisle of parking (maximum width of seventy (70) feet), located perpendicular to the front lot line and shall meet a Front Lot Line Coverage of sixty percent (60%).
- ⁶ Eighteen (18) feet or more in height counts as two (2) stories towards maximum building height.

	Permitted I	Districts	
S 1:	S 2:	S 3:	S 4:
Bridge	Hydraulic	Van Emmon	'B'
Street	Street	Street	Street

		Bridge Street	Hydraulic Street	Van Emmon Street	'B' Street
	(a) Building Siting Refer to Figures 10	-21-4C (1) and 10-21-	4C-(2)		
	Multiple Principal Buildings	Permitted ¹			
а	Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	100% ²	75%	90% 2	65%
	Occupation of Corner	Required			
b	Front Build-to Zone	0' to 5'			0' to 10'
С	Corner Build-to Zone	0' to 5'	0' to 10'		
d	Minimum Side Yard Setback	0'; 5' if adjacent to Type	other Building	5'	
е	Minimum Rear Yard Setback	5'; 25' if located ad	jacent to residenti	al ³	
f g	Minimum Lot Width Maximum Building Width	none none	16' none		
	Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	95% ⁴ 5%	80% ⁴ 20%		
h	Parking & Loading Location	Rear yard; existing developed sites require no add'I parking and/or loading facilities	Rear Yard & Side	Yard ⁵	
	Entry for Parking within Building	Rear & Side Facade	es		All Sides
D	Vehicular Access	none	Alley; if no alley e of frontage is per no side street, 1 Street; shared ac	mitted off non-Pr driveway permitte	imary street; if ed off Primary
	(b) Height Refer to Figure 10-21-4C (3)				
	Minimum Overall Height	2 stories	1 story		
k	Maximum Overall Height	6 stories (with min. 3' setback at 3 stories)	4 stories		
D	Ground Story: Minimum Height Maximum Height	14' 24' ⁶	12' 24' ⁶	14' 24' ⁶	12' 24' ⁶
n	Upper Stories: Minimum Height Maximum Height	9' 14'			
	(C) Uses Refer to Figure 10-21-4C (3)				
	Ground Story	Per Section 10-21-3 located at least 20'	,		ed that it is
0	Upper Story	Per Section 10-21-3	3 Uses		
p	Parking within Building	Permitted fully in ar	ny basement and i	n rear of all floors	;
	Occupied Space	20' deep on all full	height floors from	the front facade	
	(d) Street Facade Requirement	its Refer to Figure 1	5.4C (4)		
	Minimum Ground Story Transparency Measured between 2' and 8' above grade	50%			30%
s	Minimum Upper Story Transparency Street-Facing Stories	20%		15%	
_	Front Facade Entrance Type	Storefront, Elevated hazard areas per Se			
u	Principal Entrance Location	Front or Corner Fac	ades		1
	Number of Street Entrances	Minimum 1 for every 30' or less of facade	Minimum 1 for e	very 50' or less	Minimum 1 for every 80' or less of facade
	Ground Story Vertical Divisions	One per every 20-4	0' of facade width		
	Horizontal Facade Divisions	Within 3' of top of g the bottom of any fi		Within 3' of top	of ground story
	Facade Variety Required Refer to 10-21-4B(4)(h) for requirements.	Every 40' of facade	width	Every 50' of fac	ade width
	(e) Roof Type Requirements Re	efer to Figure 10-21-40	5 (4)		
V	Permitted Roof Types	Parapet, Pitched, Fl	at		
	Tower	Permitted			



Typical Site Plan.
Figure 10-21-4C (1): Building Siting.



Site Plan with side parking (S 2 and S4 only). Figure 10-21-4C (2): Building Siting.

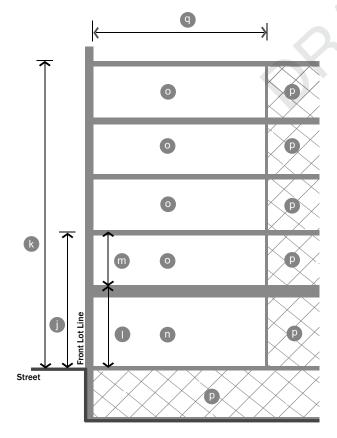


Figure 10-21-4C (3): Height & Use Requirements.

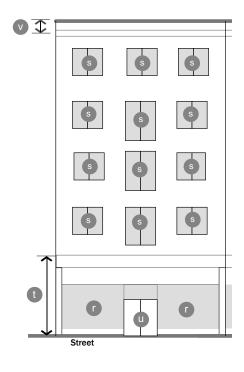


Figure 10-21-4C (4): Street Facade Requirements.

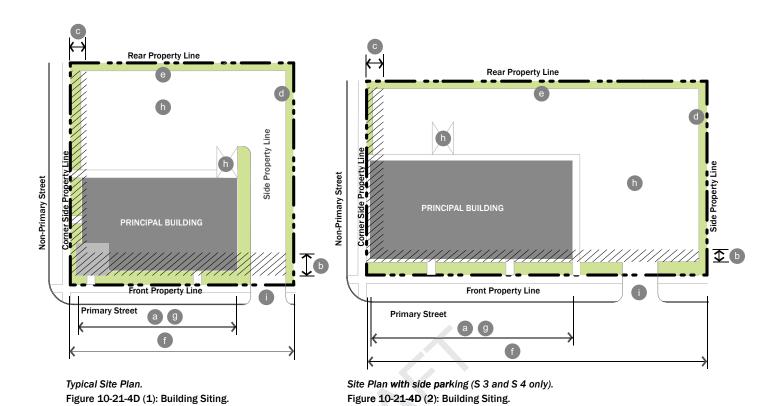
D. Downtown Living Building

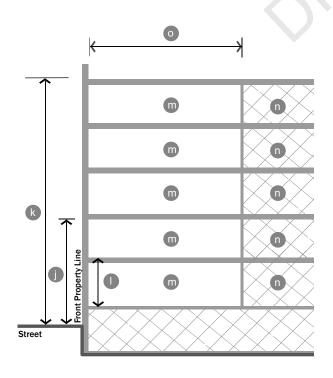
- Description & Intent. The Downtown Living Building Type is limited in terms of uses by the district within which it is located, generally housing office and/or residential uses. Similar to the Downtown Commercial Building, the Downtown Living building is intended to be built close to the front and corner property lines, but generally allows for more landscape space between the building and the street. Parking may be provided in the rear of the lot, internally in the building, or, in some cases, one double loaded aisle of parking is permitted in the interior or the side yard at the front lot line.
- Regulations. Regulations for the Downtown Living Building Type are defined in the adjacent table.

Notes:

- $^{\scriptsize 1}$ Each building shall meet all requirements of the Building Type.
- ² If located adjacent to flood hazard area, refer to requirements of the Yorkville Stormwater Ordinance No. 2012-56. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ³ Maximum Impervious Coverage shall be applied only to all non-flood hazard areas. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ⁴ Lots wider than one hundred (100) feet are permitted one double-loaded aisle of parking (maximum width of seventy (70) feet), located perpendicular to the front lot line and shall meet a Front Lot Line Coverage of sixty percent (60%).

		Pern	nitted Dist	ricts
		S 2: Hydraulic Street	S 3: Van Emmon Street	S 4: 'B' Street
	(a) Building Siting Refer to Figures 10	-21-4D (1) and 10	-21-4D (2)	
	Multiple Principal Buildings	Permitted ¹		
а	Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	75%		50%
	Occupation of Corner	Required		
b	Front Build-to Zone	5' to 15'		5' to 20'
C	Corner Build-to Zone	0' to 10'		5' to 20'
d	Minimum Side Yard Setback	5'		10'
е	Minimum Rear Yard Setback	5'; 25' if locate	d adjacent to re	sidential ²
_	Minimum Lot Width Maximum Building Width	16' none		
	Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	65% ³ 20%	75% ³ 20%	65% ³ 20%
h	Parking & Loading Location	Rear yard 4, Sid	e Yard	
	Entry for Parking within Building	Rear & Side Fac	cades	
•	Vehicular Access	80' of frontage street; if no side	exists, 1 drivew is permitted off e street, 1 drivev eet; shared acce	non-Primary way permitted
	(b) Height Refer to Figure 10-21-4D (3)			
•	Minimum Overall Height	1 story		
k	Maximum Overall Height	4 stories		
0	All Stories: Minimum Height Maximum Height	9' 14'		
	(c) Uses Refer to Figure 10-21-4D (3).			
•	All Stories	Per Section 10-21-3 Uses; residential dwellin allowed provided that it is located at least 20 from the front primary facade		_
0	Parking within Building	Permitted fully in any basement and in rear of all floors		
0	Occupied Space	20' deep on all facade	full height floors	from the front
	(d) Street Facade Requirement	its Refer to Figur	re 10-21-4D (4).	
P	Minimum Transparency Per each Story	20%		
q	Front Facade Entrance Type	Stoop, Porch		
0	Principal Entrance Location	Front facade or	corner facade	
	Number of Street Entrances	Minimum 1 for every 100' or less of facade		ss of facade
	Ground Story Vertical Divisions	Every 60' of facade width		
	Horizontal Facade Divisions	Within 3' of the any visible base	top of the grour	nd story and
	Facade Variety Required Refer to 10-21-4B(4)(h) for requirements.	Every 50' of fac	cade width	
	(e) Roof Type Requirements Re	efer to Figure 10-2	1-4D (4)	
S	Permitted Roof Types	Parapet, pitche	d, flat	
	1 Tower Permitted			





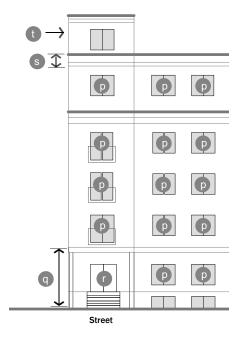


Figure 10-21-4D (3): Height & Use Requirements.

Figure 10-21-4D (4): Street Facade Requirements.

E. Cottage Commercial Building

Description & Intent. The Cottage
 Commercial Building combines
 characteristics of the Downtown
 Commercial Building Type with physical
 characteristics of a residential cottage,
 such as a pitched roof and a front stoop
 or porch.

This lower-scale building has a pedestrian-friendly storefront, stoop, or porch entrance type with moderate transparency and a primary entrance that faces the street. Constructed with Setbacks similar to a residential cottage, this building typically has more landscape area than the Downtown Commercial Building Types. Parking is permitted in the rear of the lot or a side aisle (with conditions).

The Cottage Commercial Building may contain a mix of uses, including retail, service, and office uses on the ground floor, with residential uses on upper floors.

 Regulations. Regulations for the Cottage Commercial building type are defined in the adjacent table.

Notes:

- ¹ Each building shall meet all requirements of the Building Type.
- ² If located adjacent to flood hazard area, refer to requirements of the Yorkville Stormwater Ordinance No. 2012-56. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ³ Maximum Impervious Coverage shall be applied only to all non-flood hazard areas. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ⁴ Lots wider than eighty (80) feet are permitted one single-loaded aisle of parking (maximum width of forty (40) feet), located perpendicular to the front lot line, and shall meet a Front Lot Line Coverage of fifty percent (50%).
- ⁵ Attached garages are considered part of the principal building and shall meet all setbacks. Detached garages shall meet all setbacks unless an alley is present. When an alley is present, detached garages shall have a minimum rear setback of five (5) feet.

		Permitte	ed District	S
	S 1: Bridge Street	S 2: Hydraulic Street	S 3: Van Emmon Street	S 4: 'B' Street
(a) Building Siting Refer to Figure 10	D-21-4E (1)			
Multiple Principal Buildings	Refer to District S	treet Details		
Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	60%	50%		40%
Occupation of Corner	Required			
▶ Front Build-to Zone	5' to 10'	5' to 20'		
Corner Build-to Zone	5' to 10'	5' to 25'		5' to 15'
Minimum Side Yard Setback	10'	15'		
Minimum Rear Yard Setback	25' 2			
Minimum Lot WidthMaximum Building Width	25' 50'			
Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	70% ³ 15%		60% ³ 15%	
Parking & Loading Location	Rear yard; attach	ed garages acc	cess off rear face	ade only. ^{4,5}
Entry for Parking within Building	Not Permitted on	Primary Street	:	
Vehicular Access	Alley; if no alley ed if no side street, a access is encoura	1 driveway peri		non-Primary street; ry Street; shared
(b) Height Refer to Figure 10-21-4E (2)				
Minimum Overall Height	none			
Maximum Overall Height	3.5 stories			
Minimum Ground Story Height	10'			
(c) Uses Refer to Figure 10-21-4E (2)				
m Ground Story	Per Section 10-23	1-3 Uses		
Upper Stories	Per Section 10-22			
Parking within Building	Not Permitted on	•		
Occupied Space	20' deep on all fu		from the front fa	acade
(d) Street Facade Requireme	nts Refer to Figur	re 10-21-4E (3)		
Minimum Ground Story Transparency Measured between 2' and 8' above grade	40%	30%		
Minimum Transparency Upper Stories	15%			
Blank Wall Limitations	Required per floo	r		
s Front Facade Entrance Type	Porch (Storefront, Elevated Storefront permitted only on parcels in flood hazard areas per Section 18 of the City's Code of Ordinances; Stoop permitted with design review			
Principal Entrance Location	Front or corner s	ide facade		
Number of Street Entrances	Minimum 1 per B	uilding		
Ground Story Vertical Divisions	Not required			
Horizontal Facade Divisions	Within 3' of the to	op of any visible	e basement	
Facade Variety Required Refer to 10-21-4B(4)(h) for requirements.	Between adjacen	t buildings		
(e) Roof Type Requirements	Refer to Figure 10-2:	1-4E (3)		
Permitted Roof Types	Pitched			
Tower	Permitted			

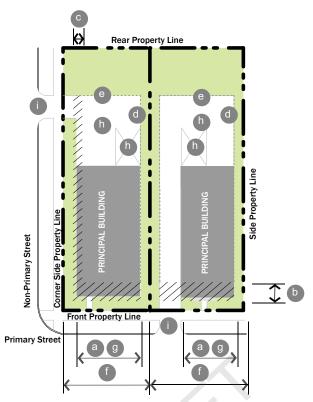
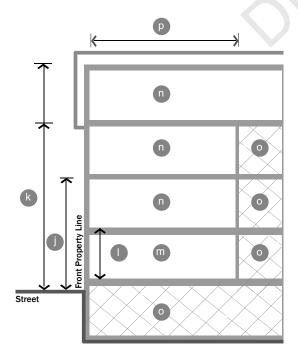


Figure 10-21-4E (1). Building Siting.



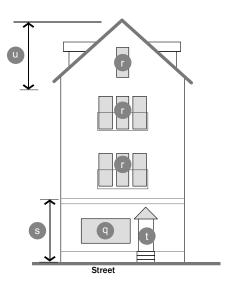


Figure 10-21-4E (2) Height & Use Requirements.

Figure 10-21-4E (3). Street Facade Requirements.

F. Civic Building

- 1. Description & Intent. The Civic Building Type is a more flexible Building Type intended only for civic and institutional types of uses. These buildings are distinctive within the community fabric created by the other Building Types. Parking is limited to the rear in most cases. The maximum heights of this Building Type depend on the district within which it is located.
- Regulations. Regulations for the Civic Building Type are defined in the adjacent table.

Notes:

- ¹ If located adjacent to flood hazard area, refer to requirements of the Yorkville Stormwater Ordinance No. 2012-56. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ² Maximum Impervious Coverage shall be applied only to all non-flood hazard areas. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ³ Lots wider than one hundred (100) feet are permitted one double-loaded aisle of parking (maximum width of seventy (70) feet), located perpendicular to the front lot line.
- ⁴ Eighteen (18) feet or more in height counts as two (2) stories towards maximum building height.

			Perm	itted Dist	tricts	
		S 1: Bridge Street	S 2: Hydraulic Street	S 3: Van Emmon Street	S 4: 'B' Street	S 5: 'B' Street Residential
	(a) Building Siting Refer to Figure 1	.0-21-4F (1)				
	Multiple Principal Buildings		Refer to	District Street	Details	
	Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	Refer to District Street Details				
	Occupation of Corner			Required		
а	Front Build-to Zone	0' to 10'		0' to	15'	
b	Corner Build-to Zone				-	
<u>C</u>	Minimum Side Yard Setback	5'		10'		
=	Minimum Rear Yard Setback		ted adjacent t	o residential ¹		
е	Minimum Lot Width Maximum Building Width	16' none			0' ne	
	Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	70% ² 20%		70% ² 10%		50% ² 20%
•	Parking & Loading Location	Rear yard 3				
	Entry for Parking within Building	Rear & Side F	acades			
g	Vehicular Access	Alley	Alley; if no a street fronta	lley exists, 1 dr ge	iveway is perm	nitted per
	(b) Height Refer to Figure 10-21-4F (2)					
h	Minimum Overall Height	1 story				
•	Maximum Overall Height	6 stories (with min. 3' setback at 3 stories)	4 stories			3 stories
0	Ground Story: Minimum Height Maximum Height	14' 24' ⁴	12' 24' ⁴	14' 24' ⁴	12' 24' ⁴	12' 18' ⁴
k	Upper Stories: Minimum Height Maximum Height	9' 14'				9' 12'
	(c) Uses Refer to Figure 10-21-4F(2)					
0	All Stories	Limited to use Special Use. F		category and E Uses.	Entertainment	Uses by
	Parking within Building	Permitted full	y in any basei	ment and in rea	ar of all floors	
n	Occupied Space	30' deep on a	all full height f	loors from the	front facade	
	(d) Street Facade Requireme	ents Refer to	Figure 10-21-4	1F (3)		
0	Minimum Transparency Per each Story	12%				
	Blank Wall Limitations	None				
P	Front Facade Entrance Type	None require	d			
q	Principal Entrance Location	Front or corne	er Facade			
	Number of Street Entrances	1 per each 15	50' of front fac	cade		
	Ground Story Vertical Divisions	none required	t e			
	Horizontal Facade Divisions	none required	i			
	Facade Variety Required Refer to 10-21-4B(4)(h) for requirements.	none required	i			
	(e) Roof Type Requirements	Refer to Figure	10-21-4F (3)			
•	Permitted Roof Types	Parapet, Pitch 10-21-4J	ned, Flat, Othe	er Roofs with a	oproval per	Pitched
S	Tower	Permitted				

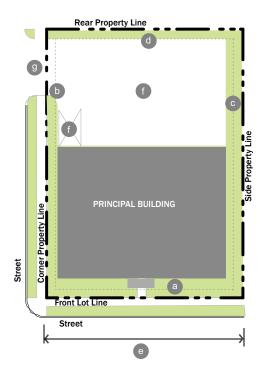


Figure 10-21-4F (1). Building Siting.

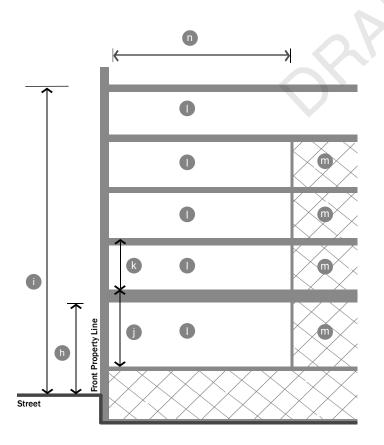


Figure 10-21-4F (2). Height & Use Requirements.

Figure 10-21-4F (3). Street Facade Requirements.

G. Attached Building

 Description & Intent. The Attached Building is a building comprised of multiple vertical units, each with its own entrance to the street. This Building Type may be organized as townhouses or rowhouses.

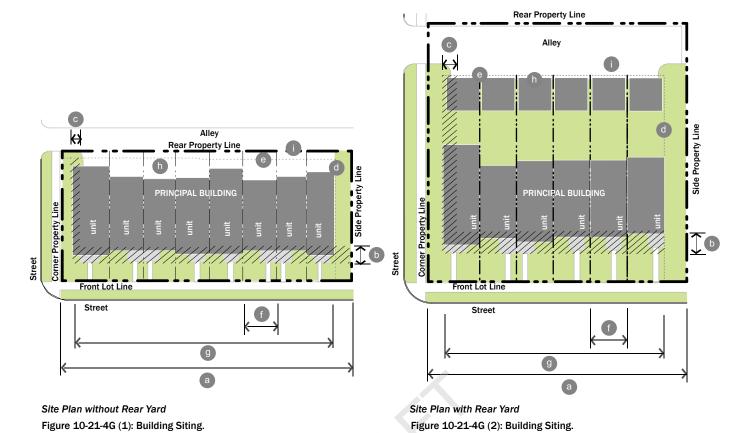
Parking is required to be located in the rear yard and may be incorporated either into a detached garage or in an attached garaged accessed from the rear of the building. However, when the garage is located within the building, a minimum level of occupied space is required on the front facade to ensure that the street facade is active.

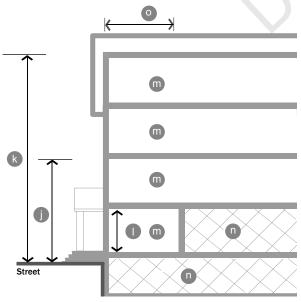
 Regulations. Regulations for the Attached Building Type are defined in the adjacent table.

N	otes:	
	otco.	

- ¹ For the purposes of the Attached Building, a building consists of a series of units. When permitted, multiple buildings may be located on a lot within the minimum space between them. However, each building shall meet all requirements of the Building Type.
- ² Each building shall meet the front lot line coverage requirement, except one of every five (5) units may front a courtyard with a minimum width of thirty (30) feet. The courtyard shall be defined on three (3) sides by units.
- ³ Maximum Impervious Coverage shall be applied only to all non-flood hazard areas. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ⁴ Attached garages are considered part of the principal building and shall meet all setbacks. Detached garages shall meet all setbacks unless an alley is present. When an alley is present, detached garages shall have a minimum rear setback of five (5) feet.

	Permitted Districts		
	S 3: Van Emmon	S 4: 'B'	S 5: 'B' Street
(-) D. H	Street	Street	Residential
(a) Building Siting Refer to Figures	10-21-4G (1) and 10-	21-4G (2)	
Multiple Principal Buildings	Permitted ¹		
a Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	75% ²	70% 2	65% 2
Occupation of Corner	Required		
Front Build-to Zone	5' to 20'	10' to 20'	10' to 25'
Corner Build-to Zone Minimum Side Yard Setback	5' to 10' 0' per unit; 10' between bui	10' to 15'	0' per unit; 15' between buildings'
Minimum Rear Yard Setback	15', if alley prese	ent 5'	20', if alley present 5'
Minimum Unit Width	16' per unit	16' per unit	18' per unit
Maximum Building Width	Maximum 8 units per building	Maximum 6 units per building; maximum 120' width	Maximum 6 units per building; maximum 120' width
Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	65% ³ 20%	60% ³ 20%	50% ³ 20%
h Parking & Garage Location	Rear yard; attacl only. 4	ned garages access	s off rear facade
Vehicular Access	Alley; if no alley exists, one driveway is permitted per building		
(b) Height Refer to Figure 10-21-4G (3)			
Minimum Overall Height	1 story		
Maximum Overall Height	4 stories	3.5 stories	
Minimum Ground Floor Height:	12'		
(c) Uses Refer to Figure 10-21-4G (3)			
m All Stories	Residential only		
n Parking within Building	Permitted fully in floors	any basement and	d in rear of all
Occupied Space	30' deep on all f facade	ull height floors fro	m the front
(d) Street Facade Requirement	ents Refer to Figure	e 10-21-4G (4)	
Minimum Transparency per each Story	15%	12%	
Front Facade Entrance Type	Stoop, Porch		
Principal Entrance Location	Front or Corner S	Side Facade	
Number of Street Entrances	1 per unit		
Ground Story Vertical Divisions	none required		
Horizontal Facade Divisions	none required		
Facade Variety Required Refer to 10-21-4B(4)(h) for requirements.	Between adjace	nt buildings	
(e) Roof Type Requirements	Refer to Figure 10-21	-4G (4)	
Permitted Roof Types	Parapet, Pitched	, Flat	
Tower	Permitted		







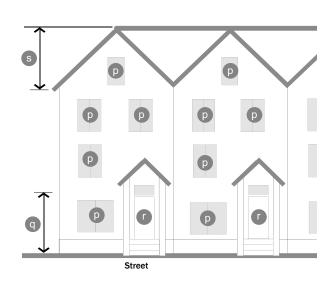


Figure 10-21-4G (4): Street Facade Requirements.

H. Yard Building

- Description & Intent. The Yard Building is a residential building, incorporating a landscaped yard surrounding all sides of the building. Parking and garages are limited to the rear only with preferred access from an alley.
- Regulations. Regulations for the Yard Building Type are defined in the adjacent table.

Notes

- $^{\rm 1}$ Each building shall meet all requirements of the Building Type.
- When multiple buildings are located on a single lot, the buildings shall collectively meet the front lot line coverage requirement. Buildings located internal to the lot may be arranged with a courtyard or bungalow court that is a minimum of twenty (20) feet in width. The width of the courtyard shall be exempt from minimum front lot line coverage requirements. The courtyard or bungalow court shall be defined on three (3) sides by units. This layout shall not be allowed on corner lots, only lots internal to a block segment.
- ³ Maximum Impervious Coverage shall be applied only to all non-flood hazard areas. Refer to FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette maps for all flood hazard areas.
- ⁴ Attached garages are considered part of the principal building and shall meet all setbacks. Detached garages shall meet all setbacks unless an alley is present. When an alley is present, detached garages shall have a minimum rear setback of five (5) feet.

	Permitte	d Districts	
	S 4: 'B' Street	S 5: 'B' Street Residential	
(a) Building Siting Refer to Figure 1	0-21-4H (1)		
Multiple Principal Buildings	Permitted ¹		
Minimum Front Lot Line Coverage	50% ²	40%	
Occupation of Corner	Required		
Front Build-to Zone	10' to 20'	10' to 25'	
Corner Build-to Zone	10' to 20'	10' to 25'	
Minimum Side Yard Setback	5'	7.5'	
Minimum Rear Yard Setback	35', if alley present 5'		
Minimum Lot Width Maximum Lot Width	30' 50'	30' 70'	
Maximum Impervious Coverage Additional Semi-Pervious Coverage	60% ³ 20%	50% ³ 20%	
h Parking & Garage Location	Rear yard; attached go or side facade only. 4	arages access off rear	
Vehicular Access	Alley; if no alley exists permitted per building		
(b) Height Refer to Figure 10-21-4H (2)			
Minimum Overall Height	1 story		
Maximum Overall Height	3.5 stories		
All Stories: Minimum Height Maximum Height	9' 14'		
(c) Uses Refer to Figure 10-21-4H (2)			
All Stories	Residential only		
Parking within Building	Permitted		
Occupied Space	30'		
(d) Street Facade Requireme	ents Refer to Figure 10-2	1-4H (3)	
Minimum Transparency per each Story	12%		
Front Facade Entrance Type	Stoop, porch		
Principal Entrance Location	Front or side facade		
Number of Street Entrances	Any		
Ground Story Vertical Divisions	None required		
Horizontal Facade Divisions	None required		
Facade Variety Required Refer to 10-21-4B(4)(h) for requirements.	Between adjacent bui	ldings	
(e) Roof Type Requirements	Refer to Figure 10-21-4H (3	3)	
Permitted Roof Types	Parapet, Pitched, Flat	Pitched	
Tower	Not permitted		

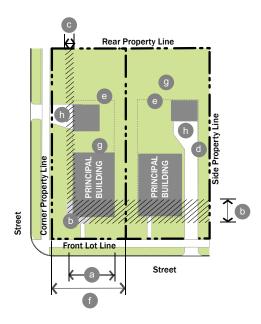


Figure 10-21-4H (1). Building Siting.

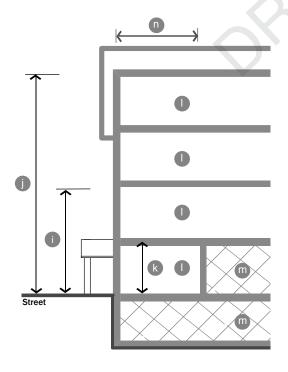


Figure 10-21-4H (2). Height and Use Requirements.

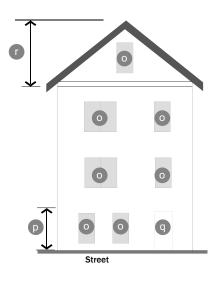


Figure 10-21-4H (3). Street Facade Requirements.

I. Entrance Types

Entrance type standards apply to the ground story and visible basement of front facades of all Building Types as defined in this Section. Refer to the Building Type Table Requirements, Sections 10-21-4C through 10-21-4H.

- 1. **General.** The following provisions apply to all entrance types.
 - (a) Intent. To guide the design of the ground story of all buildings to relate appropriately to pedestrians on the street. Treatment of other portions of the building facades is detailed in each Building Type standard (refer to Building Types 10-21-4C through 10-21-4H).
 - (b) Applicability. The entire ground story street-facing facade(s) of all buildings shall meet the requirements of at least one (1) of the permitted entrance types, unless otherwise stated.
 - (c) Measuring Transparency. Refer to Section 10-21-4B Explanation of Building Type Table Standards, for information on measuring building transparency.
 - (d) Visible Basements. Visible basements, permitted by entrance type, are optional. The visible basement shall be a maximum of one-half the height of the tallest story.
- Storefront Entrance Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4l (1). The Storefront entrance type is a highly transparent ground story treatment designed to serve primarily as the display area and primary entrance for retail or service uses.
 - (a) Transparency. Minimum transparency is required per Building Type.
 - (b) Elevation. Storefront elevation shall be between zero (0) and one (1) foot above street sidewalk.

- (c) Visible Basement. A visible basement is not permitted.
- (d) Horizontal Facade Division. Horizontally define the ground story facade from the upper stories.
- (e) Entrance. All entries shall be recessed from the front facade closest to the street.
 - Recess shall be a minimum of three (3) feet and a maximum of eight (8) feet deep, measured from the portion of the front facade closest to the street.
 - ii. When the recess falls behind the front build-to zone, the recess shall be no wider than eight (8) feet.
- Elevated Storefront Entrance Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4I (2). The
 Elevated Storefront entrance type is a highly transparent ground
 story treatment similar to the Storefront, but permitted to be
 elevated above the sidewalk for buildings located on parcels with
 flood hazard areas.
 - (a) Transparency. Minimum transparency is required per Building Type.
 - (b) Elevation. Storefront elevation may be a half story above the street sidewalk elevation.
 - (c) Visible Basement. A visible basement is permitted and does not require Occupied Space.
 - (d) Horizontal Facade Division. Horizontally define the ground story facade from the upper stories and any Visible Basement from the ground story.
 - (e) Entrance. All entries shall be located off a secondary walk along the building face within the build-to zone.
 - The secondary sidewalk shall be elevated above and essentially parallel to the street sidewalk to provide

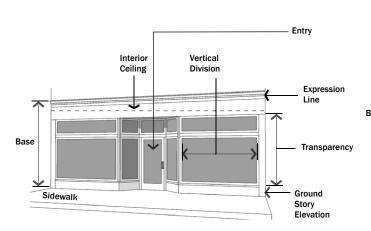


Figure 10-21-4I (1). Storefront Entrance Type.

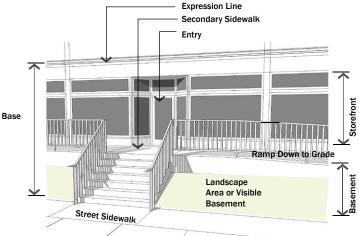
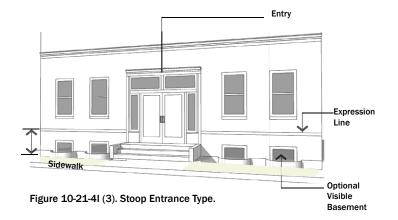


Figure 10-21-4I (2). Elevated Storefront Entrance Type.

- continuous walking along the facade of the building.
- ii. The secondary sidewalk shall be continuous along the facade of the building and shall connect to the street sidewalk by steps and ramps every fifty (50) feet.
- iii. The secondary sidewalk shall connect to any other adjacent developments secondary sidewalks, when feasible. Drive crossings shall be of the same material as the secondary walk.
- The transition between the secondary sidewalk and street sidewalk shall include landscape, patios, and connecting walks.
- The visible basement shall be located a minimum of five (5) feet from the street sidewalk to allow softening of the transition.
- The street and the secondary sidewalks shall be a minimum of eight (8) feet in width.
- Stoop Entrance Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4I (3). A stoop is an unroofed, open platform.
 - (a) Transparency. Minimum transparency is required per Building Type.
 - (b) Stoop Size. Stoops shall be a minimum of five (5) feet deep by six (6) feet wide.
 - (c) Elevation. Stoop elevation shall be located a maximum of two (2) feet six (6) inches (2' 6") above the sidewalk without visible basement and a maximum of four (4) feet six (6) inches (4' 6") above the sidewalk with a visible basement.
 - (d) Visible Basement. A visible basement is permitted and shall be separated from the ground story by an expression line.

- (e) Entrance. All entries shall be located off a stoop. The stoop may be continuous along the facade of the building.
- (f) Landscape Area. A minimum five (5) foot wide landscape area is required within the build-to zone along the length of this entrance type with the exception of walks accessing the building.
- Porch Entrance Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4I (4). A porch is a raised, roofed platform that may or may not be enclosed on all sides. If enclosed, the space shall not be climate controlled.
 - (a) Transparency.
 - i. Minimum transparency per Building Type is required.
 - If enclosed, a minimum of forty percent (40%) of the enclosed porch shall be comprised of highly transparent, low reflectance windows.
 - (b) Porch Size. The porch shall be a minimum of five (5) feet deep and eight (8) feet wide.
 - (c) Elevation. Porch elevation shall be located a maximum of two (2) feet six (6) inches (2' 6") above the sidewalk without a visible basement and a maximum of four (4) feet six (6) inches (4' 6") above the sidewalk with a visible basement.
 - (d) Visible Basement. A visible basement is permitted.
 - (e) Height. Porch may be two (2) stories to provide a balcony on the second floor.
 - (f) Entrance. All entries shall be located off a porch.



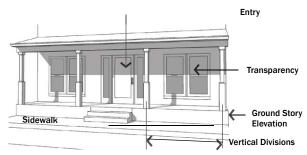


Figure 10-21-4I (4). Porch Entrance Type.

J. Roof Types

Roof type standards apply to the roof and cap of all Building Types as defined in this Section. Refer to the Building Type Table Requirements, Sections 10-21-4C through 10-21-4H.

- 1. **General Provisions.** The following provisions apply to all roof types.
 - (a) Intent. To guide the design of the cap of all buildings.
 - (b) Applicability. All buildings shall meet the requirements of one of the roof types permitted for the Building Type.
 - (c) Measuring Height. Refer to Section 10-21-4B for information on measuring building height.
 - (d) Other roof types. Other building caps not listed as a specific type may be requested with the following requirements:
 - The roof type shall not create additional occupiable space beyond that permitted by the Building Type.
 - The shape of the Roof Type shall be significantly different from those defined in this section 10-21-4J, i.e. a dome, spire, vault.
 - iii. The building shall warrant a separate status within the community from the fabric of surrounding buildings, with a correspondence between the form of the roof type and the meaning of the building use.
- Parapet Roof Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4J (1). A parapet is a low wall projecting above a building's roof along the perimeter of the building. It can be utilized with a flat or low pitched roof and also serves to limit the view of roof-top mechanical systems from the street.
 - (a) Parapet Height. Height is measured from the top of the upper story to the top of the parapet.
 - Minimum height is two (2) feet with a maximum height of six (6) feet.

- ii. The parapet shall be high enough to screen the roof and any roof appurtenances from view of the street(s).
- (b) Horizontal Expression Lines. An expression line shall define the parapet from the upper stories of the building and shall also define the top of the cap.
- (c) Occupied Space. Occupied space shall not be incorporated behind this roof type.
- Pitched Roof Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4J (2). This roof type has a sloped or pitched roof. Slope is measured with the vertical rise divided by the horizontal span or run.
 - (a) Pitch Measure. The roof may not be sloped less than a 4:12 (rise:run) or more than 16:12.
 - Slopes less than 4:12 are permitted to occur on second story or higher roofs. Refer to Figure 10-21-4J (2).
 - (b) Configurations.
 - Hipped, gabled, and combination of hips and gables with or without dormers are permitted.
 - ii. Butterfly roofs (inverted gable roof) are permitted with a maximum height of eight (8) feet, inclusive of overhang.
 - iii. Gambrel and mansard roofs are not permitted.
 - (c) Parallel Ridge Line. A gabled end or perpendicular ridge line shall occur at least every one hundred (100) feet of roof when the ridge line runs parallel to the front lot line. Refer to Figure 10-21-4J (3).
 - (d) Roof Height. Roofs without occupied space and/or dormers shall have a maximum height on street-facing facades equal to the maximum floor height permitted for the Building Type.
 - (e) Occupied Space. Occupied space may be incorporated behind this roof type.

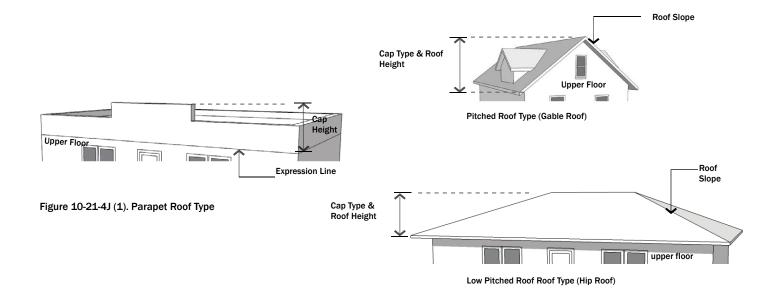


Figure 10-21-4J (2). Pitched Roof Type

- Flat Roof Type. Refer to Figure 10-21-4J (5), Flat Roof Type. This
 roof type has a flat roof with overhanging eaves.
 - (a) Configuration. Roofs with no visible slope are acceptable.
 Eaves are recommended on all street facing facades.
 - (b) Eave Depth. Eave depth is measured from the building facade to the outside edge of the eave. Eaves shall have a depth of at least fourteen (14) inches.
 - (c) Eave Thickness. Eave thickness is measured at the outside edge of the eave, from the bottom of the eave to the top of the eave. Eaves shall be a minimum of eight (8) inches thick.
 - (d) Interrupting Vertical Walls. Vertical walls may interrupt the eave and extend above the top of the eave with no discernible cap.
 - No more than one-half of the front facade can consist of an interrupting vertical wall.
 - ii. Vertical walls shall extend no more than four (4) feet above the top of the eave.
 - (e) Occupied Space. Occupied space shall not be incorporated behind this roof type.
 - (f) No mechanical equipment on roof shall be visible from the adjacent sidewalk.
- Towers. Refer to Figure 10-21-4J (4). A tower is a rectilinear or cylindrical, vertical element, that shall be used with other roof types.
 - (a) Quantity. All Building Types, with the exception of the Civic Building, are limited to one (1) tower per building.
 - (b) Tower Height. Maximum height, measured from the top of the parapet or eave to the top of the tower, is the equivalent of the height of one (1) upper floor of the building to which the tower is applied.

- (c) Tower Width. Maximum width along all facades is one-third the width of the front facade or thirty (30) feet, whichever is less.
- (d) Occupied Space. Towers may be occupied by the same uses allowed in upper stories of the Building Type to which it is applied.
- (e) Application. May be combined with all other roof types.
- (f) Tower Cap. The tower may be capped by the parapet, pitched, low pitched, or flat roof roof types, or the spire may cap the tower.

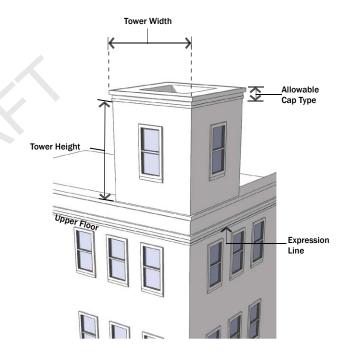


Figure 10-21-4J (4). Tower

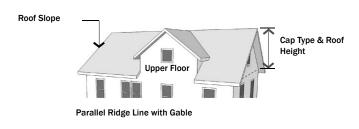


Figure 10-21-4J (3). Parallel Ridge Line

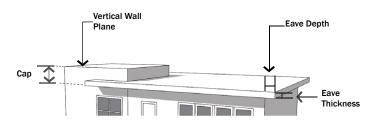


Figure 10-21-4J (5). Flat Roof Type

K. Additional Design Requirements

The following outlines the district design requirements that affect a building's appearance and district cohesiveness. They improve the physical quality of buildings, enhance the pedestrian experience, and protect the character of the neighborhood.

1. Materials and Color.

- (a) Primary Facade Materials. Eighty percent (80%) of each street facade shall be constructed of primary materials. Street facade materials shall continue around the corner a minimum depth of twenty (20) feet onto the side facade.
 - i. Permitted primary building materials include high quality, durable, natural materials, such as stone, brick; wood lap siding; fiber cement board lapped, shingled, or panel siding; glass. Other high quality synthetic materials may be approved during the site plan process with an approved sample and examples of successful, high quality local installations. Refer to Figure 10-21-4K (1).
- (b) Secondary Facade Materials. Secondary materials are limited to details and accents and include gypsum reinforced fiber concrete for trim and cornice elements; metal for beams, lintels, trim, and ornamentation, and exterior architectural metal panels and cladding.
 - Exterior Insulation and Finishing Systems (EIFS) is permitted on upper floor facades only.

- (c) Roof Materials. Acceptable roof materials include three hundred (300) pound or better, dimensional asphalt composite shingles, wood shingles and shakes, metal tiles or standing seam, slate, and ceramic tile. "Engineered" wood or slate may be approved during the site plan process with an approved sample and examples of successful, high quality local installations. Refer to Figure 10-21-4K (2).
- (d) Color. Main building colors shall utilize any historic palettes from any major paint manufacturer. Other colors may be utilized or details and accents, not to exceed a total area larger than ten percent (10%) of the facade surface area.
- (e) Appropriate Grade of Materials. Commercial quality doors, windows, and hardware shall be used on all ground floor Building Types with the exception of the Attached Building and the Yard Building. Refer to Figure 10-21-4K (3).

2. Windows, Awnings, and Shutters.

- (a) Windows. All upper story windows on all historic, residential, and mixed use buildings shall be recessed, and either casement or double hung. Percent of transparency is required per Building Type. Horizontal or vertical strip windows, tinted or reflective glass, and glass block (Figure 10-21-4K (4)) are prohibited on street facades.
- (b) Security Grills. Grills shall be fully retractable and completely within the interior of the building and inconspicuous to the



Primary Materials: Brick



Primary Materials: Stone



Roof Materials: Asphalt Composite Shingles



Primary Materials: Painted Wood

Figure 10-21-4K (1). Primary Materials.



Roof Materials: Metal



Roof Materials: Ceramic Tile

Figure 10-21-4K (2). Roof Materials.

- extent possible. Exterior bars are prohibited on any window. Refer to Figure 10-21-4K (5).
- (c) Awnings. All awnings shall be canvas or metal. Plastic awnings and canopy awnings that extend from the front facade into the right-of-way are prohibited. Awning types and colors for each building face shall be coordinated. Refer to Figure 10-21-4K
- (d) Shutters. If installed, shutters, whether functional or not, shall be sized for the windows. If closed, the shutters shall not be too small for complete coverage of the window. Shutters shall be wood. "Engineered" wood may be approved during the site plan process with an approved sample and examples of successful, high quality local installations.
- 3. Rear Parking Facade Design. The following applies in all locations where a public building entrance occurs on the rear facade adjacent to a parking lot. Refer to Figure 15.4K (7).
 - (a) Entrance Type. An Entrance Type shall be utilized for a minimum of twenty (20) feet of rear facade. Refer to 10-21-4I(2)-(5).



Prohibited: Residential Grade Doors on Commercial Buildings.



Permitted: Commercial Grade Doors & Windows on Commercial Buildings.

Figure 10-21-4K (3).Commercial Grade Doors & Windows.



Prohibited: Glass block windows on front facade.

Figure 10-21-4K (4). Windows.



Permitted: Fully retractable, interior security grills.



Prohibited: Exterior grills and

Figure 10-21-4K (5). Security Grills.



IF U

Permitted Awnings: Metal (left) and Canvas (right)



Prohibited Awnings: Canopy awnings that extend from the front facade into the right-of-way

Figure 10-21-4K (6). Awnings.

15.4 Building Types



Front Facade Example. Rear Facade Example. Figure 10-21-4K (7).Rear Parking Facade Design.





Figure 10-21-4K (8). Balconies Integral to Facade.

- (b) Transparency Requirement. Public building entrance facade area, minimum twenty (20) feet wide, shall utilize one of the following:
 - When the Storefront Entrance Type is utilized, a minimum forty five percent (45%) transparency is required for the ground floor facade entrance, and the door shall be a minimum of forty five percent (45%) transparent.
 - ii. When any other Entrance Type is utilized, the minimum transparency required for upper floors of the street facade shall apply to the rear ground floor entrance area, and the door shall be a minimum of forty five percent (45%) transparent.
- (c) Awnings and signage are encouraged.
- 4. **Balconies.** The following applies in all locations where balconies are incorporated into the facade design facing any street or parking lot. Refer to Figure 10-21-4K (8).
 - (a) Size. Balconies shall be a minimum of six (6) feet deep and five (5) feet wide.
 - (b) Connection to Building. Balconies shall be integral to the facade at the street line. Balconies on stepbacked stories shall be independently secured and unconnected to other balconies.
 - c) Facade Coverage. A maximum of forty percent (40%) of the front and corner side facades, as calculated separately, may be covered with balconies, including street-facing railing and balcony structure.

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A. Signage

- General Requirements. Refer to Section 10-20 of the Yorkville City Code for all signage regulations applicable to the Downtown Overlay Districts.
- Revisions to the Signage Regulations. The following revises Section 10-20 of the Yorkville City Code specific to the S Districts.
 - (a) Freestanding Low Monument Signs. (Refer to Section 10-20-4) Low Monument Signs are permitted only in the S 4 District.

B. Parking Requirements

- Applicability. This section shall apply to all new development and changes in use or intensity of use for existing development in any S Districts.
- General Requirements. Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in conformance with Section 10-16 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations, unless revised in this Section 10-21-5B.
 - (a) Required Vehicle Parking. The Required Vehicle Parking Table 10-21-5B (1) indicates the maximum vehicle parking ratio for a given use.
- Parking Credits. Vehicular parking standards within Section 10-16 may be reduced by achieving one or all of the following credits.
 - (a) On-Street Parking Credit. For all non-residential uses, onstreet parking spaces that meet the following shall be credited against the parking requirement.
 - Spaces shall be designated on-street parking available twenty four (24) hours of every day.
 - On-street space located a minimum of fifty percent (50%) adjacent to the property line of the lot.
 - (b) Public Parking Credit. For all non-residential uses, public parking spaces located within six hundred and sixty (660) feet of any property line may be credited against the parking requirement at a rate of one credit for every three public parking spaces.
 - (c) Car-Share Parking Credit. The vehicular parking requirements can be reduced with the inclusion of car-share parking spaces as follows.
 - i. Per each car-share parking space provided, required parking spaces shall be reduced by four (4) spaces.
 - Required parking spaces may be reduced up to forty percent (40%).
 - iii. Approval. Applicant must provide documentation of an agreement with a car-share company. If this agreement should terminate at any point, applicant shall be required to provide parking as otherwise required herein.
 - (d) Shared Parking. Required Parking may be reduced to the lower amount if at least eighty percent (80%) of nonresidential parking is available as publicly shared parking. Otherwise, the higher standard parking requirement shall apply.
 - (e) Other Parking Reductions. Additional reductions may be approved by the Planning and Zoning Commission with the submittal of a parking study illustrating the reduction.

4. Bicycle Parking.

- (a) Required Bicycle Parking. The Required Bicycle Parking Table 10-21-5B (2) indicates the minimum bicycle parking ratio for a given use.
 - i. Bicycle parking is not required for uses not listed.
 - Bicycle parking is not required for uses less than 2,500 square feet in size.
 - No Use, other than Civic is required to accommodate more than twenty (20) bicycles.
- (b) Bicycle Parking Dimensions.
 - Required bicycle parking spaces shall have minimum dimensions of two (2) feet in width and six (6) feet in length.
 - An aisle a minimum of five (5) feet wide shall be provided behind bicycle parking facilities to allow for maneuvering.
 - iii. A minimum of two (2) feet shall be provided beside each parked bicycle to allows access. This access may be shared by adjacent bicycles.
 - Racks shall be installed a minimum of two (2) feet from any wall or other obstruction.

Land Use	Vehicle Spaces
Residential (Studio and 1 bedroom)	1 per unit
Residential (2 or more bedrooms)	1.5 per unit
Civic/Institutional	max. 2 per 1,000 square feet
Retail/Services (less than 8,000 square feet, excluding Restaurants)	no min. or max. parking requirements
Retail/Services (8,000 square feet or more, excluding Restaurants)	max. 2 per 1,000 square feet
Restaurants	max. 4 per 1,000 square feet
Office	max. 2 per 1,000 square feet

Table 10-21-5B (1). Required Vehicle Parking.

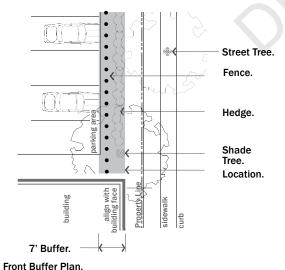
Land Use	Bicycle Spaces
Multifamily	1 per 2 Vehicular Spaces for buildings with 8+ units
Civic/Institutional	1 per 10 Vehicular Spaces, min. of 4
Retail	1 per 10 Vehicular Spaces
Services	1 per 10 Vehicular Spaces
Office	1 per 10 Vehicular Spaces

Table 10-21-5B (1). Required Bicycle Parking.

- (c) Location. Bicycle parking should be located within fifty (50) feet of the entrance of the Use.
 - Indoor or outdoor spaces are permitted, provided they are located on the lot with which they are associated.
 - ii. Bicycle parking facilities shall be separated from vehicular parking areas to protect parked bicycles from damage. The separation may be accomplished through grade separation, distance or physical barrier, such as curbs, wheel stops, poles or other similar features.
- (d) Racks and Structures. Racks and structures shall be provided for each unprotected parking space, and shall be designed to accommodate both chain and U-shaped locking devices supporting the bicycle frame at two (2) points.

C. Landscape

- General Requirements. Refer to Section 10-17 Fencing and Screening for all landscaping and screening requirements.
- Build-to Zones and Setbacks. All build-to zone and setback areas not covered by building shall contain either landscape, patio space, or sidewalk space.
 - (a) Driveways are permitted to cross the front and corner build-to zone and rear setbacks perpendicularly at a maximum of twenty five (25) feet in width.
 - (b) Driveways may encroach upon the side setbacks longitudinally on parcels fifty (50) feet or less in width.
 - (c) Parking lots shall not encroach upon any setbacks. Side and rear yard parking lots shall not be located closer to the front or corner lot line than the building.



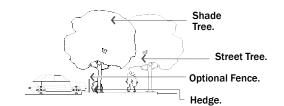


Figure 10-21-5C (1). Frontage Buffer Plan and Section.

Front Buffer Section.

Fre	ontage Buffer Requirements
Buffer Depth 8	& Location ¹
Depth	7'
Location on Site	Between street facing property line and vehicular areas ²
Buffer Landsc	ape Requirements
Uses & Materials	Uses and materials other than those indicated are prohibited in the buffer
Shade Trees	Medium or large shade tree with full, spreading canopies required at least every 40'; Locate on the street side of the fence; Spacing should alternate with street trees
Hedge	Required continuous hedge on street side of fence, between shade trees & in front of parking areas
Hedge Composition	Individual shrubs with a minimum width of 24", spaced no more than 36" on center
Existing Vegetation	May be credited toward buffer area
Fence	
Location	2' from back of curb of vehicular area
Materials	Non-galvanized steel or painted PVC; Masonry Columns (maximum width 2'6") and Low Wall (maximum 18" height) permitted
Minimum Height	3' for Steel or Painted PVC
Maximum Height	4' for Steel or Painted PVC, 18" for Low Wall
Colors	Black, gray, or dark green for Steel or Painted PVC
Opacity	Minimum 30%; Maximum 60% for Steel or Painted PVC
Gate/Opening	One gate permitted per street frontage; Opening width maximum 6'

Notes:

- ¹ This screening requirement does not prohibit the installation of or provision for openings necessary for allowable access drives and walkways connecting to the public sidewalk.
- ² In Front and Corner Yards, when the parking area is located adjacent to any building on the lot, the buffer must be located so that it aligns with or is behind the face of the adjacent building back to the vehicular area. The area between the buffer and the property line must be landscaped.

Table 10-21-5C (1). Frontage Buffer Requirements.

- 3. **Frontage Buffer Requirements.** Refer to Figure 10-21-5C (1). The following additional requirements are specific to the S Districts and is in addition to information within Section 10-17 Fencing and Screening guidelines.
 - Intent. To lessen the visual impact of parking areas visible from the street.
 - (b) General Applicability. Applies to properties in all S Districts where a parking area is located adjacent to a right-of-way.
 - (c) Exceptions. Parking areas along alleys, except when a residential district is located across the alley. Single and two family residences are also excepted.

D. Street Guidelines

- General Street Guidelines. The following guidelines should apply to all new streets within S Districts with the intent of creating pedestrian oriented, multimodal streets.
 - (a) Typical Street Elements. All street rights-of-way should include the following vehicular and pedestrian realm considerations. Refer to Figure 10-21-5D (1).
 - Vehicular Realm. The vehicular realm is comprised of the travel lanes, bicycle lanes, and parking lanes.
 - (2) Pedestrian Realm. The pedestrian realm is comprised of pedestrian facilities, such as sidewalk. A buffer area that serves to buffer pedestrians or bicyclists from the movements of higher speed vehicles in the vehicular realm shall consist of one (1) of the following:
 - (i) Landscape Zone. A landscape area between the back of curb to the sidewalk in which street trees, stormwater swales, lighting, and signage may be located. Typically used adjacent to residential ground floor uses.
 - (ii) Furnishings Zone. A hardscape area that extends from the sidewalk to the back of curb, in which street trees, street furniture, lighting, and signage may be located. Typically used adjacent to commercial or office ground floor uses.
 - (b) Bicycle Facilities. Bicycle facilities, such as dedicated lanes and dedicated shared lanes should be included on any streets based on the City's bicycle plan. New streets within S districts shall utilize shared lanes. A shared lane refers to a street that does not have bicycle lanes or a designated shared lane, but the speed and configuration of the street is such that bicycles could comfortably share lanes with traffic.
 - (c) Vehicular On-Street Parking. On-street parking, whether parallel or diagonal, shall be included according to the District Street Details for that street.

- Street Trees. Street trees are required along all existing and new street frontages.
 - (a) All planting material requirements within Landscaping and Screening Guidelines shall be utilized.
 - (b) Street trees shall be located in either a Landscape Zone (within a planting bed or lawn) or a Furnishings Zone (in trees wells with grate as required).
 - (c) Permeable Surface. For each tree preserved or planted, a minimum amount of permeable surface area is recommended.
 - Preserved trees should have a permeable surface area equal to the critical root zone. The critical root zone is equal to half of the radius of the tree's mature canopy, measured from the trunk out to the dripline.
 - ii. Planted trees have a suggested minimum permeable area and soil volume based upon tree size; refer to Table 10-21-5D (1) for details.
 - Permeable area for one (1) tree cannot count toward that of another tree.
 - (d) Structural Soil. When the critical root zone of an existing tree or the suggested permeable surface area requirement of a newly planted tree extends below any pavement, structural soil is required underneath the pavement.
- Pedestrian Lighting. Pedestrian light fixtures shall be installed per the street requirements of the City's Department of Public Works and any streetscape master plan adopted by the City.

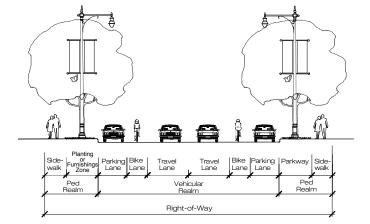


Figure 10-21-5D (1). Typical Right-of-Way Elements.

Tree Size Type	Soil Volume (cubic ft)	Soil Surface Area (sq ft) with 2.5' Soil Depth	Permeable Surface Area Requirement (sq ft)	
Medium	2,852	1141	225 (15' x 15')	
weatum		(approx. 34' x 34')	225 (15 X 15)	
Large	6,532	2681	400 (20' x 20')	
Laige		(approx. 50' x 50')	400 (20	

Table 10-21-5D (1). Minimum Recommended Soil Volumes and Permeable Area per Planted Tree.

- 4. New Streets and Subdivision. For all developments with total parcel acreage larger than five (5) acres, subdivision and construction of a new street will yield the most buildings. (Building Types require buildings to front streets). Refer to Figure 10-21-5D (2) for an example of a typical new block and street configuration. The following recommendations apply:
 - (a) Interconnected Street Pattern. Streets shall connect and continue existing streets from adjoining areas and cul-de-sac and dead end streets should be avoided.
 - (b) Blocks.
 - The shape of a block shall be generally rectangular, but may vary due to natural features or site constraints.
 - ii. Blocks shall typically be two (2) lots deep with the exception of blocks containing open space. Blocks may also include an alley. Blocks may included existing lots within an existing zoning district.
 - iii. Blocks shall typically be fronted with lots on at least two(2) faces, preferably on the longest street faces.
 - iv. Consider lot and block orientation for maximum energy efficiency. For example, block orientation along an eastwest longitudinal axis will encourage development of buildings oriented along an east-west axis, with smaller east and west facing facades, able to take advantage of passive solar technology.
 - v. Block size should be less than four hundred (400) feet.
 - (c) Access Points. A minimum of two (2) access points should be provided for each development, with a minimum of one (1) per every 1,500 feet of boundary recommended.
 - (d) Primary Streets. Designate primary streets so that all buildings front at least one primary street. Vehicular access should not be located off a Primary Street, unless the parcel is fronted by more than two primary streets.
 - (e) Blocks may include interior alleys or lanes.
 - (f) Typical Lot Configuration. All lots shall have frontage along a public street unless otherwise specified in Building Type requirements. Flag lots are prohibited.

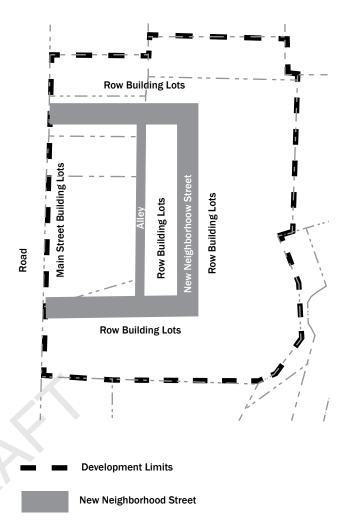


Figure 10-21-5D (2). Example of New Street and Block Configuration for Large Parcels or When Multiple Parcels are Combined.

E. Temporary Structures

- General Requirements. Refer to 10-17 Fencing and Screening for all landscaping and screening requirements.
- Description and intent. Temporary Structures are allowed in all Districts according to the following guidelines.

The small scale activity or display area can be a patio for outdoor eating or display of goods and should constitute the majority of the site. The frontage required continues the streetwall of the adjacent buildings, allowing a continuous pedestrian experience from the street with views into the outdoor space.

Two accessory structures are permitted. A temporary building may be erected in the rear of the Lot and allows patrons to enter the building. A permanent kiosk may be located anywhere on the Lot, but allows employees only in the interior.

- 3. **Regulations.** Regulations for Temporary Structures are defined in the adjacent table.
- Mobile Food Vendors. Refer to Section 10-3-14 Mobile Food Vendor Vehicles & Retail Vendor Vehicles for all mobile food vendor requirements.

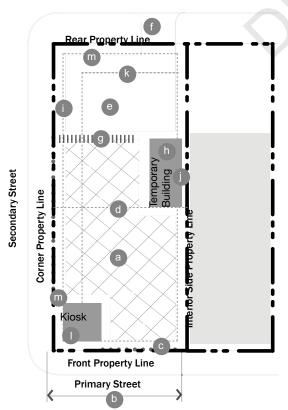


Figure 10-21-5E (1). Temporary Structure Siting

Temporary Structure	ae Paguiromante	
	es nequirements	
1. Siting		
Minimum area of Unenclosed, Fully or Partially Paved Outdoor Activity/Display Area	45% of parcel	а
Min Lot Width	none	b
Max Lot Width	50'	
Max Impervious Coverage	80%	
Additional Semi-pervious Coverage	15%	
Required Front & Corner Side Frontage Type	0' to 5'	С
Parking Setbacks		d
Front	75'	
Corner, Side, Rear	5'	
Parking & Loading Facility Location		е
Access	From Alley or Side Street	f
Required Buffer between Parking & Activity/Display Area	none	g
2. Accessory Buildings		
Number of Permitted Accessory Buildings	2	
Max Building Coverage	20%	h
Temporary Building		
Front Yard Setback	75'	
Corner Side Setback	15'	
Side Yard Setback	0'	_
Rear Yard Setback	5'	k
Kiosk Building		0
Front, Corner, Side, Read Setback	5'	m
Max Size	500 sf	
Max Height	one story or 15'	
Min Front Facade Transparency	20%	
Roof Type	Pitched, Flat, Parapet	
Existing Vegetation	May be credited toward buffer area	
3. Uses		
	Assembly	
Permitted Uses	General Retail	
	General Service	

Notes:

Table 10-21-5E (1). Temporary Structures Requirements.

¹ This screening requirement does not prohibit the installation of or provision for openings necessary for allowable access drives and walkways connecting to the public sidewalk.

² In Front and Corner Yards, when the parking area is located adjacent to any building on the lot, the buffer must be located so that it aligns with or is behind the face of the adjacent building back to the vehicular area. The area between the buffer and the property line must be landscaped.

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AN ORDINANCE OF THE UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE, ILLINOIS APPROVING A STREETSCAPE MASTER PLAN FOR THE DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT

WHEREAS, the United City of Yorkville (the "City") is a duly organized and validly existing non home-rule municipality created in accordance with the constitution of the State of Illinois of 1970 and the laws of the State of Illinois; and,

WHEREAS, the City's downtown was identified as a primary concern in the 2016 Yorkville Comprehensive Plan because of the lack of an inspiring plan that presents a plan for future streetscape capital improvements that will encourage developers and property owners to also invest in the redevelopment of the downtown area; and,

WHEREAS, a streetscape master plan provides guidance for the direction and character of capital improvements for future street and public spaces; and,

WHEREAS, the streets of the City's downtown should be the center of the community where events, festivals and family gatherings regularly take place and should be the framework that supports those functions and helps contribute to building community and the quality of life in the City.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED, by the Mayor and City Council of the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, State of Illinois, as follows:

Section 1: That the *YORKVILLE DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT STREETSCAPE MASTER PLAN* prepared by Farr Associates, a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by reference as Exhibit A, be and the same is hereby approved as the Streetscape Master Plan of the United City of Yorkville.

Section 2: That a certified copy of this Ordinance and attached Streetscape Master Plan shall be on file for public review in the office of the City Clerk.

Section 3: This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect upon its passage, approval and publication according to law.

Passed by the City Cou	ncıl of the United City of Yor	kville, Kendall County, Illinois this
day of	, 2019.	
		CITY CLERK

KEN KOCH	 DAN TRANSIER	
JACKIE MILSCHEWSKI	 ARDEN JOE PLOCHER	
CHRIS FUNKHOUSER	 JOEL FRIEDERS	
SEAVER TARULIS	 JASON PETERSON	
Approved by me, as Mayor day of	y of Yorkville, Kendall County,	Illinois, this

AN ORDINANCE OF THE UNITED CITY OF YORKVILLE, KENDALL COUNTY, ILLINOIS, AMENDING THE YORKVILLE ZONING ORDINANCE BY ADDING A DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT

WHEREAS, the United City of Yorkville (the "City") is a duly organized and validly existing non home-rule municipality created in accordance with the Constitution of the State of Illinois of 1970 and the laws of the State; and,

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 10-4-10 of the Yorkville Zoning Ordinance the City may initiate amendments to the United City of Yorkville Zoning Ordinance; and,

WHEREAS, the City filed seeking an amendment to the United City of Yorkville Zoning Ordinance to add an overlay district over certain downtown areas; and,

WHEREAS, the Planning and Zoning Commission convened and held a public hearing on April 10, 2019, to consider the request and made Findings of Fact and Recommendations to the City Council to approve the requested text amendment.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and City Council of the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois, as follows:

Section 1: The above recitals are incorporated and made a part of this Ordinance.

Section 2: That the United City of Yorkville Zoning Ordinance, as amended, be and is hereby amended by adding a new Chapter 21 entitled "Downtown Overlay District" to read as shown by the text attached hereto and made a part hereof as Exhibit A, that includes Section 10-21-1, Introduction, Section 10-21-2 Districts, Section 10-21-3 Uses, Section 10-21-4 Building Types and Section 10-21-5 Site Development Standards.

Section 3: This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect after its passage, publication, and approval as provided by law.

Passed by the City Council of the United City of Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois, thi			ois, this
day of	, 2019.		
		City Clerk	
KEN KOCH		DAN TRANSIER	
JACKIE MILSCHEWSKI		ARDEN JOE PLOCHER	
CHRIS FUNKHOUSER		JOEL FRIEDERS	
SEAVER TARULIS		JASON PETERSON	

Approved by me	as Mayor of the United City of Yorkv	ille, Kendall County, Illinois, this
day of	, 2019.	
	Mayo	or